CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY-30 JUNE 2017 INTO ENGLISH (ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

DOĞAN ŞİRKETLER GRUBU HOLDİNG A.Ş.



CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş.

Introduction

1. We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim statement of financial position of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("collectively referred to as the "Group") as at 30 June 2017 and the consolidated interim statements of profit or loss, other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The management of the Group is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this consolidated interim financial information in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard 34 ("TAS 34") "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

2. We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements ("SRE") 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, a review on the consolidated interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

3. Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to conclude that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. as at 30 June 2017, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with TAS 34.

Other Matter

4. The financial statements of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. as of 31 December 2016 were audited and the consolidated interim financial information as of 30 June 2016 and for the six-month period then ended were reviewed by another audit firm whose audit report dated 9 March 2017 expressed an unqualified opinion and whose review report dated 18 August 2016 expressed a conclusion that no material non-compliance with respect to TAS 34 has come to their attention.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve

Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Gökhan Yüksel, SMMM

Partner

İstanbul, 18 August 2017

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

ASSETS	Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 30 June 2017	Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2017	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2016
Current assets		1,204,441	4,224,094	3,905,503
Cash and cash equivalents	6	433,690	1,520,993	1,512,163
Financial investments	7	31,907	111,901	288,752
Trade receivables		,	,	,
- Due from related parties	33	3,179	11,150	8,523
- Due from non-related parties	9	497,538	1,744,914	1,485,674
Other receivables				
- Due from related parties	33	11,289	39,593	10,726
- Due from non-related parties	10	4,967	17,419	17,046
Inventories	11	140,366	492,278	441,350
Prepaid expenses	20	59,004	206,932	81,583
Derivative instruments	21	-	-	551
Biological assets	12	121	426	215
Other current assets	19	22,380	78,488	58,920
Non-current assets		1,115,234	3,911,237	3,926,393
Trade receivables	9	5,165	18,113	25,258
Other receivables		3,103	10,113	23,230
- Due from non-related parties	10	7,177	25,172	29,082
Financial investments	7	22,406	78,580	76,716
Investments accounted for	•	22,.00	7 0,2 0 0	70,710
by the equity method	4	94.681	332,056	323,471
Investment properties	13	166,448	583,749	569,870
Property, plant and equipment	14	339,133	1,189,373	1,167,901
Intangible assets		,	-,,	-,,,,
- Other intangible assets	15	307,945	1,079,994	1,116,872
- Goodwill	15	115,113	403,713	403,713
Prepaid expenses	20	9,152	32,096	51,623
Deferred tax asset	31	15,292	53,629	42,303
Other non-current assets	19	32,723	114,762	119,584
Total assets		2,319,675	8,135,331	7,831,896

The interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended 30 June 2017 have been approved by the Board of Directors on 18 August 2017.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

LIABILITIES	Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 30 June 2017	Reviewed Current Period 30 June 2017	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2016
Current liabilities		1,009,806	3,541,491	2,788,691
Short-term borrowings	8	391,184	1,371,921	1,088,428
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings Trade payables		147,885	518,649	305,409
- Due to related parties	33	8,563	30,032	25,403
- Due to non-related parties	9	297,292	1,042,634	939,110
Payables related to employee benefits	22	10.622	27 297	36,796
Deferred income	20	10,632 22,093	37,287 77,481	56,243
Derivative instruments	21	277	972	50,245
Other payables	10	104,881	367,829	232,115
Current income tax liability	31	1,324	4,645	13,426
Short-term provisions		,-	, -	, ,
- Short-term provisions for				
employment benefits	22	15,188	53,265	51,263
- Other short-term provisions	17	10,486	36,776	40,498
Non-current liabilities		497,548	1,744,952	2,026,041
Long-term borrowings Investments accounted for	8	189,307	663,918	895,383
by the equity method	4	64,390	225,822	227,293
Other financial liabilities	8	164,038	575,299	519,829
Other payables	10	4,321	15,153	119,449
Deferred income	20	2,806	9,840	7,457
Long-term provisions				
 Long-term provisions for 				
employment benefits	22	34,445	120,801	119,120
Deferred tax liability	31	38,242	134,119	137,510
EQUITY		812,320	2,848,888	3,017,164
Equity attributable to equity				
holders of the parent company		690,807	2,422,730	2,578,346
Share capital	23	746,183	2,616,938	2,616,938
Adjustments to share capital	23	40,924	143,526	143,526
Repurchased shares (-)	23 23	(593)	(2,080)	(2,080)
Share premiums (discounts) Other comprehensive income (losses) that	23	10,025	35,159	35,159
will not be reclassified in profit or loss				
- Gain (loss) on revaluation of property,				
plant and equipment	23	13,689	48,007	48,007
- Actuarial gains (losses) on defined		,	,	,
benefit plans	23	(10,752)	(37,710)	(37,810)
Other comprehensive income (losses) that				
will be reclassified in profit or loss				
- Change in currency translation reserves		68,268	239,424	221,961
- Gain (loss) on revaluation and reclassificat		4,970	17,429	15,602
- Gain (losses) from hedge reserve	23	(222)	(778)	214.070
Restricted reserves	23	89,084	312,427	314,979
Retained earnings or accumulated losses Net profit or loss for the period		(221,071) (49,697)	(775,319) (174,293)	(558,713) (219,223)
Non-controlling interests		121,513	426,158	438,818
Total liabilities		2,319,675	8,135,331	7,831,896
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

	Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Unaudited Current Period 1 April - 30 June 2017	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January - 30 June 2016	Unaudited Prior Period 1 April - 30 June 2016
Profit or Loss						
Revenue	24	1,311,657	4.600,112	2,585,438	3,522,663	1.934.482
Cost of Sales (-)	24	(1,137,406)	(3,988,996)	(2,257,359)	(2,865,785)	(1,577,986)
Gross Profit (Loss)	24	174,251	611,116	328,079	656,878	356,496
General Administrative Expenses (-)	25	(54,760)	(192,049)	(98,385)	(168,862)	(90,313)
Marketing Expenses (-)	25	(106.574)	(373,767)	(197,754)	(348,718)	(175,847)
Other Income From Operating Activities	27	54.885	192,488	31.025	179.457	91.010
Other Expenses From Operating Activities (-		(42,165)	(147,876)	(42,182)	(160,992)	(65,935)
Share of Gain (Loss) on Investments) 21	(42,103)	(147,670)	(42,102)	(100,992)	(05,955)
Accounted for by the Equity Method	4	2,232	7,829	11,379	(35,119)	(33,102)
Operating Profit (Loss)		27,869	97,741	32,162	122,644	82,309
Income from Investment Activities	28	5,536	19,417	6,778	18,479	12,355
Expenses from Investment Activities (-)	28	(34,049)	(119,415)	(82,997)	(64,985)	(50,235)
Operating Profit (Loss) Before		(644)	(2.257)	(44.057)	76.138	44 420
Finance (Expense)/Income		(044)	(2,257)	(44,057)	/0,138	44,429
Finance Income	29	1.536	5,387	3.618	10,405	1.930
Finance Expenses (-)	29	(54,891)	(192,508)	(64,202)	(113,934)	(43,654)
Profit (Loss) Before Taxation						
From Continued Operations		(53,998)	(189,378)	(104,641)	(27,391)	2,705
Tax (Expense) Income From						
Continued Operations	31	598	2,096	9,840	(18,560)	(10,598)
Tax (Income) Expense for the Period		(4,058)	(14,231)	(6,380)	(10,976)	(7,966)
Deferred Tax Income/ (Expense)		4,655	16,327	16,220	(7,584)	(2,632)
Profit (Loss) For The Period		(53,401)	(187,282)	(94,801)	(45,951)	(7,893)
Allocation of Profit (Loss) For The Period Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests Attributable to Equity Holders		(3,704)	(12,989)	(908)	(16,151)	(8,424)
of the Parent Company		(49,697)	(174,293)	(93,893)	(29,800)	531
Gain / (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Equit	v					
Holders of the Parent Company	32	(0.019)	(0.067)	(0.036)	(0.011)	0.000
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Reviewed Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Unaudited Current Period 1 April - 30 June 2017	Reviewed Prior Period 1 January - 30 June 2016	Unaudited Prior Period 1 April - 30 June 2016
Profit (Loss) For The Period	(53,401)	(187,282)	(94,801)	(45,951)	(7,893)
Accumulated other comprehensive income and loses that will not be reclassified as profit or loss					
Gain (loss) on revaluation of property,				10.655	10.655
plant and equipment	=	-	-	10,655	10,655
Actuarial gains (losses) on					
defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes related to other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be				(52)	(52)
reclassified in profit or loss	-	-	-	(53)	(53)
Tax effect on gains (losses) on revaluation of property,				(52)	(52)
plant and -equipment	-	-	-	(53)	(53)
Tax effect on actuarial gains (losses) on define benefit plans	a				
Accumulated other comprehensive income and losses that will be reclassified as profit or loss					
Currency translation differences Gain (losses) on revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets	5,294	18,567	(22,682)	18,731	(1,675)
available for sale	651	2,284	2,284	1,040	(96)
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
related with cash flow hedges	(277)	(972)	(972)	(1,064)	1,152
Taxes related to other accumulated					
comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss	(75)	(263)	(263)	213	(231)
- Tax effect on other comprehensive	(73)	(203)	(203)	213	(231)
income(expense) from cash flow					
hedges	55	194	194	213	(231)
 Tax effect on gain (losses) on revaluate and/or reclassification of financial ass 	sets	(457)	(457)		, ,
available for sale	(130)	(457)	(457)	-	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS)	5,593	19,616	(21,633)	29,522	9,752
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS)	(47,808)	(167,666)	(116,434)	(16,429)	1,859
Allocation of Total Comprehensive Income/	Loss)				
Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests Attributable to Equity Holders	(3,389)	(11,885)	(4,418)	(4,647)	(10,274)
of the Parent Company	(44,419)	(155,781)	(112,016)	(11,782)	12,133

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

					comprehensithat will not	ulated other ve income or loss be reclassified to fit or loss		comp loss th	ccumulated o rehensive inc at will be rec to profit or le	come or classified		Retained e	arnings_			
	Notes	A Share Capital	djustments to share Re capital	purchased shared		Actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit plans	Share premiums/ (discounts)	revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets available for sale	Currency translation differences	hedge	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings/ accumulated losses	Net profit/ loss for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Equity
Balances at 1 January 2017	23	2,616,938	143,526	(2,080)	48,007	(37,810)	35,159	15,602	221,961		314,979	(558,713)	(219,223)	2,578,346	438,818	3,017,164
Transfers Dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,552)	(216,671)	219,223	-	(246)	(246)
-Dividend payment of subsidiaries to non-group companies		_	_		_	_			_				_	_	(246)	(246)
Acquisition or disposal of subsidiary					_	100	_				_	(100)	_		(564)	(564)
- Effect of acquisition of subsidiary (Note 3)		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-		_	(100)	_	_	(564)	(564)
- Effect of sale of subsidiary (Note 30)		_	_	_	_	100	_	-	_		_	(100)	_	_	-	(==-/
Transactions with non-controlling interest												()				
shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	200
Increase / decrease due to changes in shareholding rati	О															
which do not result in loss of control in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	165	-	165	(165)	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,827	17,463	(778)	-	-	(174,293)	(155,781)	(11,885)	(167,666)
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(174,293)	(174,293)	(12,989)	(187,282)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,827	17,463		-	-	-	18,512	1,104	19,616
- Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,463		-	-	-	17,463	1,104	18,567
 Change in cash flow hedge reserve 		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(778)	-	-	-	(778)	-	(778)
- Change in financial asset revaluation fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,827	-	-	-	-	-	1,827	-	1,827
Balances at 30 June 2017	23	2,616,938	143,526	(2,080)	48,007	(37,710)	35,159	17,429	239,424	(778)	312,427	(775,319)	(174,293)	2,422,730	426,158	2,848,888

