CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

DOĞAN ŞİRKETLER GRUBU HOLDİNG A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT



CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the General Assembly of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş.

Introduction

1. We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim statement of financial position of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("collectively referred to as the "Group") as at 30 June 2021 and the consolidated interim statements of profit or loss, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The management of the Group is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

2. We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements ("SRE") 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, a review on the consolidated interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

3. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to conclude that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. as at 30 June 2021, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with TAS 34.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve

Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Gökhan Yüksel, SMMM

Partner

İstanbul, 18 August 2021

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$\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{DOĞAN}\ \textbf{\$IRKETLER}\ \textbf{GRUBU}\ \textbf{HOLDING}\ \textbf{A.\$.}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

ASSETS	Notes	USD ^(*) Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2021	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2020
Current assets		1,221,970	10,637,479	8,177,654
Cash and cash equivalents	6	413,047	3,595,655	2,905,947
Financial investments	7	356,658	3,104,777	2,424,023
Trade receivables		,	, ,	, ,
- Due from related parties	34	579	5,036	4,809
- Due from non-related parties	9	262,525	2,285,331	1,776,986
Other receivables			, ,	, ,
- Due from non-related parties	10	4,398	38,282	33,669
Inventories	11	149,103	1,297,974	778,944
Prepaid expenses	21	11,000	95,754	64,647
Derivative instruments	22	2,577	22,436	22,683
Biological assets	12	2,329	20,271	14,528
Other current assets	20	19,442	169,248	149,828
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	31	312	2,715	1,590
Non-current assets		665,555	5,793,788	5,515,549
m				
Trade receivables	Ō	2 400	20.504	22.022
- Due from non-related parties	9	3,400	29,594	33,033
Financial investments	7	26,639	231,895	192,089
Investments accounted for	4	24.042	22 (001	220 746
by the equity method	4	26,063	226,881	238,746
Investment properties	13	168,463	1,466,503	1,444,883
Property, plant and equipment	14	210,677	1,833,987	1,741,232
Intangible assets	1.7	100 500	1 110 201	1.055.053
- Other intangible assets	15	128,589	1,119,391	1,057,872
- Goodwill	15	12,073	105,101	105,101
Rights of use assets	16 21	37,781	328,894	257,549
Prepaid expenses		6,448	56,135	15,759
Deferred tax asset	32	13,376	116,437	111,516
Other non-current assets	20	32,046	278,970	317,769
Total assets		1,887,525	16,431,267	13,693,203

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the interim period ended 30 June 2021 have been approved by the Board of Directors on 18 August 2021.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

LIABILITIES	Notes	USD (*) Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2021	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2020
Short-term liabilities		442,735	3,854,107	2,887,079
Short-term borrowings				
 Short-term borrowings from non-related parties Bank borrowings 	8	226,679	1,973,286	1,679,820
- Issued debt instruments	8	13,799	120,127	21,570
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings - Short-term portion of long-term borrowings from related parties				
- Snort-term portion of long-term borrowings from related parties - Lease borrowings	8, 34	487	4,237	5,855
- Short-term portion of long- term borrowings from non-related parties		12.026		
- Bank borrowings - Lease borrowings	8	13,926 6,478	121,232 56,394	88,508 41,463
Trade payables				
- Due to related parties - Due to non-related parties	34 9	184 144,067	1,605 1,254,128	1,726 714,181
Payables related to				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
employee benefits	23	2,441	21,251	31,019
Deferred income (Except obligations arising from customer contracts) - Deferred income from non-related parties				
(Except obligations arising from customer contracts)	21	6,702	58,345	43,219
Derivative instruments Other payables	22	6,858	59,698	41,263
- Due to non-related parties	10	8,744	76,121	152,061
Current income tax liability	32	5,545	48,268	23,162
Short-term provisions - Short-term provisions for				
employment benefits	23	3,397	29,573	21,959
- Other short-term provisions Other short-term liabilities	18	3,372 56	29,354 488	16,826 4,447
Long-term liabilities		194,606	1,694,072	1,427,887
T				
Long-term borrowings - Long-term borrowings from related parties				
- Lease borrowings	8, 34	1,392	12,120	14,148
 Long -term borrowings from non-related parties Bank borrowings 	8	122,446	1,065,914	896,923
- Lease borrowings	8	25,473	221,744	149,974
Investments accounted for	4	2.001	22.052	12.217
by the equity method Other payables	4	3,901	33,962	13,217
- Due to non-related parties	10	186	1,618	8,841
Deferred income (Except obligations arising from customer contracts) - Deferred income from non-related parties				
(Except obligations arising from customer contracts)	21	2,021	17,590	12,070
Long-term provisions				
 Long-term provisions for employment benefits 	23	7,419	64,580	57,679
- Other long term provisions		53	460	460
Deferred tax liability	32	31,715	276,084	274,575
EQUITY		1,250,184	10,883,088	9,378,237
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company		1,109,477	9,658,202	8,439,989
Share capital	24	300,618	2,616,938	2,616,938
Adjustments to share capital	24	16,487	143,526	143,526
Repurchased shares (-) Share premiums (discounts)	24 24	(5,542)	(48,244)	(16,035)
Other comprehensive income (losses) that	24	4,039	35,159	35,159
will not be reclassified in profit or loss				
- Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	24	(1,483)	(12,913)	(12,913)
Shares not classified as profit or loss	2-1	(1,405)	(12,713)	(12,713)
from other comprehensive income of		33	288	288
investments accounted for by equity method Other comprehensive income (losses) that		33	200	288
will be reclassified in profit or loss	_			
 Change in currency translation reserves Gain (loss) on revaluation and reclassification 	24	115,724	1,007,376	714,204
of financial assets held for sale	24	(1,124)	(9,781)	(6,973)
Restricted reserves	24	117,250	1,020,689	913,068
Retained earnings or accumulated losses Net profit or loss for the period		490,976 72,499	4,274,046 631,118	2,662,487 1,390,240
Non-controlling interests		140,707	1,224,886	938,248
•		•		·
Total liabilities		1,887,525	16,431,267	13,693,203

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

	Notes	USD (*) Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Unreviewed Current Period 1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January -	Unreviewed Prior Period 1 April - 30 June 2020
Profit or Loss						
Revenue Cost of Sales (-)	25 25	751,513 (657,507)	6,542,074 (5,723,732)	3,701,228 (3,242,798)	4,454,290 (3,946,438)	2,053,709 (1,797,059)
Gross Profit (Loss)	25	94,006	818,342	458,430	507,852	256,650
General Administrative Expenses (-) Marketing Expenses (-) Other Income From Operating Activities Other Expenses From Operating Activities (-) Share of Gain (Loss) on Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method	26 26 28 28 4	(21,074) (32,603) 53,135 (17,474)	(283,816) 462,549 (152,118)	(100,030) (159,135) 174,884 (51,702) 3,933	(120,121) (206,109) 478,734 (54,391) (16,043)	(57,861) (95,104) 191,321 (27,950) 483
Operating Profit/(Loss)		75,056	653,376	326,380	589,922	267,539
Income from Investment Activities Expenses from Investment Activities (-)	29 29	53,645 (1,339)	466,993 (11,656)	194,229 (11,204)	306,699 (20,327)	110,711 (11,358)
Operating Profit (Loss) Before Finance (Expense)/Income		127,362	1,108,713	509,405	876,294	366,892
Finance Expenses (-)	30	(34,784)	(302,801)	(143,516)	(183,207)	(84,425)
Profit (Loss) Before Taxation From Continued Operations		92,578	805,912	365,889	693,087	282,467
Tax Expense From Continued Operations Tax Income/(Expense) for the Period Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	32	(12,774) (12,751) (23)	(111,002)	(88,007) (87,042) (965)	(130,756) (149,971) 19,215	(27,627) (60,505) 32,878
Profit/(Loss) For The Period		79,804	694,711	277,882	562,331	254,840
Allocation of Profit/(Loss) For The Period						
Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests Attributable to Equity Holders of the		7,305 72,499	63,593 631,118	59,768 218,114	(26,718) 589,049	(13,447)
Parent Company Gain/(Loss) Per Share Attributable to Equity		72,499	031,118	218,114	389,049	268,287
Holders of the Parent Company	33	0.028	0.243	0.084	0.226	0.103

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

Notes	USD (*) Reviewed Current Period 1 January- 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Unreviewed Current Period 1 April - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January - 30 June 2020	Unreviewed Prior Period 1 April- 30 June 2020
Profit/(Loss) For The Period	79,804	694,711	277,882	562,331	254,840
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
That will not be reclassified as profit or loss					
Defined benefit plans re-measurement gains / (losses) Defined benefit plans re-measurement gains / (losses) of investments valued by equity method	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes on other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified in profit or loss					
- Tax effect of actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-
That will be reclassified as profit or loss					
Currency translation differences Gain/(loss) on revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets	33,516	291,760	120,616	102,774	41,767
available for sale 7	(483)	(4,208)	60,708	(12,468)	119,632
Taxes related to other comprehensive income that will be reclassified as profit or loss - Tax effect on revaluation	161	1,400	(12,823)	1,572	(24,018)
and/or reclassification of financial assets available for sale	161	1,400	(12,823)	1,572	(24,018)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME /(LOSS)	33,194	288,952	168,501	91,878	137,381
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME /(LOSS)	112,998	983,663	446,383	654,209	392,221
Allocation of Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)					
Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company	7,143 105,855	62,181 921,482	59,656 386,727	(24,060) 678,269	(13,447) 405,668

^(*) As explained in the Note 2.1.8 to the consolidated financial statements, USD amounts presented in these consolidated financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from TRY, as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey official TRY exchange rate. Thus, USD amounts do not form a part of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards issued by the Capital Market Board ("CMB") as of 30 June 2021.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

				_	Accumulate comprehensive in that will not be re profit or	come or loss eclassified to		compre loss that	mulated othe hensive incon will be reclass profit or loss	ie or	Retained ear	rnings			
No	tes	A Share capital	djustments to share capital	Repurchased shares	Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	Shares not classified as profit or loss from other comprehensive income of investments accounted for by equity method	Share premiums/	available		Restricted reserves	Retained earnings/ accumulated losses	Net profit/ (loss) for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	Non- controlling interest	Equity
Balance at 1 January 2021	24	2,616,938	143,526	(16,035)	(12,913)	288	35,159	(6,973)	714,204	913,068	2,662,487	1,390,240	8,439,989	938,248	9,378,237
Transfers Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,621		(1,390,240)	(180,000)	-	(180,000)
Capital increase		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(180,000)	-	(180,000)	-	(180,000)
Transactions with non-controlling interest															
Shareholders (*)		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	508,940	_	508,940	224,457	733,397
Increase (decrease) due to repurchase transactions of	shares	-	-	(32,209)	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	(32,209)		(32,209)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-	-			-	(2,808)	293,172	-	-	631,118	921,482	62,181	983,663
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-	631,118	631,118	63,593	694,711
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-		-	-	(2,808)	293,172	-	-	-	290,364	(1,412)	288,952
- Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	293,172	-	-	-	293,172	(1,412)	291,760
- Change in financial asset revaluation fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,808)	-	-	-	-	(2,808)	-	(2,808)
Balance at 30 June 2021	24	2.616.938	143,526	(48.244)	(12.913)	288	35,159	(9.781)	1.007.376	1.020.689	4.274.046	631,118	9.658.202	1.224.886	10.883.088

^(*) The details are explained in Note 24.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

					comprehen that will no	nulated other sive income or loss of the reclassified to ofit or loss		compred loss that	mulated oth nensive inco will be recla profit or loss	me or ssified	Retaine	ed earnings			
Note	es	A Share capital	djustments to share capital	Repurchased shares	Actuarial gain/(losses) on defined benefit plans	Shares not classified as profit or loss from other comprehensive income of investments accounted for by equity method	Shares premiums	assets available		Restricted :	Retained earnings/ accumulated (losses)	Net profit/(loss) for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	Non- controlling interest	Equity
Balances at 1 January 2020 2	4 2	2,616,938	143,526	(7,073)	(11,202)	581	35,159	45,451	461,331	722,081	2,513,028	616,789	7,136,609	494,731	7,631,340
Transfers Dividends Capital increase Transactions with non-controlling interest shareholders		-	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	72,739	544,050 (99,479) - (7,267)	(616,789)	(99,479) - (7,267)	(174) 68,750	(99,653) 68,750 (7,267)
Increase (decrease) due to repurchase transactions of st Total comprehensive income/(loss) Profit (loss) for the period Other comprehensive income (loss) - Currency translation differences - Change in financial asset revaluation fund	hares	- - - - -	- - - - -	(8,962)	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	(10,896)	- 100,116 100,116	- - -	- - - -	589,049 589,049	(8,962) 678,269 589,049 89,220 100,116 (10,896)	(24,060) (26,718) 2,658 2,658	(8,962) 654,209 562,331 91,878 102,774 (10,896)
Balances at 30 June 2020 2	4 2	2,616,938	143,526	(16,035)	(11,202)	581	35,159	34,555	561,447	794,820	2,950,332	589,049	7,699,170	539,247	8,238,417

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

	Notes	USD ^(*) Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January - 30 June 2020
A. Net Cash From Operating Activities		46,422	404,109	484,554
Profit/(loss) for the period		79,804	694,711	562,331
Adjustments regarding reconciliation of net profit (loss) for the period		35,393	308,085	(245,116)
Adjustments related to depreciation and amortization Adjustments related to provisions - Adjustments related to provisions for (reversal of)	11,14,15,16	22,998	200,198	155,418
- Adjustments related to provisions for (reversal of) employee benefits - Adjustments related to provisions (reversal) for	23	1,657	14,424	6,048
lawsuits and/or penalty	18	118	1,025	2,269
- Adjustments related to other provisions (reversals) Adjustments related to interest (income) and expenses		591	5,147	5,816
- Adjustments related to interest income	28,29	(15,559)	(135,445)	(62,640)
- Adjustments related to interest expenses	29, 30	18,003	156,719	108,563
- Deferred financial expense due to purchases with maturity - Unearned financial income due from sales with maturity Adjustments related to changes in unrealised	28 28	3,801 (4,285)	<i>33,088</i> (<i>37,304</i>)	12,292 (20,816)
foreign exchange differences		(3,723)	(32,412)	(590,103)
Adjustments related to fair value (gains) losses		2,548	22,179	5,228
Adjustments related to losses (gains) on disposal of non-current assets Adjustments related to undistributed profits of		(1,687)	(14,689)	(13,990)
investments accounted for by the equity method	4	934	8,131	16,043
Adjustments related to tax (income) expense	32	12,774	111,201	130,756
Adjustments related to earnings obtained as a result of the negotiated purchase	3, 29	(2,777)	(24,177)	-
Changes in working capital		(67,260)	(585,508)	220,898
Adjustments for decrease/(increase) in inventories		(59,060)	(514,126)	79,909
Adjustments for decrease/(increase) in trade receivables - (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables from related partie	25	(26)	(227)	(4,968)
 (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables from non-related parties 		(26) (48,761)	(227) (424,472)	392,960
Increase (decrease) in payables due to employee benefits Adjustments regarding decrease/(increase) in other receivables on operations	var res	(1,122)	(9,768)	(397)
 (Increase)/decrease in other receivables regarding operations with related parties 		-	-	(665)
 (Increase)/decrease in other receivables regarding operations with non-related parties 		(530)	(4,613)	581
Adjustments regarding increase (decrease) in trade payables - Increase/(decrease) in trade payables to related parties		(14)	(121)	218
 Increase/(decrease) in trade payables to non-related partie Adjustments regarding increase (decrease) in other payables of Increase/(decrease) in other payables 		54,964	478,473	(204,148)
regarding operations with related parties - Increase/(decrease) in other payables		-	-	22
regarding operations with non-related parties Adjustments for other increase (decrease) in working capital		(9,554)	(83,170)	5,356
- (Increase)/decrease in other assets regarding operations - Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities regarding operation	ıs	(4,562) 1,405	(39,711) 12,227	(57,569) 9,599
Net Cash From Operating Activities		47,937	417,288	538,113
Employee termination benefits paid Income tax refunds (payments)	23	(330) (9,867)	(2,876) (85,896)	(1,842) (105,562)
Other cash inflows/(outflows)		-	-	498
Interest received		8,684	75,593	53,347

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2021 AND 2020

	Notes	USD ^(*) Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2021	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January - 30 June 2020
B. Net Cash From Investing Activities		11,144	97,007	(793,229)
Cash outflows regarding capital increase and/or share				
purchase of associates and/or joint ventures Cash inflow due to sale of	3, 4	(488)	(4,250)	(1,155)
property, plant, equipment and intangible assets Cash outflows from purchase of		6,112	53,208	46,534
property, plant, equipment and intangible assets Cash inflow due to sale of investment properties	14, 15 13	(33,444) 86	(291,137) 745	(151,435)
Cash outflows for the acquisition of shares of other enterprises or funds or borrowing instruments Cash inflows from the sale of shares or debt instruments	7	(163,392)	(1,422,361)	(1,370,529)
of other enterprises or funds Cash inflows related to sales that do not result in	7	120,343	1,047,614	691,953
loss of control of subsidiaries Cash outflows regarding additional share purchase of subsidiaries		84,248	733,397	(7,267)
Other cash inflows/(outflows)		(2,321)	(20,209)	(1,330)
C. Net Cash from Financing Activities		14,746	128,364	(428,814)
Proceeds from borrowings				
Cash inflows from borrowings	8	299,482	2,607,053	1,699,840
Cash inflows from issued debt instruments	8	13,799	120,127	94,574
Cash outflows on debt payments		- ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Cash outflows due to payments of bank borrowings	8	(256,147)	(2,229,813)	(2,068,227)
Cash outflows on debt payments due to leasing		(5,869)	(51,087)	(48,742)
Interest paid		(12,143)	(105,707)	(66,394)
Dividends paid		(20,677)	(180,000)	(99,479)
Other cash inflows/(outflows)		(20,077)	(100,000)	68,576
Cash outflows from the purchase of the company's own shares and other equity instruments				00,570
Cash outflows from the acquisition of the company's own shares	24	(3,700)	(32,209)	(8,962)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES (A+B+C)		72,311	629,480	(737,489)
D. THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,650	57,893	500,506
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D)		78,961	687,373	(236,983)
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6	333,637	2,904,381	3,276,758
F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D+E)	6	412,599	3,591,754	3,039,775

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Holding", "Holding" or the "Group") was established on 22 September 1980 and is registered in Turkey. Main operating activity of the Holding is to invest in various sectors via associates, to provide all necessary support to its subsidiaries and joint ventures in order to develop their activities.

Doğan Holding is registered with the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted on Borsa İstanbul ("Borsa İstanbul") since 21 June 1993. Within the frame of Resolution No, 21/655 dated 23 July 2010 of CMB with the decision on 30 October 2014 numbered 31/1059; according to the records of Central Registry Agency("CRA"), 35.79% shares of Doğan Holding are to be considered in circulation as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: 35.84%). As of 17 August 2021, circulation rate of shares are 35.77%.

The address of Holding is as follows:

Burhaniye Mahallesi Kısıklı Caddesi No: 65 Üsküdar 34676 İstanbul

As of 30 June 2021, the total number of personnel in the domestic and abroad subsidiaries and associates of the Group, that are consolidated, is 3,620 (domestic 3,309) (31 December 2020: 3,533; domestic 3,225). Holding has 44 employees (31 December 2020: 42 employees).

The natures of the business, segment and countries of the subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") and joint ventures ("Joint Ventures") of Doğan Holding are as follows:

Fuel Retail

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş. ("Aytemiz Akaryakıt")	Energy	Turkey
Aytemiz Petrolcülük Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Aytemiz Petrolcülük")	Energy	Turkey
İstasyon Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("İstasyon Petrolcülük")	Energy	Turkey
Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd. ("Gas Plus Erbil")	Energy	Jersey
Electricity Production		
Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Galata Wind Enerji A.Ş. ("Galata Wind")	Energy	Turkey
Sunflower Solar Güneş Enerjisi Sistemleri Ticaret A. Ş. ("Sunflower")	Energy	Turkey
Joint ventures	Nature of business	Country
Boyabat Elektrik Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Boyabat Elektrik")	Energy	Turkey
Aslancık Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. ("Aslancık Elektrik")	Energy	Turkey

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Industry and Trade

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
	D 1	m 1
Çelik Halat ve Tel Sanayii A.Ş. ("Çelik Halat")	Production	Turkey
Celik Halat Netherlands B.V. ("Celik Halat Netherlands")	Trade	Holland
Ditaş Doğan Yedek Parça İmalat ve Teknik A.Ş. ("Ditaş Doğan")	Production	Turkey
Doğan Dış Ticaret ve Mümessillik A.Ş. ("Doğan Dış Ticaret")	Foreign Trade	Turkey
Falcon Purchasing Services Ltd. ("Falcon")	Foreign Trade	England
Neta Yönetim Danışmanlık Havacılık Hizmetleri A.Ş.		
("Neta Yönetim")	Aviation	Turkey
Kelkit Doğan Besi İşletmeleri A.Ş. ("Kelkit Doğan Besi")	Husbandry	Turkey
Sesa Ambalaj ve Plastik Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. ("Sesa Ambalaj")	Production	Turkey
Sesa Üretim Yatırımları ve Yönetim Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Sesa Yatırım")	Production	Turkey

Automotive Trade and Marketing

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Suzuki Motorlu Araçlar Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Suzuki")	Trade	Turkey
Doğan Trend Otomotiv Ticaret Hizmet ve Teknoloji A.Ş.		
("Doğan Trend Otomotiv")	Trade	Turkey

Financing and Investment

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Öncü Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. ("Öncü Girişim")	Investment	Turkey
D Yatırım Bankası A.Ş. ("D Yatırım Bankası") (1)	Investment Banking	Turkey
Doruk Faktoring A.Ş. ("Doruk Faktoring")	Factoring	Turkey
Doruk Finansman A.Ş. ("Doruk Finansman")	Finance	Turkey
DHI Investment B.V. ("DHI Investment")	Investment	Holland
Değer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Yönetim Danışmanlığı A.Ş.		
("Değer Merkezi")	Administrative Consultancy	Turkey

Internet and Entertainment

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Dogan Media International S.A. ("Kanal D Romanya")	Tv publishing	Romania
Rapsodi Radyo ve Televizyon Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Rapsodi Radyo")	Radio publishing	Turkey
Glokal Dijital Hizmetler Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Glokal")	Internet services	Turkey
DMC Invest B.V. ("DMC Invest")	Investment	Holland
Dogan Media Invest B.V. ("Dogan Media Invest")	Investment	Holland
Glocal Invest B.V. ("Glocal Invest")	Investment	Holland
DG Invest B.V. ("DG Invest")	Investment	Holland
İnnobil Bilişim Teknolojileri ve Danışmanlık Ltd.Şti. ("İnnobil")	Technology and informatics	Turkey
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve		
Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont") (2)	Magazine publishing	Turkey

⁽¹⁾ The establishment of the related subsidiary was registered on 22 June 2020 and the operating authorization was obtained on 21 May 2021.

⁽²⁾ It was decided that the shares corresponding to 50% of the capital and voting rights of the relevant subsidiary to be taken over as of 16 February 2021 and controlled by the Group. "Closing" transactions were completed as of 26 April 2021 and Doğan Egmont's commercial name was registered as Doğan Yayınları Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. on 12 August 2021. Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. became the sole shareholder.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Internet and Entertainment (Continued)

Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve		
Pazarlama A.S. ("Doğan Burda")	Magazine publishing	Turkey
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP")	Planning	Turkey
Ultra Kablolu Televizyon ve	_	-
Telekomünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ultra Kablolu")	Telecommunication	Turkey
NetD Müzik Video Dijital Platform ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("NetD Müzik")	Internet services	Turkey
Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DMC")	Music and entertainment	Turkey

Real Estate Investments

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Milpa Ticari ve Sınai Ürünler Pazarlama		
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Milpa")	Real estate/Trade	Turkey
D Gayrimenkul Yatırımları ve Ticaret A.S.		•
("D Gayrimenkul")	Real estate management	Turkey
SC D-Yapı Real Estate, Investment and Construction S.A.	Ç	•
("D Yapı Romanya")	Real estate management	Romania
Milta Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. ("Milta Turizm")	Real estate management	Turkey
Marlin Otelcilik ve Turizm A.Ş. ("Marlin Otelcilik")	Real estate management	Turkey
M Investment 1 LLC ("M Investment")	Real estate management	USA
Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yatırımları		
Yönetim İnşaat ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Kandilli Gayrimenkul")	Real estate management	Turkey

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of Presentation

2.1.1 Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

Adopted Financial Reporting Standarts

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with 2019 TAS Taxonomy based on the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"), which is developed by POA and announced to the public by the decision of the POA on 15 April 2019 in accordance with paragraph 9(b) of Decree Law No. 660.

The Group maintains their legal books of accounts in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Tax Legislation, and the Uniform Chart of Accounts (General Communiqué on Accounting System Implementation) issued by the Ministry of Finance.

These consolidated financial statements, except for the financial assets and investment properties that are presented at fair value, are prepared on the basis of historical cost.

Adjustment to the financial statements in hyperinflationary periods

In accordance with the decision of CMB dated as 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with TFRS. Accordingly, No: 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"), has not been applied commencing from 1 January 2005.

Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Turkish Lira, which is the functional and presentation currency of Doğan Holding.

2.1.2 Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries

Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries are prepared in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered and required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

If the group entities' functional currency is different from the presentation currency; it is translated into the presentation currency as below:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position.
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates in the accounting period; and all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and statements of other comprehensive income (currency translation differences).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.2 Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries (Continued)

When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.1.3 Consolidation and equity method accounting principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company, Doğan Holding, its Subsidiaries and its Joint Ventures (collectively referred as the "Group") on the basis set out in sections (a) to (c) below. The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation are based on historical cost of the statutory records and for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2.1.1 and Note 2.1.2 and application of uniform accounting policies and presentations; adjustments and reclassifications. Financial statements of consolidated entities are restated in accordance with the TAS considering the accounting policies and presentation requirements applied by the Group.

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries comprise of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by Doğan Holding.

Control is achieved when the Group:

- Has power over the company/asset,
- Is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the company/asset and
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are indicators of a situation or an event that may cause any changes to at least one of the elements of control listed above.

When the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in the relevant investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders.
- Potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties,
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements and
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities (including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation and equity method accounting principles (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated by the date the Group takes the control and from the date the control is over, subsidiaries are excluded from the consolidation scope. Proportion of ownership interest represents the effective shareholding of the Group through the shares held by Doğan Holding and/or indirectly by its subsidiaries. In the consolidated financial statements, interests owned by Doğan family members are treated as non-controlling interests and excluded from net asset and profit of the Group.

Intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation. The dividends arising from shares held by Doğan Holding in its subsidiaries are eliminated from equity and income for the period.

Subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the accounting period are included in the consolidation from the date at which the control of operations are transferred to the Group and excluded from the consolidation when the control is lost. Even if non-controlling interests result in a deficit balance, total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners and to the non-controlling interests.

Income and expenses of a subsidiary, acquired or disposed of the during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Changes in ownership interests

The group assesses transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their indirect interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in retained earnings within equity of Doğan Holding.

The table below sets out the proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding, Doğan Family and its subsidiaries and effective ownership interests as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020:

Fuel Retail

	voting by Doğa	portion of power held n Holding and sidiaries (%)	voting po by Doğa	rtion of ower held an family ers (%)	Total prop voti power ho	ng	effect	portion of ive ownership nterest (%)
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
Subsidiaries	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Aytemiz Akaryakıt	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Aytemiz Petrolcülük	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	50.00	50.00
İstasyon Petrolcülük	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	50.00	50.00

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation and equity method accounting principles (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Electricity Production

	votin by Doğa	oportion of g power held an Holding and osidiaries (%)	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%)		vo	oportion of oting held (%)	effect	portion of tive ownership interest (%)
Subsidiaries	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Doğan Enerji (1)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	100.00
Galata Wind (2)	73.12	100.00	-	-	73.12	100.00	73.12	100.00
Sunflower (2)	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	73.12	100.00

Industry and Trade

muusii y unu muuc								
Propor voting po by Doğan H		portion of power held n Holding and sidiaries (%)	votin by D	oportion of g power held oğan family mbers (%)	v	roportion of oting held (%)	effect	portion of ive ownership nterest (%)
Cubaidiania	30 June 2021	31 December		31 December		31 December		31 December
Subsidiaries	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Çelik Halat (3)	69.83	70.35	_	_	69.83	70.35	69.83	70.35
Celik Halat Netherlands (3)	100.00	100.00	-	_	100.00	100.00	69.83	70.35
Ditaş Doğan	68.90	68.90	-	-	68.90	68.90	68.90	68.90
Ditas America (4)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	68.90
D Stroy (5)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	68.90
Doğan Dış Ticaret	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Falcon	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Neta Yönetim	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Kelkit Doğan Besi	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sesa Yatırım	70.00	70.00	-	-	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Sesa Ambalaj	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	70.00	70.00

Automotive Trade and Marketing

	votii by Doğ	roportion of ng power held gan Holding and bsidiaries (%)	voting j by Dog	ortion of power held gan family bers (%)		proportion of voting er held (%)	effect	oportion of tive ownership nterest (%)
Subsidiaries	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Suzuki Doğan Trend Otomotiv	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	-	-	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00

⁽¹⁾ The merger transaction of the related subsidiaries of Doğan Holding through the acquisition in a simplified method was approved by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") on 31 December 2020, this transaction was registred on 2 March 2021 by the Istanbul Trade Registry Office, and these subsidiaries were dissolved and merged within Doğan Holding.

⁽²⁾ Proportion of effective ownership interest changed due to the Galata Wind's public offering transaction performed on 15-16 April 2021.

⁽³⁾ Proportion of effective ownership interest of the related subsidiaries changed due to the sale of public shares and capital increase directly owned by Doğan Holding.

⁽⁴⁾ The related subsidiary was liquidated and terminated on 7 May 2021.

⁽⁵⁾ The related subsidiary was liquidated and terminated on 16 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation and equity method accounting principles (Continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Financing and Investment

Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%)		voting j by Dog	ortion of power held gan family bers (%)	vo power	roportion of oting held (%)	effec	coportion of ctive ownership interest (%)	
Subsidiaries	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
				2020				
Öncü Girişim	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
D Yatırım Bankası	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doruk Faktoring	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doruk Finansman	97.02	97.02	2.98	2.98	100.00	100.00	97.02	97.02
İlke Turistik (6)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	100.00
DHI Investment	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Değer Merkezi	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Internet and Entertainment

	voting by Doğa	portion of g power held n Holding and sidiaries (%)	Proporti voting pow by Doğan member	ver held family	vo	oportion of oting held (%)	effectiv	ortion of ve ownership terest (%)
		31 December	30 June 31		30 June	31 December		1 December
Subsidiaries	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Glokal	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	79.22	79.22
Kanal D Romanya	100.00	99.99	_	-	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Rapsodi Radyo	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
DMC Invest	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Dogan Media Invest	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Glocal Invest	79.22	79.22	_	-	79.22	79.22	79.22	79.22
DG Invest	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
İnnobil (7)	100.00	85.00	_	-	100.00	85.00	79.22	67.34
Doğan Egmont (8)	100.00	50.00	_	-	100.00	50.00	100.00	50.00

Real Estate Investments

	voting po by Doğan l its subsid	rtion of ower held Holding and iaries (%)	Propor voting po by Doğai membe	wer held n family rs (%)	Total proport voting power held	(%)	effect i	portion of ive ownership nterest (%)
Subsidiaries	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 3 2021	1 December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Milpa	82.29	82.29	0.16	0.16	82.45	82.45	82.29	82.29
D Gayrimenkul	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
D-Yapı Romanya	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Milta Turizm	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Marlin Otelcilik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
M Investment	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

The merger transaction of the related subsidiaries of Doğan Holding through the acquisition in a simplified procedure was approved by the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") on 31 December 2020, this transaction was registred on 2 March 2021 by the Istanbul Trade Registry Office, and these subsidiaries were dissolved and merged within Doğan Holding.

⁽⁷⁾ The proportion of effective ownership interest of the related subsidiary changed due to the share purchase.

⁽⁸⁾ It was decided that 50% of the capital and voting power of respective subsidiary to be acquired and controlled by the Group as of 16 February 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation and equity method accounting principles (Continued)

(b) Non-Controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests of shareholders over the net assets and operational results of subsidiaries are classified as non-controlling interest and non-controlling profit/loss in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of income.

(c) Joint Ventures

According to TFRS-11 Joint Agreements, investments under joint agreements are classified as joint activities or joint ventures. The classification is based on contractual rights and obligations of all investors, rather than the legal structure of the joint agreement. An investment is accounted for by equity method from the date at which invested company qualified as an associate or joint venture. In acquisition of the investment, all differences between the acquisition value of the investment and the company's share of the net fair value of identifiable net assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the affiliate or the joint venture, are included in the book value of affiliate investment. The portion of the amount that the company's share from the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the affiliate or the joint venture, and that exceeds the acquisition value of the investment, is added to the income in determining the amount of the company's share from the profit or loss of the affiliate or joint venture in the period that the investment is obtained.

Joint Ventures

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.

2.1.4 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.1.5 Comparative information and restatement of prior period financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared comparatively with the previous period to identify the financial position and performance trends. The Group presents comparatively its consolidated statement of financial position as of 30 June 2021 with 31 December 2020 consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flow and consolidated statement of changes in equity for the interim period ended 1 January -30 June 2021, are presented comparatively with the consolidated financial statements as of the interim period 1 January - 30 June 2020.

In the current period, in case of a necessity, prior period financial statements are reclassified in order to comply with the presentation of its current period consolidated financial statements and significant changes are explained.

Sales which was amounting to TRY6,239 under "Revenue" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the interim period ended 1 January - 30 June 2020 have been netted with the "Cost of Sales" in the related period in order to comply with the interim consolidated statement of profit or loss prepared as of 1 January - 30 June 2021. In addition, carbon emission certificate right sales revenue of TRY1,012 classified under "Other Income from Operating Activities" in the consolidated profit or loss statement for the interim period ended 1 January - 30 June 2020, was classified under "Revenue" in the relevant period to ensure consistency with the consolidated profit or loss statement for the interim period ended 1 January - 30 June 2021.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.6 Significant accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates and errors and restatement of prior period financial statements

Changes of accounting policies resulting from the first time implementation of the TAS are implemented retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the transition provisions. Major accounting mistakes detected are applied retrospectively and the financial statements of previous period are revised. If the changes in accounting estimates only apply to one period, then they are applied in the current period when the change occurs; if the changes apply also to the future periods, they are applied in both the period of change and in the future period.

2.1.7 New and revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

In the current period there is no such standard or interpretation affecting the Group's financial performance, statement of financial position, presentation or note disclosures. However, the details of standards and interpretations effective in the current period but have no effect on the consolidated financial statements and standards and interpretations not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group are set out below.

- a) New standards applicable as of 30 June 2021 and amendments to existing previous standards and interpretations:
- Amendment to TFRS 16, 'Leases' COVID-19 related rent concessions extension of the practical expedient; as of March 2021, this amendment extended till June 2022 and effective from 1 April 2021. As a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, rent concessions have been granted to lessees. Such concessions might take a variety of forms, including payment holidays and deferral of lease payments. On 28 May 2020, the IASB published an amendment to TFRS 16 that provides an optional practical expedient for lessees from assessing whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification. Lessees can elect to account for such rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. This ease of implementation will result in accounting for the concession as variable lease payments in the period(s) in which the event or condition that triggers the reduced payment occurs.
- Amendments to TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The Phase 2 amendments address issues that arise from the implementation of the reforms, including the replacement of one benchmark with an alternative one.
- **Amendments TFRS 17 and TFRS 4, 'Insurance contracts', deferral of TFRS 9;** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments change the fixed date of the temporary exemption in TFRS 4 from applying TFRS 9, Financial Instrument until 1 January 2023.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)
- 2.1.7 New and revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") (Continued)
- b) Standards and amendments that are issued but not effective as at 30 June 2021:
- **TFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts';** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. This standard replaces TFRS 4, which currently permits a wide variety of practices in accounting for insurance contracts. TFRS 17 will fundamentally change the accounting by all entities that issue insurance contracts and investment contracts with discretionary participation features.
- **Amendments to TAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' on classification of liabilities;** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. These narrow-scope amendments to TAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements', clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (for example, the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). The amendment also clarifies what TAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability.
- A number of narrow-scope amendments to TFRS 3, TAS 16, TAS 37 and some annual improvements on TFRS 1, TFRS 9, TAS 41 and TFRS 16; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
 - Amendments to TFRS 3, 'Business combinations' update a reference in TFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.
 - Amendments to TAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.
 - Amendments to TAS 37, 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets' specify which costs a company includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.
 - Annual improvements make minor amendments to TFRS 1, 'First-time Adoption of TFRS', TFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', TAS 41, 'Agriculture' and the illustrative examples accompanying TFRS 16, 'Leases'.
- Narrow scope amendments to TAS 1, Practice statement 2 and TAS 8; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The amendments aim to improve accounting policy disclosures and to help users of the financial statements to distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies.
- Amendment to TAS 12 Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These amendments require companies to recognise deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The Group has not determined the effects that may occur in the consolidated financial statements as a result of the application of the aforementioned standards but has not anticipated that these differences will have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2.1.8 US Dollar convenience translation

US Dollar ("USD") amounts presented in the consolidated financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from Turkish Lira ("TRY"), as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey official TRY exchange rate of TRY8.7052 = USD1.00 as of 30 June 2021. Thus, USD amounts do not form a part of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards issued by the CMB. Such translations should not be construed as a representation that the TRY amounts have been or could be converted into USD at this or any other rate.

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Related parties

Related parties are people or entities that are related to the entity (reporting entity) that is preparing its financial statements.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the reporting entity,
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the reporting entity or
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

Under the guidance of the explanations mentioned above and also in compliance with TAS 24, Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. directly or indirectly has participation, including any entities under common control; real persons and/or legal entities that have direct or indirect individual or joint control over the company and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and legal entities having direct or indirect individual or joint control by them and legal entities having significant effect over the Company or their key management personnel; Company's subsidiaries and members of the Board of Directors, key management personnel and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and real persons and/or legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled individually or jointly (Note 34).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank deposits and highly liquid investments without a significant risk over the change in their value, whose maturity at the time of purchase is three months or less (Note 6).

Sales and repurchase agreements

Funds given in return for financial assets purchase with the requirement of selling back ("Reverse repo") are recognized as reverse repurchase agreements at consolidated financial statements (Note 6). Income discount is calculated for the difference between the buying and selling prices, determined with aforementioned reverse repo agreements, accrued for the period according to internal discount rate method and recognized by the adding to the cost of reverse repos. Funds provided in return for financial assets reverse repurchase are recognized under cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated financial statements.

Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables

The Group's trade receivables from providing goods or services to customers are carried at net of unrealized finance income ("unearned financial income due to sales with maturity"). Trade receivables, net of unrealized finance income, are calculated by discounting future cash inflows of receivables carried at the original invoice amount using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Effective interest method is calculating the present value in accordance with the compound interest basis. The rate determined by compound interest basis and applied in this method is named "effective interest rate". Short term receivables with indefinite interest rate are carried at cost unless the effect of imputing interest is significant (Note 9).

When calculating the impairment of trade receivables, which are recognised based on the cost amortised in financial statements and do not include an important financing component, Group preferred to adopt "simplified approach" in TFRS 9 standard.

According to "simplified approach" of TFRS 9 Standard, loss provisions concerning trade receivables are calculated equal to "lifetime expected credit loss" if trade receivables are not impaired due to valid reasons as stated in TFRS 9.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables (Continued)

TAS 39, "Financial Instruments" valid before 1 January 2018: Instead of "realised credit losses model" in Accounting and Measurement Standard, "expected credit loss model" was defined in TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" Standard. Expected credit loss is estimated by weighting credit losses, expected to occur throughout the expected life of financial instruments, based on previous statistics. When calculating the expected credit losses, credit losses in the previous years and forecasts of the Group are considered.

The Group decides to allocate provision for doubtful receivables, whose payment was not made within the ordinary commercial activity cycle of the Group, considering whether the trade receivable is subject to administrative and/or legal proceeding, whether or not they have a guarantee and there is an objective finding. The amount of such provision is the difference between the book value of the receivable and the collectible amount. The collectible amount is the current value of the expected cash flow, including the amounts to be collected from guarantees and collaterals, which is discounted based on the original effective interest rate of the initial receivable.

When trade receivables are not impaired for certain reasons along with realised impairment losses, Group recognises expected credit loss provision equal to lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables as per TFRS 9. Expected credit loss is calculated by expected credit loss rates determined based on previous credit loss experiences of the Group and prospective macroeconomic indicators. Changes in expected credit loss provisions are recognised under other income and expenses from operating activities (Note 28).

If there is a partial or whole collection over the doubtful receivable amount subsequent to the allocation of provision for doubtful receivables, the collected portion is recognized as other income from operating activities following the write-down of the total provision amount (Note 9, 28).

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to make a sale (net realizable value). Cost elements included in inventory are purchasing costs and other costs necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use. Cost elements included in inventories are materials, labor and production overheads. The unit cost of inventories is determined on the moving weighted average basis (Note 11).

When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period the write-down or loss occurred. When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of the changing economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the initial impairment.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Assets

Group classified its financial assets in three categories; financial assets carried at amortized cost, financial assets carried at fair value though profit of loss, financial assets carried at fair value though other comprehensive income. Classification is performed in accordance with the business model determined based on the purpose of benefits from financial assets and expected cash flows. Management performs the classification of financial assets at the acquisition date.

(a) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, whose payments are fixed or predetermined, which are not actively traded and which are not derivative instruments are measured at amortized cost. They are included in current assets, except for maturities more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Those with maturities more than 12 months are classified as non-current assets. The Group's financial assets carried at amortized cost comprise "trade receivables", "other receivables" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the statement of financial position. In addition, with recourse factoring receivables classified in trade receivables are classified as financial assets carried at amortized cost since collection risk for those receivables are not transferred to counterparty.

Impairment

Group has applied simplified approach and used impairment matrix for the calculation of impairment on its receivables carried at amortized cost, since they do not comprise of any significant finance component. In accordance with this method, if any provision is not provided to the trade receivables as a result of a specific event, Group measures expected credit loss from these receivables by the life-time expected credit loss. The calculation of expected credit loss is performed based on the past experience of the Group and its expectation based on the macroeconomic indications.

(b) Financial assets carried at fair value

Assets that are held by the management for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets are measured at their fair value. If the management do not plan to dispose these assets in 12 months after the statement of consolidated financial position, they are classified as non-current assets. Group makes a choice that cannot be changed later for the equity instruments during the initial recognition and elect profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the presentation of fair value gain and loss:

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Assets (Continued)

- (b) Financial assets carried at fair value (Continued)
- i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss consist of "derivative instruments" in consolidated statement of financial position and "financial asset", which are acquired to benefit from short-term price or other fluctuations in the market or which are a part of a portfolio aiming to earn profit in the short-run, irrespective of the reason of acquisition, and kept for trading purposes. Derivative instruments are recognised as asset if their fair value is positive and as liability if their fair value is negative. Group's derivative instruments consist of transactions concerning future contracts and transactions related to commodity contracts. Financial assets that are measured by their fair value and associated with the profit or loss statement are initially reflected on the consolidated statement of financial position with their costs including the transaction cost. These financial assets are valued based on their fair value after they are recognised. Realised or unrealised profit and losses are recognised under "financing income/(expense)". Dividends are recognised as dividend income in consolidated profit or loss statement. Financial assets including the derivative products not determined as hedging instruments are classified as financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected as profit or loss (Note 22).

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income consist of equities and certain debt securities held by the Group and listed in a stock exchange of an active market and they are recognised under "financial investments" in consolidated statement of financial position. Impairment in these assets, which are recognised with their fair value, and unrealised profit or loss, which arise from changes other than changes in profit or loss concerning exchange rate differences in interest and monetary assets calculated by efficient interest method are tracked under consolidated other comprehensive income statement and under financial asset shall be recognized in equity, through the investment revaluation reserve until the financial asset is removed from consolidated financial statements. If the assets whose fair value difference is recognised under consolidated other comprehensive income statement are sold, valuation differences classified under consolidated other comprehensive income statement are classified under "Retained Earnings/(Losses)"

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments, predominantly foreign currency and interest swap agreements, commodity exchange contracts and foreign currency forward agreements are comprised. Derivative financial instruments are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values of derivative financial instruments are obtained from quoted market prices or discounted cash flow models as appropriate. Based on positive or negative fair value, derivative financial instruments are carried as assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position respectively (Note 22).

In the case of future cash flows being subject to cash flow hedges and related transactions being effective, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity directly whereas the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (Continued)

If the cash flow hedge of a firm commitment or an expected forward transaction result in the recognition of an asset or liability, at the initial recognition of this asset or liability the gain or loss previously recognized under equity related to derivatives is included in the measurement of the initial amount of the asset or liability. In a hedge accounting that does not result in the recognition of an asset or a liability, the amounts previously recognized under equity are transferred to statement of profit or loss in the period in which the hedged item has an effect on profit or loss. The changes in the fair value of derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

The Group utilizes foreign exchange derivatives to protect future significant transactions and cash flows from financial risk. Group has signed various forward exchange contracts, commodity contracts and option contracts regarding the management of fluctuations in exchange rates and fuel prices. The derivative instruments purchased are mainly denominated in foreign currencies in which the Group operates.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity remains in equity until the forecast transaction or firm commitment affects profit or loss. If the forecast transaction or firm commitment is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or losses previously recognized in equity are transferred to the profit/(loss) statement.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. As of the date of the report, the properties held for a currently undetermined future use by the Group management, have been classified as investment properties.

Subsequent to initial recognition, at the end of each year when there is an indication of impairment, in accordance with the appraisal reports obtained from licensed real estate appraisal organizations under the Capital Market Legislation, investment properties are stated at fair value which reflects the market conditions as of the statement of financial position date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the consolidated profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Deferred tax (liability)/asset has been calculated from all the temporary differences from investment properties.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investment properties (Continued)

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in consolidated profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. The difference between cost value and fair value at the date of the change is recognized as revaluation fund in consolidated statement of other comprehensive income (Note 13).

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 14). Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis (except land). Lands are not subject to depreciation due to their unlimited useful life. The depreciation periods for property, plant and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	5 - 50
Buildings	10 - 50
Machinery and equipment	2 - 30
Motor vehicles	2 - 20
Furniture and fixtures	2 - 15
Development costs of leased tangible assets	2 - 39
Other tangible assets	2 - 50
Leasehold improvements	2 - 25

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Expected useful life, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed annually for possible effects of changes in estimates and are recognized prospectively if there is a change in estimates.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized in the consolidated statement of financial position upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized as income or expenses from investing activities in consolidated profit or loss.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset less the costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset plus the residual value of the related assets as of the consolidated statement of financial position date.

Repair and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they are incurred. Capital expenditures that increase the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from property, plant and equipment by increasing its capacity is added to the cost of tangible fixed asset.

Gain and losses regarding sale of property, plant and equipment are accounted as other income and expenses from investing activities.

Intangible assets and related amortization

Intangible assets excluding goodwill and assets with infinite useful lives comprise of terrestrial broadcasting permissions and licenses (frequency rights), other identified rights and computer software.

Prepaid dealer agreement amounts have been recognized under intangible assets within the context of dealer agreements made with certain fuel oil and LPG dealers to guarantee product sales by Aytemiz Akaryakıt and the duration of these dealer agreements is 5 years.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Intangible assets and related amortization (Continued)

Intangible assets with estimated useful life are accounted for at acquisition costs and amortized on a straight-line method (Note 15).

Estimated useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Electricity production licences	45 - 47
Trade names	15 - 25
Computer software and rights	3 - 15
Dealer agreements	5
Customer relations	15
Other intangible rights	5 - 49

Intangible assets with estimated useful lives are tested to determine whether there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired and if the carrying value of the intangible asset is higher than the recoverable amount, the carrying value of the intangible asset is written down to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The amount recoverable from an intangible asset is either the discounted net cash flows generated from the use of that intangible asset or the net sales value of that intangible asset depending whether the former or the latter being higher. Provision for impairment is recognised under the statement of profit or loss in the related period.

Marina utilization right which is held by the Group's subsidiary Milta Turizm and classified in other intangible rights, is being amortized for a period of 49 years regarding the transfer agreement on 13 November 1997 with the Privatization Administration (Note 15)

Development costs

Development costs for the design and testing of detectable and unique products controlled by the Group are recognized as intangible assets when the following conditions are met:

- It is technically possible to complete the product to be ready for use,
- Management intends to complete and use or sell the product,
- Possibility to use and sell the product,
- Certainty on how the product is likely to provide future economic benefits,
- Availability of sufficient technical, financial and other resources to complete the development phase and to use or sell the product and
- Reliable measurement of expenses related to the product during the development process.

Capitalized development costs are recognized as intangible assets and are amortized beginning from the date the asset is ready for use.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Broadcasting programme rights

Television programme rights are initially recognised at acquisition cost of the license when the Group controls, in substance, the respective assets and the risks and rewards attached to them. Television programme rights are evaluated to determine if expected revenue is sufficient to cover the unconsumed portion of the program. To the extent that expected revenue is insufficient, the programme rights are written down to their net realizable value. (Note 15).

Impairment of assets excluding goodwill and intangible assets with infinite useful lives

At each statement of financial position date, the Group evaluates whether there are any indications that an asset other than goodwill or infinite life intangible assets may be impaired. When an indication of impairment exists, carrying value of the assets is compared with the net realizable value which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Impairment exists if the carrying value of an asset or a cash generating unit including that asset is greater than its recoverable amount which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (Note 15).

Taxation

Taxation on income includes current period income taxes and deferred taxes. Current year tax liability consists of tax liability on period income calculated according to currently enacted tax rates and tax legislation in force as of statement of financial position date and includes adjustments related to the previous year's tax liabilities. Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company to file a consolidated tax return for its subsidiary and its joint venture. Therefore, tax provisions, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the statutory tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities (Note 32).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they are related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority (Note 32).

Current and deferred tax

Tax is included in the statement of profit or loss, unless it is related to an operation that is accounted directly under equity. Otherwise, tax is accounted under equity as well as the related transaction (Note 32).

Repurchased shares

The Group's redeemed shares (repurchased own shares) are not considered as a separate financial asset as a financial instrument based on the Group's equity, regardless of any reason. In the case of repurchase of financial instruments based on equity, the Company recognizes such instruments by deducting them from equity, in accordance with the related legal regulations, legal reserves are allocated over the acquisition cost equal to the share amount received and the legal reserves are accounted under "restricted reserves" account under shareholders' equity (Note 24).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognized initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in the profit or loss as finance expense over the period of the borrowings (Note 8). The borrowing costs which are directly related with the acquisition, manufacturing or production of a specialty good (means that a long period of time is required to make available for sale and use as purposed) are capitalized as a part of the related asset.

Employment termination benefits

The provision for employment termination benefit represents the present value of the estimated total reserves of the future probable liability of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees measured in accordance with the Turkish Labour and Press Labour Laws (Note 23).

According to the amendment in TAS 19, the Group calculated employment benefit in accordance with the report prepared by the actuarial firm and recognised all actuarial loss and gains in the other comprehensive statement of profit or loss as of the statement of financial position date.

Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation or a result of past events, it is probable that on outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources comprising economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously treated as a contingent liability, a provision is recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change in probability occurs except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognised by the Group in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities (Continued)

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in financial tables and are treated as contingent assets or liabilities. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably (Note 18).

Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividend income is recognized as income by the Group when right to obtain of dividend is generated in the consolidated financial statements. Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the General Assembly (Note 24).

Revenue recognition

When the Group meets its performance obligation by transferring a product or service that is committed before, the revenue is recognised in consolidated financial statements. When the client takes over the control of an asset, the asset is deemed transferred.

The Company transfers the revenue to the financial statements based on the following five principles:

- Determining client agreements,
- Determining performance obligations in agreements,
- Determining transaction price in agreements,
- Distributing transaction price to performance obligations in agreements,
- Recognising the revenue as each performance obligation is met.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

If all the below-mentioned conditions are met, Group recognises an agreement made with the client as revenue:

- Parties to the agreement approved the agreement (in writing, orally or in other means in line with commercial practices) and committed to meet their respective obligations,
- Group can define the rights of each party concerning the goods or services to be transferred,
- Group can define payment conditions concerning the goods or services to be transferred,
- The agreement is commercial in essence.
- It is possible that the Group will collect money in return for goods and services to be transferred to the client.

When determining whether the money can be collected, Group only considers its client's ability and intention to pay the money in time.

At the beginning of the agreement, Group evaluates the goods or services committed to the client in the agreement and defines each commitment to transfer goods or services as performance obligation.

At the beginning of the agreement, Group evaluates the goods or services committed to the client in the agreement and defines each commitment to transfer goods or services as performance obligation as follows:

- a) Different goods or service (goods or service packages) or
- b) A group of different goods or services which are similar in a great extent and transferred to the client with the same method.