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

			omprehensi nat will not	lated other ive income or los be reclassified to it or loss		comp loss th	cumulated oth rehensive inco at will be recla to profit or los	ome or assified		Retained	earnings			
Notes	Share Capital	Adjustments to share	ain/loss on evaluation of property plant and / equipment	Actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit	Share Premiums/ Discounts	Gain/(loss) on revaluation and/or reclassification	n Gain/(losses) from hedge) 1 Currency	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings/ accumulated losses	Net profit/	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent of company	Non- controlling interests	Equity
Balances at 1 January 2016 23	2,616,938	143,526	11,662	(31,032)	35,159	514		87,357	1,267,933	(1,319,115)	(160,820)	2,652,122	390,089	3,042,211
Transfers (1) Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-			(952,954)	792,134	160,820	-	- (2.745)	(2.745)
Dividends Dividend payment of subsidiaries to non-group	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	(2,745)	(2,745)
companies	_		_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	(2,745)	(2,745)
Total comprehensive													(=,: :=)	(=,: :=)
income/(loss)	-	. <u>-</u>	10,232	-	-	1,040	(660	7,406	-	-	(29,800)	(11,782)	(4,647)	(16,429)
Profit (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(29,800)	(29,800)	(16,151)	(45,951)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	10,232	-	-	1,040	(660	7,406	-	-	-	18,018	11,504	29,522
 Currency translation differences 	-	-	(370)	-	-	-		- 7,406	-	-	-	7,036	11,695	18,731
 Change in investment property revaluation res 	erve	-	10,602	-				-	-	-	-	10,602	-	10,602
 Change in cash flow hedge reserve 	-	-	-	-			(660)) -	-	-	-	(660)	(191)	(851)
- Change in financial asset revaluation fund	-	-	-	-		- 1,040		-	-	-	-	1,040	-	1,040
Balances at 30 June 2016 23	2,616,938	143,526	21,894	(31,032)	35,159	1,554	(660)	94,763	314,979	(526,981)	(29,800)	2,640,340	382,697	3,023,037

⁽¹⁾ Gain on sale of associate shares amounting to TL 987,125 presented as restricted reserves in the prior years has been transferred to accumulated losses account as of the date of the consolidated statement of financial position due to the completion of the legal period which should be kept in a special fund in accordance with the tax legislation.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Reviewed 1 January- 30 June 2017	Reviewed 1 January- 30 June 2016
A. Net Cash From Operating Activities	13,243	46,443	318,762
Profit (loss) for the period	(53,401)	(187,282)	(45,951)
Adjustments regarding reconciliation of			
net profit (loss) for the period Adjustments related to depreciation and amortization 11,14,15	148,888 80,294	522,166 281,599	420,478 226,373
Adjustments related to provision	00,274	201,399	220,373
(reversal) of impairment 27	16,318	57,229	47,078
Adjustments related to provisions - Adjustments related to provisions for (reversal of)			
employee benefits 22	3,545	12,433	10,256
- Adjustments related to provisions (reversal) for lawsuits and/or penalty 17	423	1,484	9,392
- Adjustments related to other provisions (reversals) 9,11	5,073	17,793	20,361
Adjustments related to interest income and expenses			
- Adjustments related to interest income (-)	(11,237)	(39,411)	(31,152)
 Adjustments related to interest expenses Deferred financial expense due to purchases with maturity 27 	32,693 5,054	114,657 17,724	82,630 18,342
- Unearned financial income due from sales with maturity (-) 27	(9,054)	(31,755)	(32,332)
Adjustments related to changes in	25.042		15.401
unrealised foreign exchange differences Adjustments related to fair value (gains) losses	25,843 4,675	90,633 16,394	17,481 (251)
Adjustments related to losses (gains) on disposal of	4,073	10,374	(231)
non-current assets 28	(1,679)	(5,889)	(1,379)
Adjustments related to undistributed profits of	(2.222)	(7, 920)	25 110
investments accounted for by the equity method (-) 4 Adjustments related to tax income (expense) 31	(2,232) (598)	(7,829) (2,096)	35,119 18,560
Adjustments related to losses (gains) arising from	(370)	(2,070)	10,500
disposal of subsidiaries or joint activities 28	(228)	(800)	=
Changes in working capital	(94,667)	(332,005)	(89,490)
Adjustments for decrease (increase) in inventories	(14,328)	(50,250)	(32,674)
Adjustments for decrease (increase) in trade receivables - Decrease (increase) in trade receivables from related parties	(749)	(2,627)	(4,008)
- Decrease (increase) in trade receivables from non-related parties	(80,315)	(281,673)	(262,600)
Increase (decrease) in payables due to employee benefits	140	491	9,479
Adjustments regarding decrease (increase)			
in other receivables on operations - Increase (decrease) in other receivables			
regarding operations with related parties	(8,231)	(28,867)	31,396
- Increase (decrease) in other receivables	1,000	2 527	(2.052)
regarding operations with non-related parties Adjustments regarding increase (decrease) in trade payables	1,009	3,537	(3,952)
- Increase (decrease) in trade payables to related parties	1,320	4,629	1,520
- Increase (decrease) in trade payables to non-related parties	26,350	92,411	148,946
Adjustments regarding increase (decrease) in other payables on operations			
- Increase (decrease) in other payables			
regarding operations with non-related parties	8,959	31,419	41,458
Adjustments for other increase (decrease) in			
working capital - Decrease (increase) in other assets regarding operations	(35,657)	(125,053)	(45,628)
- Increase (decrease) in other liabilities regarding operations	6,837	23,978	26,573
Net Cash From Operating Activities	821	2,879	285,037
Employee termination benefits paid (-) 22	(2,428)	(8,515)	(8,474)
Income tax refunds (payments) (-)	(6,562)	(23,012)	(5,341)
Other provisions paid (-)	(1,587)	(5,565)	(12,348)
Other cash inflow (outflow) 9 Interest received	2,706	9,490 71,166	3,589 56,299
interest received	20,292	71,166	30,299

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 30 JUNE 2017 AND 2016

	Notes	USD(*) Unaudited Current Period 1 January - 30 June 2017	Reviewed 1 January 30 June 2017	Reviewd 1 January 30 June 2016
B. Net Cash From Investing Activities		(39,567)	(138,764)	(486,009)
Cash outflows regarding capital increase and / or share				(40.290)
increase of associates and/or joint ventures (-) Cash inflows regarding capital decrease and / or share		-	-	(40,380)
decrease of associates and/or joint ventures		_	_	1.994
Cash inflows from sale of property, plant, equipment and				1,,,,
intangible assets		10,851	38,054	23,071
Cash outflows from purchase of				
property, plant, equipment and				
intangible assets (-)	14, 15	(93,714)	(328,666)	(352,875)
Cash outflows regarding acquisition of		·=	(2.5.000)	
investment properties (-)		(7,367)	(25,838)	(16,263)
Cash outflows regarding derivative instruments (-)		-	-	(179,425)
Cash inflows regarding sale of share and / or debt instruments of other entities or funds		50.026	175 446	90.614
Cash inflows from loss of control of subsidiaries		50,026 709	175,446 2,486	80,614
Other cash inflows (outflows)		(70)	(246)	(2,745)
Other cash fillows (buthows)		(70)	(240)	(2,743)
C Net Cash from Financing Activities		29,620	103,882	(325,285)
Proceeds from borrowings				
Proceeds from bank borrowings		180,596	633,368	477,167
Cash outflows on debt payments (-)		100,570	055,500	477,107
Cash outflows due to payments of bank borrowings		(137,045)	(480,629)	(720,995)
Interest paid (-)		(13,931)	(48,857)	(95,415)
Other cash inflows (outflows)		-	-	13,958
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES (A+B+C)		3,296	11,561	(492,532)
D. THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALEN	TS	-	-	-
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D)		3,296	11,561	(492,532)
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6	430,235	1,508,877	1,886,899
F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D+E)	6	433,531	1,520,438	1,394,367

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Holding", "Holding" or the "Group") was established on 22 September 1980 and is registered in Turkey. Main operating activity of the Holding is to invest in various sectors via associates, to provide all necessary support to its subsidiaries and joint ventures in order to develop their activities.

Doğan Holding is registered with the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted on Borsa İstanbul ("Borsa İstanbul") since 21 June 1993. Within the frame of Resolution No.21/655 dated 23 July 2010 of CMB with the decision on 30 October 2014 numbered 31/1059; according to the records of Central Registry Agency("CRA"), 35,95% shares of Doğan Holding are to be considered in circulation as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: 35,95%). As of 18 August 2017, circulation rate of shares are 35,95%.

The address of Holding's is as follows:

Burhaniye Mahallesi Kısıklı Caddesi No: 65 Üsküdar 34676 İstanbul

As of 30 June 2017, the total number of personnel in the domestic and abroad subsidiaries and associates of the Group, that are consolidated, is 8,629 (domestic 7,854) (31 December 2016: 8,635; domestic 7,724). Holding has 126 employees (31 December 2016: 133 employees).

The natures of the business, segment and countries of the subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") and joint ventures ("Joint Ventures") of Doğan Holding are as follows:

Publishing

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Doğan Gazetecilik A.Ş. ("Doğan Gazetecilik")	Newspaper publishing	Turkey
Hürriyet Gazetecilik ve Matbaacılık A.Ş. ("Hürriyet")	Newspaper publishing	Turkey
Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung GmbH		
("Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung")	Newspaper printing	Germany
Yenibiriş İnsan Kaynakları Hizmetleri Danışmanlık ve		
Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Yenibir")	Internet services	Turkey
Glokal Dijital Hizmetler Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Glokal")	Internet services	Turkey
Doğan İnternet Yayıncılığı ve Yatırım A.Ş.		
("Doğan İnternet Yayıncılığı")	Internet publishing	Turkey
Doğan Dağıtım Satış Pazarlama Matbaacılık Ödeme Aracılık ve		
Tahsilat Sistemleri A.Ş. ("Doğan Dağıtım")	Distribution	Turkey
Doğan Haber Ajansı A.Ş. ("Doğan Haber")	News agency	Turkey
Doğan Dış Ticaret ve Mümessillik A.Ş. ("Doğan Dış Ticaret")	Import and export	Turkey
Falcon Purchasing Services Ltd. ("Falcon")	Foreign Trade	England
Doğan Media International GmbH ("DMI")	Newspaper publishing	Germany
Hürriyet Invest B.V. ("Hürriyet Invest")	Investment	Netherland
Trader Media East Ltd. ("TME")	Investment	Jersey
TCM Adria d.o.o.	Investment	Croatia
Mirabridge International B.V.	Investment	Netherland
Publishing International Holding B.V.	Investment	Netherland
OOO RUKOM	Internet publishing	Russia
OOO Pronto Baikal	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia
OOO Pronto Kazan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia
OOO Pronto Oka	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia
OOO Pronto Samara	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Publishing (continued)

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
OOO Pronto Media Holding Ltd.	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia
OOO Utro Peterburga	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Russia
OOO SP Belpronto	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Belarus
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Kazakhstan
TOO Pronto Akmola	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Kazakhstan
OOO Pronto Atyrau	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Kazakhstan
OOO Pronto Aktau	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Kazakhstan
ID Impress Media Marketing LLC	Publishing	Russia
OOO Rektcentr	Investment	Russia
Publishing House Pennsylvania Inc.	Investment	USA
Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve		
Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP")	Planning	Turkey
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve	1 mining	runcy
Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	Magazine publishing	Turkey
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve	Truguello puolishing	Turney
Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont")	Magazine publishing	Turkey
SP Pronto Kiev	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Ukraine
TOV E-Prostir	Internet publishing	Ukraine
ASPM Holding B.V.	Internet publishing	Netherland
Broadcasting	. ,	

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan TV Holding")	Tv publishing	Turkey
DTV Haber ve Görsel Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kanal D")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Mozaik İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Mozaik" veya "D-smart")	Tv publishing Tv publishing	•
	1 0	Turkey
Doğan TV Digital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş.("Doğan TV Dijital")	Tv publishing	Turkey
D Yapım Reklamcılık ve Dağıtım A.Ş. ("D Yapım Reklamcılık")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Osmose Media S.A. ("Osmose Media")	Marketing	Luxembourg
Doğan Uydu Haberleşme Hizmetleri ve		
Telekomünikasyon Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Uydu Haberleşme")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Uydu İletişim Basın Yayın A.Ş. ("Uydu")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Doruk Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş.		
("Doruk Televizyon" veya "CNN Türk")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Doğa Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Doğa TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Dark Yapımcılık ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Dark Yapımcılık")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Altın Kanal Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Altın Kanal")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Stil Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Stil TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Selenit Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Selenit TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Ekinoks Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Ekinoks TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Fleks Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Fleks TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Kutup Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kutup TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Galaksi Radyo ve Televizyon Yayıncılık	1 v publishing	Turkey
Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Galaksi TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Yörünge Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Yörünge TV")	Tv publishing Tv publishing	Turkey
	Tv publishing Tv publishing	•
Tematik Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Tematik TV")	i v publishing	Turkey

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Broadcasting (continued)

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Süper Kanal Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Süperkanal")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Eko TV Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Eko TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Blutv İletişim ve Dijital Yayın Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Blutv İletişim")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Primeturk GmbH ("Prime Turk")	Marketing	Germany
Fun Televizyon Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Fun TV") Tempo Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık	Tv publishing	Turkey
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Tempo TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Kanalspor Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kanalspor")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Milenyum Televizyon Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık A.Ş. ("Milenyum TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
TV 2000 Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık	1 v publishing	Turkey
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("TV 2000")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Popüler Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Popüler TV")	Tv publishing	Turkey
Dogan Media International S.A. ("Kanal D Romanya")	Tv publishing	Romania
Rapsodi Radyo ve Televizyon Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Rapsodi Radyo")	Radio publishing	Turkey
Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DMC")	Music and entertainment	Turkey
Mavi Digital Teknoloji Hizmetleri ve	widste and entertainment	Turkey
Ticaret A.Ş. ("Mavi Digital")	Internet publishing	Turkey
Retail		
Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Doğan Müzik Kitap Mağazacılık ve Pazarlama A.Ş. ("D&R")	Retail	Turkey
Hür Servis Sosyal Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Hürservis") A.G.T. Tanıtım Kağıt Ürünleri Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("A.G.T.Tanıtım")	Retail Retail	Turkey Turkey
Energy		
	N T	G 4
Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Doğan Enerji Yatırımları Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Enerji")	Energy	Turkey
Galata Wind Enerji A.Ş. ("Galata Wind")	Energy	Turkey
D-Tes Elektrik Enerjisi Toptan Satış A.Ş. ("D-Tes")	Energy	Turkey
Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş. ("Aytemiz Akaryakıt")	Energy	Turkey
Gaziemir Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Gaziemir Petrol")	Energy	Turkey
Aytemiz Petrolcülük Ticaret Limited Şirketi (Aytemiz Petrolcülük'') Hakimiyet Petrol Ticaret Ltd Şti	Energy	Turkey
("Hakimiyet Petrol") (1)	Energy	Turkey
Doel Elektrik Enerjisi Toptan Satış A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	Energy	Turkey
İstasyon Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi (3)	Energy	Turkey
Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
Boyabat Elektrik Üretim ve		
Ticaret A.Ş. ("Boyabat Elektrik")	Energy	Turkey
Aslancık Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.		Turkey
("Aslancık Elektrik")	Energy	Turkey
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd. ("Gas Plus Erbil")	Energy	Jersey

The Group purchased the remaining 50% share of Hakimiyet Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Hakimiyet Petrol"), which was a joint venture that Group had 50% voting rights, as of 30 March 2017 for TL 50,000 (exact) (Note 3).