A group of different goods or services are subject to the same transfer method if the below conditions are met:

- a) Each different product or service that the Group committed to transfer to the client must meet required conditions and constitute a performance obligation to be met in time and
- b) As per the relevant paragraph of the standard, using the same method to measure the progress of the Group in meeting its obligation to transfer each product or service included in the group to the client.

Group sells different products and services as a package and also can sell them separately. Each product and service which are determined through agreement and Group transferred to its clients in a package are described as different goods and services. Additionally, because clients can benefit from these services separately, these services can be described independently from other commitments in the agreement. Based on this, each service in a package is recognised as a separate performance.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

If a third party is involved in the process where goods or services are provided to client, when the Group determines its performance liability it assess whether its commitment is about providing (primary) the good or service by itself or mediating (agent) the sale of the goods or services provided by other parties. According to this, if the Group checks the goods or services before delivering them to client, the Group is in the primary position related to sale of good or services. When (or as long as) the Group meets it performance liability, it recognises the revenue equal to gross amount of price, which it expects to earn in return for transferred goods or services, in the consolidated financial statements. If the Group mediates the process where other parties provide the goods and services, it is in the agent position and cannot include the revenue for the performance liability in the consolidated financial statements.

Group takes into account agreement provisions and commercial customs in order to determine transaction price. Transaction price is the price, which the Group expects to deserve in return for goods and services Group committed to provide to client, excluding amounts (e.g. some sales taxes) collected on behalf of third parties. A committed price in an agreement with a client can include both the fixed amounts and variable amounts. There are variable amounts because the agreements Group made with clients have scores from turnover-based discounts, returns and customer loyalty programs. If the price the Group commits in the agreement is variable, the Group determines the price it deserves in return for goods and services committed to client through estimation. For the Group to include some or all of cancellation in cumulative revenue in the financial statements when the uncertainty about variable price is eliminated. When assessing whether or not there will be an important cancellation in cumulative revenue in the financial statements when the uncertainty about variable price is eliminated, the Group must take into account both realisation possibility and impact of revenue cancellation.

In assessing whether it is highly probable that there will be no significant cancellation in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized in the consolidated financial statements when the uncertainty regarding the variable price disappears later, the Group considers both the likelihood and the magnitude of the revenue reversal.

If a company offers its client in an agreement a choice to receive additional good or services, this choice leads to a performance liability if the choice gives the client a tangible right that client cannot use as long as the client does not sign the agreement as a party. If the choice gives client a tangible right, the client makes prepayment to the company for the goods and service it will receive in the future. The company includes this revenue in the financial statements when these future goods and services are transferred or this choice expires.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

If independent sale price related to client's choice to receive additional good or service cannot be observed, the company determines this through estimation. If client chooses to receive good or service, this estimation reflects the discount the client will get based on the followings:

- (a) Discount if the client does not choose to receive good or service,
- (b) Possibility of using the choice.

After receiving pre-payment from client, the company includes an agreement liability equal to pre-payment in return for performance liability related to transferring goods or services in the future or making them ready to be transferred. When the company completes transfer of goods or services and therefore meets its performance liability, it removes this agreement liability from financial statements (and the revenue is included in the financial statements).

Because the awards related to "Vendor Loyalty Project", which the Group applies for sales transactions with vendors and end-sellers, and card loyalty programs (Aytemiz card etc.) the Group provides to its clients give clients a tangible right that client cannot use as long as it does not sign the agreement as a party, the amounts the relevant client earns are recognised as agreement liability in the consolidated financial statements. When these awards from "Vendor Loyalty Project" are used, they are recognised by deducting from gross revenue in the financial statement by deducting from agreement liability.

When the Group expects to collect a price and accepts to pay some or all of this price back to client, it includes the return liability in the financial statements. Return liability is measured based on the collected (or receivable) price (in other words, amounts which are not included in the transaction price) the company does not expect to deserve. Return liability (change in the transaction price and agreement liability) is updated at the end of every reporting period by considering the changes in the conditions.

The Group includes the following things in the financial statement in order to recognise the transfer transaction of products which can be returned (along with some delivered services, on condition with being subject to return):

- (a) Revenue in return for products transferred at the value which the company expects to deserve (therefore the revenue related to product that are expected to be returned is not included in the financial statements),
- (b) A return liability and
- (c) An asset in return for a right to get the products back from client after the company meets its return liability (based on this, an adjustment in sales cost).

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

An asset, recorded in financial statements in scope of the right to take the products back from the client to carry out refund liability, should be evaluated considering the resulting amount after the costs (including the potential decrease of value of the returned product from the perspective of the business) to be made in scope of taking back these products at previous book value (if available). The group updates its refund liability measure in a manner that it reflects the changes in the expected refund amounts and reflects the necessary adjustments in consolidated financial statements as revenue (or discounts from revenue).

A good or service's contractually specified price is its independent sale price. If there is more than one good or service to transfer in the contract, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance liability (or different good or service) in an amount that shows the amount which the client expects to have a right to in return for transfer of the goods or services committed to the client. To reach its distribution target, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance liability specified in the contract at a proportional independent sale price. To allocate the transaction price to each performance liability on a basis of a proportionate individual sale price, the Group determines the individual sale price of different goods or services that make up the basis of each performance liability in the contract at the beginning date of the contract and allocates transaction price in proportion to these individual sale prices.

When a party carries out the contract, the Group reflects the contract as a contract asset or contractual liability in the statement of financial position, depending on the relationship between the business performance and client payment. The Group records its unconditional rights related to the price as a receivable.

If the sum of sale prices of the individual goods and services committed in the contract exceeds the amount committed for them in the contract, it means that the client received a discount in return for purchasing goods or a service package. Except for the cases where there are observable indications that the discount is related to one or a few of the performance liabilities regulated in the contract and not all of them, the Group allocates the discount directly proportional to all performance liabilities.

Fuel sale income

Fuel sale income is the amount remaining when the Group has deducted estimated client refunds, discounts and provisions from fuel sales that it has carried out through dealerships or from its own stations. The revenue gained through fuel sales is recognised at a specific point in time in case control concerning the property is transferred to the client, the income amount is reliably calculated, it is possible that economic benefits concerning the transaction flows to the business and the costs arising out of the transaction may be reliably calculated.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Industry, trade and packaging income

The Group's industrial income is made up of income that the Group gets through the activities of its subsidiaries Çelik Halat and Ditaş Doğan. This income gained through product sales is recognised when the client takes over the control of the committed asset, "at a specific point in time". Trade incomes of the Group are defined as merchandise sales and brokerage and commission income. The Group records the merchandise sales income at a specific time, when it transfers the control of the merchandise to the other party. Foreign trade incomes of the Group are recognized over time, at the time the service is completed. The Group's packaging income is made up of income through the sale of food and cosmetic packages of Sesa Ambalaj. This income gained through product sales is recognised when the client takes over the control of the committed asset, "at a specific point in time".

Vehicle sales income

The control after paying special consumption tax and issuing a registration for the sold vehicles is accepted to have been transferred to the client. It is recognised as income "at a specified moment in time" through reliable calculation of income amount.

Before the group transfers a good or a service to the client, if the said client pays the price or the business has an unconditional receivable on the price, it reflects the contract as a contractual liability on the date the payment is made or when the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liability is the liability of the business to transfer goods or services to the client in return for the amount it has collected (or earned the right to collect). In cases where the customer does not pay the cost or the performance obligation is met by transferring the goods or services to the customer before the due date, the Group presents the contract as a contract asset except the amounts presented as receivable.

Electricity sale revenues

The group earns electric sales income through generating electricity from hydroelectric plants, solar electricity plants and wind energy plants and selling it. Since electricity is a service provided as a series that the client gets and consumes simultaneously, it is recognised as one performance, over time and through output method.

Factoring income

Interest and commissions arising from factoring transactions are reflected to the statement of profit or loss on an accrual basis depending on the duration of the factoring contracts.

Financial income

Interest income and expenses are recognized on an accrual basis. Interest income is deducted from the records as soon as the management decides that the loans and advances given to customers cannot be repaid, and the accruals recorded until that date are cancelled and not recorded as revenue until the collection is made.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenues from book and magazine sales

It represents the proceeds from the book and magazine sales of Doğan Egmont, a subsidiary of the Group. The revenues generated within this scope are accounted "at a certain moment of time" on the date of the shipping of the books and magazines.

Real estate income

The revenue gained from Milpa's (a subsidiary of the group) residence construction projects is realized "at a specific point in time" after the Group carries out all duties specified in the contract fully and the buyer confirms the delivery report and control arising from owning legally an asset are transferred to the buyer of the property.

In addition to this the related income consists of Group's subsidiary Milta's Marina income. Marina income is consisted of accommodation of sea vehicles and store rent incomes. The said rent income is recorded during the rent contracts over time and based on the output method.

Rent income

The rent income gained from real estates is recognised throughout the relevant rent agreement, over time and with output method.

Administration consultancy income

The related income is made up of consultancy. Throughout the related consultancy projects, the accounting is performed according to the "over time" and "output" method.

Advertisement revenue

The Group's advertisement income is made up of income gained from the advertisements that were published on written, visual and digital media. If the client simultaneously gets the benefits of performance as the advertisement is published and consumes it, that means the Group has transferred the service's control over time. Therefore, as performance liability is carried out (as the advertisement is published), revenue is recognised over time and depending on the output method. The unpublished portion of the ads are recognised in the financial statement as contractual liability.

Revenues from circulation and magazine sales

Circulation revenues consist of revenues from mass sales. Revenues generated within the scope of this service are accounted "at a certain moment of time" on the date of the shipping of the magazines.

Subscription and membership income

Subscription and membership income includes revenues from real estate site, digital platform and internet subscriptions. The Group monitors the membership of real estate sites individually and institutionally

The Group may sell subscriptions and memberships by combining sold products and services in packages. (Example: Publishing a listing through a real estate site, highlighting service and mobile phone may be sold as a package.) Each product and service included in the package is recognised as a separate performance. For each performance, independent sale price is determined considering observable prices. When the control of the performance is passed over to the client, it is recorded as income. The clients can benefit from publishing listings and highlighting service simultaneously, so it is recognised "over time" and through "output" method. When the physical ownership of packaged products is transferred to the client, the income is recognised.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases

If a contract regulates the right to control the use of an asset that is defined in the contract for a certain period and for a specific price, this contract is considered as a lease in its nature or includes a lease transaction. At the beginning of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is a lease or include a lease transaction. The Group considers the following conditions when assessing whether or not a contract transfers the right to control the use of a defined asset for a specified period of time:

- a) The existence of a clearly or implicitly identifiable asset that constitutes the subject of the lease,
- b) The lessee has the right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the defined asset that constitutes the subject of the lease,
- c) The lessee has the right to manage the use of the defined asset that constitutes the subject of the lease. According to circumstances listed below, the tenant is deemed to have the right to manage the defined asset constituting the subject of the lease;
 - i. The lessee has the right to operate the property for the duration of its use (or to direct others to operate the property in its own way) and the lessor does not have the right to change these operating instructions or
 - ii. Designing the asset (or certain features of the asset) in advance in a manner of how and for what purpose the asset will be used during its occupancy by the lessee.

In case that the contract fulfills these conditions, the Group reflects a right of use asset and a lease liability to the consolidated financial statements at the date of the lease's actual start.

The right of use assets

The right-of-use asset is initially recognized by the cost method and includes the followings:

- a) The first measurement amount of the lease liability to be recognized as the right of use asset,
- b) Deduction of all leasing incentives related to the lease, from the first measurement amount of the lease liability recorded as a right of use asset,
- c) All direct costs, that are related to the lease, incurred by the Group to be added to the first measurement amount of the lease liability, which will be recognized as a right of use asset, and
- d) Estimated costs to be incurred by the Group shall be added to the initial measurement amount in relation to the dismantling and transporting of the defined asset constituting the subject of the lease, the restoration of the area in which it is placed, or the restoration of the defined asset as required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The right of use assets (Continued)

In applying the cost method, the Group measures the right of use asset by:

- a) Deducting the accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and
- b) Measuring the cost of the lease in accordance with the re-measurement of the lease liability.

The Group applies depreciation provisions in "TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment" while depreciating the right of use asset. In order to determine whether the right of use asset has been impaired or not and to recognize any impairment losses the "TAS 36 Impairment of Assets" standard is implemented.

Lease liability

At the effective date of the lease, the Company measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not realized at that date. If the interest rate on the lease can be easily determined, this rate is used in discount; if the implied interest rate cannot be easily determined, the payments are discounted by using the alternative borrowing interest rate of the lessee.

Lease payments that are included in the measurement of the lease liability of the Group and the payments that have not occurred on the date when the lease is actually started consist of the following:

- a) Amount deducted from all types of rental incentive receivables from fixed payments.
- b) Lease payments based on an index or a rate, lease payments made using an index or a rate at the time the initial measurement was actually started.
- c) The penalty for termination of the lease in cases the lessee shows a sign of it will use an option to terminate the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures its lease liability as follows:

- a) Increasing the book value by reflecting interest on lease liability,
- b) Reducing the book value by reflecting the lease payments made,
- c) Re-measures the book value to reflect any re-evaluations and reconfigurations, if any. The Group reflects the remeasured amount of the lease obligation to the consolidated financial statements as adjustment in the use of right.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Extension and early termination options

A lease obligation is determined by considering the extension of the contracts and early termination options. Most of the extension and early termination options included in the contracts consist of options that are jointly applicable by the Company and the lessor. However, if such extension and early termination options are at the Company's discretion in accordance with the contract and the use of the options is reasonably certain, the lease term shall be determined by taking this issue into account. If there is a significant change in the conditions, the evaluation is reviewed by the Company.

Facilitative applications

Contracts related to IT equipment leases (mainly printer, laptop, mobile phone, etc.), which are determined by the Company as low value, short-term lease agreements with a period of 12 months and less, have been assessed under the exemption granted by the TFRS 16 Leases Standard, and payments for these contracts are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Business combinations

The acquisition of businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquire and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquire. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised as cost as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- Deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with TAS 12 *Income Taxes* and TAS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- Liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquire or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquire are measured in accordance with TFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date;
- Assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after revaluation, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another TAS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill.

Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with if it is found to be within the standart of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the mentioned conditional price is measured at its fair value and the gain or loss arising out of the change is recognised under profits, losses or other comprehensive income. Those not covered under the scope of TFRS 9, is recognized in profit or loss as per TAS 37 Provisions or other suitable "TAS"

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Business combinations (Continued)

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date (Note 3).

Legal mergers between entities controlled by the Group are not considered within the scope of TFRS 3 "Business Combinations". Therefore, goodwill is not calculated in such mergers. Besides, transactions occurring between the parties in legal mergers are subject to amendments during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. In the accounting of share transfers under common control, assets and liabilities subject to business combination are included in the consolidated financial statements with their carrying values. Mergers between entities under common control are recognized by "Pooling of Interests" method. In applying the "Pooling of Interests" method, the consolidated financial statements are adjusted as if the acquisition was performed as of the beginning at the relevant reporting period in which the common control is carried out and they are presented comparatively as of the beginning of the relevant reporting period. As a result of these transactions, no goodwill or negotiable purchase effect is calculated (Note 3). Business combinations subject under common control are not within the scope of TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and the Group does not recognize any goodwill with respect to such transactions. If the carrying amount of the acquired net assets on the date of the merger exceeds the transferred value, the difference is considered as the additional capital contributions of the shareholders and reflected to the Share Premiums. On the contrary, namely as a difference that occurs when the net value of the transferred assets exceeds the carrying amount of the net assets of the Company, on the date of the merger, the difference is reflected in the section "Effects of Mergers of Entities Under Common Control".

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit, where the goodwill is allocated, is tested for impairment annually. If there is any indication that the unit is impaired, the impairment test is performed more frequently.

If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

Gains or losses resulting from the sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of Doğan Holding (transactions that do not result in a change in control) are recognised under equity. TAS 27 (Revised) requires ownership decreases or increases which do not result in a change in control to be recorded under equity for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009. For accounting periods beginning prior to 1 July 2009, the difference resulted in favor of acquisition value in connection with sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of the Group which does not result in a change in control was recognised as goodwill.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the statement of profit or loss, under finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit or loss on a net basis under other income or other expenses.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are recognised under other comprehensive income.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Foreign currency transactions (Continued)

Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date
 of that balance sheet,
- Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates unless
 this average is not reasonable approximate of the cumulative effect of the prevailing on the
 transaction dates in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the
 transactions and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Assets Held for Sale

Fixed assets (or groups of assets to be disposed of) are classified as held for sale because their book values can be regained through sale rather than ongoing use, and when it's accepted that the possibility for sale is high. Deferred tax assets, assets gained as a result of employee benefits, financial assets, investment properties moved at their fair value and those rights other than the rights arising out of the contracts on insurance policies have been specifically excluded. Assets such as these held for sale are measured with whatever is lower, the book value or the sales-cost-deducted fair value.

If the value of an impairment of an asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) is lowered to its sales-cost-deducted fair value at the beginning or later, the impairment loss is recognised. If it does not exceed the accumulated impairment losses recognised beforehand, any increase to the sales-cost-deducted value of an asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) is recognised as income. Income or loss of an asset (or group of assets to be disposed of) that was not recognised before the day it was sold is recognised as of the day when the said asset is left out of the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets Held for Sale (Continued)

Fixed assets classified as held for sale (a fixed asset which is part of an asset group to be disposed of) cannot be depreciated or amortised. Interest or other expenses of debts related to the asset group classified as held for sale or to be disposed of continue to be recognised.

A fixed asset recognised as held for sale, and assets in a group of assets to be disposed of classified as held for sale, are shown separately from other assets in the statement of financial position. Debts related to an asset group classified as held for sale are shown separately from other debts in the statement of financial position

Segment Reporting

Industrial segment which is an asset and operation group producing goods and services is exposed to different risks and rewards from other industrial segments. The Group operations were monitored and reported as seven main segments, "Fuel Retail", "Electricity Production", "Industry and Trade", "Automotive Sales and Marketing" "Financing and Investment", "Internet and Entertainment", "Real Estate Investment" by the management. The Group management may change the structure of segment reporting, if they reach the conclusion that new structure may affect financial statement users' decisions and/or it will be useful during the review of financial statements. As the sales and the purchases of the Group are made and the assets of the Group are located mainly in Turkey, no geographic segmental information is considered necessary (Note 5).

In segment reporting, intra-segmental operations are recognised at segment level and inter-segmental operations are recognised as eliminations at consolidation level.

Earnings/(loss) per share

Earnings/(loss) per share is determined by dividing net income/(loss) by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned.

In Turkey, companies can increase their issued capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, such bonus share issuances are regarded as issued shares for all of the periods presented in the financial statements. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share computations are made with regards to the distribution of shares occurred in the prior years (Note 33).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognized in the financial statements until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants which are financial assets, should be recognized as deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of financial position rather than recognised in the statement of profit or loss to clarify the expenditure item that is financed and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related asset.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates (Note 17).

Subsequent events

In the case that events requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the consolidated financial statements.

In the case that events not requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, those events are disclosed in the notes of consolidated financial statements (Note 38).

Statement of cash flows

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows during the period are classified under operating, investing or financing activities.

The cash flows raised from operating activities indicate cash flows due to the Group's activities.

The cash flows due to investing activities indicate the Group cash flows that are used for and obtained from investments (investments in property, plant and equipment and financial investments).

The cash flows due to financing activities indicate the cash obtained from financial arrangements and used in their repayment.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank deposits and the investments that are readily convertible into cash and highly liquid with three months or less to maturity and do not have a significant risk of value change.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

a) Value added tax carried forward

Value added tax (VAT) carried forward classified as non-current under other non-current assets, is calculated by considering VAT amounts that will arise as the result of cash flows predicted by the Group to have a duration longer than one year. In case of a 10% increase or decrease of prospective sales income used in calculations related to the current or non-current classification of VAT amounts, VAT amounts classified as non-current as of 30 June 2021 would have increased or decreased by TRY7,743 (Note 20).

b) Deferred tax assets

The Group recognises deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS published by POAASA and their statutory financial statements. The fully or partially recoverable amount of deferred tax assets are estimated under available circumstances. The future income projections, unused losses and expiration dates of other tax assets and tax planning strategies that can be used when necessary are considered during the evaluation of estimations. The Group has recognized deferred tax assets amounting to TRY55,803 (31 December 2020: TRY59,543) arising from unused tax losses amounting to TRY257,169 (31 December 2020: TRY297,715) as of 30 June 2021, considering the future profit projections (Note 32).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (Continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)

c) Provision for doubtful trade receivables

When there is an indicator that the collection of receivables will be impossible, provision is provided for the receivables. The amount of the provision is determined based on the assessment of the Group based on the aging of receivables and the payment performance of the customers. The provision for doubtful receivables is an accounting estimate determined based on the past payment performance and financial situations of the customers. Considering the ordinary course of trade cycle of the Group, provision for doubtful receivables for the trade receivables is considered for the trade receivables for which the collection period is over the ordinary course of trade cycle considering the fact that trade receivable is in the administrative and/or legal proceedings, with or without guarantee, objective evidence etc. When trade receivables are not impaired along with realised impairment losses for certain reasons, the Group recognises an expected credit loss provision equal to the expected lifetime credit loss for these trade receivables as per TFRS 9. Expected credit loss is calculated using expected credit loss rates determined based on previous credit loss experiences of the Group and prospective macroeconomic indicators. Changes in expected credit loss provisions are recognised under other income and expenses from main activities. As of 30 June 2021, doubtful provision is TRY122,615 (31 December 2020: TRY115,951) (Note 9).

d) Investment properties

Important assumptions of the Group Management regarding investment properties are disclosed in Note 13.

e) Impairment of subsidiaries

The Group decided to end up its prospective investments in Gas Plus Erbil and book a provision for already existing investments based on the "prudence" principle of accounting, considering the following facts: there is a strong expectation of the Group management that the planned productivity from Gas Plus Erbil's fields will not be sustained and the only way of producing oil from the wells is using "heavy oil" production technology which leads to a high level of production cost; accordingly, neither a commercial benefit nor another gain is expected. On the other hand, the political uncertainties at that area were also considered by the Group management. In this context, the Group has decided to terminate the related contracts and leave the sites it operates and no provision has been set as the amount of expenses to be incurred cannot be measured reliably yet. In addition to this, it is not expected that the costs incurred will have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements (Note 4).

f) Impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic on the Group's Operations

In December 2019, COVID-19 (Coronavirus) appeared in China. In the first months of 2020, COVID-19 spreads rapidly around the world. It was declared a global epidemic by the World Health Organization on 11 March 2020.

In this context, our group companies benefit from government aid such as the short-term working allowance, VAT, withholding tax and SSI postponements. This situation is continuing to exist as of the date the consolidated financial statements were approved. According to our evaluations we did not find any material impact on the consolidated financial results prepared as of 30 June 2021. In this respect;

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (Continued)
- 2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)
- f) Impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic on Group Operations (Continued)

Aytemiz Akaryakıt

In the last period of 2019, the China-based COVID-19 virus appeared and it was declared a global epidemic by World Health Organization on 12 March 2020. The first case in our country was seen in March 2020. During 2020, which was under the influence of the COVID-19 virus, the Group's total fuel sales decreased by 2% compared to the previous year. In the same period, there was a decrease of 11% in retail fuel sales compared to the previous year. The Group tried to compensate for the shrinkage in fuel sales with government incentives such as short-time working allowance and discipline in operating expenses.

With the start of vaccination in the first six months of 2021, the effect of the pandemic decreased and Group fuel sales increased by 7% compared to the previous year. Despite the closure in May, the company's profitability increased with the increase in sales volumes, the worldwide recovery and the increase in oil prices. The Group management has determined a prudent expense management policy, taking into account possible Covid effects, and has tried to dynamically manage its sales and marketing activities. It plans to take additional measures in case of need, depending on the effects of the pandemic on general activities, operational results and financial situation.

Galata Wind

The normal course of business continued in Galata Wind, a subsidiary of the Group. Measures such as remote work for personnel, social distancing in the workplace, preventative hygiene practices and online trainings for the staff were taken. Due to the fact that the Group made a significant part of its electricity sales at a fixed rate in the scope of YEKDEM in 2021, Covid-19 did not have a critical impact on the Group's operations, electricity generation or liquidity.

Celik Halat

After the COVID-19 outbreak, as a result of developments/slowing both in overall financial activity and in the sector in which Çelik Halat operates, sales processes slowed in the countries where Çelik Halat operates. Because of reduced demand due to the negative impact of the outbreak on the US economy and the increase of EUR/USD parity, sales prices of exports to the USA declined.

In the meantime, Çelik Halat took action to minimise investment expenses, operational costs and inventories, and reviewed the cash management strategy to strengthen liquidity position.

With this process, company management took the necessary actions to minimise as much as possible the potential impact of COVID-19 on Çelik Halat's operations and financial status. There were no delays in payments to suppliers or collection of receivables.

It is still unclear, both in Turkey and around the world, how long the impact of COVID-19 will last and to what extent the virus will continue to spread. It will be possible to make a more clear and accurate estimation for the medium and long-term when the severity and duration of the impact become more evident. The potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak was taken into account when preparing the interim consolidated financial statements dated 30 June 2021, and the estimations and assumptions used when preparing the financial statements were reviewed. In this context, the company tested potential impairments in the value of financial assets, inventories and property, plant and equipment in the interim financial statements dated 30 June 2021, and did not determine any impairment-related findings of any significant amount.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (Continued)
- 2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)
- f) Impact of the Covid-19 Pandemic on Group Operations (Continued)

Ditaş Doğan

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic that arised in 2020, correspondingly with the developments and slowdowns in both general economic activity and the sector in which Ditaş Doğan is involved in 2020, the automotive supply industry line of business in which Ditaş Doğan operates was affected negatively by the Covid-19 process. However, with the resumption of production in the automotive sector in 2021 and the increase in demand, positive effects were seen in the sector in which Ditaş Doğan is involved.

Minimized investment expenditures, operational expenses and stocks were re-evaluated by Ditaş Doğan after the positive movements in the market. As a result of this evaluation, since Ditaş Doğan's expectations for the upcoming period are for the continuation of positive movements, actions were taken on related issues, and the cash management strategy was reviewed in order to strengthen its liquidity position.

Necessary actions have been taken by Ditaş Doğan management to minimize as much as the potential effects of COVID-19 on Ditaş Doğan's operations and financial status. There were no delays in payments to suppliers or collection of receivables in this process.

In addition, the potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak was taken into account when preparing the interim consolidated financial statements dated 30 June 2021, and the estimations and assumptions used when preparing the financial statements were reviewed. In this context, Ditaş Doğan tested potential impairments in the value of financial assets, inventories and property, plant and equipment in the interim financial statements dated 30 June 2021 and did not determine any impairment-related findings of any significant amount.

D Gayrimenkul

The Trump Offices and Shopping Mall property, where shopping mall activities are performed on parcel No 3, on block 2524 in the Mecidiyeköy neighbourhood in the Şişli District of Istanbul, and which is owned by the group's subsidiary, D Gayrimenkul, recognized a slowdown in its financial activities due to the spread of the epidemic. When the pandemic had the most impact, various discounts on rent were implemented in good faith, and necessary measures to reduce operational costs were taken. The Company follows the COVID-19 developments closely and struggles to manage the processes as efficiently and as effectively as possible with stakeholders.

Hepsi Emlak

It was projected that the impact of the COVID-19 would not be felt in the 2021 operations of Hepsi Emlak, a real estate e-commerce platform of the Group, as in 2020 and accordingly the 2021 targets were set. In the first half of 2021, the company's sales and customer retention rates were above the budget in line with these targets. In 2021, there is a decrease in listing and demand due to the economic conjuncture, not only in the platform of Hepsi Emlak but in the whole sector. It is expected that the increase in vaccination rates and the decrease in the number of cases with the summer season will help the performance forward. It is anticipated that the possible COVID-19 impact will be minimized by the company's operational policies.

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (Continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)

g) The determination of the impairment loss for goodwill

Goodwill and its carrying value are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate there may be impairment. Accordingly, the basic assumptions used as of 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Sesa Ambalaj

The determination of the impairment loss for goodwill of TRY51,202 arising from of the Group's business combination of Sesa Ambalaj is based on long-term plans prepared by the Group management.

The following basic assumptions were utilised in the scope of this valuation method:

TRY weighted capital cost rate: 14.60%Risk-free investment income rate: 5.34%

- Risk premium: 7.00%

In the above fair value calculations resulting from sensitivity analysis, no impairment was detected in case of a 10% increase or decrease in prospective costs, sales volume or weighted capital cost rates used to calculate discounted cash flows, assuming all other variables are constant.

Galata Wind

Fair value calculations include cash flow projections during the life of the fixed asset, and projections in USD are based on the long-term plans prepared by the Group.

The following basic assumptions were utilised in the scope of this valuation method:

- USD weighted capital cost rate: 7.17%
- Risk-free investment income rate: 6.00%
- Risk premium: 5.50%

In the above fair value calculations resulting from sensitivity analysis, no impairment was detected in case of a 10% increase or decrease in prospective electricity prices, costs, sales volume or weighted capital cost rates used to calculate discounted cash flows, assuming all other variables are constant.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Business combinations as of 30 June 2021:

Acquisition of Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş.

The registered shares that were owned by Egmont Int. Holding A/S with the nominal value of TRY1 representing 8,775,000 total shares of Doğan Egmont which was jointly controlled by the Group and Egmont Int. Holding A/S, that has an issued capital of TRY17,550,000 (exact), fully paid and participated in 50% by the Group, was taken over on 26 April 2021. Therefore, Doğan Egmont is controlled by the Group as the sole shareholder. The Group paid in cash TRY11,000,000 as a purchase amount for the registered 50% of the shares represented by Egmont Holding A/S.

In the consolidated statement of income, Doğan Egmont's share in sales income from 30 April 2021 which is the closest financial statement date of acquisition until 30 June 2021 was TRY16,903. If Doğan Egmont was included in the consolidation beginning from 1 January 2021, the consolidated statement of income of the 1 January - 30 June 2021 accounting period would include additional sales income of TRY46,859. The afore-mentioned amounts have been calculated by taking into consideration the financial statements prepared in accordance with the TFRS.

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NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Acquisition of Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. (Continued)

	Book Value	Fair Value
Current Assets	94,936	94,936
Cash and cash equivalents	6,750	6,750
Trade receivables	40,020	40,020
Inventories	15,660	15,660
Prepaid expenses	18,451	18,451
Other current assets	14,055	14,055
Non-current assets	6,967	10,633
Rights of use assets	2,110	2,110
Property, plant and equipment	1,401	1,401
Intangible assets	760	5,343
Deferred tax asset	2,696	1,779
Total Assets	101,903	105,569
Short-term liabilities	55,814	55,814
Short-term borrowings	8.000	8.000
	8,000 1,555	1,555
Lease borrowings		
Trade payables	11,328	11,328
Other payables	7	7
Short-term provisions	30,466	30,466
Other short term liabilities	4,458	4,458
Long-term liabilities	3,578	3,578
T 1 '	611	611
Lease borrowings	611	611
Long-term provisions	2,967	2,967
Total Liabilities	59,392	59,392
Total Net Assets	42,511	46,177
Total cash paid	_	11,000
Disposals of investments accounted for by the equity method (Note 4)	-	11,000
Total transaction amount	-	22,000
Total net assets acquired	_	(46,177)
Total not assets acquired		(10,177)
Earnings obtained as a result of the negotiated purchase as of the day of share purchase (Note 29)	_	24,177
. ,		,
The reconciliation of cash flow as of the day of share purchase is presented be	elow:	
Total cash paid	_	11,000
Cash and cash equivalents received	- -	(6,750)
•		
Net cash outflow/(inflow)	-	4,250

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Business combinations as of 31 December 2020:

Acquisition of Sesa Ambalaj ve Plastik Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş.

The Group decided to acquire and take over whole of the shares (100%) representing the fully paid-in TRY850,000 (exact) capital of Sesa Ambalaj ve Plastik Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. ("Sesa Ambalaj") via Sesa Üretim Yatırımları ve Yönetim Hizmetleri A.Ş. 's ("Sesa Yatırım") as a subsidiary to be established exclusively for this purpose and participated in its capital by 70% on 14 September 2020 and the amount was paid in part by equity and bank loan. The purchase price is TRY768,736,408 (exact), and TRY412,937,984 (exact) of this amount was paid by bank loan and the remaining TRY355,798,424 (exact) was paid by equity. In addition, due to the fact that profit before annual interest, depreciation and tax ("EBITDA") in the accounting period ending on 31 December 2020 exceeds EUR11,000, an extra remuneration of EUR2,500 based on performance will be paid. The above-mentioned amount is recognised under "Other payables due to non-related parties" as of 31 December 2020. The payment of the relevant amount was made in the first half of 2021.

In the consolidated statement of income, Sesa Ambalaj's share of sales income obtained between the date of acquisition and 31 December 2020 was TRY197,675. In the same period, its contribution to net period profit after the consolidated non-controlling shares corresponds to TRY13,881. If Sesa Ambalaj was included in the consolidation beginning from 1 January 2020, the consolidated statement of income of the 1 January-31 December 2020 accounting period would include additional sales income of TRY307,274 and a TRY66,266 increase in net period profit after non-controlling shares. The aforementioned amounts have been calculated by taking into consideration the financial statements prepared in accordance with the Tax Procedural Law.

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NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Acquisition of Sesa Ambalaj ve Plastik Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. (Continued)

	Book Value	Fair Value
Current Assets	246,991	264,860
Cash and cash equivalents	104,022	104,022
Financial investments	1,479	1,479
Trade receivables	90,216	90,216
Other receivables	1,148	1,148
Inventories	37,678	55,547
Other current assets	12,448	12,448
Non-current assets	66,389	616,536
Rights of use assets	602	602
Property, plant and equipment	65,206	171,129
Trade names	· -	89,056
Customer relations	-	355,168
Intangible assets	219	219
Other non-current assets	362	362
Total Assets	313,380	881,396
Short-term liabilities	42,823	42,823
Short-term borrowings	51	51
Short-term portion of long- term borrowings	6,334	6,334
Lease borrowings	606	606
Trade payables	19,127	19,127
Other payables	598	598
Payables related to employee benefits	2,967	2,967
Deferred income	2,640	2,640
Current income tax liability	7,840	7,840
Short-term provisions	2,430	2,430
Other short term liabilities	230	230
Long-term liabilities	10,030	121,038
Long-term borrowings	3,645	3,645
Long-term provisions	4,610	4,610
Deferred tax liability	1,775	112,783
Total Liabilities	52,853	163,861
Total Net Assets	260,527	717,535
Total cash paid	_	768,736
Cash and cash equivalents received	<u>-</u>	(104,022)
Net cash outflow/(inflow)	-	664,714
Goodwill as of the day of share purchase	-	51,202
Goodwill as of 31 December 2020	_	51,202
Total net assets acquired	_	717,535
Group's effective ownership	- -	70%
Non-Controlling Interests	_	215,261
TOM COMMONING MICHORD	-	213,201

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

Joint ventures of Doğan Holding are presented below. Joint venture's nature of businesses, segments, registered countries and entrepreneurial partners are summarized as following:

Joint venture	Country	Nature of business	Entrepreneurial partner
Aslancık Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.			AG Anadolu Grubu Holding A.Ş.
("Aslancık Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Doğuş Holding A.Ş.
Boyabat Elektrik Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş.			Unit Investment N.V.
("Boyabat Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Doğuş Holding A.Ş.
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve			
Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	Turkey	Magazine publishing	Burda GmbH
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd. ("Gas Plus Erbil")	Jersey	Energy	Newage Alzarooni Limited
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yatırımları Yönetim			
İnşaat ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Kandilli Gayrimenkul")	Turkey	Real estate management	Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım A.Ş.
Ultra Kablolu Televizyon ve Telekomünikasyon			
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ultra Kablolu")	Turkey	Telecommunication	Koç Holding A.Ş.
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve Ticaret A.Ş.	•		, , ,
("DPP")	Turkey	Planning	Burda GmbH
Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DMC")	Turkey	Music and entertainment	Believe International
NetD Müzik Video Dijital Platform ve Ticaret A.Ş.	•		
("NetD Müzik")	Turkey	Internet services	Believe International

The table below sets out the Joint Ventures, Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries and Doğan family voting power and effective ownership interests at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020:

	voting by Doğar	portion of power held n Holding and sidiaries (%)	Proportio voting powe by Doğan fa members	r held amily	Total proport voting power held		Proportio effective own interest (nership
Joint Ventures	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 31 1 2021	December 2020	30 June 31 2021	December 2020	30 June 31 1 2021	December 2020
Joint Ventures	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Aslancık Elektrik	33.33	33.33	-	_	33.33	33.33	33.33	33.33
Boyabat Elektrik	33.00	33.00	-	-	33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00
Doğan Burda	40.13	40.13	-	-	40.13	40.13	40.13	40.13
Doğan Egmont (1)	100.00	50.00	-	-	100.00	50.00	100.00	50.00
Gas Plus Erbil (2)	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Ultra Kablolu	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
DPP	56.00	56.00	-	-	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00
DMC	40.00	40.00	-	-	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
NetD Müzik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	40.00	40.00

- It was decided that 50% of the capital and voting power of respective subsidiary to be acquired and controlled by the Group as of 16 February 2021. "Closing" transactions were completed as of 26 April 2021 and Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. became the sole shareholder of Doğan Egmont under the trade name of Doğan Yayınları Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.S.
- The Group decided to end up its prospective investments in Gas Plus Erbil and book a provision for already existing investments based on the "prudence" principle of accounting, considering the following facts: there is a strong expectation of the Group management that the planned productivity from Gas Plus Erbil's fields will not be sustained and the only way of producing oil from the wells is using "heavy oil" production technology which leads to a high level of production cost; accordingly, neither a commercial benefit nor another gain is expected. On the other hand, the political uncertainties at that area were also considered by the Group management. In this context, the Group has decided to terminate the related contracts and leave the sites it operates and no provision has been set as the amount of expenses to be incurred cannot be measured reliably yet.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Profit and loss arising from the transactions between the Group's subsidiaries and its joint ventures are eliminated in accordance with the Group's share in its related subsidiary or its joint venture. The summary of the Group's share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for by the equity method as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

30 June 2021	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net assets	Group's share on net assets/ liabilities	Net sales	Profit/(loss) for the period	Group's share on net profit/ (loss)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Doğan Burda Ultra Kablolu	216,440 58,132 6,679	18,373 36,164 24	198,067 21,968 6,655	99,034 8,816 3,328	39,738	9,286 4,723 (38)	4,643 1,895 (19)
DPP DMC (1)	488 229,806	172 72,676	316 157,130	177 115,526	1,090 75,882	172 14,322	96 5,729
Total	511,545	127,409	384,136	226,881	116,710	28,465	12,344
Boyabat Elektrik Aslancık Elektrik	1,741,923 458,657	6,248,888 560,552	(4,506,965) (101,895)	(33,962)	187,034 63,406	(915,116) (62,180)	(20,725)
31 December 2020	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net assets	Group's share on net assets/ liabilities	Net sales	Profit/(loss) for the period	Group's share on net profit/ (loss)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Doğan Burda Doğan Egmont Ultra Kablolu DPP DMC ⁽¹⁾	204,615 49,081 87,592 6,721 381 196,503	15,835 31,835 43,957 25 237 47,714	188,780 17,246 43,635 6,696 144 148,789	94,390 6,921 21,818 3,348 81 112,188	61,548 38,325 1,773 73,950	9,179 (4,052) 4,289 (330) (50) 13,689	4,590 (1,626) 2,145 (165) (28) 5,475
Total	544,893	139,603	405,290	238,746	175,596	22,725	10,391
Boyabat Elektrik	1.620.800	5.212.599	(3,591,799)		213.946	(1.341.590)	

⁽¹⁾ The relevant amounts represent the consolidated amounts of DMC and NetD Müzik.

The movements of investments accounted for by the equity method for the related period are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	225,529	128,557
Share of gain (loss) on investments		
Share of gain (loss) on investments accounted for by the equity method	(8,131)	(16,043)
Capital increase	<u>-</u>	1,155
Dividend paid	(2,393)	-
Dividend paid Fair value impairment (2) Disposal of subsidiary (2)	(11,067)	-
Disposal of subsidiary (2)	(11,000)	_
Other	(19)	(31)
30 June	192,919	113,638

⁽²⁾ The fair value of Doğan Egmont shares is determined as TRY22,000 as of the date of acquisition that 50% of the capital and voting power of respective subsidiary was acquired (Note 3). Therefore, the book value of the investment that accounted for by the equity method, whose carrying value is TRY21,767 has been adjusted to TRY11,000 by reflecting the effect of change in fair value amounting to TRY11,067 and as of 30 April 2021, it became a subsidiary that the Group fully controls and includes in the consolidated financial statements within the scope of full consolidation. The details of the acquisition in accordance with TFRS 3 has been explained in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed financial information after consolidation adjustments of Joint Ventures is as follows:

Condensed statement of financial position information:

	Boyabat	Aslancık	Kandilli	Doğan	Ultra			
30 June 2021	Elektrik	Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Burda	Kablolu	DPP	DMC	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	150,144	3,397	133	20,991	50	54	24,790	199,559
•	*	<i>'</i>		*			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other current assets	25,423	6,334	72	26,441	6,629	427	88,375	153,701
Other non-current assets	1,566,356	448,926	216,235	10,700	-	7	116,641	2,358,865
Total assets	1,741,923	458,657	216,440	58,132	6,679	488	229,806	2,712,125
		<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>	·			
Short-term borrowings	411,171	25,803	-	2,900	-	-	232	440,106
Other short-term liabilities	38,986	27,198	236	22,360	6	172	71,152	160,110
Long-term borrowings	5,518,044	507,112	-	2,306	-	-	229	6,027,691
Other long-term liabilities	280,687	439	18,137	8,598	18	-	1,063	308,942
Total liabilities	6,248,888	560,552	18,373	36,164	24	172	72,676	6,936,849
Net assets:	(4,506,965)	(101,895)	198,067	21,968	6,655	316	157.130	(4,224,724)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.56	0.40	., ,,,,
Group's net asset share	-	(33,962)	99,034	8,816	3,328	177	115,526	192,919

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed statement of financial position information (Continued):

	Boyabat	Aslancık	Kandilli	Doğan	Ultra	Doğan			
31 December 2020	Elektrik	Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Burda	Kablolu	Egmont	DPP	DMC	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	303	16,867	24	18,965	89	8,213	11	13,651	58,123
Other current assets	15,412	5,868	72	22,333	6,632	72,238	363	69,999	192,917
Other non-current assets	1,605,085	449,173	204,519	7,783	-	7,141	7	112,853	2,386,561
Total assets	1,620,800	471,908	204,615	49,081	6,721	87,592	381	196,503	2,637,601
Short-term borrowings	346,055	21,713	_	1,755	_	8,000	_	116	377,639
Other short-term liabilities	29,103	51,229	19	21,851	8	35,957	237	46,655	185,059
Long-term borrowings	4,607,429	438,254	-	180	-	-	-	-	5,045,863
Other long-term liabilities	230,012	366	15,816	8,049	17	-	-	943	255,203
Total liabilities	5,212,599	511,562	15,835	31,835	25	43,957	237	47,714	5,863,764
Net assets:	(3,591,799)	(39,654)	188,780	17,246	6,696	43,635	144	148,789	(3,226,163)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.50	0.56	0.40	
Group's net asset share	-	(13,217)	94,390	6,921	3,348	21,818	81	112,188	225,529

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed statement of financial position information (Continued):

	Boyabat	Aslancık	Kandilli	Doğan	Ultra			Doğan
1 January - 30 June 2021	Elektrik	Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Burda	Kablolu	DPP	DMC	Egmont (*)
Revenue	187,034	63,406	-	39,738	-	1,090	75,882	29,956
Operating profit/(loss)	110,641	27,564	11,608	5,449	(38)	173	18,449	(51)
Net financial (expense)/income	(1,025,745)	(96,970)	-	(386)	-	(1)	(48)	(116)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(915,104)	(69,406)	11,608	5,067	(38)	172	18,401	(167)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(915,165)	(62,180)	9,286	4,723	(38)	172	14,322	500
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.56	0.40	0.50
Group's net share on profit/(loss)	-	(20,725)	4,643	1,895	(19)	96	5,729	250
	Boyabat	Aslancık	Kandilli	Doğan	Ultra			Doğan
1 April - 30 June 2021	Elektrik	Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Burda	Kablolu	DPP	DMC	Egmont (*)
Revenue	121,870	39,470	-	20,436	-	566	44,883	8,869
Operating profit/(loss)	82,042	18,191	11,611	1,988	(16)	106	11,472	1,467
Net financial (expense)/income	(401,830)	(28,993)	-	(251)	-	-	(28)	(161)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(319,788)	(10,802)	11,611	1,737	(16)	106	11,444	(204)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(319,788)	(15,248)	9,288	1,983	(16)	106	8.234	463
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.40	0.50	0.56	0.40	0.50
Group's net share on profit/(loss)	-	(5,082)	4,644	795	(8)	59	3,294	231

^(*) These amounts represent the condensed statement of total comprehensive income regarding the period until the "Closing" transaction of Doğan Egmont.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed statement of financial position information (Continued):

	Boyabat	Aslancık	Kandilli	Doğan	Ultra		Doğan
1 January – 30 June 2020	Elektrik	Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Burda	Kablolu	DPP	Egmont
Revenue	62,019	102,958	-	26,518	-	783	14.368
Operating profit/(loss)	(1,239)	30,933	5,793	(3,791)	(47)	(128)	(2,591)
Net financial (expense)/income	(727,348)	(76,883)	-	(745)	-	-	(196)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(728,587)	(45,950)	5,793	(4,534)	(250)	(128)	97
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(728,591)	(50,005)	4,638	(3,437)	(250)	(129)	97
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.45	0.50	0.56	0.50
Group's net share on profit/(loss)	-	(16,667)	2,319	(1,547)	(125)	(72)	49
	Downhot	Aslamada	Kandilli	Do žo v	Ultra		Dožon
1 April – 30 June 2020	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	Gayrimenkul	Doğan Burda	Kablolu	DPP	Doğan Egmont
Revenue	40,458	63,749	-	11,070	-	304	5,319
Operating profit/(loss)	8,812	33,721	5,802	(2,239)	(2,955)	(118)	(2,154)
Net financial (expense)/income	(332,551)	(29,532)	-	(339)	-	-	(54)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(323,739)	4,189	5,802	(2,576)	(3,158)	(118)	(1,064)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(323,738)	3,707	4,637	(1,984)	(3,158)	(119)	(1,064)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.50	0.45	0.50	0.56	0.50
Group's net share on profit/(loss)	-	1,235	2,318	(893)	(1,579)	(66)	(532)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

a) External revenue

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Fuel retail	4,265,088	2,416,210	3,258,259	1,454,046
Electricity production	179,719	91,486	142,612	67,763
Industry and trade (1)	1,174,104	604,666	501,761	227,367
Automotive trade and mark	xeting 411,166	303,685	187,940	121,627
Financing and investment	147,789	73,168	115,525	64,717
Internet and entertainment	313,144	183,126	192,533	95,902
Real estate investments	51,064	28,887	55,660	22,287
	6,542,074	3,701,228	4,454,290	2,053,709

b) Profit/(loss) before income tax

	January - June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
T 1	1.5.504	20.227	(42,000)	(10.540)
Fuel retail	16,604	38,337	(42,009)	(18,549)
Electricity production (2)	(3,320)	2,887	73,001	45,429
Industry and trade	31,816	31,048	2,071	1,716
Automotive trade and marketing	ng (1,330)	8,121	5,607	6,848
Financing and investment	686,068	247,041	601,650	220,893
Internet and entertainment	54,336	25,778	13,492	9,392
Real estate investments	21,738	12,677	39,275	16,738
	905 012	265 990	402.007	292 467
	805,912	365,889	693,087	282,467

Since the acquisition of Sesa Ambalaj, the details of which is explained in detail in Note 3, was made on 14 September 2020, the revenues regarding industry and trade segment increased.

A significant portion of loss before income tax is comprised of Group's share on net loss of Aslancık Elektrik, the joint venture of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the interim period ended as of 1 January - 30 June 2021:

	Fuel Retail	Electricity Production	Industry and Trade	Automotive Trade and Marketing	Financing and Investment	Internet and Entertainment	Real Estate Investments	Inter Segment Elimination	Total
External revenue	4,265,088	179.719	1,174,104	411,166	147,789	313,144	51,064		6,542,074
Inter segment revenue	4,265	1,666	5,111	2,980	18,524	515,144	6,522	(39,068)	0,342,074
Total revenue	4,269,353	181,385	1,179,215	414,146	166,313	313,144	57,586	(39,068)	6,542,074
Revenue	4,269,353	181,385	1,179,215	414,146	166,313	313,144	57,586	(39,068)	6,542,074
Cost of sales	(4,059,268)	(65,454)	(973,005)	(354,583)	(71,044)	(175,729)	(32,999)	8,350	(5,723,732)
Gross profit/(loss)	210,085	115,931	206,210	59,563	95,269	137,415	24,587	(30,718)	818,342
General administrative									
expenses	(21,197)	(15,138)	(40,543)	(10,225)	(79,112)	(31,529)	(9,694)	23,988	(183,450)
Marketing expenses	(132,803)	(1,541)	(63,363)	(30,178)	-	(58,586)	(2,276)	4,931	(283,816)
Share of gain/(loss) on investments accounted									
for by the equity method	-	(20,725)	-	-	-	7,951	4,643	-	(8,131)
Other income/(expenses) fro	m								
operating activities, net Income/(expenses) from	(1,596)	(750)	33,646	1,239	274,367	909	4,397	(1,781)	310,431
investment activities, net	11,266	-	1,833	2,344	438,917	(56)	1,032	1	455,337
Financial income/									
(expense), net	(49,151)	(81,097)	(105,967)	(24,073)	(43,373)	(1,768)	(951)	3,579	(302,801)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	1								
from continued operation	s 16,604	(3,320)	31,816	(1,330)	686,068	54,336	21,738	-	805,912

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

DİPNOT 5 - BÖLÜMLERE GÖRE RAPORLAMA (Devamı)

c) Segmental analysis for the interim period ended as of 1 April - 30 June 2021:

	Fuel	Electricity	Industry	Automotive Trade and	Financing and	Internet and	Real Estate	Inter Segment	
	Retail	Production	and Trade	Marketing Marketing	Investment	Entertainment	Investments	Elimination	Total
External revenue	2,416,210	91,486	604,666	303,685	73,168	183,126	28,887	_	3,701,228
Inter segment revenue	3,331	1,666	4,875	2,072	9,433	-	3,420	(24,797)	-
Total revenue	2,419,541	93,152	609,541	305,757	82,601	183,126	32,307	(24,797)	3,701,228
Revenue	2,419,541	93,152	609,541	305,757	82,601	183,126	32,307	(24,797)	3,701,228
Cost of sales	(2,301,409)	(34,453)	(489,440)	(262,701)	(38,349)	(104,469)	(19,795)	7,818	(3,242,798)
Gross profit/(loss)	118,132	58,699	120,101	43,056	44,252	78,657	12,512	(16,979)	458,430
General administrative expenses	(10,833)	(12,485)	(20,783)	(5,416)	(40,851)	(17,503)	(4,797)	12,638	(100,030)
Marketing expenses Share of gain/(loss) on investments accounted	(65,322)	(915)	(35,178)	(19,746)	-	(39,288)	(1,259)	2,573	(159,135)
for by the equity method	_	(5,082)	-	-	-	4,371	4,644	-	3,933
Other income/(expenses) from	n								
operating activities, net Income/(expenses) from	17,604	(3,788)	11,958	754	96,794	596	1,068	(1,804)	123,182
investment activities	10,438	-	1,800	703	169,093	7	983	1	183,025
Financial income/	(04 - 500)	(22.5.40)	(4.5.0.70)	(11.00)	(22.24=)	(4.0.40)	(1=1)	2	440.745
(expense), net	(31,682)	(33,542)	(46,850)	(11,230)	(22,247)	(1,062)	(474)	3,571	(143,516)
Profit/(loss) before taxation									
from continued operation	s 38,337	2,887	31,048	8,121	247,041	25,778	12,677	-	365,889

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the interim period ended as of 1 January - 30 June 2020:

	Fuel Retail	Electricity Production	Industry and Trade	Automotive Trade and Marketing	Financing and Investment	Internet and Entertainment	Real Estate Investments	Inter Segment Elimination	Total
E-4	2.259.250	1.42.612	501.761	107.040	115 525	102 522	55.660		4 454 200
External revenue	3,258,259	142,612	501,761	187,940	115,525	192,533	55,660	(27.215)	4,454,290
Inter segment revenue	2,330	44	445	1,080	18,528	-	4,888	(27,315)	
Total revenue	3,260,589	142,656	502,206	189,020	134,053	192,533	60,548	(27,315)	4,454,290
Revenue	3,260,589	142,656	502,206	189,020	134,053	192,533	60,548	(27,315)	4,454,290
Cost of sales	(3,136,751)	(41,987)	(438,399)	(159,131)	(43,922)	(98,749)	(31,076)	3,577	(3,946,438)
Gross profit/(loss)	123,838	100,669	63,807	29,889	90,131	93,784	29,472	(23,738)	507,852
General administrative expenses Marketing expenses Share of gain/(loss) on investments accounted	(17,297) (116,708)	(6,774) (1,163)	(24,789) (20,023)	(6,640) (16,517)	(53,606)	(25,390) (51,646)	(6,230) (3,919)	20,605 3,867	(120,121) (206,109)
for by the equity method	-	(16,667)	-	-	-	(1,695)	2,319	-	(16,043)
Other income/(expenses) from operating activities, net Income/(expenses) from	n 28,216	43,833	5,606	2,007	331,317	2,300	13,869	(2,805)	424,343
investment activities, net Financial income/	11,199	8,207	501	3,272	260,971	(1,117)	4,093	(754)	286,372
(expense), net	(71,257)	(55,104)	(23,031)	(6,404)	(27,163)	(2,744)	(329)	2,825	(183,207)
Profit/(loss) before taxation from continued operations		73,001	2,071	5,607	601,650	13,492	39,275	-	693,087