⁽²⁾ The Company is registered on 10 April 2017.

⁽³⁾ The Company is registered on 7 April 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Other

Subsidiaries	Nature of business	Country
Çelik Halat ve Tel Sanayii A.Ş. ("Çelik Halat")	Production	Turkey
Ditaş Doğan Yedek Parça İmalat ve Teknik A.Ş. ("Ditaş Doğan")	Production	Turkey
Ditas America LLC ("Ditas America")	Trade	USA
Ditas Trading (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Ditas Trading")	Trade	People's Republic of China
D Stroy Limited ("D Stroy")	Trade	Russia
Milpa Ticari ve Sınai Ürünler Pazarlama		
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Milpa")	Trade	Turkey
Milta Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. ("Milta Turizm")	Tourism	Turkey
Marlin Oto Kiralama Seyahat Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Marlin Oto") (1)	Tourism	Turkey
İlke Turistik Yatırımları A.Ş. ("İlke Turistik")	Tourism	Turkey
Marlin Otelcilik ve Turizm A.Ş. ("Marlin Otelcilik")	Tourism	Turkey
Neta Yönetim Danışmanlık Havacılık Hizmetleri A.Ş.		-
("Neta Yönetim")	Tourism	Turkey
M Investment 1 LLC ("M Investment")	Real estate	USA
Suzuki Motorlu Araçlar Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Suzuki")	Trade	Turkey
Glokal Motorlu Araçlar Pazarlama A.Ş. ("DAF")	Trade	Turkey
Trend Motosiklet Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Trend Motosiklet")	Trade	Turkey
Öncü Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. ("Öncü Girişim")	Investment	Turkey
Doğan Faktoring A.Ş. ("Doğan Faktoring")	Factoring	Turkey
Doğan Organik Ürünler Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Organik") Orta Anadolu Otomotiv Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.	Agriculture	Turkey
("Orta Anadolu Otomotiv")	Trade	Turkey
SC D-Yapı Real Estate, Investment and Construction S.A.		
("D Yapı Romanya")	Real estate	Romania
DHI Investment B.V. ("DHI Investment")	Investment	Netherland
Joint Ventures	Nature of business	Country
DD Finansman A.Ş. ("DD Finansman")	Finance	Turkey
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yatırımları		
Yönetim İnşaat ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Kandilli Gayrimenkul) Ultra Kablolu Televizyon ve	Real estate	Turkey
Telekomünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ultra Kablolu")	Telecommunication	Turkey

⁽¹⁾ The merge of related subsidiary with Doğan Enerji has been registered as of 18 August 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of Presentation

2.1.1 Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

Statement of compliance with TAS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with 2016 TAS Taxonomy based on the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" and Turkish Accounting Standarts ("TAS") and Turkish Financial Reporting Standarts ("TFRS") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"), which is developed by POA in accordance with paragraph 9(b) of Decree Law No.660 and announced to the public with Decree No: 30 dated 2 June 2016, subsequently further binded to CMB Decree No: 22/805 dated 15 July 2016 and announced to the public by CMB weekly bulletin No: 2016/22 dated 15 July 2016.

The Group maintains their legal books of accounts in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Tax Legislation, and the Uniform Chart of Accounts (General Communiqué on Accounting System Implementation) issued by the Ministry of Finance.

These consolidated financial statements, except for the financial assets and investment properties that are presented at fair value, are based on the statutory records, which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the 2016 TAS Taxonomy as stated above.

Adjustment to the financial statements in hyperinflationary periods

In accordance with the decision of CMB dated as 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with TAS. Accordingly, No: 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"), has not been applied commencing from 1 January 2005.

2.1.2 Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries

Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries are prepared in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered and required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

If the group entities' functional currency is different from the presentation currency; it is translated into the presentation currency as below:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates in the accounting period; and all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and statements of other comprehensive income (currency translation differences).

When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences recorded in equity are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company, Doğan Holding, its Subsidiaries and its Joint Ventures (collectively referred as the "Group") on the basis set out in sections (a) to (d) below. The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation are based on historical cost of the statutory records and for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2.1.1 and Note 2.1.2 and application of uniform accounting policies and presentations; adjustments and reclassifications. Financial statements of consolidated entities are restated in accordance with the TAS considering the accounting policies and presentation requirements applied by the Group.

Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures acquired or disposed of during the accounting period are included in the consolidation from the date at which the control of operations are transferred to the Group and excluded from the consolidation when the control is lost. Even if non-controlling interests result in a deficit balance, total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners and to the non-controlling interests.

Income and expenses of a subsidiary, acquired or disposed of the during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries comprise of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by Doğan Holding.

Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the company/asset;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the company/asset; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are indicators of a situation or an event that may cause any changes to at least one of the elements of control listed above.

When the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in the relevant investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- Potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the
 current ability to direct the relevant activities (including voting patterns at previous shareholders'
 meetings).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3. Consolidation principles (continued)

a) Subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated by full consolidation method by the date the Group takes the control. From the date the control is over, subsidiaries are excluded from the consolidation scope. Proportion of ownership interest represents the effective shareholding of the Group through the shares held by Doğan Holding and/or indirectly by its subsidiaries. In the consolidated financial statements, interests owned by Doğan family members are treated as non-controlling interests and excluded from net asset and profit of the Group.

The statement of financial positions and the statements of profit or loss of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by the Holding and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation. The dividends arising from shares held by Doğan Holding in its subsidiaries are eliminated from equity and income for the period. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the accounting policies in the financial statements of subsidiaries in order to comply with the Group's accounting policies.

Changes in the current share capital of the Subsidiary of the Group

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the loss of control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts priory recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by the relevant TAS). When control is lost, the fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under the scope of TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3. Consolidation principles (continued)

a) Subsidiaries (continued)

The table below sets out the proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding, Doğan Family and its subsidiaries and effective ownership interests as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016:

Publishing

	Proportion of		Proportion of					
	voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%)		voting power held by Doğan family members (%)		Total proportion of voting power held (%)		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
	30 June 31		30 June 31			December	30 June 31	
Subsidiaries	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Hürriyet	77.65	77.65	_	_	77.65	77.65	77.65	77.65
Doğan Gazetecilik	92.81	92.81	0.52	0.52	93.33	93.33	92.81	92.81
Hürriyet	7 = 10 =	7 = 10 -			,	, , , ,		, _,,,
Zweigniederlassung	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	77.65	77.65
Yenibir	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	77.65	77.65
Glokal	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	77.65	77.65
Doğan İnternet Yayıncılığı	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doğan Dağıtım	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doğan Haber Ajansı	99.99	99.99	-	_	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
Doğan Dış Ticaret	100.00	100.00	-	_	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Falcon	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
DMI	100.00	100.00	-	_	100.00	100.00	90.52	90.52
Hürriyet Invest	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	77.65	77.65
TME	97.29	97.29	-	_	97.29	97.29	75.54	75.54
TCM Adria d.o.o. (1)	100.00	100.00	-	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
Mirabridge								
International B.V.	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
Publishing International								
Holding B.V.	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
Pronto Ust Kamenogorsk ⁽²⁾	-	80.00	-	_	-	80.00	-	60.43
OOO RUKOM (3)	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Pronto Aktobe (4)	-	64.00	_	_	-	64.00	-	48.35
OOO Pronto Baikal (5)	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Pronto Kazan (6)	72.00	72.00	_	_	72.00	72.00	54.39	54.39
OOO Pronto Oka (7)	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Pronto Samara	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Pronto Media	100.00	100.00			100.00	100.00	73.31	75.51
Holding Ltd.	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Utro Peterburga (8)	55.00	55.00	_	_	55.00	55.00	41.55	41.55
OOO SP Belpronto	60.00	60.00	_	_	60.00	60.00	45.32	45.32
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	80.00	80.00	_	_	80.00	80.00	60.43	60.43
TOO Pronto Akmola	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
OOO Pronto Atyrau	80.00	80.00	_	_	80.00	80.00	60.43	60.43
OOO Pronto Aktau	80.00	80.00	_	_	80.00	80.00	60.43	60.43
ID Impress Media Marketing		91.00	_	_	91.00	91.00	68.74	68.74
OOO Rektcentr	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
Publishing House	100.00	100.00			100.00	100.00	75.51	75.54
Pennsylvania Inc.	100.00	100.00	_	_	100.00	100.00	75.54	75.54
,					0.00			

⁽¹⁾ The related subsidiary is in the liquidation process as of 12 June 2017.

⁽²⁾ The related subsidiary liquidated as of 22 February 2017.

⁽³⁾ The related subsidiary has ceased operations in 2012.

⁽⁴⁾ The related subsidiary liquidated as of 7 June 2017.

⁽⁵⁾ The related subsidiary liquidated on 5 July 2017.

The related subsidiary is in the liquidation process as of November 2015.

The related subsidiary ceased operations in early 2010.

⁽⁸⁾ The related subsidiary ceased operations in early 2010.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3. Consolidation principles (continued)

a) Subsidiaries (continued)

Broadcasting

		tion of ower held Holding and	Proport voting po by Doğan	wer held	Total prop		Propor effective o	
		diaries (%)	membe			held (%)	interes	
	30 June 31		30 June31 I			December	30 June 31	
Subsidiaries	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	-		-				-	
Doğan TV Holding (9)	93.22	92.88	0.10	0.11	93.32	92.99	93.22	92.88
Kanal D	94.97	94.97	5.03	5.03	100.00	100.00	88.53	88.21
Mozaik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Doğan TV Dijital	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
D Yapım Reklamcılık	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Osmose Media	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Doğan Uydu Haberleşme	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Uydu	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Doruk Televizyon	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Bravo TV (10)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	92.96
Doğa TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Dark Yapımcılık	70.00	70.00	-	-	70.00	70.00	61.97	61.75
Altın Kanal	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Stil TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Selenit TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Trend TV (11)	-	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	92.96
Ekinoks TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Fleks TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Kutup TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Galaksi TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Yörünge TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Tematik TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Süper Kanal	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Eko TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Blutv İletişim	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	90.96	90.63
Prime Turk	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Fun TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Tempo TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Kanalspor	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Milenyum TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
TV 2000	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Popüler TV	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.30	92.96
Kanal D Romanya	99.99	99.99	-	-	99.99	99.99	93.22	92.88
Rapsodi Radyo	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
DMC	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	93.22	92.88
Mavi Digital	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	88.53	88.21

⁽⁹⁾ As a result of capital increase in 15 February 2017, effective rate of the related subsidiary has increased to 93,22%. According to the statutory records of the Group, proportion of effective ownership interest of Doğan TV Holding is 93,22%. Nevertheless, in consequence of the option explained in detail in Note 17, by considering the additional share proportion in accordance with TAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" the rate is calculated as 99,90%. The non-controlling interests subject to share sales options are allocated to Group's share.

⁽¹⁰⁾ The related subsidiary was sold as of 3 April 2017.

The related subsidiary was sold as of 5 May 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3. Consolidation principles (continued)

a) Subsidiaries (continued)

Retail

	voting p by Doğan its subsid	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%) 30 June 31 December		tion of ower held on family ers (%) December			effective	rtion of ownership est (%)
Subsidiaries	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
D&R Hürservis A.G.T. Tanıtım	100.00 100.00 90.00	100.00 100.00 90.00	- - -	- - -	100.00 100.00 90.00	100.00 100.00 90.00	100.00 100.00 90.00	100.00 100.00 90.00

Energy

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%) 30 June 31 December		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%) 30 June 31 December		Total proportion of voting power held (%) 30 June 31 December		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%) 30 June 31 December	
Substatites	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Doğan Enerji	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Galata Wind	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
D-Tes	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Aytemiz Akaryakıt	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Aytemiz Petrolcülük	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	50.00	50.00
Gaziemir Petrol	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	50.00	50.00
Hakimiyet Petrol (12)	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	50.00	-
Doel Elektrik (13)	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	-	100.00	-
İstasyon Petrolcülük (14)	100.00	-	-	-	100.00	_	50.00	-

Other

	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%)		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%)			ing held (%)	effective intere	rtion of ownership est (%)
Subsidiaries	30 June 31 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 2017	December 2016
Celik Halat	78.85	78.85	2017	2010	78.85	78.85	78.85	78.85
Ditaş Doğan	73.59	73.59	_	_	73.59	73.59	73.59	73.59
Ditas America	100.00	100.00	_	-	100.00	100.00	73.59	73.59
Ditas Trading(15)	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	73.59	73.59
D Stroy	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	73.59	73.59
Milpa	86.27	86.27	0.16	0.16	86.43	86.43	86.27	86.27
Milta Turizm	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Marlin Oto(16)	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
İlke Turistik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Marlin Otelcilik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Neta Yönetim	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
M Investment	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Suzuki	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Trend Motosiklet	99.84	99.84	-	-	99.84	99.84	99.84	99.84
DAF	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Explained in Note 3.

The related subsidiary was registered on 7 April 2017.

The related subsidiary was registered on 4 April 2017.

The related subsidiary is in the liquidation process as of 20 January 2017

The merge of related subsidiary with Doğan Enerji has been registered as of 18 August 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3. Consolidation principles (continued)

a.) Subsidiaries (continued)

Other (continued)

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%) 30 June 31 December		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%) 30 June 31 December		Total proportion of voting power held (%) 30 June 31 December		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%) 30 June 31 December	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Öncü Girişim	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doğan Faktoring	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	98.86	98.86
Orta Anadolu Otomotiv	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Doğan Organik	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
D-Yapı Romanya	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
DHI Investment	100.00	100.00	-	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Associates and joint ventures are recognized using the "equity method" in these consolidated financial statements. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost adjusted to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income with the deduction of any impairment loss in the associate or a joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or a joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or a joint venture), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or a joint venture.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate or joint venture; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Equity accounting method is discontinued when the carrying amount of the investment in an associate reaches zero, unless the Group has incurred obligations or guaranteed obligations in respect of the associate or the significant influence of the Group ceases.

(b) Associates and Joint Ventures

Joint ventures are companies in respect of which there are contractual arrangements through which an economic activity is undertaken subject to joint control by Doğan Holding and one or more other parties.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which only exists when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

In accordance with the amendments to TFRS 11 effective from 1 January 2013, joint ventures are started to be recognised under the equity method for which the details are presented below starting from this date and the related amendments are applied retrospectively and financial statements are restated accordingly. Condensed financial statements of entities under common control are disclosed in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation Principles (continued)

b) Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but do not have control or joint control over those policies. Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost adjusted to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income with the deduction of any impairment loss in the associate or a joint venture. Where the investment's share of losses in the associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's share in the associate or joint venture (including any long-term investments that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the exceeding portion of losses are not recognised. Consideration of additional loss is only possible in case the Group has been exposed to legal liability or has made to payments in the name of associate or joint venture.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are restated in proportion to the Group's share in the associate and unrealized losses are also restated when there is no indication of impairment of the transferred asset. The Group ceases to use the equity method when they don't fall under obligations with respect to associates, the carrying value of the associates is zero or the significant influence of the Group is over.

(c) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of shareholders over the net assets and operational results of subsidiaries are classified as non-controlling interest and non-controlling profit/loss in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of income.

(d) Financial investments

Other investments in which the Group and its subsidiaries, have less than 20% or more than 20% direct or indirect participation but the Group has no significant influence over the related assets, or which are immaterial to consolidated financial statements are classified as "available for sale financial assets". Available for sale investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be measured reliably are carried at cost less any allowance for impairment (Note 7).

2.1.4 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.5 Comparative information and restatement of previously reported financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared comparatively with the previous period to identify the financial position and performance trends. The Group presents comparatively its consolidated statement of financial position as of 30 June 2017 with 31 December 2016. Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of cash flow and statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 June 2017, are presented comparatively with the financial statements as of the period 1 January-30 June 2016. In the current period, in case of a necessity, prior period financial statements are reclassified in order to comply with the presentation of its current period consolidated financial statements and significant changes are explained.

2.1.6 Significant accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates and errors and restatement of previously reported financial statements

Changes in accounting policies arising from the first time adaptation of a new TAS are applied retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the respective TAS transition requirements, if any. Where there are no transition requirements for any changes or optional significant changes in accounting policies and identified accounting errors, those are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated accordingly.

2.1.7 New and revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

In the current period there is no such standard or interpretation affecting the Group's financial performance, statement of financial position, presentation or note disclosures. However, the details of standards and interpretations effective in the current period but have no effect on the consolidated financial statements and standards and interpretations not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group are set out below.

a) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective for the financial statements as of 30 June 2017:

- Amendments to TAS 7 'Statement of cash flows' on disclosure initiative, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. These amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. The amendment is part of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative, which continues to explore how financial statement disclosure can be improved.
- Amendments TAS 12 'Income Taxes', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments clarify the accounting for deferred tax where an asset is measured at fair value and that fair value is below the asset's tax base. It also clarify certain other aspects of accounting for deferred tax assets.
- Annual improvements of 2014-2016, impact 1 standard, TFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities' regarding clarification of the scope of the standard. These amendments should be applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

2.1.7 New and reviewed Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")

b) The Standards and changes which published as of 30 June 2017 but not yet effective.

- Amendments to TFRS 2, 'Share based payments' on clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This amendment clarifies the measurement basis for cash-settled, share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. It also introduces an exception to the principles in TFRS 2 that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority.
- TFRS 9 'Financial instruments', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in TAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model.
- TFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. TFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is a converged standard from the IASB and FASB on revenue recognition. The standard will improve the financial reporting of revenue and improve comparability of the top line in financial statements globally.
- Amendment to TFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers', effective from annual periods begining on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments comprise clarifications of the guidance on identifying performance obligations, accounting for licences of intellectual property and the principal versus agent assessment (gross versus net revenue presentation). New and amended illustrative examples have been added for each of those areas of guidance. The IASB has also included additional practical expedients related to transition to the new revenue standard.
- TFRS 16 'Leases', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. It is allowed early application with TFRS 5 Revenue from contracts with customers. This standard replaces the current guidance in TAS 17 and is a farreaching change in accounting by lessees in particular. Under TAS 17, lessees were required to make a distinction between a finance lease (on balance sheet) and an operating lease (off balance sheet). TFRS 16 now requires lessees to recognize a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a 'right-of-use asset' for virtually all lease contracts. The IASB has included an optional exemption for certain short-term leases and leases of low-value assets; however, this exemption can only be applied by lessees. For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. However, as the IASB has updated the guidance on the definition of a lease (as well as the guidance on the combination and separation of contracts), lessors will also be affected by the new standard. At the very least, the new accounting model for lessees is expected to impact negotiations between lessors and lessees. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

- vii.1.8 New and reviewed Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS")
 - vii) The Standards and changes which published as of 30 June 2017 but not yet effective.
- Amendments to TFRS 4, 'Insurance contracts' regarding the implementation of TFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments introduce two approaches: an overlay approach and a deferral approach. The amended standard will:
 - Give all companies that issue insurance contracts the option to recognize in other comprehensive income, rather than profit or loss, the volatility that could arise when TFRS 9 is applied before the new insurance contracts standard is issued; and
 - Give companies whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance an optional temporary exemption from applying TFRS 9 until 2021. The entities that defer the application of TFRS 9 will continue to apply the existing financial instruments standard TAS 39.
- Amendments to TAS 40, 'Investment property' relating to transfers of investment property, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments clarify that to transfer to, or from, investment properties there must be a change in use. To conclude if a property has changed use there should be an assessment of whether the property meets the definition. This change must be supported by evidence.
- Annual improvements of the period 2014–2016;
 - TFRS 1, 'First-time adoption of TFRS', regarding the deletion of short-term exemptions for first-time adopters regarding TFRS 7, TAS 19, and TFRS 10 effective as of 1 January 2018.
 - TAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures' regarding measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value effective as of 1 January 2018.
- TFRS Interpretation 22,' Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This IFRIC addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency. The interpretation provides guidance for when a single payment/receipt is made as well as for situations where multiple payments/receipts are made. The guidance aims to reduce diversity in practice
- TFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. This standard replaces TFRS 4, which currently permits a wide variety of practices in accounting for insurance contracts. TFRS 17 will fundamentally change the accounting by all entities that issue insurance contracts and investment contracts with discretionary participation features.

The mentioned standards above are expected to be effective in 2017 and the following years. The Group will evaluate the effect of the aforementioned changes within its operations and apply changes starting from effective date. It is expected that the application of the standards and interpretations will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of Presentation (continued)

vii.1.8US Dollar convenience translation

US Dollar ("USD") amounts presented in the consolidated financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from Turkish Lira ("TL"), as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey official TL exchange rate of TL 3,5071 = USD 1,00 as of 30 June 2017. Thus, USD amounts do not form a part of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards issued by the CMB. Such translations should not be construed as a representation that the TL amounts have been or could be converted into USD at this or any other rate.

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Related parties

Related parties are people or entities that are related to the entity (reporting entity) that is preparing its financial statements:

- (vii) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
- (vii) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
- (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (vii) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity)

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Related parties(continued)

Under the guidance of the explanations mentioned above and also in compliance with TAS 24, Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. directly or indirectly has participation, including any entities under common control; real persons and/or legal entities that have direct or indirect individual or joint control over the company and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and legal entities having direct or indirect individual or joint control by them and legal entities having significant effect over the Company or their key management personnel; Company's subsidiaries and members of the Board of Directors, key management personnel and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and real persons and/or legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled individually or jointly (Note 33).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank deposits and highly liquid investments without a significant risk over the change in their value, whose maturity at the time of purchase is three months or less (Note 6).

Sales and repurchase agreements

Funds given in return for financial assets purchase with the requirement of selling back ("Reverse repo") are recognized as reverse repurchase agreements at consolidated financial statements (Note 6). Income discount is calculated for the difference between the buying and selling prices, determined with aforementioned reverse repo agreements, accrued for the period according to internal discount rate method and recognized by the adding to the cost of reverse repos. Funds provided in return for financial assets reverse repurchase are recognized under cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated financial statements.

Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables

The Group's trade receivables from providing goods or services to customers are carried at net of unrealized finance income ("unearned financial income due to sales with maturity"). Trade receivables, net of unrealized finance income, are calculated by discounting future cash inflows of receivables carried at the original invoice amount using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Effective interest method is calculating the present value in accordance with the compound interest basis. The rate determined by compound interest basis and applied in this method is named "effective interest rate". Short term receivables with indefinite interest rate are carried at cost unless the effect of imputing interest is significant (Note 9).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables (continued)

Considering the ordinary course of trade cycle of the Group, provision for doubtful receivables for the trade receivables is considered for the trade receivables for which the collection period is over the ordinary course of trade cycle considering the fact that trade receivable is in the administrative and/or legal proceedings, with or without guarantee, objective evidence etc. Additionally, the Group assesses to provide provision for its receivables for which there are no special agreed guarantees and overdue for more than a year. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the present value of all cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collaterals discounted based on using the original effective interest rate of the trade receivable occurred.

If there is a partial or whole collection over the doubtful receivable amount subsequent to the allocation of provision for doubtful receivables, the collected portion is recognised as other income from operating activities following the write-down of the total provision amount (Note 9, 27).

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to make a sale (net realizable value). Cost elements included in inventory are purchasing costs and other costs necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use. Cost elements included in inventories are materials, labor and production overheads. The unit cost of inventories is determined on the moving weighted average basis (Note 11).

When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in the statement of profit or loss in the period the writedown or loss occurred. When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of the changing economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the initial impairment.

Promotion stocks

Evaluation of impairment on promotion stocks and in detection of an impairment; evaluation of the impairment amount is carried out by the Group management. In this manner, an inventory impairment amount is set with the rates determined by the Group management by taking the purchasing date into consideration (Note 11).