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the interim period ended as of 1 April - 30 June 2020:

	Fuel	Electricity	Industry	Automotive Trade and	Financing and	Internet and	Real Estate	Inter Segment	
	Retail	Production	and Trade	Marketing	Investment	Entertainment	Investments	Elimination	Total
External revenue	1,454,046	67,763	227,367	121,627	64,717	95,902	22,287	_	2,053,709
Inter segment revenue	1,501	-	106	974	8,794	-	2,425	(13,800)	-,000,709
Total revenue	1,455,547	67,763	227,473	122,601	73,511	95,902	24,712	(13,800)	2,053,709
Revenue	1,455,547	67,763	227,473	122,601	73,511	95,902	24,712	(13,800)	2,053,709
Cost of sales	(1,395,144)	(20,976)	(197,041)	(105,137)	(19,476)	(47,287)	(14,260)	2,262	(1,797,059)
Gross profit/(loss)	60,403	46,787	30,432	17,464	54,035	48,615	10,452	(11,538)	256,650
	,	,		,	,	•	,	. , ,	
General administrative	(0.400)	(2.2.50)		(2.011)		(44.00=)	(2.505)	0.700	(== 0.41)
expenses	(8,409)	(3,260)	(11,716)	(3,011)	(26,571)		(2,585)	9,588	(57,861)
Marketing expenses	(55,805)	(478)	(9,336)	(7,226)	-	(22,724)	(1,437)	1,902	(95,104)
Share of gain/(loss) on investments accounted									
for by the equity method	-	1,235	-	-	-	(3,070)	2,318	-	483
Other income/(expenses) from	1								
operating activities, net	18,708	16,627	2,648	850	122,758	313	4,239	(2,772)	163,371
Income/(expenses) from									
investment activities, net	532	1,248	569	2,880	91,270	(996)	3,850	-	99,353
Financial income/									
(expense), net	(33,978)	(16,730)	(10,881)	(4,109)	(20,599)	(849)	(99)	2,820	(84,425)
Profit/(loss) before taxation									
from continued operations)	(18,549)	45,429	1,716	6,848	220,893	9,392	16,738	-	282,467

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

d) Segment assets

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Total assets		
Fuel retail	2,302,115	2,067,873
Electricity production	1,771,146	1,839,273
Industry and trade	2,046,771	1,643,251
Automotive trade and marketing	543,674	300,743
Financing and investment	12,958,323	11,735,642
Internet and entertainment	816,647	589,600
Real estate investments	1,838,569	1,828,540
Total	22,277,245	20,004,922
Less: Segment elimination (1)	(5,845,978)	(6,311,719)
2000. Deginent eminiation	(5,615,710)	(0,011,719)
Total assets per		
consolidated financial statements	16,431,267	13,693,203
Equity	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Fuel retail (2)	(86,679)	(103,862)
Electricity production	428,402	430,620
Industry and trade	151,558	159,257
Automotive trade and marketing (2)	(31,753)	(27,190)
Financing and investment	14,607,500	12,824,898
Internet and entertainment	275,432	152,121
Real estate investments	485,584	437,481
Total	15,830,044	13,873,325
Less: Segment elimination (3)	(6,171,842)	(5,433,336)
Total shareholders' equity per		
consolidated financial statements	9,658,202	9,378,237
Non-controlling interests	1,224,886	938,248
Equity attributable to equity		
holders of the parent company	10,883,088	8,439,989

⁽¹⁾ Segment elimination amount consists of the elimination of reciprocal payables and receivables balances between the Group's operating segments.

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⁽²⁾ The paid-in capital for these companies was disregarded because of elimination of capital. Considering the paid-in capital, the equities of these operation groups represent positive amounts.

⁽³⁾ The amount of segment elimination represents the reciprocal elimination of affiliate amounts with adjusted capital amounts within total equity amount of each business segment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

e) <u>Purchase of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties and</u> depreciation and amortization charge

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
<u>Purchases</u>				
Fuel retail (1)	144,505	47,810	92,370	56,795
Electricity production (2)	64,224	1,575	63,436	61,047
Industry and trade (3)	51,190	28,412	15,847	9,070
Automotive trade and marketing (4)	95,153	44,798	25,547	8,530
Financing and investment	5,541	1,782	550	355
Internet and entertainment	27,607	17,930	36,058	19,104
Real estate investments (5)	24,815	12,177	10,021	8,142
Total	413,035	154,484	243,829	163,043
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Depreciation and amortization				
Fuel retail	85,031	44,774	82,156	42,537
Electricity production (2)	31,652	16,725	17,997	8,825
Industry and trade (3)	35,483	17,811	11,245	5,751
Automotive trade and marketing	11,051	6,105	6,871	2,767
Financing and investment	9,683	4,886	12,685	6,026
Internet and entertainment	22,265	14,345	20,405	11,669
Real estate investments	5,033	2,620	4,059	2,112
Total	200,198	107,266	155,418	79,687

There was an increase due to the right of use assets regarding building leases and dealership agreements of Aytemiz, a subsidiary of the Group.

⁽²⁾ It is due to the capitalization regarding the Taşpınar power plant investment of Galata, a subsidiary of the Group

Since the acquisition of Sesa Ambalaj, the details of which is explained in detail in Note 3, was made on 14 September 2020, the purchases regarding industry and trade segment increased.

There was an increase due to the vehicle purchases amounting to TRY 84,666 of Suzuki, a subsidiary of the Group.

There was an increase due to the ongoing investments and right of use assets in the current period arising from the land lease agreements of Milta Turizm, a subsidiary of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The details of cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Cash	2,118	2,532
Banks		
- Demand deposits	1,675,109	554,296
- Time deposits	1,903,422	2,338,267
Other liquid assets	15,006	10,852
	3,595,655	2,905,947

As of 30 June 2021 the gross effective interest rates of USD, EUR and TRY denominated time deposits of the Group are between 0.05% and 5.05% (31 December 2020: 0.05% and 3.60%). 0.03% and 3.20% (31 December 2020: 2.20% and 3.10%) and 14.00% and 18.50% (31 December 2020: 13.57% and 17.75%) and the maturity of the time deposits is shorter than 3 months.

As of 30 June 2021, other liquid assets consist of credit card slip receivables amounting to TRY15,006 (31 December 2020: TRY10,852). As of 30 June 2021, there are blocked deposits amounting to TRY619 (31 December 2020: TRY832).

Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows as of 30 June 2021, 31 December 2020, 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest (-)	3,595,655 (3,901)	2,905,947 (1,566)	3,041,883 (2,108)	3,278,832 (2,074)
Cash and cash equivalents	3,591,754	2,904,381	3,039,775	3,276,758

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

a) Short-term financial investments

The Group's financial assets classified as short-term financial investments are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (1)		
- Private sector and government bills and bonds	2,238,248	2,042,772
- Private sector stocks	3,422	21,929
Financial assets carried at fair value through		
profit or loss		
- Private sector stocks	-	2,148
- Investment funds ⁽²⁾	863,107	357,174
	3,104,777	2,424,023

^{(1) 23%} of short-term financial investments consist of government and 77% private sector debt instruments (31 December 2020: 32% government and 68% private sector).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a) Short-term financial investments (Continued)

TRY57,357 of this amount (31 December 2020: None.) represents "İstanbul Portföy Doğan Hedge Fund". "İstanbul Portföy Doğan Hedge Special Fund" subject to hedge umbrella fund was established with İstanbul Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. within the scope of the prospectus approved for the issuance of participation shares on 18 December 2020. The fund represents an unincorporated asset which is established as per the Capital Markets Law No.6362 to manage the portfolio consisting of assets and rights defined in the prospectus in accordance with the principles of fiduciary ownership, on behalf of the account owners through the cash collected in return for the participation shares of the account owners, and in which the participation shares are issued based on the umbrella fund. The relevant asset consists of assets for which fair value change is recognised in the consolidated profit or loss statement.

The movements of short-term financial investments for the related period are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	2,424,023	1,177,726
Purchase of financial assets	1,422,361	1,370,529
Change in fair value	(6,355)	(12,711)
Recognized in the statement of income	(2,147)	(243)
Recognized in the statement of other comprehensive income	(4,208)	(12,468)
Financial investment disposal	(1,047,614)	(691,953)
Interest accrual	57,517	9,259
Currency translation differences	254,845	181,127
30 June	3,104,777	2,033,977

b) Long-term financial investments

The Group's financial assets classified as long-term financial investments are as follows:

	30 June 2021		31 Decen	nber 2020
	TRY	(%)	TRY	(%)
Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (1) Lexin Nassau L.P. (2)	144.295	22.15	121.674	22.15
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss ⁽¹⁾	17.7,200	-2.110	121,071	22,110
Mediterra Capital Partners I LP	13,885	1.88	10,314	1.88
Insider SG PTE Limited	43,409	3.07	36,604	3.07
Mediterra Capital Partners II LP	20,691	2.23	13,429	2.23
Düş Yeri Bilişim Teknolojileri	,		,	
ve Animasyon A.Ş.	8,437	3.75	8,437	3.75
Collective Špark Fund BV	1,178	1.23	1,631	1.23
	231,895		192,089	

⁽¹⁾ As the following situations are not present, the Group does not carry out any significant activities on the subsidiary:

- Being represented by the board of directors or similar executive body of the invested entity,
- Participating in the entity's policy determination processes including dividends or other distribution decisions,
- Carrying out important transactions between the investor and invested entities,
- Providing know-how required for business operations or administrative officer exchange between

Nassau L.P. is included in the long-term investments of M Investment, a subsidiary of the Group. The fair value of related investment is accounted for as financial asset in the other comprehensive income statement and the fair value of the asset is TRY144,295 as of 30 June 2021. The foreign currency translation difference amounting to TRY22,621 has been accounted in the other comprehensive income statement for the interim period ended 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b) Long-term financial investments (Continued)

The movements of long-term financial investments for the related period are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	192,089	202,845
Currency translation differences Change in fair value Recognized in the statement of income Purchase of financial assets	22,621 9,717 9,717 7,468	23,975 27,888 27,888 1,292
30 June	231,895	256,000

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS

Financial Borrowings

The details of financial borrowings at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Short-term borrowings:	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term bank borrowings Financing bond ⁽¹⁾	1,973,286 120,127	1,679,820 21,570
Total	2,093,413	1,701,390

The Group's subsidiary, Doruk Faktoring, issued and sold discounted financing bonds to qualified investors, without a public offering on 12 August 2020. The nominal value of the bonds amounts to TRY30,000,000 (exact) with the maturity of 170 days. The bonds' simple annual interest rate is 12% and the annual compound interest rate is 12.39%. The bond with a nominal value of TRY30,000,000 (exact) is redeemed on 29 January 2021. Also, Doruk Faktoring issued and sold discounted financing bonds to qualified investors without public offering on 29 January 2021. The bonds are in the nominal amount of TRY80,000,000 (exact) and are with 181-day maturity. Their annual simple interest rate is 19.95% and annual compound interest rate is 20.96%. Suzuki, a subsidiary of the Group, issued and sold variable coupon financing bonds on 7 May 2021. These bonds are in the nominal amount of TRY 40,000,000 (exact) and with a maturity period of 364 days. Their annual simple interest rate is 21.03% and annual compound interest rate is 22.74%. The financing bond issued by Suzuki will be redeemed on 6 May 2022.

Short-term portions of long-term borrowings:	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term portions of long-term bank borrowings Lease borrowings from non-related parties Lease borrowings from related parties	121,232 56,394 4,237	88,508 41,463 5,855
Total	181,863	135,826
Long-term borrowings:	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Long-term borrowings: Long-term bank borrowings Lease borrowings from non-related parties Lease borrowings from related parties	30 June 2021 1,065,914 221,744 12,120	31 December 2020 896,923 149,974 14,148

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

a) Bank borrowings and financing bonds

Details of the bank borrowings and financing bonds as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

		30 June 2021		3	1 December 2020	er 2020
	Interest rate	Original		Interest rate	Original	
	per annum (%)	currency	TRY	per annum (%)	currency	TRY
Short-term bank borrowings:						
TRY denominated bank borrowings	3.60 - 22.00	1,771,725	1,771,725	3.60 - 20.50	1,628,175	1,628,175
USD denominated bank borrowings	2.75 - 4.1	19,212	167,244	5.45 - 5.45	2,005	14,718
EUR denominated bank borrowings	0.70 - 3.75	3,311	34,317	0.60 - 4.25	4,099	36,927
Subtotal			1,973,286			1,679,820
Subtotal			1,773,200			1,077,020
Short-term financing bonds:						
TRY denominated financing bonds			120,127			21,570
Subtotal			2,093,413			1,701,390
G1 44 6						
Short-term portion of						
long-term bank borrowings:	0.27 15.50	55.656	55.656	0.27 14.75	50.076	50.076
TRY denominated bank borrowings	8.37 - 15.50	55,656	55,656	8.37 - 14.75	59,276	59,276
USD denominated bank borrowings	1.23 - 1.23	298	2,591	-	2.245	20.222
EUR denominated bank borrowings	0.65 - 4.65	6,077	62,985	0.65 - 4.65	3,245	29,232
Subtotal			121,232			88,508
Total short-term bank borrowings and fina	ancing bonds		2,214,645			1,789,898
			· · · · ·			
Long term bank borrowings:						
TRY denominated bank borrowings	8.37 - 15.50	428,117	428,117	8.37 - 14.75	663,765	663,765
USD denominated bank borrowings	1.23 - 1.23	14,724	128,175	-	-	_
EUR denominated bank borrowings	0.65 - 4.65	49,170	509,622	0.65 - 4.65	25,884	233,158
Total long-term bank borrowings			1,065,914			896,923

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

b) Lease borrowings

Details of the lease borrowings as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021			31	December 202	0
	Interest rate per annum (%)	Original currency	TRY	Interest rate per annum (%)	Original currency	TRY
Short-term portion of long-term lease borrowings:						
TRY denominated lease borrowings from related parties	11.16 - 26.15	4,237	4,237	11.16 - 26.15	5,855	5,855
TRY denominated lease borrowings from non- related parties	11.16 - 26.15	54,131	54,131	11.16 - 26.15	39,518	39,518
USD denominated lease borrowings from non-related parties	3.66 - 12.41	260	2,263	12.41	265	1,945
Subtotal			60,631			47,318
Total short-term lease borrowings			60,631			47,318
Long-term lease borrowings:						
TRY denominated lease borrowings from related parties	11.16 - 26.15	12,120	12,120	11.16 - 26.15	14,148	14,148
TRY denominated lease borrowings from non- related parties	11.16 - 26.15	208,434	208,434	11.16 - 26.15	129,891	129,891
USD denominated lease borrowings from non-related parties	3.66 - 12.41	1,529	13,310	12.41	2,736	20,083
Total long-term lease borrowings			233,864			164,122

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ ("TRY")\ unless\ otherwise\ indicated.\ Currencies\ other\ than\ TRY,\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ unless\ otherwise\ indicated.)$

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

The movement table of the lease borrowings is as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Beginning of the period	211,440	232,294
Additions	107,528	28,220
Payments	(51,087)	(48,742)
Interest expense (Note 30)	23,287	15,599
Currency translation differences	582	3,677
Early termination	-	(17)
Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 3)	2,166	-
Remeasurement	579	<u>-</u>
	294,495	231,031

The reconciliation of the net financial borrowings as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

			30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Cash and cash equivalent	s (Note 6)		3,595,655	2,905,947
Short-term borrowings	5 (110te 0)		(2,214,645)	(1,789,898)
Long-term borrowings			(1,065,914)	(896,923)
Short term lease borrowing	ngs		(60,631)	(47,318)
Long term lease borrowing	ngs		(233,864)	(164,122)
Net financial assets/(liab	oilities)		20,601	7,686
	Short and long term borrowings	Lease borrowings	Cash and casl equivalent	n financial
1 I 2021	· ·		<u> </u>	
1 January 2021 Cash flow effect	2,686,821	211,440	(2,905,94'	, , , ,
Currency translation	497,367	57,020	(421,289	9) 133,098
adjustments	60,320	582	(265,570	(204,668)
Interest accrual, net	28,051	23,287	3.90	
Acquisition of subsidiary		2,166	(6,750	,
30 June 2021	3,280,559	294,495	(3,595,655	5) (20,601)
	Short and long term borrowings	Lease borrowings	Cash and casl equivalent	n financial
1 January 2020	2,219,214	232,294	(3,278,832	2) (827,324)
Cash flow effect	(273,813)	(20,539)	583,519	
Currency translation				
adjustments	33,784	3,677	(348,678	
Interest accrual, net	26,574	15,599	2,108	8 44,281
30 June 2020	2,005,759	231,031	(3,041,883	3) (805,093)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

The redemption schedule of long-term bank borrowings as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 is as follows.

2023	201,975	429,523
2024 and after	475,533	276,782
Total	1,065,914	896,923

Carrying value of the financial liabilities is considered to be same with the fair value since discount effect is not material. The Group borrows loans on fixed and floating interest rates.

Allocation of borrowings with fixed and floating interest rates of the Group excluding financial liabilities to be paid to the suppliers as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Financial borrowings with fixed interest rates (Note 35)	3,256,857	2,795,505
Financial borrowings with floating interest rates (Note 35)	318,197	102,756
Total	3,575,054	2,898,261

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term trade receivables from non- related parties

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Trade receivables	2,234,787	1,725,623
Notes and cheques receivable	178,011	170,697
Income accruals	1,402	432
Total	2,414,200	1,896,752
Less: Unearned financial income due to sales with		
maturity	(6,254)	(3,815)
Less: Provision for expected credit losses (-)	(205)	(523)
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(122,410)	(115,428)
Total	2,285,331	1,776,986

30 June 2021 31 December 2020

The average maturity of not overdue trade receivables of the Group that are followed up by Doruk Faktoring is between 22 to 82 days as of the statement of financial position date (31 December 2020: 52 - 84 days).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Long-term trade receivables from non-related parties

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Notes and cheques receivable (1) Unearned financial income due to sales with maturity	34,860 (5,266)	36,194 (3,161)
	29,594	33,033

⁽¹⁾ Long term notes receivables are mainly consisted of commercial activities related to fuel sales and financing services.

The movements of provisions for doubtful receivables for the related period are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	(115,951)	(99,648)
Provision from continued operations		
in the current period (Note 28)	(4,552)	(7,546)
Expected credit loss, net	318	275
Written off uncollectible receivables (1)	171	2,799
Collections	937	498
Purchase of subsidiary	(3,538)	
30 June	(122,615)	(103,622)

The Group has decided to derecognise the receivables recorded as doubtful within prior periods, in accordance with the provisional article 7 of TCC, which are from the companies extracted from trade registry and the companies that have completed ordinary liquidation process and the companies dissolved by commercial courts' decision and the companies dissolved by bankruptcy estate and also determined as bad debts, from the statement of financial position.

Guarantees for trade receivables

As of 30 June 2021, although trade receivables amounting to TRY170,119 (31 December 2020: TRY102,994), were overdue, they were not assessed as doubtful receivable (Note 35). The Group does not foresee any collection risk regarding to overdue receivables by considering sector dynamics and circumstances as of the reporting date (Note 2).

As of 30 June 2021, the Group has collateral, pledge, mortgage and surety amounting to TRY 1,610,060 (31 December 2020: TRY TRY1,381,760) for trade receivables amounting to TRY2,314,925 (31 December 2020: TRY1,810,019) from non-related parties (Note 35).

Short term trade payables to non-related parties

30 June 2021	31 December 2020
1,205,946	689,490
49,636	25,236
108	766
(1,562)	(1,311)
1,254,128	714,181
	1,205,946 49,636 108 (1,562)

The average maturity of trade payables is between 21 to 102 days as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: 40 to 87 days).

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

Other short-term receivables from non-related parties	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
TEİAŞ power transmission line receivables Deposits and guarantees given	26,498 6,525	15,065 4,382
Other receivables	5,259	14,222
Total	38,282	33,669

Total	38,282	33,669
Other short-term payables to non-related parties	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Taxes and funds payable (1) Deposits and guarantees received Other short-term payables (2)	57,699 1,957 16,465	135,803 3,085 13,173
Total	76,121	152,061
Other long-term payables to non-related parties	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Deposits and guarantees received Other long-term payables (2)	1,572 46	1,353 7,488
Total	1,618	8,841

A significant portion of the decrease in taxes and funds payable is due to the Special Consumption Tax liabilities of Aytemiz Akaryakıt, a subsidiary of the Group.

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Finished goods and merchandise (3) Raw materials and supplies (4) Semi-finished goods Other inventories	1,124,960 133,727 26,604 24,311	649,133 83,803 18,002 28,347
Provision for impairment of inventory (-) (5)	(11,628)	(341)
Total	1,297,974	778,944

Depreciation and amortization expenses amounting to TRY531 have been reflected to cost of inventories as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: TRY1,072). The movement of the provision for impairment of inventories for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	(341)	(2,062)
Reversal of provision for impairment of inventories	53	-
Provision booked in the current period	-	(300)
Acquisition of subsidiary	(11,340)	
30 June	(11,628)	(2,362)

A significant portion of the increase is comprised of Suzuki, Doğan Dış Ticaret, Doğan Egmont and Aytemiz Akaryakıt, the subsidiaries of the Group.

A significant portion of the increase is comprised of Doğan Egmont, a subsidiary of the Group.

A significant portion of the other short-term payables is due to the liabilities of the Group's subsidiary, Suzuki arising from distributor agreement. Since the maturity period of these liabilities is less than 1 year, there is no long-term distributor agreement liability.

⁽⁴⁾ A significant portion of the increase is comprised of Ditaş Doğan, Çelik Halat and Sesa Ambalaj, the subsidiaries of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 12 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

As of 30 June 2021, the amount of biological assets of the Group's subsidiary Kelkit Doğan Besi is TRY20,271 (31 December 2020: TRY14,528).

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Movements of the investment properties for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January 2021	Disposal (*)	Currency translation differences	Fair value adjustment	30 June 2021
Land Buildings	430,688 1,014,195	(745)	22,365	-	429,943 1,036,560
Net book value	1,444,883	(745)	22,365	-	1,466,503
	1 January 2020	Disposal	Currency translation differences	Fair value adjustment	30 June 2020
Land Buildings	386,044 971,123	-	17,052	- -	386,044 988,175
Net book value	1,357,167	-	17,052	-	1,374,219

^(*) It is related to the land sale of Aytemiz Akaryakıt, a subsidiary of the Group.

There is no collateral or mortgage on investment properties of the Group.

As of 30 June 2021, the investment properties of the Group comprise of parts of buildings held to earn rentals, lands and properties.

Level reclassification of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Investment properties of the Group has been valued by the real estate valuation establishments those are in the CMB list by using the market comparison analysis approach, cost approach and direct capitalisation approach methods. As a result, it was determined that the values calculated from different approaches is similar and consistent with the market comparison method and value has been determined according to the market comparison method. Real estate valuation establishments are authorized by CMB and provide property valuation appraisal services in accordance with the capital markets legislation and have sufficient experience and qualifications regarding the fair value measurement of the real estate in related regions.

The following table gives information on how the fair values of the related financial asset and liabilities were determined:

			Fair value le	vel as of the re	porting date
	Fair value		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020			
Investment properties	1,466,503	1,444,883	-	1,466,503	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of the property, plant and equipment for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January 2021	Additions (1)	Disposals	Transfers	Acquisition of subsidiary (2)	Currency translation differences	30 January 2021
Cost:							
Land and land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Motor vehicles Furniture and fixtures Development costs of	203,016 110,500 1,465,891 177,584 137,081	312 1,417 12,220 85,123 8,799	(4,240) (2,314) (30,771) (400)	92 4,860 160,806 (106) (609)	20 1,049	57 7,777 661 174	203,420 112,594 1,644,380 232,511 146,094
leased tangible assets Other tangible assets Construction in progress	116,025 160,889 105,651	1,434 15,461 84,934	(84) (4,968) (1,014)	1,799 201 (173,609)	332	1,435 - 3	120,941 171,583 15,965
	2,476,637	209,700	(43,791)	(6,566)	1,401	10,107	2,647,488
Accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Motor vehicles Furniture and fixtures Development costs of	6,458 78,123 396,801 63,939 61,577	470 3,525 42,636 13,540 5,729	(1,104) (1,436) (3,445) (32)	137	- - - -	(10) 4,893 444 132	6,928 80,534 442,894 74,478 67,543
leased tangible assets Other tangible assets	47,864 80,643	4,968 10,404	(24) (4,084)	10 12	<u>-</u>	1,331	54,149 86,97 <u>5</u>
	735,405	81,272	(10,125)	159	-	6,790	813,501
Net book value	1,741,232						1,833,987

⁽¹⁾ Majority of the investments made in the reporting period are due to the purchases of Aytemiz Akaryakıt, Galata Wind, Suzuki, Doğan Trend Otomotiv, Kanal D Romanya and Marlin Otelcilik, the subsidiaries of the Group.

As of 30 June 2021, there is no mortgage on property, plant and equipment. (31 December 2020: None). As of 30 June 2021, there is no property, plant and equipment acquired by financial leasing (31 December 2020: None.). As of 30 June 2021, capitalized borrowing cost in tangible fixed asset is TRY2,688 (31 December 2020: TRY20,034).