Broadcasting programme stocks

Programme stocks comprise of internal and external productions that have been produced but not yet broadcasted as of the statement of financial position date. Programme stocks are recognised at acquisition or production cost and they are not subject to amortization. These programmes are charged to the statement of profit or loss upon the first transmission and included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. If the estimated income from programme stocks is lower than the carrying value, carrying value is discounted to net realizable value. Licence periods, remaining number of publishing rights, industry dynamics and sales forecasts are being considered in determining of impairment of programme stocks (Note 19).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments

In accordance with TAS 39, the Group classifies its financial instruments as assets held at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, available-for-sale and loans and receivables. Classification is determined based on the acquisition purpose and specifications of the financial asset at the initial recognition. All financial assets are recognised at cost including transaction costs in the initial measurement.

"Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" are financial assets that have been acquired principally for the purpose of taking advantage of fluctuations in price and other similar elements or independent from initial recognition financial assets held for trading which are part of a portfolio that has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. A financial asset is classified in this category if it is primarily acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially carried at cost including transaction costs at the statement of financial position. Subsequent to recognition, the financial assets are carried at fair value. Realized or unrealized gains and losses are recognised in "financial income / expenses". Dividends received are recognised as dividend income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial assets considered as derivative instruments that are not designated for the purpose of hedging instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value thorough profit or loss (Note 21).

"Held-to-maturity investments" are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that the Group intends and is able to hold to maturity and that do not meet the definition of loans and receivables and are not designated on initial recognition as assets at fair value through profit or loss or as available for sale. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less impairment, if any. The Group has no held to maturity investments as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016.

The Group's "available for sale financial assets" comprise of quoted equity instruments and certain debt securities that are traded in an active market and they are measured at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses on an available-for-sale financial asset shall be recognised in equity, through the investments revaluation reserves and comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity shall be recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Financial assets classified by Doğan Holding as "available- for- sale financial assets" that do not have any control power or significant effect have no fair value. When fair value cannot be reliably measured as other fair value estimation methods are not applicable; the carrying value of the financial asset is measured at cost less any impairment loss (Note 7).

"Loans and Receivables" are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates and non-derivative financial assets that are not quoted in an active market.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments(continued)

The gain or loss relating to available for sale financial assets ,less any impairment loss and exchange gain and loss, is recognized in other compherensive income. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other compherensive income is removed from equity and classified to profit or loss as reclassification adjustments. On the other hand, the interests calculated based on the effective interest rate method are accounted for under profit or loss statements (Note 7).

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments, predominantly foreign currency and interest swap agreements and foreign currency forward agreements are initially recognised at their acquisition costs plus the transaction costs. Derivative financial instruments are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. All derivative financial instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Fair values of derivative financial instruments are obtained from quoted market prices or discounted cash flow models as appropriate. Based on positive or negative fair value, derivative financial instruments are carried as assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position respectively (Note 21).

In the case of future cash flows being subject to cash flow hedges and related transactions being effective, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity directly whereas the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

If the cash flow hedge of a firm commitment or an expected forward transaction result in the recognition of an asset or liability, at the initial recognition of this asset or liability the gain or loss previously recognized under equity related to derivatives is included in the measurement of the initial amount of the asset or liability. In a hedge accounting that does not result in the recognition of an asset or a liability, the amounts previously recognized under equity are transferred to statement of profit or loss in the period in which the hedged item has an effect on profit or loss. The changes in the fair value of derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income remains in other comprehensive income until the forecast transaction or firm commitment affects profit or loss. If the forecast transaction or firm commitment is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or losses previously recognised in equity are transferred to the income statement.

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. As of the date of the report, the properties held for a currently undetermined future use by the Group management, have been classified as investment properties.

Subsequent to initial recognition, at the end of each year when there is an indication of impairment, in accordance with the appraisal reports obtained from licensed real estate appraisal organizations under the Capital Market Legislation, investment properties are stated at fair value which reflects the market conditions as of the statement of financial position date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Deferred tax liability/asset has been calculated from all the temporary differences from investment properties.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. The difference between cost value and fair value at the date of the change is recognised as revaluation fund in statement of other comprehensive income (Note 13).

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 14). Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis (except land). The depreciation periods for property, plant and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Land and land improvements	5 - 50
Buildings	10 - 50
Machinery and equipment	2 - 28
Motor vehicles	2 - 20
Furniture and fixtures	2 - 15
Development costs of leased tangible assets	2 - 39
Other tangible assets	2 - 50
Leasehold improvements	2 - 25

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment(continued)

Expected useful life, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed annually for possible effects of changes in estimates and are recognized prospectively if there is a change in estimates.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized in the statement of financial position upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset less the costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset plus the residual value of the related assets as of the statement of financial position date.

Repair and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they are incurred. Capital expenditures that increase the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from property, plant and equipment by increasing its capacity is added to the cost of tangible fixed asset.

Gain and losses regarding sale of property, plant and equipment are accounted as other income and expenses from investing activities.

Financial leases

Leases are classified as "finance leases" (for example machinery and equipment leases) by the Group whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with TAS on borrowing costs (Note 8).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Operating lease

An operating lease is a lease that does not substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset (for example, vehicle and building rentals). For operating leases, lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term under the consolidated statement of profit or loss (Note 13).

Intangible assets and related amortization

Intangible assets excluding goodwill and assets with infinite useful lives comprise brand names, customer lists, terrestrial broadcasting permissions and licenses (frequency rights), other identified rights, computer software and television programme rights which are further discussed in Note 2.2. Brand names, customer lists and domain names are determined based on the independent valuation on business combinations. Useful lives of certain brand names are determined to be infinite. Assets that have infinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested for impairment at least once a year (Note 15).

Registered subscriber acquisition costs paid by D-smart are capitalized over the subscription commitment period by the Group and capitalized amounts are recognised under intangible assets account. Subscriber acquisition costs are amortized based on the anticipated 3 years period in which the Group expect to recover the cost through revenues from their contracts.

Prepaid dealer agreement amounts have been recognised under intangible assets within the context of usufruct agreements made with certain fuel oil and LPG dealers by Aytemiz Akaryakıt and the duration of these dealer agreements is 5 years.

Intangible assets are carried at cost, less any accumulated amortization and amortized by using the straight-line method (Note 15).

Estimated useful lives of intangible assets that have an estimated useful life are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Electricity production licences	45 - 47
Trademark	20 - 25
Customer lists	9 - 25
Domain names	3 - 20
Computer software and rights	3 - 15
Dealer agreements	5
Subscriber acquisition costs	3
Other intangible rights	5 - 49

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible assets and related amortization (continued)

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested to determine whether there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired and if the carrying value of the intangible asset is higher than the recoverable amount, the carrying value of the intangible asset is written down to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The amount recoverable from an intangible asset is either the discounted net cash flows generated from the use of that intangible asset or the net sales value of that intangible asset depending whether the former or the latter being higher. Provision for impairment is recognised under the statement of profit or loss in the related period.

Marina utilization right which is held by the Group's subsidiary Milta Turizm and classified in other intangible rights, is being amortized for a period of 49 years regarding the transfer agreement on 13 November 1997 with the Privatization Administration (Note 15).

Web page development costs

Costs associated with developing web pages are capitalized and amortized by using straight-line method over their estimated useful lives (Note 15). Following the planning phase and operation; all costs are recognised as expense. Maintenance costs of web pages are accounted as operational expenses.

Broadcasting programme rights

Television programme rights (foreign series, foreign films and Turkish films) are initially recognised at acquisition cost of the license when the Group controls, in substance, the respective assets and the risks and rewards attached to them. Television programme rights are evaluated to determine if expected revenue is sufficient to cover the unconsumed portion of the program. To the extent that expected revenue is insufficient, the programme rights are written down to their net realizable value.

Consumption is based on the transmission of the expected number of runs (vary from two to unlimited) purchased. Amortization of these rights is determined according to release order and number of runs. The appropriateness of the consumption profiles is reviewed regularly by the management. A maximum of 5 runs is applied for the unlimited run purchases. License periods, remaining run rights, sector dynamics and sales forecasts are taken into consideration when determining impairment of programme rights. (Note 15).

The Group Management has evaluated the estimations regarding the presentation of cost of domestic TV series in the financial report by considering the foreign sales of domestic TV series that is continuing to increase in recent years in the current period. As a result of this evaluation, some part of the domestic TV series costs which has been recognised in full as programme costs as of the date of the broadcasting, has been started to be recognised as programme rights as of 30 June 2016. In the presentation of domestic TV series costs as "programme rights", the criterias considered are that there will be no limitation about the right to sell domestic TV series to abroad, the domestic TV series have been broadcasted for at least six episodes or have the commitment to be broadcasted and there is a potential of sale of the domestic TV series to abroad.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

DIPNOT 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of assets excluding goodwill and intangible assets with infinite useful lives

At each statement of financial position date, the Group evaluates whether there are any indications that an asset other than goodwill or infinite life intangible assets may be impaired. When an indication of impairment exists, carrying value of the assets is compared with the net realizable value which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Impairment exists if the carrying value of an asset or a cash generating unit including that asset is greater than its recoverable amount which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (Note 15).

Taxation

Taxation on income includes current period income taxes and deferred taxes. Current year tax liability consists of tax liability on period income calculated according to currently enacted tax rates and tax legislation in force as of statement of financial position date and includes adjustments related to the previous year's tax liabilities. Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company to file a consolidated tax return for its subsidiary and its joint venture. Therefore, tax provisions, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the statutory tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities (Note 31).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they are related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority (Note 31).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Current and deferred tax

Tax is included in the statement of profit or loss, unless it is related to an operation that is accounted directly under equity. Otherwise, tax is accounted under equity as well as the related transaction (Note 31).

Financial borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss as finance expense over the period of the borrowings (Note 8). The borrowing costs which are directly related with the acquisition, manufacturing or production of a specialty good (means that a long period of time is required to make available for sale and use as purposed) are capitalized as a part of the related asset.

Financial liabilities regarding to put options of non-controlling interests

Under the terms of certain share purchase agreements, the Group may commit to acquire the interests owned by non-controlling shareholders in subsidiaries, upon the request of non-controlling interest holders. TAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" requires the value of such put option to be presented as a financial liability on the statement of financial position for the discounted value of the expected exercise price of this option, notwithstanding the ability of the Company to settle part of these obligations with its own shares and not cash. In addition, the share of non-controlling shareholders in the net asset of the company subject to the put option is presented in "other financial liabilities" instead of "non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group presents, at initial recognition, the difference between the exercise price of the option and the carrying value of the non-controlling interests first as a reduction of non-controlling interest and then as addition to the Group's equity. The discount amount and any subsequent change in the fair value of the commitment are recognised in profit or loss as finance income or expense in subsequent periods (Note 8).

Employment termination benefits

Under the Turkish Labour Law and Press Labour Law (for employees in the media sector), the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who achieves the retirement age, whose employment is terminated without due cause written in the related laws.

The provision for employment termination benefit represents the present value of the estimated total reserves of the future probable liability of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees measured in accordance with the Turkish Labour and Press Labour Laws (Note 22).

According to the amendment in TAS 19, the Group calculated employment benefit in accordance with the report prepared by the actuarial firm and recognised all actuarial loss and gains in the other comprehensive statement of profit or loss as of the statement of financial position date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation or a result of past events, it is probable that on outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources comprising economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously treated as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change in probability occurs except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognised by the Group in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in financial tables and are treated as contingent assets or liabilities. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably (Note 17).

Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividend income is recognised as income by the Group when right to obtain of dividend is generated in the consolidated financial statements. Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the General Assembly (Note 23).

Revenue recognition

Revenue is the fair value amount of sales of goods and services received or receivable which resulted from Group's operations. Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods or services shipped less any trade discounts, rebates and commissions and are presented with the elimination of intercompany balances. Revenue includes the invoiced amount of goods and service sales. It is recognised on an accrual basis over the fair value of acquisition amount based on product or service delivery, transfer of significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer, reliable estimate of revenue amount and probable economic benefits associated with the transaction will be obtained by the Company.

Revenue is initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable when it can be measured reliably or when there is an inflow of economic benefits. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is a rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services (Note 24).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition(continued)

Due date difference finance income/expenses represents income/expenses occurring from forward purchases and sales. These incomes/expenses are recognised under other income and expense from operating activities as due date difference income and expense from purchases and sales with maturity during the period (Note 27).

a) Publishing and broadcasting segments

Advertisement revenue

Revenue from advertisements is recognised on an accrual and cut-off basis at the time of broadcasting or printing the advertisement in the related media at the invoiced amounts. The part which is not broadcasted or published yet is recognised as deferred income on the statement of financial position.

Subscription revenue

Subscription revenue includes the income obtained from Pay TV, ADSL internet and magazine. The Group follows Pay TV and ADSL internet and magazine subscriptions as individual and institutional. The subscription is realized in basically two ways as monthly payment and prepaid. Subscription revenues are recognised when the related service is delivered to the customer.

Revenues from circulation, magazine sales and distribution

Revenue from newspaper and magazine sales is recognised on an accrual basis at the time of delivery of the newspapers by the distribution company to the dealer at the invoiced values.

Newspaper sales returns and provisions

Provision for newspaper sales returns is accounted at the time of delivery based on past experiences and recent information of sales returns.

Revenue from printing services

Revenue from printing arises from printing services given to both Group companies and third parties by using Group's printing facilities. Related revenue is recognised on an accrual basis at the time of services given.

b) Energy segment

Revenue is the fair value of amount of electricity delivered the event that the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recorded at the invoiced amounts, on accrual basis. Net sales are shown after deducting, invoiced electricity delivery, sales commissions and sales taxes. Revenue obtained from transmission charges, is shown in the financial statements by netting off with related costs.

Fuel sales are measured over the fair value of collected or collectable receivable amounts. Estimated customer returns, discounts and allowances are deducted from the amount in question. Revenue obtained from the sale of fuel is recognised when significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer are transferred, revenue is reliably measured, in case of an inflow of probable economic benefits associated with the transaction and occurring or to be occurred costs regarding the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

c) Retail segment

Sale income of books, music, movies, electronics and giftware is recorded on an accrual basis over the invoiced amounts, on the date goods are delivered to the customer, after returns and discounts are deducted.

d) Other segment

Sales revenue is recognised on an accrual basis over the fair value of acquisition amount based on product or service delivery, transfer of significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer, reliable estimate of revenue amount and most probability that economic benefits associated with the transaction will be obtained by the Company. Net sales have been found by deducting sales returns, discounts and commissions.

Real estate sales (Revenue proceeds from buyers)

The revenue generated from the housing construction projects organized by Milpa, subsidiary of the Group is recognised when the ownership of the risks and rewards of the assets is transferred to the buyer upon the performance of contract terms and the approval of delivery record by the buyer. Real estate sales income is classified under "other" segment.

Tourism revenue

Tourism revenue consists of the revenue obtained from hotel accommodation, agency, marina, car rental, and second hand vehicle sale. Hotel accommodation and agency revenue are recognised when the services are offered to the customers. Marina revenue consists of the revenue obtained from the accommodation of vessels and store rents. Such rental revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease agreements

Rental revenue

The rental revenue from investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Vehicle sales revenue

The risk and reward is assumed to be transferred to the buyer when the Special Consumption Tax is paid and the licence is issued and revenue is recognised with the reliable measurement of revenue.

Barter agreements

The Group provides advertising services in return for advertisement and other products and services. When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a revenue generating transaction. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a revenue generating transaction. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. If the fair value of the goods or services received is not measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services supplied, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred (Note 18). Barter agreements are recognised on an accrual basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Business combinations

The acquisition of businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised as cost as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with TAS 12 *Income Taxes* and TAS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with TFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date;
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another TAS.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Business combinations(continued)

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill.

Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with TAS 39, or TAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date (Note 3).

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Gains or losses resulting from the sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of Doğan Holding (transactions that do not result in a change in control) are recognised under equity. TAS 27 (Revised) requires ownership decreases or increases which do not result in a change in control to be recorded under equity for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009. For accounting periods beginning prior to 1 July 2009, the difference resulted in favor of acquisition value in connection with sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of the Group which does not result in a change in control was recognised as goodwill.

Business combination of entities under common control is not under the scope of TFRS 3 Business Combinations. The Group doesn't recognise goodwill for these types of transactions. Difference between cash consideration paid as a result of business combination and net asset of the entity is recognised in "Effect of business combinations comprising of entities under common control" account under retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) in equity (Note 15).

Foreign currency transactions

Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of each Group entity are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Turkish Lira, which is the functional currency of Doğan Holding.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position dates. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of foreign currency items have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreign currency transactions (continued)

Foreign Group companies

The results of the Group undertakings using a measurement currency other than TL are first translated into Turkish lira by using the average exchange rate for the period. Assets and liabilities of such Group undertakings are translated into TL by using the closing rate at the statement of financial position date. Differences arising on retranslation of the opening net assets of such Group undertakings and differences between the average and period-end rates are included in currency translation reserve as a separate item in the shareholders' equity and recognised under total comprehensive income.

A significant portion of the Group's foreign operations is performed in Russia, Europe and Slovenia ("Russia and Eastern Europe ("EE")). Foreign currencies and exchange rates at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are summarized below:

Country	Currency	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
	_		
Eurozone	Euro	4,0030	3,7099
Russia	Ruble	0,0591	0,0573
USA	USD	3,5071	3,5192
Romania	New Lei	1,1326	0,8131
Kazakhistan	Tenge	0,0916	0,0106
Belarus	Belarusian Ruble	0,0054	0,0002

Segment Reporting

Industrial segment which is an asset and operation group producing goods and services is exposed to different risks and rewards from other industrial segments. The Group operations were monitored and reported as five main segments as of 30 June 2017; "Publishing", "Broadcasting" "Retail", "Energy" and "Other" by the management. The Group management may change the structure of segment reporting, if they reach the conclusion that new structure may affect financial statement users' decisions and/or it will be useful during the review of financial statements. As the sales and the purchases of the Group are made and the assets of the Group are located mainly in Turkey, no geographic segmental information is considered necessary (Note 5).

In segment reporting, intra-segmental operations are recognised at segment level and inter-segmental operations are recognised as eliminations at consolidation level.

Earnings/ (loss) per share

Earnings/ (loss) per share is determined by dividing net income/ (loss) by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned.

In Turkey, companies can increase their issued capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, such bonus share issuances are regarded as issued shares for all of the periods presented in the financial statements. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share computations are made with regards to the distribution of shares occurred in the prior years (Note 32).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets held for sale are operations that the Group disposes of or classified as available for sale and cash flows which can be treated as a part separately from the Group. Assets classified as held for sale by the Group and discontinued operations, are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations and fair value less costs to sell (Note 30).

Discontinued operations are components of an entity that either have been disposed of or represented as a major part of an entity separately from the Group's operations and cash flows. Operating results as of the Group has ceased its control over its disposal groups are presented separately under "discontinued operations" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Prior period consolidated statement of profit or loss is restated for comparative purposes and the results of discontinued operations are also classified under the "discontinued operations" account.

To the results of operations of discontinued operations, gain/ (loss) and tax expense occurring from the sale are included. Gain/ (loss) amount from the sale is calculated as the difference between the book value of net assets disposed and sales value.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognized in the financial statements until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants which are financial assets, should be recognized as deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of financial position rather than recognised in the statement of profit or loss to clarify the expenditure item that is financed and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related asset.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates (Note 16).

Subsequent events

In the case that events requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements.

In the case that events not requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, those events are disclosed in the notes of consolidated financial statements (Note 37).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Statement of cash flows

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows during the period are classified under operating, investing or financing activities.

The cash flows raised from operating activities indicate cash flows due to the Group's activities.

The cash flows due to investing activities indicate the Group cash flows that are used for and obtained from investments (investments in property, plant and equipment and financial investments).

The cash flows due to financing activities indicate the cash obtained from financial arrangements and used in their repayment.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank deposits and the investments that are readily convertible into cash and highly liquid with three months or less to maturity.

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

a) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets

In accordance with the accounting policy mentioned in Note 2.2, goodwill is annually tested for impairment by the Group. Recoverable amount of cash generating units are measured based on the value in use calculations.

The analysis for goodwill impairment for the period ended 31 December 2016 has been performed as explained in detail below by the Group.

The recoverable amount of cash generating units is determined by calculating the amount that would be obtained through sales. These calculations are measured based on estimated cash flows after tax using financial budgets covering a five-year period. EBITDA estimates (gross margin before budgeted interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, provision for impairment and other non-operating expenses) have a significant role in these calculations.

The EBITDA margin percentages and discount rates for the estimated future cash flows beyond the five-year period are as follows:

•	31 December	2016
	EBITDA margin rate (%) (1)	Discount rate (%) (2)
Broadcasting Publishing	21	15.46
Russia Turkey	42.9 11.28	18 16.7

⁽¹⁾ Average budgeted EBITDA margin in the projection period

⁽²⁾ Weighted average cost of capital rate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

a) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets (continued)

The analysis for goodwill impairment for the period ended 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 has been performed as explained in detail below by the Group. Recoverable amount of cash generating units are calculated based on value in use. These calculations are measured based on estimated cash flows after tax using financial budgets covering a five-year period. EBITDA estimates (gross margin before budgeted interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, provision for impairment and other non-operating expenses) have a significant role in these calculations.

The EBITDA margin percentages and discount rates for the estimated future cash flows beyond the five year period are as follows:

	30 June	2017	31 December 2	2016	
	EBITDA margin rate (%)	Discount rate (%)	EBITDA margin rate (%)	n Discount rate (%)	
TME	44.10	18.00	42.90	18.00	

Group management recognized impairment loss for intangible assets amounting to TL 56,615 and 77,148 for the period 1 January-30 June 2017 and 1 January – 31 December 2016 respectively. Impairment loss for intangible assests are due to the decrease in the budgeted financial performance of TME (Note 13,28).

b) VAT amount subject to discount within the scope of law no: 6111

As of November 2011, the Group management has considered the VAT principle amounting to TL454,281 imposed as a consequence of share exchanges and transfers recognised in the statutory accounts of Doğan TV Holding, D Yapım, Doğan Prodüksiyon (the related subsidiary merged with D Yapım in 2013 and dissolve without liquidation) and Alp Görsel (the related subsidiary merged with Doğan TV in 2014 and dissolved without liquidation) and restructured within the scope of Law no: 6111 in the year 2011 as input VAT through issuance of "recourse VAT invoice" by each entity who transfers the shares to the respective entity, sequentially with the amount of corresponding VAT imposed. In this context, input VAT amounting to TL 145,328, TL 222,662 and TL 86,291 have been recognised in the statutory records of D Yapım, Doğan Prodüksiyon and Alp Görsel, respectively. Based on the nature of the transaction and considering the precautionary principle, the Group management elects not to recognise the input VAT amounting to TL 454,281 as an asset in the consolidated financial statements as it will be used in future tax periods. Accordingly, where practible, input VAT that can be offset against the recourse VAT in the related taxation periods can be recognised in the statement of income in the respective periods (Note 27). Deductible VAT amount is TL 423,750 (31 December 2016: TL 427,402) in statutory accounts as of 30 June 2017.

c) Probable liabilities related to the share sales agreement signed with Commerz-Film GmbH

Estimates and assumptions relating to the Group's given repurchase commitments to Axel Springer AG are described in detail in Note 17.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

d) Useful lives of intangible assets

Useful lives of some trademarks are estimated to be infinite by the Group management. Where useful lives of related intangible assets are definite (in case of 20 years), amortization of such intangible assets' would increase by TL 4,939 (30 June 2016: TL 3,442) and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would decrease by TL 4,939 (30 June 2016: TL 3,442).

Amortization is recognized by the Group considering the useful lives of trademarks, customer lists and internet domain names with definite useful lives disclosed in Note 2.2.

If useful lives of trademarks, customer lists and internet domain names differ 10% from the management's expectations, the effect over the financial statements would be as follows:

- if useful lives were 10% higher, amortization would decrease by TL 449 and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would increase by TL 449 (30 June 2016: TL 313); or
- if useful lives were 10% lower, amortization would increase by TL 549 and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would decrease by TL 549 (30 June 2016: TL 382)

e) Deferred tax assets

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS published by POAASA and their statutory financial statements. The fully or partially recoverable amount of deferred tax assets are estimated under available circumstances. The future income projections, unused losses and expiration dates of other tax assets and tax planning strategies that can be used when necessary are considered during the evaluation of estimations. The Group, considering the future income projections, recognized deferred tax assets amounting to TL 24,176 (31 December 2016: TL 19,853) arising from carry forward tax losses amounting to TL 120,881 as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 99,266). As of 30 June 2017, deferred tax assets not calculated arising from carry forward tax losses are TL 1,440,920 (31 December 2016: TL 1,416,965) (Note 31).

2) Provision for doubtful trade receivables

When there is an indicator that the collection of receivables will be impossible, provision is provided for the receivables. The amount of the provision is determined based on the assessment of the Group based on the aging of receivables and the payment performance of the customers. The provision for doubtful receivables is an accounting estimate determined based on the past payment performance and financial situations of the customers. Considering the ordinary course of trade cycle of the Group, provision for doubtful receivables for the trade receivables is considered for the trade receivables for which the collection period is over the ordinary course of trade cycle considering the fact that trade receivable is in the administrative and/or legal proceedings, with or without guarantee, objective evidence etc. Additionally, the Group assesses to provide provision for its receivables for which there are no special agreed guarantees and overdue for more than a year. As of 30 June 2017, doubtful provision is TL 282,611 (31 December 2016: TL 273,204).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3. Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

f) Provision for doubtful trade receivables (continued)

Prepaid phone card (prepaid minutes) sales related with mobile telecommunication services and newspaper sales (excluding transactions with related parties and newspapers distributed through subscription system) are carried at gross value in the consolidated financial statements by the Group.