⁽²⁾ As the details are explained in Note 3, it is related to the acquisition of Doğan Egmont.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

	1 January 2020	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Currency translation differences	30 June 2020
Cost:						
Land and land improvements	176,055	26	(8,874)	112	-	167,319
Buildings	86,012	1,365	(983)	40	44	86,478
Machinery and equipment	907,908	4,968	(112)	4,621	4,825	922,210
Motor vehicles	142,268	16,062	(9,393)		517	149,454
Furniture and fixtures	124,622	3,857	(435)	341	108	128,493
Development costs of		,	` ′			
leased tangible assets	105,171	179	-	89	1,116	106,555
Other tangible assets	159,486	2,547	(1,149)	-	· -	160,884
Construction in progress	28,734	72,833	(19)	(8,379)	13	93,182
	1,730,256	101,837	(20,965)	(3,176)	6,623	1,814,575
Accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements	5,634	402	_	_	_	6,036
Buildings	72,007	2,993	(203)	_	(4)	74,793
Machinery and equipment	337,187	24,239	(32)	_	3,527	364,921
Motor vehicles	54,873	5,400	(2,437)	_	294	58,130
Furniture and fixtures	52,039	5,216	(365)		96	56,986
Development costs of	2 _, 2 _ 2	-,	(2.2.)			,
leased tangible assets	36,176	4,227	_	_	938	41,341
Other tangible assets	70,026	10,491	(878)			79,639
	627,942	52,968	(3,915)	-	4,851	681,846
Net book value	1,102,314					1,132,729

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets:

Movements of the intangible assets for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January		Currency translation		Currency translation			Acquisition of	30 June
	2021	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfer	subsidiary (1)	2021		
Cost									
Trade names	96,932	-	-	-	-	-	96,932		
Electricity production license	354,644	-	-	-	-	-	354,644		
Customer list	355,168	-	-	-	-	-	355,168		
Other	255,606	10,468	(427)	3,904	6,566	5,343	281,460		
	1,062,350	10,468	(427)	3,904	6,566	5,343	1,088,204		
Accumulated amortization:									
Trade names	9,460	-	-	-	-	-	9,460		
Electricity production license	52,682	3,824	-	-	-	-	56,506		
Customer list	7,893	-	-	-	-	-	7,893		
Other	167,890	28,976	(84)	2,013	(159)	-	198,636		
	237,925	32,800	(84)	2,013	(159)	-	272,495		
Dealer agreements	160,251	-	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	182,893		
Television programme rights	73,196	-	-	-	-	-	120,789		
	1,057,872						1,119,391		

⁽¹⁾ As the details are explained in Note 3, it is related to the acquisition of Doğan Egmont.

Movement of television programme rights and dealer agreements for the interim period ended 30 June 2021 is as follows:

				Cui	rency translation	
	1 January 2021	Additions	Amortization	Disposals	differences	30 June 2021
Dealer agreements	160,251	48,894	(21,742)	(4,510)	-	182,893
Television programme rights	73,196	22,075	(11,345)	- -	36,863	120,789

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Other intangible assets (Continued):

	1 January			Currency translation		30 June
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2020
Cost						
Trade names	7,876	-	-	-	-	7,876
Electricity production license	354,644	-	-	_	-	354,644
Other	219,136	20,980	(648)	1,302	3,176	243,946
	581,656	20,980	(648)	1,302	3,176	606,466
Accumulated amortization:						
Trade names	7,481	-	-	-	-	7,481
Electricity production license	45,035	3,824	-	_	-	48,859
Other	145,705	12,904	(55)	1,139	-	159,693
	198,221	16,728	(55)	1,139	-	216,033
Dealer agreements	181,120	-	-	-	-	154,369
Television programme rights	35,045	-	-	-	-	56,641
	599,600					601,443

Movement of television programme rights and dealer agreements for the interim period ended 30 June 2020 is as follows:

				Cu	rrency translation	
	1 January 2020	Additions	Amortization	Disposals	differences	30 June 2020
Dealer agreements	181,120	13,484	(25,334)	(14,901)	-	154,369
Television programme rights	35,045	27,014	(12,626)	-	7,208	56,641

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Goodwill

As of 30 June 2021 and 2020, goodwill movement is as follows:

30 June	105,101	64,274
1 January Additions	105,101	64,274
	2021	2020

NOTE 16 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

	1 January 2021	Additions (1)	Acquisition of subsidiary (2)	Remeasurement (3)	30 June 2021
Cost:					
Buildings	342,917	75,167	_	_	418,084
Motor vehicles	46,210	3,939	616	_	50,765
Land	15,800	7,601	-	11	23,412
Offices	20,926	274	270	158	21,628
Warehouses	7,421	3,873	1,214	280	12,788
Machinery and equipments	4,308	30,485	10	152	34,955
Frequencies	1,984	559		304	2,847
	439,566	121,898	2,110	905	564,479
	1 January	A 1794	Acquisition of	D (3)	30 June
	2021	Additions	subsidiary (2)	Remeasurement (3)	2021
Accumulated amortization	ı :				
Buildings	(125,685)	(41,316)	-	-	(167,001)
Motor vehicles	(39,054)	(5,192)	_	-	(44,246)
Land	(1,629)	(784)	-	-	(2,413)
Offices	(4,833)	(2,154)	-	-	(6,987)
Warehouses	(5,738)	(2,295)	-	-	(8,033)
Machinery and equipments	(3,440)	(1,257)	-	-	(4,697)
Frequencies	(1,638)	(570)	-	-	(2,208)
	(182,017)	(53,568)	-	<u>-</u>	(235,585)
Net book value	257,549				328,894

The additions of the buildings, land and machinery and equipments in the reporting period are related to Aytemiz Akaryakıt, Sesa Ambalaj, Çelik Halat, Doğan Dış Ticaret and Milta Turizm, the subsidiaries of the Group.

⁽²⁾ As the details are explained in Note 3, it is related to the acquisition of Doğan Egmont.

The Group renegotiated various lease contracts with the lessors in 2021. As a result of the renegotiations, changes were made on the period of the lease contracts. As the changes did not cause a change in the scope and content of the financial lease, the Group recognised these changes as an adjustment on right of use assets amounting to TRY905, in accordance with the accounting policies explained in Note 2.2.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 16 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS (Continued)

	1 January			30 June
	2020	Additions	Disposals	2020
Cost:				
Buildings	248,201	74,032	-	322,233
Motor vehicles	37,031	70	-	37,101
Land	16,795	-	-	16,795
Offices	14,561	297	(27)	14,831
Warehouses	3,592	3,452	-	7,044
Machinery and equipment	1,958	1,790	-	3,748
Frequencies	819	873	-	1,692
	322,957	80,514	(27)	403,444
	1 January			30 June
	2020	Additions	Disposals	2020
Accumulated amortization	•			
Buildings	(56,902)	(34,441)	<u>-</u>	(91,343)
Motor vehicles	(20,699)	(10,067)	_	(30,766)
Land	(800)	(322)	_	(1,122)
Offices	(2,601)	(769)	14	(3,356)
Warehouses	(2,525)	(1,323)	-	(3,848)
Machinery and equipment	(1,820)	(949)	-	(2,769)
Frequencies	(695)	(427)	-	(1,122)
	(86,042)	(48,298)	14	(134,326)
Net book value	236,915			269,118

NOTE 17 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS

In the scope of the Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law, the Group receives insurance premium incentives (law no. 5510), regional incentives (law no. 56486), SSI incentives (law no. 56645), Disabled Personnel Employment incentive and Minimum Wage incentives (law no. 4857). In this context, the incentive amounting to TRY567 (30 June 2020: TRY847) is recorded against the labor expense under "cost of goods sold" in the financial statements as of 30 June 2021.

NOTE 18 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other short-term provisions

•	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for lawsuits and indemnity	13,647	12,622
Other (1)	15,707	4,204
	29,354	16,826

A significant portion of the other short-term provisions consists of the provisions for sales premium and sales return of Doğan Egmont, a subsidiary of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Other short-term provisions (Continued)

Movement of lawsuit provisions for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	12,622	8,476
Additions in the current period (Note 28) Reversal of provisions booked in prior periods	3,048 (2,023)	3,280 (1,011)
30 June	13,647	10,745

The Group reserved provisions of TRY13,647 considering the legal opinions on ongoing lawsuits and similar lawsuits finalized in the past, which were brought against it and the details of which are given below (31 December 2020: TRY12,622).

(a) Lawsuits

The amount of lawsuits filed against the Group is TRY30,796 as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: TRY31,408).

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Commercial cases	11,686	8,574
Legal cases	10,234	13,225
Business cases	8,876	9,609
Total	30,796	31,408

(b) Other

Milpa

The Land of Ömerli

Shares acquired step by step with the agreement "Building Construction Shared Floor/Revenue in Return Arrangement Form Land Share and Real Estate Promise to Sell Agreement" ("Agreement") signed between March 2000 - October 2003 and recognised under "investment properties" by the Group, and in addition to these shares, the balance of the shares acquired from the result of the tender in relation to the lawsuit opened by one of the shareholders corresponding to his/her share in the real estate, located at İstanbul Province, Pendik District, Kurtdoğmuş Village at parcel with no:1154 and with an area of 2,093,941 m², have been recognised at fair value which has been appreciated in the Real Estate Valuation Report dated 3 February 2021 prepared by the Real Estate Appraisal Company on the list of CMB. Due to the legal uncertainties stated below, Ömerli land hasn't been recognised under normal business operations of the Company (project development, construction and sale etc.), and has been recognised as "investment properties" in accordance with TAS 40 ("Investment Properties"), in the context of Paragraph 8/(b).

Milpa, has commitment to pay 25% of the revenue generated from the real estate project (the "Project") by considering the share of the land owners who have assigned shares within the scope of revenue sharing constructions and/or flat for land basis contracts in accordance with the Contract verdicts that has been signed with the first acquisition of Ömerli Land which cannot be implemented due to the administrative and legal processes as described in detail below.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Other (Continued)

Milpa (Continued):

The Land of Ömerli (Continued)

According to the İstanbul Environmental Recreation Plan, scale of 1/100,000 and dated 15 June 2009, a significant part of the land of which parcel no is 1154, is located partially within the borders of "Habitat Park Area". The report on the Basin Location Information of the İstanbul Water Supply and Sanitation Administrative General Directory dated 31 December 2020 states that 2,586 m² of parcel no 1154 is part of the Forest Area. The related parcel is located in both the medium range (1000 m. - 2000 m.) protected area and the long range (2000 m. - 5000 m.) protected area of Ömerli Reservoir Basin. It was stated in the letter dated 20 January 2021 by General Directorate of Highways that the related parcel remains outside the expropriation area and are not subject to any expropriation process.

As described in detail below, 144,266 m² of the land with parcel no: 1155 has been removed from the forest area with the court decision in 2005. In relation to 1154 parcel, the letter communicated from Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality dated 30 November 2016 to the real estate appraisal company, development plan proposal and report of a part of Yenişehir neighborhood of Pendik district numbered NİP-22054 Pin Number 1/5000 Scale including Pendik district Kurtdoğmuş neighborhood 1154 and 1155 parcels and Ballıca, Emirli, Kurna and Kurtdoğmuş neighborhoods were referred to İstanbul Metropolitan Municipality Assembly to be evaluated and decided within the scope of 3194 and 5216 law and related regulations, and also is has been learnt that the mentioned plan has been scaled on 6 December 2017. When the mentioned "Master Development Plan" is analyzed, it is seen that 30% of the land in Ömerli is allocated as "Municipal Service Area," and a large part of the remaining land is defined in the legend as "Sustainable Protection and Controlled Use Area," and a relatively smaller part as "Areas Requiring Special Measures Geologically".

It is understood from the mentioned "Master Development Plan" that the part allocated as the subfunction of "Sustainable Protection and Controlled Use Area" legend was planned to be 23% "Arboretum," 25% "Recreational Area," 40% "Area to Be Protected through Forestation(1)," 2% "Fairground," 5% "Hobby Gardens," and 5% "Camping Areas," and permission for maximum 1-floor prefabricated structuring with an average rate of 0.04 was granted for these areas. On the grounds that the legends and functions specified in the "Master Development Plan" include contradictions to law as well as planning and urban development procedures and principles, and that they violate the right of ownership, and with the request that "housing zone" legend is also accepted for the mentioned "Immovable," necessary legal and formal objections to the "Master Development Plan" were raised on 2 January 2018 within the allowed period. The objections of Milpa were rejected by Istanbul Municipality Parliamentary Commission. Milpa filed a lawsuit with the request for the cancellation of the decision regarding the amendment of the plan note. According to the decision of the Republic of Turkey Istanbul 2nd Administrative Court dated 26 December 2019, which took place in UYAP on 25 February 2020 and was notified on 28 February 2020, the Court has justified our request and cancelled the Master Plan for Parcel 1154. Milpa has been notified that the appellee has applied to the court of appeal against the said Court Decision on 27 March 2020. The court, assessing the defendant's request of appeal as per the Appeal Decision notified on 17 November 2020, accepted the request of appeal and decided to revoke the decision by Istanbul 2nd Administrative Court and to dismiss the case with the right to appeal to the Council of State. Milpa appealed to the Council of State within the legal period. The return of the case file from the Council of State is expected. The case file is of administrative nature and there is no hearing date.

⁽¹⁾ In the 1 / 5,000 Master Development Plan, which was previously approved by IMM, "the value of the area to be protected through forestation" was declared as 10% by IMM as a result of a technical error, and it was later corrected as 40% by IMM.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Other (Continued)

Milpa (Continued):

The Land of Ömerli (Continued)

As per the Implementation Construction Plan for Ballıca, Emirli, Kurna and Kurtdoğmuş Districts with a scale of 1/1000 with PIN no. UİP-35580, suspended by the Pendik Municipality on 31 December 2020, parcel no.1154 named SK-3 were planned to be developed as Sustainable Protection and Controlled utilisation areas and Municipality service area. Milpa filed an objection within the legal duration against the above-mentioned Implementation Construction Plan suspended by the Pendik Municipality. It has been observed that the objections made within the suspension process regarding the related "Implementation Development Plan" were not accepted by the municipal council; Milpa filed a lawsuit on the relevant plan notes, including the 1/100,000 scaled development plan on 26 May 2021.

In addition, Milpa filed a lawsuit for indemnization against Teiaş General Directory on 21 July 2020 for confiscating without expropriating for the energy transfer lines and pylon sites on the Parcel no.1154. In the hearing of the case dated 4 May 2021; In accordance with the letter of the High Council of Judges and Prosecutors on the subject of complete closure, it was decided to postpone the execution of the expert discovery in the location of the real estate subject to the lawsuit, and therefore, the hearing date to be postponed to 28 September 2021.

The updated revaluation reports are obtained from CMB licensed real estate companies every year for the "investment properties" of Milpa that comprises of TRY 335,502 (31 December 2020: TRY 335,502) of Ömerli Land.

In this respect, the parcel's topography being very steep and bumpy, accession to the land is limited and difficult under current conditions but there being few other parcel of the same size in the region where the land is located, the land being located close to the TEM highway and settlement area of Sultanbeyli, the positive effect of the opening of the Northern Marmara Motorway on real estate values in the region the 1/5000 scale of Master Development Plan of the parcel where the real estate is located has been approved dated 13 October 2017, the fact that with the suspension of the 1/1000 scale of implementation development plan, development plan will be implemented soon in the region has a positive reflection on the prices demanded in the region and the fact that new information has been reached from the public sources about the expropriation costs within the scope of North Marmara Motorway construction in the parcels adjacent to Ömerli Land, the Parcel No. 1154's fair value was determined as TRY408,318 (without VAT) in the Valuation Report dated 3 February 2021 of a real estate company. The amount is the evaluation for the whole of the land Parcel No. 1154 (2,093,941 m²).

The share of Milpa in the Parcel No. 1154 is 1,720,521 m², which equals to 82.17% of the whole parcel, and amounts to TRY335,502 as of 30 June 2021. (As of 31 December 2020 the share of Milpa is 1,720,521 m², which equals to 82.17% of the whole parcel, and the share of Milpa amounts to TRY335,502). As mentioned above, the registration on the Forest Land for Parcel no. 1155 was approved by Supreme Court of Law No:20. There is no fair value determined for the Parcel No. 1155 which was priorly derecognized from the statements of financial position through full amount of provision as of 31 December 2014. For Ömerli Land, security expenses amounting to TRY314 has been recognised under operational expenses (31 December 2020: TRY610). Additionally, no rental income has been recognised from the related property (31 December 2020: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Other (Continued)

Milpa (Continued):

The Land of Ömerli (Continued)

Parcel No. 1155;

As described in detail above, 144,266 m² of the land parcel no: 1155 has been removed from the forest area with the court decision in year 2005. To this The Forestry Directorate appealed the decision at the Supreme Court of law No: 20 and the objection was accepted on 24 June 2008 and these decisions (removal from forest area) are sent to the Pendik First Civil Court for re-evaluation. The Court has reiterated its initial decision being right on 8 October 2009 in terms of content. The General Directorate of Forestry appealed the Court's decision again and the related file was re-sent to the Supreme Court of law No: 20. The related office has resent the file to Pendik First Civil Court by disrupting the court decision. The Court for which the lawsuit is held, has been divided into two and the lawsuit was continued to be heard at 29th. Civil Court. The aforementioned court has decided to cancel the land register of the aforementioned 144,266 m² and parcel No: 1155 of land belonging to the Company and registered the land as forest title in the name of the treasury at 23 December 2014.

In accordance with the Court decision for parcel No:1155 being registered as forestry land, it has been excluded from the financial statements as at 31 December 2014. Following the notification of the Court decision no 2013/320 at 9 January 2015, appeal to a superior court on 13 February 2015 has been made. Aforementioned appeal has not been accepted and the Company has been notified that Supreme Court No: 20 upheld the decision of 29th. Civil Court on 13 July 2017. On 20 July 2017, compensation lawsuit was opened due to civil wrong. At the hearing held on 18 April 2019, the Court stated that in relation to the "Land" of 144,266 m², whose 98,702 m² (68.42%) belongs to the Company, in the parcel no:1155 located at Pendik District, Kurtdoğmuş Village; It has been decided that a compensation in favor of the Company in total amount of TRY85,117 is to be paid and the legal interest shall be calculated separately from the date of the case. The portion corresponding to the Company's share of this amount is calculated as approximately TRY58,234.

The Court was decided to abolish the court decision summarized above and to re-see the case in pursuit of evaluating the defendant's request for appeal. In the justified decision of the court, it was stated that the right to compensation is found appropriate, but whether the immovable subject to the lawsuit has the characteristics of "land" or not and its value must be examined by expert witnesses through various methods. At the re-hearing case dated 6 July 2021, the Court decided to pay indemnization in countenance of Milpa, amounting of TRY85,117, with the legal interest calculated separately from the date of the lawsuit. The portion of this amount accrued to Milpa's share is approximately TRY58,234. It was notified to Milpa on 3 August 2021 that the related decision of the Court was "appealed" by the defendant, and the legal processes are continuing.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS

(a) Letters of guarantee and guarantee notes given

	30 June 2021			31 December 2020				
	TRY Equivalent	TRY	USD	EUR	TRY Equivalent	TRY	USD	EUR
A. CPM's given in the name of								
its own legal personality								
Collaterals (1)	1,767,968	747,124	79,826	31,448	1,588,205	842,282	70,119	25,668
Pledge (3)	-	-	-	-	=	-	=	-
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully								
consolidated companies								
Collaterals (1)(2)	493,802	29,314	53,358	-	424,534	29,314	53,841	-
Pledge (3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C.CPM's given on behalf of 3rd parties								
for ordinary course of business	386	386	-	-	386	386	-	-
D.Total amount of other CPM's given								
i) Total amount of CPM's given								
on behalf of the majority shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPM's given								
on behalf of other								
group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPM's given								
on behalf of 3rd parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,262,157	776,824	133,183	31,448	2,013,125	871,982	123,960	25,668

⁽¹⁾ The collaterals of the Group consist of letter of guarantees, guarantee notes and bails and the details are explained below.

Within the scope of the project of Aslancik Elektrik's hydroelectric power plant, Doğan Holding has given collateral to the credit institutions amounting to USD20,358 (31 December 2020: USD20,841). In addition, a bail amounting to USD33,000 is given to credit institutions for Boyabat Elektrik's refinancing loans.

^{33.33%} shares of Aslancik Elektrik and 33.00% shares of Boyabat Elektrik were given as pledges to financial institutions due to the Group's long-term borrowings and are not included in the table above.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(a) Letters of guarantee and guarantee notes given (Continued)

Other CPM's given by the Group to equity ratio is 0% as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: 0%). The details of letter of guarantees and guarantee notes given by the Group are as follows:

	30 June 2021		31 December 2020	
	Original Currency	TRY equivalent	Original Currency	TRY equivalent
Letters of guarantees - TRY	547,463	547,463	642,621	642,621
Letters of guarantees - USD	24,826	216,115	15,119	110,981
Letters of guarantees - EUR	31,396	325,402	25,616	230,746
Guarantee notes - USD	55,000	478,786	55,000	403,728
Guarantee notes - TRY	200,047	200,047	200,047	200,047
Guarantee notes - EUR	52	542	52	468
Total		1,768,355		1,588,591

(b) Bails and mortgages given

The details of guarantees given by the Group for the financial liabilities and trade payables of the Group companies and related parties as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 Ju	ine 2021	31 December 2020	
	Original Currency	TRY equivalent	Original Currency	TRY equivalent
Bails - USD	53,358	464,488	53,841	395,220
Bails - TRY	29,314	29,314	29,314	29,314
Total		493,802		424,534

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - OTHER ASSETS

Other current assets	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Value added tax ("VAT") receivables (1)	161,754	101,141
Prepaid tax and funds (2)	2,676	45,277
Personnel advances	1,975	1,542
Job advances	1,757	1,088
Other	1,086	780
	169,248	149,828

⁽¹⁾ VAT receivables amounting to TRY65,882 is related to Galata Wind (31 December 2020: TRY61,810) and the remaining amount consists of VAT receivables related to the subsidiaries of the Group.

⁽²⁾ A significant portion of Doğan Holding's prepaid taxes and funds are offset in the current period.

Other non-current assets	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Value added tax ("VAT") receivables (3) Other	276,417 2,553	317,344 425
	278,970	317,769

TRY218,043 is related to VAT receivables of Galata Wind (31 December 2020: TRY244,996).

NOTE 21 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

The details of prepaid expenses and deferred income as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Short term prepaid expenses	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Advances given (1)	52,969	42,558
Prepaid expenses (2)	42,785	22,089
	95,754	64,647

The significant portion of advances given consists of advances related to the operations of the Group's subsidiaries Kanal D Romanya, Suzuki, Sesa Ambalaj and Doğan Trend Otomotiv.

Significant portion of the prepaid expenses are comprised of the prepaid expense for the following months of Aytemiz Akaryakıt, Galata Wind, Doğan Egmont, Milta Turizm and Çelik Halat which are subsidiaries of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 - PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME (Continued)

Long term prepaid expenses	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Advances given (1) Prepaid expenses for future years (2)	29,147 26,988	4,855 10,904
	56,135	15,759

A significant portion of the advances given are related to the purchases of tangible fixed asset of Sesa Ambalaj, Galata Wind, Çelik Halat and Ditaş Doğan, the subsidiaries of the Group.

A portion of TRY19,726 of the relevant amount includes insurance fees paid by Galata Wind, a subsidiary of the Group, within the scope of a new foreign currency loan with a 10-year term amounting to EUR20,000,000 (exact) in 2021.

Short-term deferred income	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Deferred income ⁽³⁾ Advances received ⁽⁴⁾	35,142 23,203	32,076 11,143
	58,345	43,219
Long-term deferred income	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Deferred income (3)	17,590	12,070
	17,590	12,070

A significant portion of short-term deferred income consists of deferred income related to contracts with respect to advertising activities of Hepsi Emlak and deferred income related to Milta Turizm's yacht tying income. A significant portion of long-term deferred income consists of Aytemiz Akaryakıt.

Significant amount of advances received consist of Doğan Dış Ticaret, Çelik Halat and Ditaş Doğan.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Currency derivative transactions

The Group utilizes foreign exchange derivatives and commodity derivatives to protect future significant transactions and cash flows from financial risk. Group has signed various forward exchange contracts and option contracts regarding the management of fluctuations in exchange rates and oil prices. The derivative instruments purchased are mainly denominated in foreign currencies in which the Group operates.

As of the statement of financial position date, the total nominal amount of the Group's foreign currency and option contracts with maturity that are not due and the Group is obliged to carry are as follows:

	30 June 2021		31 December 2020	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Currency derivative transactions with				
maturity (1)	22,436	59,698	22,683	38,180
Commodity agreements (2)	-	-	-	3,083
Total	22,436	59,698	22,683	41,263

Aytemiz Akaryakıt, a subsidiary of the group, has contracted forward foreign currency agreements to hedge against foreign exchange rate risk, and sells TRY on the date of the agreement and purchases USD and EUR on dates agreed upon. Doğan Holding signed forward foreign currency agreements to hedge against foreign exchange rate risk, and sells USD and TRY on the date of the agreement and purchases USD, GBP and EUR on dates agreed upon. On the other hand, derivative instruments of Galata Wind are related to foreign currency loans.

NOTE 23 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a) Payables related to employee benefits

The details of payables related to employee benefits as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Payables to personnel (1)	13,970	23,977
Social security payables	7,281	7,042
	21,251	31,019

⁽¹⁾ The amount includes provisions for bonuses and premium.

⁽²⁾ Consists of derivative commodity contracts signed by Aytemiz Akaryakıt, a subsidiary of the Group, to reduce the risk of fluctuation in oil prices.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

b) Short term provisions for employment benefits

The details of short-term provisions for employment benefits as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for unused vacation	28,409	21,959
Provision for bonuses and premiums	1,164	<u>-</u>
	29,573	21,959

c) Long term provisions for employment benefits

Details of long-term provisions for employment benefits as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for employment termination benefits	64,580	57,679
	64,580	57,679

Except from the legal requirements other than Turkey in which the Group operates, there are no pension plans and benefits.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, or who is called up for military service, dies and achieves the retirement age. As of 30 June 2021, the maximum amount payable equivalent to one month of salary is TRY7,638.96 (exact) (31 December 2020: TRY7,117.17 (exact)) for each year of service. The retirement pay provision ceiling TRY8,284.51 (exact) which is effective from 1 July 2021, is taken into consideration in the calculation of provision for employment termination benefits (31 December 2020: TRY7,638.96 (exact) effective from 1 January 2021).

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group.

The standard TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" envisages the development of actuarial valuation methods in order to estimate the provision of severance pay. According to this, following assumptions were used in the calculation of total liability based on the report prepared by the actuarial firm.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

c) Long term provisions for employment benefits (Continued)

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 31 December 2020, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees.

Discount rate applied as 11.80% ⁽¹⁾ (31 December 2020: 11.80%), inflation rate applied as 7.43% (31 December 2020: 7.43%) and increase in wages applied as 7.43% (31 December 2020: 7.43%) in the calculation ⁽²⁾.

Age of retirement is based on considering the Company's historical average age of retirement.

- The gross discount rate used for calculation of the severance payment liability is determined by considering Government Bond with 10 years maturity compound interest rate and the swap rates with 10-15 years maturity. Based on this, the net discount rate was determined as 4.07% (31 December 2020:4.07%)
- (2) It is determined by considering the 2021 inflation rate reports of the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey.