Management believes that the decision to record revenue gross versus net is a matter of professional judgment that is dependent upon the relevant facts and circumstances. The Group considers the following factors and indicators in coming to the conclusion.

- The Group has the option to determine the selling price, within the existing economic limitations,
- General inventory risk of goods mentioned above belongs to the Group. The Group purchases
 newspapers from suppliers and sells them to its dealers through its distribution network. The
 Group returns unsold newspapers from dealers to the original supplier. General inventory risk is
 about approximately a week for newspaper sales,
- The Group has the collection risk associated with the transaction.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Purchase of Shares of Hakimiyet Petrol Ticaret Limited Sirketi

The Group purchased the remaining 50% share of Hakimiyet Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Hakimiyet Petrol"), which was a joint venture that Group had 50% voting rights, as of 30 March 2017 for TL 50,000 (exact). The purchase made in accordance with the Group's growth and oil sales targets in the energy market in Turkey. The Group's portion of the difference between net cash inflow and net liabilities as of acquisition date is recognized as goodwill impairment (Note 28) (31 December 2016:None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

Joint ventures of Doğan Holding are presented below. Joint venture's nature of businesses, segments, registered countries and entrepreneurial partners are summarized as following:

Toint nonting	Country	Nature of business	Entrepreneurial
Joint venture	Country	business	partner
Aslancık Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.			Doğuş Holding A.Ş. ve
("Aslancık Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Anadolu Endüstri Holding A.Ş.
ASPM Holding B.V.	Netherland	Internet publishing	Autoscout24 GmbH
Boyabat Elektrik Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş.			Unit Investment N.V.
("Boyabat Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Doğuş Holding A.Ş.
DD Finansman A.Ş. ("DD Finansman")	Turkey	Finance	Deutsche Bank AG
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP")	Turkey	Planning	Burda GmbH
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve			
Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	Turkey	Magazine publishing	Burda GmbH
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve			
Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont")	Turkey	Magazine publishing	Egmont
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd. ("Gas Plus Erbil")	Jersey	Energy	Newage Alzarooni Limited
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yatırımları Yönetim			
İnşaat ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Kandilli Gayrimenkul)	Turkey	Real Estate	Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım A.Ş.
SP Pronto Kiev	Ukraine	Newspaper and Internet	
		Publishing	Feba Ltd., Tov Astra
			Publishing International Holding B.V
TOV E-Prostir	Ukraine	Internet publishing	Adrey I. Parkhomenko, Dimitrienko S.
			Nadia G. Malyarova
Ultra Kablolu Televizyon ve Telekomünikasyon			
Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ultra Kablolu")	Turkey	Telecommunication	Koç Holding A.Ş.

The table below sets out the Joint Ventures, Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries and Doğan family voting power and effective ownership interests at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016:

	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%)		voting po by Doğa memb	ortion of ower held in family ers (%)	power l	ting held (%)	Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
Joint Ventures	30 June 31 1 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 2017	December 2016	30 June 31 Do 2017	ecember 2016
Aslancık Elektrik	33.33	33.33	-	-	33.33	33.33	33.33	33.33
ASPM Holding B.V.	51.00	51.00	-	-	51.00	51.00	38.53	38.53
Boyabat Elektrik	33.00	33.00	-	-	33.00	33.00	33.00	33.00
DD Finansman	48.00	48.00	2.98	3.00	50.98	51.00	48.00	48.00
Doğan Burda	45.02	45.02	0.27	0.27	45.29	45.29	45.02	45.02
Doğan Egmont	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
DPP	56.00	56.00	-	-	56.00	56.00	56.00	56.00
Gas Plus Erbil	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Hakimiyet Petrol ⁽¹⁾	-	50.00	-	-	-	50.00	-	25.00
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	50.00	50.00	-	_	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
SP Pronto Kiev	50.00	50.00	-	_	50.00	50.00	37.77	37.77
TOV E-Prostir	50.00	50.00	-	_	50.00	50.00	37.77	37.77
Ultra Kablolu ⁽²⁾	50.00	50.00	-	-	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00

⁽¹⁾ Explained in Note 3.

⁽²⁾ The related joint venture has ceased its operations as of November 2006.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Profit and loss arising from the transactions between the Group's subsidiaries and its joint ventures are eliminated in accordance with the Group's share in its related subsidiary or its joint venture. The summary of the Group's share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for by the equity method as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	Total	Total	Net	Group's share	Net	Profit/(loss) for the	Group's share on net profit/
30 June 2017	assets	liabilities	assets	on net assets	sales	period	(loss)
DD Finansman	53,962	48,804	5,158	2,476	2,423	(3,017)	(1,448)
Gas Plus Erbil	439,926	859	439,067	219,534	-	(422)	(211)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	166,322	8,069	158,253	79,127	-	14,922	7,461
Doğan Burda	50,199	25,775	24,424	10,996	40,773	(2,110)	(950)
Aslancık Elektrik	451,731	450,573	1,158	386	54,168	3,234	1,078
Other	71,696	32,740	38,956	19,537	21,456	2,298	1,120
Total	1,233,836	566,820	667,016	332,056	118,820	14,905	7,050
Boyabat Elektrik (1)	1,965,754	2,935,701	(969,947)	(225,822)	94,439	(184,086)	779

⁽¹⁾ Doğan Holding has given bail amounting to USD 64,390 (TL 225,822) (31 December 2016: USD 64,390 (TL 226,601) as a guarantee for Boyabat Elektrik's long-term project financing loan. This amount is limited to the amount of the net assets allocated to the Group by the collateral amount given by Doğan Holding to the project financing loan with reference to the application of TAS 28, item 39, after the share of Boyabat Elektrik has decreased to zero and additional liability has been settled and the liability amount has been recognized.

31 December 2016	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net assets	Group's share on net assets	Net sales	Profit/(loss) for the period	Group's share on net profit/ (loss)
DD Finansman	85,756	77,581	8,175	3,924	25,259	(43,348)	(20,807)
Gas Plus Erbil	441,627	7,188	434,439	217,220	-	(2,434)	(1,217)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	,	4,505	143,330	71,665	-	6,028	3,014
Doğan Burda	54,224	27,689	26,535	11,946	89,485	(3,977)	(1,790)
Other	62,040	25,728	36,312	18,716	55,907	431	189
Total	791,482	142,691	648,791	323,471	170,651	(43,300)	(20,611)
Aslancık Elektrik	462,297	464,372	(2,075)	(692)	102,689	(44,673)	(14,890)
Boyabat Elektrik	2,085,027	2,882,785	(797,758)	(226,601)	255,442	(490,045)	(133,571)
						Profit/(loss)	Group's share
	Total	Total	Net	Group's share	Net	for the	on net profit/
30 June 2016	assets	liabilities	assets	on net assets	sales	period	(loss)
Aslancık Elektrik	475,549	414,500	61,049	20,348	59,169	18,415	6,138
Gas Plus Erbil	354,879	1.798	353,081	176,541		(55)	(28)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	,	3,356	139,130	69,565	_	1.827	914
Doğan Burda	58,651	27,944	30,707	13,824	49,951	(112)	(50)
Other	66,609	32,968	33,641	17,355	44,238	(5,522)	(978)
Total	1,098,174	480,566	617,608	297,633	153,358	14,553	5,996
Boyabat Elektrik	2,060,340	2,484,325	(423,985)	(139,915)	71,071	(69,334)	(22,880)
DD Finansman	87,794	93,808	(6,014)	(2,887)	22,158	(37,990)	(18,235)
	07,771	,,,,,,,	(3,011)	(2,007)	,150	(31,000)	(10,233)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

The share of the Group of net assets of the investments accounted for by the equity method as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	Share (%)	30 June 2017	Share (%)	31 December 2016
Gas Plus Erbil	50.00	219,534	50.00	217,220
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	50.00	79,127	50.00	71,665
Doğan Burda	45.02	10,996	45.02	11,946
DD Finansman	48.00	2,476	48.00	3,924
Aslancık Elektrik	33.33	386	33.33	-
Other		19,537		18,716
Total		332,056		323,471

The share of the Group of net liabilities of investments accounted for by the equity method as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	Share (%)	30 June 2017	Share (%)	31 December 2016
Boyabat Elektrik	33.00	(225,822)	33.00	(226,601)
Aslancık Elektrik	33.33	-	33.33	(692)
Total		(225,822)		(227,293)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed financial information after consolidation adjustments of Joint Ventures is as follows:

Condensed statement of financial position information:

30 June 2017	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other	Total
30 June 2017	LICKUIK	Liektiik	Filialisiliali	Gayrillelikui	Gas Flus El DII	Dogan Durua	Other	10141
Cash and cash equivalents	6,990	8,617	11,731	1,518	338	14,227	5,389	48,810
Other current assets	57,566	12,588	41,759	73	-	30,960	59,229	202,175
Other non-current assets	1,901,198	430,526	472	164,731	439,588	5,012	7,078	2,948,605
Total assets	1,965,754	451,731	53,962	166,322	439,926	50,199	71,696	3,199,590
Short-term borrowings	146,355	31,228	_	_	_	238	3,100	180,921
Other short-term liabilities	139,522	22,107	1,796	60	116	18,271	28,662	210,534
Liabilities regarding finance sector	-	-	47,008	-	-	-	-	47,008
Long-term borrowings	2,493,746	396,926	-	_	_	_	-	2,890,672
Other long-term liabilities	156,078	312	-	8,009	743	7,266	978	173,386
Total liabilities	2,935,701	450,573	48,804	8,069	859	25,775	32,740	3,502,521
Net assets:	(969,947)	1,158	5,158	158,253	439,067	24,424	38,956	(302,931)
Shares that aren't liability of the Group	(744,125)	_	_	-	-	-		(744,125)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.45		, , ,
Group's net asset share	(225,822)	386	2,476	79,127	219,534	10,996	19,537	106,234

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed statement of financial position information (continued):

	Boyabat	Aslancık	DD	Kandilli				
31 December 2016	Elektrik	Elektrik	Finansman	Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	49,661	6,711	34,778	35	49	14,926	6,571	112,731
Other current assets	99,108	20,135	50,021	1,794	-	34,631	48,223	253,912
Other non-current assets	1,936,258	435,451	957	146,006	441,578	4,667	7,246	2,972,163
Total assets	2,085,027	462,297	85,756	147,835	441,627	54,224	62,040	3,338,806
Short-term borrowings	285,880	80,777	_	_	_	_	3,160	369,817
Other short-term liabilities	26,629	28,418	1,672	225	6,442	19,391	22,138	104,915
Liabilities regarding finance sector	-	20,110	75,909	-	-	-	22 ,130	75,909
Long-term borrowings	2,423,088	354,903	-	-	-	-	-	2,777,991
Other long-term liabilities	147,188	274	-	4,280	746	8,298	430	161,216
Total liabilities	2,882,785	464,372	77,581	4,505	7,188	27,689	25,728	3,489,848
Net assets:	(797,758)	(2,075)	8,175	143,330	434,439	26,535	36,312	(151,042)
Shares that aren't liability of	, , ,	. , ,	ŕ	•	,	ŕ	,	. , ,
the Group	(28,174)	-	-	-	-	-		(28,174)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.45		
Group's net asset share:	(226,601)	(692)	3,924	71,665	217,220	11,946	18,716	96,178

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed statement of financial position information(continued):

1 January - 30 June 2017	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other
Revenue	94,439	54,168	2,423	_	_	40,773	21,456
Operating profit/(loss)	(7,690)	21,452	(3,390)	11,605	_	(2,487)	1,022
Net financial (expense)/income	(/ /	(17,939)	(3,370)	14	_	(111)	(876)
Profit/loss before income tax	(188,957)	3,514	(3,390)	6,929	(422)	(2,586)	616
Currency translation difference		-	(3,370)	-	(3,150)	(2,360)	-
Total comprehensive income/		3,234	(3,017)	14,922	(3,573)	(2,110)	2,298
	(-))	-, -	(-)-	r	(-)-	() -)	,
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.45	
Group's net share on profit/lo		1,078	(1,448)	7,461	(211)	(950)	1,120
1 April - 30 June 2017	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other
Revenue	35,375	33,789	1,147	_	_	19,787	(5,417)
Operating profit/(loss)	(13,209)	14,629	(1,539)	(74)	196	(972)	(22,437)
Net financial (expense)/income		4,917	-	14	9	(56)	(465)
Profit before tax income/(loss)	(31,859)	19,547	(1,539)	(4,756)	(191)	(1,015)	(2,880)
Currency translation difference			-	-	(11,007)	-	-
Total comprehensive income/		17,001	(1.255)	5.500	(10.004)	(522)	(770)
(loss)	(29,618)	16,001	(1,375)	5,566	(10,994)	(522)	(770)
Group's share	0.33	0.33	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.45	
Group's net share on profit/(l		386	(660)	2,783	(95)	(235)	733