The movement of provision for employment termination benefits within the period is as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	57,679	42,930
Current period service cost and net interest expense	6,810	5,094
Payments	(2,876)	(1,842)
Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 3)	2,967	
30 June	64,580	46,182

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - EQUITY

Doğan Holding adopted the registered paid-in capital system and set a limit on its registered paid-in capital representing registered type shares with a nominal value of TRY1.

Doğan Holding's registered capital ceiling and issued capital at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Registered authorized capital ceiling	4,000,000	4,000,000
Issued capital	2,616,938	2,616,938

There are no privileged shares of Doğan Holding.

The ultimate shareholders of Doğan Holding are Aydın Doğan and Doğan Family (Işıl Doğan, Arzuhan Yalçındağ, Vuslat Sabancı, Hanzade V. Doğan Boyner and Y.Begümhan Doğan Faralyalı) and the shareholders of Holding and the historical values of shares in equity as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows

Shareholder	Shares (%)	30 June 2021	Shares (%)	31 December 2020
Adilbey Holding A.Ş.	49.66	1,299,679	49.66	1,299,679
Doğan Family	14.47	378,626	14.47	378,626
Publicly traded on Borsa İstanbul (1)	35.87	938,633	35.87	938,633
Issued capital	100.00	2,616,938	100.00	2,616,938
Adjustment to issued capital		143,526		143,526
Repurchased shares (-)		(48,244)		(16,035)
Total		2,712,220		2,744,429

In accordance with the "CMB" Resolution No: 31/1059 issued on 30 October 2014 and 21/655 issued on 30 June 2021, it is regarded that 35.79% of 936,680,830 (exact) shares (31 December 2020: 35.84%) are outstanding as of 30 June 2021 based on the Central Registry Agency's ("CRA") records.

Adjustment to share capital represents the difference between cash and cash equivalent contributions to the total amounts adjusted for inflation added to issued share capital and amounts before inflation adjustment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTE 24 - EQUITY (Continued)

Repurchased shares

With the decision of the Group's Board of Directors dated 22 February 2019; "Share Buyback Program" that is prepared in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Markets Law, CMB's Communiqué No: II-22.1 Repurchase of Shares adjustments published in the Official Gazette numbered 28871 and dated 3 January 2014 was accepted by the majority in the General Assembly meeting on 20 March 2019.

Within the framework of "Share Buyback Program", the Company management has been authorized to perform the repurchase of its shares. In this context, it was decided that the maximum amount of funds allocated for repurchase would be TRY131,000,000 (exact) and that the maximum number of shares to be withdrawn would not exceed this amount.

In the period of 1 January 2021 - 30 June 2021, within the scope of the Share Buyback Program, the Company shares with a nominal value of TRY9,950,000 (exact) were purchased by the Company itself from Borsa İstanbul for an amount of TRY32,209,459 (exact) as TRY 3.24 per share. As of 30 June 2021, the total nominal amount of Repurchased Shares has increased to TRY23,582,838.00 (exact), together with those previously purchased except the scope of the "Share Repurchase Program". (As of 31 December 2020, total nominal amount of Repurchased Shares is TRY13,632,838 (exact)).

Share premiums/(discounts)

Share premiums/(discounts) represent the positive or negative differences resulting from the nominal value and sales value of public shares.

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Share premiums	163,724	163,724
Share discounts (-)	(128,565)	(128,565)
Total	35,159	35,159

Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves are reserved from the prior period profit due to legal or contractual obligations or for certain purposes other than the profit distribution (for example, to obtain the tax advantage of gain on sale of associates). Restricted reserves are in the scope of solo legal records in accordance with TCC and TPL.

General Statutory Legal Reserves are reserved in accordance with the article 519 of Turkish Commercial Code and used in accordance with the principles set out in this article. The afore-mentioned amounts should be classified in "Restricted Reserves" in accordance with the TAS.

The details of restricted reserves as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Restricted reserves	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Gain on sale of subsidiary's shares	503,925	476,597
General legal reserves	304,198	223,905
Venture capital investment fund	212,566	212,566
Total	1,020,689	913,068

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - EQUITY (Continued)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Losses that will not be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

The Company's investment property revaluation reserves and actuarial losses of defined benefit plans that aren't reclassified in accumulated other comprehensive income and expenses are summarized below:

i. Gain/(loss) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment

Real estates recognised as property, plant and equipment in prior periods, can be transferred to investment property due to changes in use. The Group has reclassified some of its properties as investment property and has chosen to account such investment properties at fair value.

ii. Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group. The Group recognised all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income. Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans amounting to TRY12,913 is accounted under shareholders' equity (31 December 2020: TRY12,913).

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Losses that will be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

i. Revaluation and reclassification gains (losses)

Financial assets revaluation reserves are calculated by accounting on net book values after reflecting deferred tax impact of unearned gains and losses composed of changes of fair values of assets held for sale. The amount of revaluation decreases of assets held for sale presented under equity in the statement of financial position is TRY9,781 in the current period (31 December 2020: TRY6,973 value decrease).

ii. Currency translation differences

Currency translation differences consist of currency translation differences of the Group's subsidiaries and joint ventures financial statements located out of Turkey using a measurement currency other than TRY and classified under equity. The increase in the currency translation difference reserve attributable to parent is TRY293,172 and the decrease amounting to TRY(1,412) is attributable to non-controlling interest (31 December 2020: Increase amounting to TRY252,873 is attributable to parent and decrease amounting to TRY545 is attributable to non-controlling interest).

Transactions with non-controlling shareholders

The Group sold Galata Wind's (a subsidiary) shares of TRY160,437,440 (exact) nominal value in full representing its fully paid-in capital by public offering. As the result of all transactions carried out in the period ending on 30 June 2021, 26.88% of Galata Wind's capital represents the portion traded in İstanbul stock exchange. Due to the fact that the above-mentioned transactions do not result in loss of control and are performed with non-controlling interest shareholders, these have been evaluated by the Group as the Group's transactions with the shareholders. Accordingly, the difference between the adjustment amount of non-controlling shares and amount received was recognised under the Group's equity.

The impact of the above-mentioned transactions on the Group's total equity is TRY733,397, including income from Çelik Halat share sale, and the attributable to equity holders of the parent company portion of the above-mentioned amount is TRY508,940, and the portion of TRY224,457 is attributable to non-controlling interests.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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NOTE 24 - EQUITY (Continued)

Capital Reserves and Retained Earnings

Subsequent to the first inflation adjusted financial statements, equity items such as; "Capital, Emission Premiums, General Statutory Legal Reserves, Statutory Reserves, Special Reserves and Extraordinary Reserves" are carried at carrying value in the statement of financial position and their adjusted values based on inflation are collectively presented in equity accounts group.

In accordance with the CMB regulations, "Issued capital", "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premiums" shall be carried at their statutory amounts. The valuation differences resulted due to the inflation adjustment shall be disclosed as follows:

- If the difference is due to the "Issued Capital" and not yet been transferred to capital, it should be classified under "Capital adjustment difference";
- If the difference is due to "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" and the amount has not been subject to dividend distribution or capital increase yet, it shall be classified under "Retained Earnings/(Losses)".

Other equity items are carried at the amounts valued in accordance with TAS.

Capital adjustment differences have no other use than to be included to the share capital.

Dividend Distribution

The Company decides to distribute dividend and makes dividend distribution in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), Capital Market Law ("CML"), Capital Market Board ("CMB") Regulations and Laws; Tax Legislations; other related statutory legislation and Articles of Association and Resolutions of General Assembly. Dividend distribution is determined by Dividend Distribution Policy.

On the other hand,

- a) Retained earnings derived from the repreparation of comparative financial statements based on the first time adoption of TAS,
- b) "Equity inflation adjustment differences" derived from resources that do not have any restriction regarding dividend distribution,
- c) Retained earnings derived from the first time inflation adjustment of financial statements, can be distributed to shareholders as cash dividends.

In addition, if the consolidated financial statements include the "Purchasing Impact on Equity" item under equity, the related item is not considered as a deductible or additional item when presenting net distributable profit for the period.

At the general shareholders meeting of the Company on 8 April 2021, the following legislation was considered: the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), capital market legislation and Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Regulations, corporate tax, income tax and other relevant legal legislation and the legislation relevant to the Main Agreement of the Company and the "Dividend Distribution Policy" and the relevant articles of the Dividend Distribution Policy disclosed to the public.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - EQUITY (Continued)

Dividend Distribution (Continued)

Under the "Communique on Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" (II-14.1) legislation of the CMB, the audited consolidated financial according statements 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020 that are prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Board (POA), for which the presentation principles have been determined as per the relevant resolutions of the CMB, when "Deferred Tax Expense", "Tax Expense for the Period" and "Non-controlling Interests" are considered together, a "Net Profit for the Period" amounting to TRY1,390,240,000 (exact) was observed. After the "General Legal Reserve" amounting to TRY40,464,707.57 (exact), "Gain on Sale of Associates" amounting to TRY34,247,798.44 (exact), "Venture Capital Fund" amounting to TRY84.000.000 (exact) and "Legal Reserves Reserved Within the Context of Repurchased Shares" amounting to TRY8,961,409.72 (exact) were deducted and "Donations" in 2020 amounting to TRY14,953,779.28 (exact) were added to the remaining amount, a "Net Distributable Period Profit" of TRY1,237,519,863.55 (exact) was calculated, which is in line with paragraph (1) of Article 519 of the TCC,

In the Legal Statutory Records ("Statutory Records") for the period 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020, kept as per tax legislation and prepared as per the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance, a "Net Period Profit" of TRY 927,541,949.77 (exact) was calculated; after the "General Legal Reserve" amounting to TRY40,464,707.57 (exact), "Gain on Sale of Associates" amounting to TRY34,247,798.44 (exact), "Venture Capital Fund" amounting to TRY84,000,000 (exact) and "Legal Reserves Reserved Within the Context of Repurchased Shares" amounting to TRY8,961,409.72 (exact) were deducted, a "Net Distributable Period Profit" amounting to TRY759,868,034.04 (exact) was observed which was calculated as per paragraph (1) of Article 519 of the TCC,

Statutory Records are taken as basis in dividend distribution for the period 1 January 2020- 31 December 2020,

Within this scope, it was understood that there is no need to allocate additional "General Legal Reserves" as per paragraph 4 of Article 519 of the TCC which is valid for "fraction" on the date of dividend distribution and in compliance with the rules of Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu A.Ş. ("MKK"), a "Cash" dividend of TRY180,000,000 (exact) ("gross") and TRY153,000,000 (exact) ("net"), which are equal 6.87826% gross and 5.84652% net of the "Issued Capital", shall be distributed on 30 April 2021 at the latest,

As per the CMB and POA regulations, after the above-mentioned legal and special reserves were allocated in the consolidated financial statements prepared in line with TAS and TFRS, non-distributed profit amounting to TRY1,042,566,084.27 (exact) was recognised under "Retained Earning/(Loss)", after the above-mentioned legal and special reserves regarding to Statutory Records were allocated non-distributed profit amounting to TRY579,868,034.04 (exact) was recognised under "Extraordinary Reserves,

The above matters were presented to the General Assembly and accepted via a majority vote. Dividend distribution transactions were started on 28 April 2021 and ended on 30 April 2021.

The CMB requires the disclosure of the total net profit in the statutory records and other resources which may be subject to distribution. As of the date of the statement of financial position, the gross amount of the Company's resources subject to dividend distribution based on the statutory records, excluding share premiums/discounts and current period profit is TRY3,963,778,116 (exact).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 -	REVENUE	AND COST OF SALES	
11() 112 43 -	· IXID A IDIACID	AND COST OF SALES	

Total

NOTE 25 - REVENUE AND CO	SI OF SALES			
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Domestic sales	6,269,690	3,545,696	4,409,145	2,038,663
Foreign sales	391,687	224,936	136,491	61,834
Sales return and discounts (-)	(119,303)	(69,404)	(91,346)	(46,788)
Net sales	6,542,074	3,701,228	4,454,290	2,053,709
Cost of sales (-)	(5,723,732)	(3,242,798)	(3,946,438)	(1,797,059)
Gross profit	818,342	458,430	507,852	256,650
Sales details of fuel retail segmen	t are presented below	; :		
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Fuel sales income	3,621,817	2,067,406	2,677,814	1,210,159
LPG sales income	575,707	310,497	530,507	217,403
Other	67,564	38,307	49,938	26,484
Total	4,265,088	2,416,210	3,258,259	1,454,046
Sales details of electricity product	ion segment are pres	ented below:		
	1 January -	1 April -	1 January -	1 April -
	30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
Electricity income	179,719	91,486	142,612	67,763
Total	179,719	91,486	142,612	67,763
Sales details of industry and trade	segment are present	ted below:		
	1 January -	1 April -	1 January -	1 April -
	30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
External trade income	434,319	185,834	302,389	150,699
Industrial income (1)	400,671	223,074	188,674	69,858
Packaging income (2)	324,872	185,304	-,	-
Other	14,242	10,454	10,698	6,810
			•	•

⁽¹⁾ A significant portion of the industrial income is related to Ditaş Doğan and Çelik Halat, the subsidiaries of the Group.

604,666

501,761

227,367

1,174,104

As the details of Sesa Ambalaj are explained in Note 3, the acquisition and transfer transactions were completed on 14 September 2020, and there was no packaging income between 1 January - 30 June 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Sales details of automotive trade and marketing segment are presented below:

	1 January 30 June 2021	1 April 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Vehicle sales income	411,166	303,685	187,940	121,627
Total	411,166	303,685	187,940	121,627

Sales details of financing and investment segment are presented below:

	1 January 30 June 2021	1 April 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Factoring income	102,698	55,483	66,662	29,358
Investment income	37,726	15,119	34,047	27,750
Management consultancy income	3,994	1,395	10,550	5,680
Financing income	3,371	1,171	4,266	1,929
Total	147,789	73,168	115,525	64,717

Sales details of internet and entertainment segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Advertisement income	225,029	127,399	117,867	57,360
Subscription income	22,578	11,868	12,460	5,620
Book and magazine sales (1)	16,903	16,903	· -	-
Music production income (2)	, -	· -	25,717	14,364
Other (3)	48,634	26,956	36,489	18,558
Total	313,144	183,126	192,533	95,902

As the details are explained in Note 3, it results from the sales of books and magazines by Doğan Egmont, a subsidiary of the Group acquired as of 26 April 2021.

Sales details of real estate investments segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Real estate management income	29,990	18,945	24,411	10,489
Rent income (4)	20,842	9,827	31,000	11,697
Other	232	115	249	101
Total	51,064	28,887	55,660	22,287

⁽⁴⁾ It is related to Trump Office and Shopping Center rental income of D Gayrimenkul, a subsidiary of the Group.

As the details are explained in Note 31, the music production income of DMC and NetD Müzik did not occur between 1 January - 30 June 2021 due to the majority shares of DMC and NetD Music have been sold.

⁽³⁾ Consists of Kanal D Romanya's satellite and transmitter service revenues.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Details of the cost of sales for the interim periods ended at 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Eval metail	(4.050.240)	(2.201.402)	(2.126.727)	(1 205 140)
Fuel retail	(4,059,249)	(2,301,403)	(3,136,737)	(1,395,140)
Electricity production	(65,379)	(34,401)	(41,944)	(20,954)
Industry and trade	(972,890)	(489,389)	(438,184)	(196,944)
Automotive trade and marketing	(354,583)	(262,701)	(158,378)	(105,138)
Financing and investment	(70,846)	(38,220)	(43,922)	(19,476)
Internet and entertainment	(170,890)	(99,633)	(98,380)	(47,148)
Real estate investments	(29,895)	(17,051)	(28,893)	(12,259)
Total	(5,723,732)	(3,242,798)	(3,946,438)	(1,797,059)

Details of the cost of sales of fuel retail segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Fuel and LPG sales cost	(4,006,981)	(2,272,748)	(3,097,259)	(1,374,811)
Other	(52,268)	(28,655)	(39,478)	(20,329)
Total	(4,059,249)	(2,301,403)	(3,136,737)	(1,395,140)

Details of the cost of sales of electricity production segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Amortization and depreciation (1)	(31,951)	(16,709)	(17,944)	(8,709)
General production expenses	(25,676)	(13,699)	(19,967)	(10,351)
Other	(7,752)	(3,993)	(4,033)	(1,894)
Total	(65,379)	(34,401)	(41,944)	(20,954)

There was an increase due to the Taşpınar power plant investment of Galata Wind, a subsidiary of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales details of industry and trade segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Cost of trade goods sold	(410,286)	(174,788)	(270,483)	(133,883)
Raw material cost	(402,121)	(223,935)	(109,352)	(36,061)
General production expenses	(67,971)	(44,244)	(18,466)	(7,418)
Personnel expenses	(64,382)	(34,321)	(27,638)	(13,063)
Amortization and depreciation	(15,083)	(6,278)	(8,306)	(4,364)
Other	(13,047)	(5,823)	(3,939)	(2,155)
Total (1)	(972,890)	(489,389)	(438,184)	(196,944)

A significant portion of the increase is due to the increase in the sales volume of Çelik Halat and Ditaş Doğan and as the details are explained in Note 3, it is related to the acquisition of Sesa Ambalaj.

Cost of sales details of automotive trade and marketing segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Cost of trade goods sold	(354,583)	(262,701)	(158,378)	(105,138)
Total	(354,583)	(262,701)	(158,378)	(105,138)
Cost of sales details of financing	ng and investment segme	nt are presente	d below:	
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Cost of services sold	(70,846)	(38,220)	(43,922)	(19,476)
Total	(70,846)	(38,220)	(43,922)	(19,476)
Cost of sales details of internet	and entertainment segm	ent are present	ed below:	
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020

(76,487)

(34,530)

(31,588)

(28,285)

(170,890)

(44,744)

(18,678)

(19,401)

(16,810)

(99,633)

(19,401)

(27,772)

(19,700)

(31,507)

(98,380)

(2,956)

(13,303)

(11,203)

(19,686)

(47,148)

Programme production costs (2)

Amortization and depreciation

Personnel expenses

Other

Total

⁽²⁾ The cost of sales increased due to the increase in the programme production costs of Kanal D Romanya.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales details of real estate investments segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Cost of goods and services sold	(29,895)	(17,051)	(28,893)	(12,259)
Total	(29,895)	(17,051)	(28,893)	(12,259)

NOTE 26 - MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
General administrative expenses Marketing expenses	(183,450) (283,816)	(100,030) (159,135)	(120,121) (206,109)	(57,861) (95,104)
Operating expenses	(467,266)	(259,165)	(326,230)	(152,965)
Marketing expenses:	1 Ionnow	1 Annil	1 Ianuaw	1 Annil
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Amortization and depreciation	(80,290)	(40,828)	(59,708)	(30,440)
Personnel expenses	(66,912)	(36,096)	(50,005)	(23,389)
Transportation, storage		, , ,	` , ,	, , ,
and travel expenses	(47,965)	(29,301)	(24,318)	(11,214)
Advertisement expenses	(44,300)	(30,113)	(23,908)	(8,048)
Outsourced service expenses	(8,308)	(4,721)	(5,277)	(2,634)
Consulting expenses	(7,533)	(3,838)	(2,771)	(980)
Royalty expenses (1)	(19)	(3)	(22,904)	(12,481)
Other	(28,489)	(14,235)	(17,218)	(5,918)
Total	(283,816)	(159,135)	(206,109)	(95,104)

As the details are explained in Note 31, a significant portion of the decrease is related to discontinued operations of Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. ve NetD Müzik Video Dijital Platform ve Ticaret A.Ş..

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 - MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Continued)

General administrative expenses:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Personnel expenses	(108,714)	(60,065)	(71,329)	(35,060)
Consulting expenses	(20,979)	(12,397)	(9,576)	(4,566)
Amortization and depreciation	(10,416)	(5,168)	(10,690)	(4,865)
Outsourced service expenses	(8,658)	(4,461)	(6,048)	(2,951)
Various taxes	(3,654)	(1,403)	(1,937)	(616)
Transportation, storage and	. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	, ,
travel expenses	(2,162)	(1,182)	(1,494)	(417)
Other	(28,867)	(15,354)	(19,047)	(9,386)
Total	(183,450)	(100,030)	(120,121)	(57,861)

NOTE 27 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses are presented functionally for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 and the details are given in Note 25 and Note 26.

NOTE 28 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Other income from operating activities

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Foreign exchange gains/losses, net	307,690	108,016	397,721	155,989
Interest income on bank deposit	72,396	28,710	29,928	15,162
Finance income due from				
sales with maturity	37,304	23,415	20,816	7,807
Unrecognized provisions	3,925	752	4,286	915
Other	41,234	13,991	25,983	11,448
Total	462,549	174,884	478,734	191,321

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Other expenses from operating activities

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Foreign exchange gains/losses, net	(75,787)	(6,588)	(16,072)	(10,675)
Finance expense due to	· / /	,	, , ,	, , ,
purchases with maturity	(33,088)	(22,169)	(12,292)	(3,985)
Provision for doubtful	, , ,		, , ,	, , ,
receivables (Note 9)	(4,552)	(1,011)	(7,546)	(3,930)
Provision for lawsuits (Note 18)	(3,048)	(2,503)	(3,280)	(216)
Donations and grants	(509)	(53)	(6,284)	(6,081)
Other	(35,134)	(19,378)	(8,917)	(3,063)
Total	(152,118)	(51,702)	(54,391)	(27,950)

NOTE 29 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

Income from investment activities

1	January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Foreign exchange gains/losses, net	351,091	116,741	259,773	101,364
Interest income on marketable securities Earnings obtained as a result of	63,049	29,202	32,712	6,984
the negotiated purchase (Note 3) Income from sales of tangible	24,177	24,177	-	-
and intangible assets	15,028	12,262	14,214	2,363
Income from sale of marketable securities		11,847	-	-,5 55
Total	466,993	194,229	306,699	110,711
Expenses from investment activities				
1	January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Impairment on fair value				
of joint ventures (Note 4)	(11,067)	(11,067)	-	-
Loss on sales of property, plant and equipment	(339)	(82)	(224)	(35)
Loss on sale of marketable securities	· -	· -	(19,880)	(11,323)
Other	(250)	(55)	(223)	-
Total	(11,656)	(11,204)	(20,327)	(11,358)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

Finance expenses

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Interest expense on bank borrowings	(133,432)	(65,396)	(92,964)	(42,831)
Foreign exchange losses/gains, net	(132,169)	(63,651)	(66,898)	(30,789)
Interest expense related to				
lease borrowings	(23,287)	(11,709)	(15,599)	(8,986)
Bank commission expenses	(13,880)	(2,727)	(7,638)	(1,741)
Other	(33)	(33)	(108)	(78)
Total	(302,801)	(143,516)	(183,207)	(84,425)

NOTE 31 - ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Assets Classified as Held for Sale:

As of 30 June 2021, non-current assets classified as held for sale amounting to TRY2,715 consists of real estates that Doruk Faktoring and Doruk Finansman assured in return for the receivables which could not be collected. (31 December 2020: TRY1,590).

Discontinued Operations:

With the Board of Directors decision dated 16 April 2020, the Group decided to sell the 60% of the shares representing the capital of Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. and NetD Müzik Video Dijital Platform ve Ticaret A.Ş., subsidiaries of the Group operating in music and entertainment segment, to Believe International, and the sales process was completed on 21 July 2020 at a price of USD23,400 (equivalent of TRY160,145). The amount of the sale was collected in cash.

This transaction is regarded as an event that does not require adjustment by taking into account TMS 10 "Events After the Reporting Period" as of 30 June 2020, and accordingly the anticipated classifications as per the TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" standard were not applied in the consolidated profit or loss statement for the accounting period ending 30 June 2021. Additionally, these companies were recognised using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements prepared as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 (Note 4).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - INCOME TAXES

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis for all the subsidiaries consolidated on a line-by-line basis.

Corporate tax

Corporate tax liabilities as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Provision for current income tax Prepaid corporate taxes	111,002 (62,734)	269,028 (245,866)
Taxes payable for the period	48,268	23,162
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Corporate and income taxes payable Deferred tax (asset)/liabilities, net	48,268 159,647	23,162 163,059
Total taxes	207,915	186,221

Turkey

Corporate tax is payable on the total income of the Group after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, corporate income tax exemptions (exemption for participation in subsidiaries, etc.) and corporate income tax deductions (such as research and development expenditures deduction). No further tax is payable unless there is dividend distribution.

Companies calculate corporate tax quarterly at the rate determined by the Corporate Tax Law and these amounts are disclosed by the end of 14th day and paid by the end of the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter-end. Advance taxes paid in the period are offset against the following period's corporate tax liability. If there is an outstanding advance tax balance as a result of offsetting, the related amount may either be refunded in cash or used to offset against for other payables to the government.

With the adjustment on Corporate Income Tax Law, which became effective after its promulgation in Official Gazette no. 31462 dated 22 April 2021, corporate income tax rate in Turkey is 25% as of 30 June 2021 (2020: 22%). Accordingly, in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries resident in Turkey for the Group's consolidated financial statements dated 30 June 2021, the tax rate was applied as 25% for the portion of the relevant temporary differences actualising as of 2022, and 20% for the portions actualising as of 2023.

According to, Amendments in Tax Procedural Law, Income Tax Law and Corporate Tax Law ("Law No. 5024") published in the Official Gazette on 30 December 2003 and the income or corporations taxpayers whose determine their profits on the basis of the statement of financial position, the financial statements are subject to inflation adjustment starting from 1 January 2004. The merger premiums which occurred as a result of the related subsidiary mergers, were classified as an equalizing account, which is neither an asset nor a liability, by the Group, in its financial statements and applied an inflation adjustment for the calculation of the corporate tax in 2004, due to the related regulations and Tax Procedural Law, titled "Inflation Adjustment Application" with number 17 and dated 24 March 2005.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Corporate tax (Continued)

Turkey (Continued)

In accordance with the related law, the cumulative inflation of last 36 months inflation rate (PPI) must exceed 100% and the inflation rate (PPI) of last 12 months must exceed 10% in order to adjust inflation. There has not been any inflation adjustment after 2005 due to the absence of conditions required.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns by the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

Tax authorities can review accounting records within five years and if they determine any errors on the accounting records, tax payable can be reassessed as a result of another tax assessment.

Under the Turkish tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years.

There are numerous exemptions in the Corporate Tax Law concerning the corporations. The exemptions that are related to the Group are as follows:

Exemption for participation in subsidiaries

Dividend income from participation in shares of capital of another fully fledged taxpayer corporation (except for dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment partnerships shares) are exempt from corporate tax. As of 30 June 2021, obtained the gain on sale of associates regarding as the public offering of Galata Wind shares is included in the taxable income in the 2nd period within the scope of Article 5/1-e of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520.

Issued premiums exemption

Gains from issued premiums derived from the disposal of sales at nominal values during incorporations and the capital increase of joint stock companies are exempt from corporate tax.

Exemption for participation into foreign subsidiaries

For companies participating in 10% or more of the capital of a non-resident limited liability or joint stock company, (except for those whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment property) for at least one year until the date of the income is generated and transferred to Turkey until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax subject to those subsidiaries being subject to corporate income tax, or alike, in their country of legal residence or business center at the rate of at least 15% (minimum corporate income tax applicable in Turkey for those whose principal activity is finance assurance or insurance).

Exemption for sale of participation shares and property

75% of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and 50% of the gains derived from the sale of real estate property which have remained in assets for more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. The relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in liabilities for at least five years to gain the right to use the exemption. The amount of the sale should be collected until the end of the second calendar year following the year of the sale.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Corporate tax (Continued)

The tax rates at 30 June 2021 applicable in the foreign countries, where the significant part of the Group's operations are performed, are as follows:

Country	Tax rates (%)
USA	10.5
Romania	16.0
England	19.0
Netherlands	25.0

Deferred tax

The Group recognises deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements as reported under the POA's Financial Reporting Standards. The temporary differences arise due to accounting treatments made in different reporting periods based on the applicable tax laws and the transfer of financial losses.

Deferred taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realized or settled based on the taxable income in coming years under the liability method using tax rates enacted at the statement of financial position dates which are disclosed in the table and explanations above.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in net in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, since they are presented in net in the financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are each individual tax payers. Temporary differences, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at the table below are presented based on gross amounts.

The composition of cumulative temporary differences and the related deferred tax assets and liabilities in respect of items for which deferred tax has been provided at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 using the enacted tax rates are as follows:

	Cumulative temporary differences			rred tax (liabilities)
	30 June 2021 31	December 2020	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Deductible tax losses	257,169	297,715	55,803	59,543
Provision for employment termination and unused				
vacation benefits	94,153	79,638	20,309	15,928
Deferred financial income of			•	·
trade receivables	8,973	5,665	2,243	1,133
Provision for doubtful receivables	33,980	37,640	8,495	7,528
Other	28,096	95,870	7,024	19,174
Deferred tax assets	422,371	516,528	93,874	103,306
Net differences between the				
tax and registered value of property, plant and equipment,				
inventories and intangible assets	(949,490)	(1,013,710)	(189,898)	(202,742)
Net differences between the	()4),4)0)	(1,013,710)	(107,070)	(202,742)
fair values of investment properties				
and values of taxation	(391,399)	(391,399)	(63,623)	(63,623)
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,340,889)	(1,405,109)	(253,521)	(266,365)
Deferred tax assets/				
(liabilities), net			(159,647)	(163,059)

Conclusions of netting has been reflected to consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, since Doğan Holding, subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are separate taxpayer companies, have booked their deferred tax assets and liabilities by netting in their financial statements that were prepared in accordance with the TAS. Temporary differences and deferred tax assets and liabilities shown above have been prepared on the basis of gross values.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

The Group recognized deferred tax assets over TRY257,169 of carry forward tax losses in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the TAS as of 30 June 2021 (31 December 2020: TRY297,715). As of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020, the maturity analysis of carry forward tax losses is as follows:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
2022 and after	(257,169)	(297,715)
	(257,169)	(297,715)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Movements for net deferred taxes for the interim periods as of 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	2021	2020
1 January	(163,059)	(31,089)
Current period income (expense)	(199)	19,215
Currency translation differences	432	(1,396)
Tax recognized under equity	1,400	1,572
Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 3)	1,779	<u>-</u>
30 June	(159,647)	(11,698)

The taxes on income reflected to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are summarized below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Tax expense for the period	(111,002)	(87,042)	(149,971)	(60,505)
Deferred tax income/(expense)	(199)	(965)	19,215	32,878
Total tax (expense)/income	(111,201)	(88,007)	(130,756)	(27,627)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 32 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

The reconciliation of the taxation on income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the interim periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 and the tax calculated at the corporate tax rate based on the income before minority interests and taxation on income are as follows:

before inmority interests and distance on meonic are as follows.	2021	2020
Income/(Loss) before tax and non-controlling interests	805,912	693,087
Current period tax income/(expense) calculated at 25%		
effective tax rate (2020:22%)	(201,478)	(152,479)
Effect of carryforward tax losses not subject to deferred tax asset	(4,684)	(4,476)
Effect of investments accounted for by the equity method	(2,033)	(3,529)
Effect of expenses non- deductible/not subject to tax	(6,011)	(3,600)
Effect of change in statutory tax rate on deferred tax	8,463	(4,996)
Discount and exceptions	8,942	17,644
Incomes not subject to tax	23,848	26,668
Current period portion of prior period carry forward tax losses		
used not subject to deferred tax calculation	109,752	-
Adjustments not subject to deferred tax calculation	(44,682)	-
Other	(3,318)	(5,988)
30 June	(111,201)	(130,756)

NOTE 33 - EARNING/LOSS PER SHARE

Gain/(loss) per share for each class of shares is disclosed below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Net profit/(loss) for the period attributable to equity holders				
of the Parent Company	631,118	218,114	589,049	268,287
Weighted average number of shares				
with face value of TRY1 each (1)	2,598,993	2,598,993	2,605,398	2,605,398
Earnings/(loss) per share	0.243	0.084	0.226	0.103

⁽¹⁾ As explained in detail in Note 24, repurchased shares are excluded.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As of the statement of financial position date, due from and to related parties and related party transactions for the interim periods ending 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 are disclosed below:

i) Balances with related parties

Short term trade receivables from related parties

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
D Market Elektronik Hizmetler ve		
Ticaret A.Ş. ("D Market") (1) (2)	2,208	422
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve		
Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda") (1) (3) (4)	1,238	1,997
Gümüştaş Madencilik ve Ticaret		
A.Ş. ("Gümüştaş") (1) (5) (6)	773	949
Ortadoğu Otomotiv Ticaret A.Ş.		
("Ortadoğu Otomotiv") (6) (7)	471	302
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve		
Ticaret A.Ş. ("Dergi Pazarlama") (3) (4)	23	137
Deney Kent Eğitim Hizmetleri A.Ş.		
("Deney Kent") (1)	3	146
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve		
Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont") (1) (3) (4) (8)	-	527
Other	320	329
Total	5,036	4,809

⁽¹⁾ Receivables related to rent service sales of the Group.

Short term trade payables to related parties

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (1)	868	122
D Market (2)	703	1,537
Doğan Burda (3)	3	-
Other	31	67
Total	1,605	1,726

⁽¹⁾ Payables related to rent service purchases of the Group.

⁽²⁾ Receivables related to trade good sales of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Receivables related to the Group's financial, legal, information processing and other areas of service sales.

⁽⁴⁾ Receivables related to raw material sales of the Group.

⁽⁵⁾ Receivables related to fuel oil sales of the Group.

⁽⁶⁾ Receivables related to operating cost chargeout of the Group.

⁽⁷⁾ Receivables related to primarily stock materials sales of the Group.

⁽⁸⁾ Doğan Egmont is a subsidiary of the Group as of 26 April 2021. (Note 3)

⁽²⁾ Mostly comprises of purchases of stationery consumables, small fixtures and gift certificates of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Comprises of the magazine purchases of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

i) Balances with related parties: (Continued)

Short-term portion of long-term lease payables to related parties

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Aydın Doğan Vakfı	3,634	3,330
Ortadoğu Otomotiv	590	2,512
Other	13	13
Total	4,237	5,855
Long-term lease payables to related parties		
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Aydın Doğan Vakfı	12,109	13,771
Ortadoğu Otomotiv	· -	372
Other	11	
	11	5

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) <u>Transactions with related parties:</u>

Product and service purchases from related parties

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (1)	5,629	3,105	5,170	2,028
D-Market (2)	1,860	984	1,031	760
Doğan Burda (3)	1,307	417	831	418
Other	884	529	701	402
Total	9,680	5,035	7,733	3,608

⁽¹⁾ Comprises of the lease services purchases of the Group.

Product and service sales to related parties

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
D-Market (1) (5)	33,241	15,284	24,647	12,235
Doğan Burda (1) (3) (5)	6,851	3,445	6,400	2,798
Gümüştaş Madencilik (2) (4) (5)	4,527	2,251	4,416	2,549
Doğan Egmont (1) (3) (4) (5)	4,387	-	5,297	2,608
D Elektronik (5)	1,492	789	1,961	1,019
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (2) (6)	1,295	577	4,837	1,554
Other	2,993	1,567	3,402	1,417
Total	54,786	23,913	50,960	24,180

⁽¹⁾ The balance consists of raw material and trade goods sales of the Group.

⁽²⁾ Comprises of mainly stationery supplies, small fixtures and gift vouchers purchase of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Comprises of the magazine purchases of the Group.

The balance consists of receivables related to operating cost reflection of the Group.

The balance consists financial, legal, data processing and other consultancy services sales of the Group.

The balance consists of fuel oil sales of the Group.

The balance consists of the Group's sales of lease services.

⁽⁶⁾ The balance consists of vehicle, inventory and small fixtures sales of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and key management personnel:

Group determined member of the Board of Director's, Consultant of the Board, Members of the Executive Board and Vice President's, Chief Legal Counsel and Director's as Key Management Personnel. The compensation of board members and key management personnel includes salaries, bonus, health insurance, communication and transportation benefits and total amount of compensation is explained below:

	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 April - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2020
Salaries and other short-term benefits	12,221	6,758	8,548	4,342
Total	12,221	6,758	8,548	4,342

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; these risks are credit risk, market risk including the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses derivative financial instruments in a limited manner to hedge these exposures.

Financial risk management is carried out by individual subsidiaries and joint ventures under the policies, which are approved by their Board of Directors within the limits of general principles set out by the Group.

a) Market risk

a.1) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through the impact of rate changes on the translation of foreign currency liabilities to local currency. These risks are monitored and limited by analyzing foreign currency position. TRY equivalents of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 before consolidation adjustments and reclassifications are as follows:

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily from the USD and EUR, the other currencies have no material impact.

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Foreign currency assets	4,867,465	3,475,705
Foreign currency liabilities	(1,683,215)	(693,497)
Net foreign currency position	3,184,250	2,782,208

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis of foreign currency risk as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 and foreign currency denominated asset and liability balances are summarized below. The recorded amounts of foreign currency assets and liabilities held by the Group are as follows, in terms of foreign currency:

30 June 2021	TRY Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade Receivables	309,270	10,690	18,682	22,582
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	307,270	10,070	10,002	22,302
(Cash, banks included)	1,912,627	138,643	65,814	23,583
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	2,641,972	196,100	85,211	51,713
3. Other	3,596	406	6	51,715
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	4,867,465	345,839	169,713	97,878
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	_	_	_	_
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	_	_	_	_
7. Other	_	_	_	_
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	_	_	_	_
9. Total Assets (4+8)	4,867,465	345,839	169,713	97,878
10. Trade Payables	762,708	62,149	21,163	2,345
11. Financial Liabilities	269,400	19,770	9,388	_,
12a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	_
12b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	_	_	_
13. Short Term Liabilities (10+11+12)	1,032,108	81,919	30,551	2,345
14. Trade Payables	-	, -	-	_
15. Financial Liabilities	651,107	16,253	49,170	-
16a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	, -	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	_	-
17. Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	651,107	16,253	49,170	-
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	1,683,215	98,172	79,721	2,345
19. Net Asset/(Liability) Position Of	, ,	ŕ	,	ŕ
Off Statement of Financial Position				
Derivative Instruments (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-
19a. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	-	-	-	-
19b. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset/(Liability)				
Position (9-18+19)	3,184,250	247,667	89,992	95,533
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/(Liability)				
Position of Monetary Items				
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	538,682	51,161	4,775	43,820

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (``TRY")\ unless\ otherwise\ indicated.\ Currencies\ other\ than\ TRY,\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ unless\ otherwise\ indicated.)$

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

31 December 2020	TRY Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade Receivables	149,713	5,792	10,408	13,443
2a. Monetary Financial Assets				
(Cash, banks included)	1,714,286	178,230	43,041	18,280
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	1,605,900	197,217	14,256	29,812
3. Other	5,805	233	380	672
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	3,475,705	381,472	68,085	62,207
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
7. Other	-	-	-	-
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	·	-	<u>-</u>	-
9. Total Assets (4+8)	3,475,705	381,472	68,085	62,207
10. Trade Payables	355,976	34,228	11,623	27
11. Financial Liabilities	82,822	2,270	7,344	-
12a. Other Monetary Liabilities	1,458	109	73	-
12b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Short Term Liabilities (10+11+12)	440,256	36,607	19,040	27
14. Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial Liabilities	253,241	2,736	25,884	-
16a. Other Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	253,241	2,736	25,884	-
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	693,497	39,343	44,924	27
19. Net Asset/(Liability) Position Of				
Off Statement of Financial Position				
Derivative Instruments (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-
19a. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	-	-	-	-
19b. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	· -	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset/(Liability)				
Position (9-18+19)	2,782,208	342,129	23,161	62,180
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/(Liability)				
Position of Monetary Items				
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	1,170,503	144,679	8,525	31,696

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

30 June 2021	Income/(Loss)			
	Foreign currency appreciates	Foreign currency depreciates		
If the USD had changed by 20% against the TRY				
1- USD net assets)/(liabilities) 2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	431,198	(431,198)		
3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2)	431,198	(431,198)		
If the EUR had changed by 20% against the TRY				
4- EUR net assets)/(liabilities) 5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	186,544 -	(186,544)		
6- EUR net effect on income/(loss) (4+5)	186,544	(186,544)		
If the other currencies had changed by 20% against the TRY				
7- Other currency net assets)/(liabilities) 8- Hedging amount of other currency (-)	19,107	(19,107)		
9- Other currency net effect on (loss)/income (7+8)	19,107	(19,107)		
TOTAL (3+6+9)	636,849	(636,849)		
31 December 2020	Income/(Loss)			
If the USD had abanced by 200/ against the TDV	Foreign currency appreciates	Foreign currency depreciates		
If the USD had changed by 20% against the TRY				
		.=====.		
1- USD net assets)/(liabilities) 2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	502,280	(502,280)		
	502,280 - 502,280	(502,280)		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	· -	<u>-</u>		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-) 3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2)	· -	<u>-</u>		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-) 3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2) If the EUR had changed by 20% against the TRY 4- EUR net assets)/(liabilities)	502,280	(502,280)		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-) 3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2) If the EUR had changed by 20% against the TRY 4- EUR net assets)/(liabilities) 5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	502,280 41,726	(502,280)		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-) 3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2) If the EUR had changed by 20% against the TRY 4- EUR net assets)/(liabilities) 5- Hedging amount of EUR (-) 6- EUR net effect on (loss)/income (4+5)	502,280 41,726	(502,280)		
2- Hedging amount of USD (-) 3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2) If the EUR had changed by 20% against the TRY 4- EUR net assets)/(liabilities) 5- Hedging amount of EUR (-) 6- EUR net effect on (loss)/income (4+5) If the other currencies had changed by 20% against the TRY 7- Other currency net assets)/(liabilities)	502,280 41,726 - 41,726	(502,280) (41,726) (41,726)		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk

Other operating segments are exposed to interest rate risk because of financial liabilities of these segments. Financial obligations in this segment are mainly composed of floating rate borrowings.

As of 30 June 2021, there is no floating interest rate loan in US Dollars (31 December 2020: None).

As of 30 June 2021 if interest rates on Euro denominated borrowings had been higher/lower by 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, profit before income taxes would have been TRY3,182 (31 December 2020: TRY1,028) higher/lower, mainly as a result of additional interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

The table presenting Group's fixed and floating rate financial instruments is shown below:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Financial instruments with fixed rate		
Financial assets		
- Banks (Note 6)	1,903,422	2,338,267
- Financial investments (Note 7)	3,104,777	2,424,023
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	3,256,857	2,795,505
Financial instruments with floating rate		
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	318,197	102,756

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The average annual interest rates (%) of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

	30 June 2021			31 December 2020		
	USD	EUR	TRY	USD	EUR	TRY
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	0.05 - 5.05	0.03 - 3.20	14.00 - 18.50	0.05 - 3.60	2.20 - 3.10	13.57 - 17.75
Financial investments	0.12 - 13.87	3.10 - 5.20	22.00	2.50 - 13.87	2.37 - 5.20	-
Liabilities						
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	1.23 - 12.41	0.65 - 4.65	3.60 - 26.15	5.45 - 12.41	0.60 - 4.65	3.60 - 26.15

The distribution of interest rate sensitivity regarding the remaining period for repricing of financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

30 June 2021	Up to 1 vear	1 year- 5 years	Over 5 years	Free of Interest	Total
30 June 2021	1 ycai	3 years	years	Interest	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	1,903,422	_	_	1,692,233	3,595,655
Financial investments (Note 7)	3,104,777	-	-	<u> </u>	3,104,777
Total	5,008,199	-	-	1,692,233	6,700,432
Chart and long town					
Short and long term financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	2,275,276	1,119,063	180,715	-	3,575,054
Total	2,275,276	1,119,063	180,715	-	3,575,054
	Up to	1 year-	Over 5	Free of	
31 December 2020	1 year	5 years	years	Interest	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	2,338,267	-	_	567,680	2,905,947
Financial investments (Note 7)	2,424,023	-	-	· •	2,424,023
Total	4,762,290	-	-	567,680	5,329,970
Short and long term					
financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	1,837,220	1,016,873	44,172	-	2,898,265
Total	1,837,220	1,016,873	44,172	_	2,898,265

Bank borrowings and financial leasing amounts are included in the distribution of interest rate sensitivity regarding the remaining time to repricing of financial borrowings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk

Credit risk involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements. These risks are monitored by credit ratings and by setting credit limits to individual counterparties. The credit risk is generally highly diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the customer bases and their dispersion across many different industries.

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 30 June 2021 is as follows:

	Trade receivables		Other receivables		Cash on
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	deposit
Maximum net credit risk as of					
the reporting date	5,036	2,314,925	-	38,282	3,593,537
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee					
with collateral	-	1,610,060	-	-	-
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired					
financial assets	1,941	2,147,901	-	38,282	3,593,537
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	1,514,372	-	-	-
B. Book value of restructured otherwise					
accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of past due					
but not impaired assets (Note 9)	3,095	167,024	-	-	-
- Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	-	95,688	-	-	-
D. Impaired asset net book value					
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19)	-	122,615	-	-	-
- Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19)	-	(122,615)	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed	-	- -	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk (Continued)

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 31 December 2020 is as follows:

	Trade rec	Trade receivables		vables	Cash on	
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	deposit	
Maximum net credit risk as of						
the reporting date	4,809	1,810,019	-	33,669	2,903,415	
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee						
with collateral	-	1,381,760	-	-	-	
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired						
financial assets	4,809	1,707,025	-	33,669	2,903,415	
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	1,316,609	-	-	-	
B. Book value of restructured otherwise						
accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	
C. Net book value of past due						
but not impaired assets (Note 9)	-	102,994	-	-	_	
- Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	-	65,151	-	-	-	
D. Impaired asset net book value	-	-	-	-	-	
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19)	-	115,951	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19)	-	(115,951)	-	-	-	
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed	-	-	-	-	-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk (Continued)

The aging of the receivables of the Group, which are past due but not impaired including related party balances by taking into consideration past due dates are as follows:

_	30 June 2021		31 Decei	nber 2020
	Related party	Other receivables	Related party	Other receivables
Maturity				
1-30 days overdue	2,985	71,442	-	39,637
1-3 months overdue	101	44,636	-	12,545
3-12 months overdue	9	10,356	-	15,657
1-5 years overdue	-	34,979	-	35,067
More than 5 years overdue		5,611	-	88
Total	3,095	167,024	-	102,994

	30 June 2021			31 D		
			Expected			Expected
	Trade	Credit	credit loss	Trade	Credit	credit
	receivables	loss ratio	(1)	receivables	loss ratio	loss (1)
Not overdue	862	4.01%	35	1,163	2.86%	33
1 - 30 days overdue	472	5.69%	27	477	5.80%	28
1 - 3 months overdue	354	6.26%	22	899	6.79%	61
3 - 12 months overdue	1,329	8.20%	109	443	9.52%	42
More than 1 year						
overdue	94	12.90%	12	1,925	18.63%	359
Total	3,111	•	205	4,907	•	523

The balance consists of trade receivables of the companies for which the credit loss is calculated.

c) Liquidity risk

Conservative liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group aims maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

As of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the agreement maturities are as follows:

	Book	Contractual undiscounted	Less than	3-12	1-5	Over 5
30 June 2021	value	cash flow	3 months	months	years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short term and long term						
financial liabilities (Note 8)	3,280,559	3,855,365	1,700,972	907,164	1,030,099	217,130
Lease payables (Note 8)	294,495	400,212	11,609	49,550	173,620	165,433
Trade payables to non-related parties (Note 9)	1,254,128	1,255,690	1,240,126	15,564	-	-
Other payables to non-related parties (Note 10)	77,739	77,739	76,500	1,239	_	_
Trade payables to related parties (Note 34)	1,605	1,605	1,605	-	_	-
Payables related to	*	*	, in the second			
employee benefits (Note 23)	21,251	21,251	-	21,251	_	_
Deferred income (Note 21)	75,935	75,935	58,345	, <u> </u>	17,590	_
Other short-term provisions (Note 18)	29,354	29,354	29,354	-	<u> </u>	-
Total	5,035,066	5,717,151	3,118,511	994,768	1,221,309	382,563
		Contractual				
	Book	undiscounted	Less than	3-12	1-5	Over 5
31 December 2020	value	cash flow	3 months	months	vears	vears
						•
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short term and long term						
financial liabilities (Note 8)	2,686,821	3,025,031	1,039,677	1,348,393	592,200	44,761
Lease payables (Note 8)	211,440	361,046	13,131	55,911	125,428	166,576
Trade payables to non-related parties (Note 9)	714,181	715,492	707,364	8,128	-	-
Other payables to non-related parties (Note 10)	160,902	160,902	150,449	1,612	8,841	-
Trade payables to related parties (Note 34)	1,726	1,726	1,726	-	-	-
Payables related to						
employee benefits (Note 23)	31,019	31,019	-	31,019	-	-
Deferred income (Note 21)	55,289	55,289	43,219	-	12,070	-
Other short-term provisions (Note 18)	16,826	16,826	16,826	-	-	
Total	3,878,204	4,367,331	1,972,392	1,445,063	738,539	211,337

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

d) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments are determined by the Group, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies for each segment of the Group. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realize in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions are used in the estimation of the fair value of the financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

Monetary assets

The fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at the period end exchange rates, are considered to approximate carrying value.

The fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost, including fair values of cash and due from banks are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and immateriality of losses on collectibility. The fair value of investment securities has been estimated based on the market prices at the statement of financial position dates.

Trade receivables are disclosed at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and the carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for collectability are estimated to be at their fair values.

Monetary liabilities

The fair value of bank borrowings and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Long-term borrowings, which are principally at variable rates, and denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at the period-end exchange rates and accordingly, their fair values approximate their carrying values.

Trade payables are disclosed at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and accordingly their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

e) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net liability/total equity ratio. Net liability is calculated as the total liability less cash and cash equivalents, derivative instruments and tax liabilities. Total equity is calculated as the total of net liability and the equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

e) Capital risk management (Continued)

The net liability/total equity ratio as of 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 is summarized below:

	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Total liability (1)	5,164,129	3,975,966
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	(3,595,655)	(2,905,947)
Net liabilities	1,568,474	1,070,019
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	9,658,202	8,439,989
Total equity	11,226,676	9,510,008
Net liability/Total equity ratio	%14	11%

The amounts are calculated by deducting income tax payable, derivative financial instruments and deferred tax liability accounts from total liability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 36 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- First Level: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices.
- Second Level: The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on prices from observable current market transactions.
- Third Level: The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with the unobservable current market data.

Based on the fair value hierarchy, the Group's financial assets and liabilities are categorized as follows:

		Fair value level as of reporting date			
Financial assets	30 June 2021	Level 1 TRY	Level 2 TRY	Level 3 TRY	
Derivative instruments					
held for sale at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 22)	22,436	-	22,436	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets					
held at fair value					
through other comprehensive					
income statement (Note 7)	231,895	-	231,895	-	
Bonds, bills and stocks (Note 7)	3,104,777	3,104,777	-	-	
Total	3,359,108	3,104,777	254,331	-	
Financial liabilities					
Derivative instruments					
held for sale at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 22)	59,698			59,698	
Total	59,698	-	-	59,698	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 36 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments (Continued)

		Fair value level as of reporting date			
Financial assets	31 December 2020	Level 1 TRY	Level 2 TRY	Level 3 TRY	
Derivative instruments					
held for sale at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 22)	22,683	-	22,683	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets					
held at fair value					
through other comprehensive	102 000		102 000		
income statement (Note 7)	192,089	2 424 022	192,089	-	
Bonds, bills and stocks (Note 7)	2,424,023	2,424,023	-		
Total	2,638,795	2,424,023	214,772		
Financial liabilities					
Derivative instruments					
held for sale at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 22)	41,263	-		41,263	
Total	41,263	-	-	41,263	

NOTE 37 - SHARES IN OTHER OPERATIONS

Financial information of Aytemiz which is a subsidiary not wholly-owned but controlled by the Group and having significant non-controlling interest for the Group's consolidated financial statements, is presented below in accordance with TFRS 12.

AYTEMİZ	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Current assets	1,370,330	1,188,295
Non-current assets	914,690	865,765
Short-term liabilities	1,277,977	995,684
Long-term liabilities	287,747	357,936
Total equity	719,296	700,439
	1 January - 30 June 2021	1 January - 30 June 2020
Revenue	4,269,353	3,260,589
Cost of sales	(4,058,640)	(3,134,846)
Gross profit/(loss)	210,713	125,743
Profit/(loss) before taxation	19,290	(39,986)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	18,857	(37,616)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TRY, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 38 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent significant events are as follows;

Redemption of Bond

Doruk Faktoring issued and sold discounted financing bonds to qualified investors without public offering on 29 January 2021. The bonds are in the nominal amount of TRY80,000,000 (exact) and are with 181-day maturity. The annual simple interest rate is 19.95% and annual compound interest rate is 20.96%. The portion worth TRY19,300,000 (exact) of the financing bonds was purchased by Doğan Holding. The bond with a nominal value of TRY80,000,000 (exact) was redeemed on 29 July 2021.

Issuance of Bond

Also, Doruk Faktoring issued and sold discounted financing bonds to qualified investors without public offering on 29 July 2021. The bonds are in the nominal amount of TRY82,000,000 (exact) and are with 181-day maturity. Their annual simple interest rate is 20.75% and annual compound interest rate is 21.84%. The portion worth TRY15,000,000 (exact) of the financing bonds was purchased by Doğan Holding.

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