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

1 January- 30 June 2016	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other
D	71.071	50.160	22.150			40.051	44.220
Revenue	71,071	59,169	22,158	-	-	49,951	44,238
Depreciation and amortization	31,909	6,108	-	-	- (20)	418	198
Operating profit	8,527	28,414	(29,695)	2,284	(38)	329	8,931
Net financial expense	(80,819)	(8,390)	(1,574)	-	(17)	(115)	(852)
Profit before income tax	(72,292)	20,024	(31,269)	2,284	(55)	214	(6,698)
Total comprehensive income/	,						
(expense)	(69,334)	18,415	(37,990)	1,827	(55)	(112)	(5,522)
C'l	0.22	0.22	0.48	0.50	0.50	0.45	
Group's share	0.33	0.33		0.50	0.50	0.45	(0=0)
Group's net share on profit/(loss) (22,880)	6,138	(18,235)	914	(28)	(50)	(978)
1 April - 30 June 2016	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other
	<u> </u>			Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil		
Revenue	31,867	31,964	DD Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul - -	Gas Plus Erbil - -	25,248	Other 34,564 99
Revenue Depreciation and amortization	31,867 15,503	31,964 3,138	10,939	- -	-		34,564
Revenue Depreciation and amortization Operating profit	31,867 15,503 4,230	31,964 3,138 18,224	10,939 - (25,919)	Kandilli Gayrimenkul 3,796	- (34)	25,248 206 945	34,564 99 7,371
Revenue Depreciation and amortization	31,867 15,503	31,964 3,138	10,939	- -	-	25,248 206	34,564
Revenue Depreciation and amortization Operating profit Net financial expense Profit before income tax	31,867 15,503 4,230 (69,220) (64,990)	31,964 3,138 18,224 (12,823)	10,939 - (25,919) (718)	3,796	- (34) (8)	25,248 206 945 (63)	34,564 99 7,371 (852)
Revenue Depreciation and amortization Operating profit Net financial expense	31,867 15,503 4,230 (69,220) (64,990)	31,964 3,138 18,224 (12,823)	10,939 - (25,919) (718)	3,796	- (34) (8)	25,248 206 945 (63)	34,564 99 7,371 (852)
Revenue Depreciation and amortization Operating profit Net financial expense Profit before income tax Total comprehensive income/ (expense)	31,867 15,503 4,230 (69,220) (64,990)	31,964 3,138 18,224 (12,823) 5,400	10,939 (25,919) (718) (26,363) (33,084)	3,796 2,305 3,356	(34) (8) (23)	25,248 206 945 (63) 883	34,564 99 7,371 (852) (7,873)
Revenue Depreciation and amortization Operating profit Net financial expense Profit before income tax Total comprehensive income/	31,867 15,503 4,230 (69,220) (64,990) (64,097)	31,964 3,138 18,224 (12,823) 5,400	10,939 (25,919) (718) (26,363)	3,796 - 2,305	(34) (8) (23)	25,248 206 945 (63) 883	34,564 99 7,371 (852) (7,873)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in

thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

External revenue a)

	1 January- 30 June 2017	1 April- 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April- 30 June 2016
Publishing	568,973	323,467	582,740	311,897
Broadcasting	552,063	287,256	576,327	308,912
Retail	358,480	173,895	309,025	146,127
Energy	2,793,692	1,620,849	1,809,784	1,021,001
Other	326,904	179,971	244,787	146,545
	4,600,112	2,585,438	3,522,663	1,934,482

Profit/(loss) before income tax b)

	1 January- 30 June 2017	1 April- 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April- 30 June 2016
Publishing	(62,197)	(60,592)	(33,286)	(17,872)
Broadcasting	(64,443)	(16,170)	33,699	30,815
Retail	(2,521)	(6,330)	(3,695)	(3,754)
Energy	23,379	34,320	14,607	(6,917)
Other	(83,596)	(55,869)	(38,716)	433
	(189,378)	(104,641)	(27,391)	2,705

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 January – 30 June 2017:

	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Elimination	Total
External revenue	568,973	552,063	358,480	2,793,692	326,904	_	4,600,112
Inter segment revenue	31,400	13,583	470	10,292	15,149	(70,894)	-
Total revenue	600,373	565,646	358,950	2,803,984	342,053	(70,894)	4,600,112
Revenue	600,373	565,646	358,950	2,803,984	342,053	(70,894)	4,600,112
Cost of sales	(429,778)	(463,953)	(228,337)	(2,644,204)	(264,307)	41,583	(3,988,996)
Gross profit/(loss)	170,595	101,693	130,613	159,780	77,746	(29,311)	611,116
General administrative expenses	(73,115)	(51,994)	(10,444)	(12,698)	(57,854)	14,056	(192,049)
Marketing expenses	(76,100)	(62,894)	(119,341)	(101,654)	(25,663)	11,885	(373,767)
Share of gain/(loss) on investment accounted for by	nts						
the equity method	450	-	-	1,646	5,733	-	7,829
Other income/(expenses) from							
operating activities, net	(1,128)	(567)	(2,069)	32,205	14,367	1,804	44,612
Income/(expenses) from							
investing activities, net	(57,523)	(282)	1,984	1,596	(45,933)	160	(99,998)
Financial income/(expenses), net	t (25,376)	(50,399)	(3,264)	(57,496)	(51,992)	1,406	(187,121)
Profit/(loss) before tax	(62,197)	(64,443)	(2,521)	23,379	(83,596)	-	(189,378)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 April– 30 June 2017:

					Inter segment		
	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Elimination	Total
External revenue	323,467	287,256	173,895	1,620,849	179,971	-	2,585,438
Inter segment revenue	14,182	7,990	303	4,534	7,750	(34,759)	_
Total revenue	337,649	295,246	174,198	1,625,383	187,721	(34,759)	2,585,438
Revenue	337,649	295,246	174,198	1,625,383	187,721	(34,759)	2,585,438
Cost of sales	(242,906)	(230,261)	(109,343)	(1,550,587)	(147,060)	22,798	(2,257,359)
Gross profit/(loss)	94,743	64,985	64,855	74,796	40,661	(11,961)	328,079
General administrative expenses	(36,711)	(29,380)	(4,166)	(9,371)	(25,698)	6,941	(98,385)
Marketing expenses	(37,990)	(31,875)	(63,221)	(54,983)	(15,582)	5,897	(197,754)
Share of gain/(loss) on investmen	nts						
accounted for by the equity method	794	-	-	8,758	1,827	_	11,379
Other income/(expenses) from	,,,,			-,,	-,		,
operating activities, net	(8,759)	269	(3,637)	25,730	(23,128)	(1,632)	(11,157)
Income/(expenses) from							
investing activities, net	(59,571)	231	465	941	(18,445)	160	(76,219)
Financial income/(expenses), net	(13,098)	(20,400)	(626)	(11,551)	(15,504)	595	(60,584)
Profit/(loss) before tax	(60,592)	(16,170)	(6,330)	34,320	(55,869)	-	(104,641)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 January – 30 June 2016:

						Inter segment	
	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Elimination	Total
External revenue	582,740	576,327	309,025	1,809,784	244,787	-	3,522,663
Inter segment revenue	18,331	12,023	200	12,554	19,906	(63,014)	
Total revenue	601,071	588,350	309,225	1,822,338	264,693	(63,014)	3,522,663
Revenue	601,071	588,350	309,225	1,822,338	264,693	(63,014)	3,522,663
Cost of sales	(417,129)	(409,660)	(194,092)	(1,682,188)	(196,292)	33,576	(2,865,785)
Gross profit/(loss)	183,942	178,690	115,133	140,150	68,401	(29,438)	656,878
General administrative expenses	(75,122)	(45,478)	(9,506)	(11,130)	(46,633)	19,007	(168,862)
Marketing expenses	(84,717)	(61,830)	(107,664)	(87,967)	(15,295)	8,755	(348,718)
Share of gain/(loss) on investmen	nts						
accounted for by the equity method	1,006	_	_	(16,589)	(19,536)	_	(35,119)
Other income/(expenses) from	,				, , ,		, , ,
operating activities, net	6,548	(9,032)	700	6,011	11,890	2,348	18,465
Income/(expenses) from							
investing activities, net	(36,188)	(1,873)	-	808	(7,136)	(2,117)	(46,506)
Financial income/(expenses), net	(28,755)	(26,778)	(2,358)	(16,676)	(30,407)	1,445	(103,529)
Profit/(loss) before tax	(33,286)	33,699	(3,695)	14,607	(38,716)	-	(27,391)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 April–30 June 2016:

					Inter segment			
_	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Elimination	Total	
External revenue	311,897	308,912	146,127	1,021,001	146,545	_	1,934,482	
Inter segment revenue	7,894	8,851	58	6,656	10,425	(33,884)	-	
Total revenue	319,791	317,763	146,185	1,027,657	156,970	(33,884)	1,934,482	
Revenue	319,791	317,763	146,185	1,027,657	156,970	(33,884)	1,934,482	
Cost of sales	(229,353)	(206,086)	(90,739)	(954,656)	(116,951)	19,799	(1,577,986)	
Gross profit/(loss)	90,438	111,677	55,446	73,001	40,019	(14,085)	356,496	
General administrative expenses	(36,491)	(25,112)	(6,428)	(6,527)	(26,115)	10,360	(90,313)	
Marketing expenses	(40,996)	(30,901)	(50,569)	(48,224)	(9,455)	4,298	(175,847)	
Share of gain/(loss) on investmen accounted for by	ts							
the equity method	1,019	-	_	(19,519)	(14,602)	-	(33,102)	
Other income/(expenses) from operating activities, net	10,380	(7,592)	92	2,768	18,732	695	25,075	
Income/(expenses) from								
investing activities, net	(39,171)	(731)	(1,122)	(104)	4,308	(1,060)	(37,880)	
Financial income/(expenses), net	(3,051)	(16,526)	(1,173)	(8,312)	(12,454)	(208)	(41,724)	
Profit/(loss) before tax	(17,872)	30,815	(3,754)	(6,917)	433		2,705	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

d) Segment assets

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Total assets		
Publishing	1,664,295	1,706,149
Broadcasting	1,301,158	1,276,215
Retail	341,092	315,537
Energy	1,940,279	1,730,603
Other	9,260,068	9,025,193
Total	14,506,892	14,053,697
Less: segment elimination (1)	(6,371,561)	(6,221,801)
Total assets per		
consolidated financial statements	8,135,331	7,831,896
Shareholder's equity	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Publishing and broadcasting	741,259	755,144
Retail	76,222	80,391
Energy	1,227,124	1,172,536
Other	7,741,182	7,737,620
Total	9,785,787	9,745,691
Less: segment elimination (2)	(7,363,057)	(7,167,345)
Total shareholders' equity per consolidated financial statements	2,848,888	3,017,164
Non-controlling interests	426,158	438,818
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	2,422,730	2,578,346

Segment elimination amount consists of the elimination of the shares of publishing, broadcasting, retail, energy and other companies and reciprocal debit and credit balances between publishing, broadcasting, retail, energy and other segment.

Segment elimination amount represents reciprocal elimination of adjusted capital amount within all segment's total equity and subsidiary amount.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

e) <u>Purchase of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties and depreciation and amortization charge</u>

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
<u>Purchases</u>				
Publishing	22,449	14,438	19,141	4,521
Broadcasting	207,038	101,782	159,252	110,122
Retail	9,069	6,428	5,406	3,371
Energy	86,765	33,762	141,673	93,331
Other	44,167	5,529	43,666	28,929
Total	369,488	161,939	369,138	240,274
<u>Depreciation and amortisation</u> (1)				
Publishing	22,469	12,329	29,493	12,834
Broadcasting	184,408	92,978	133,687	93,497
Retail	4,834	2,491	4,491	1,896
Energy	51,653	26,542	43,480	24,265
Other	18,432	10,984	15,223	7,737
Total	281,796	145,324	226,374	140,229

Depreciation expense related to other segment amounting to TL 197 has been recognised under inventory account (31 December 2016: TL 145).

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The details of cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Cash	6,223	7,475
Banks		
- demand deposits	209,521	173,837
- time deposits	1,215,449	1,226,385
Other liquid assets	89,800	104,466
	1,520,993	1,512,163

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

As of 30 June 2017, the gross effective interest rates of USD, EUR and TL denominated time deposits are between gross 0.06% and 4.12% (31 December 2016: 0.35% and 3.59%), 0.01% and 2.25% (31 December 2016: 0.01% and 2.00%) and 3.00% and 15.00% (31 December 2016: 2.00% and 11.60%), respectively and the maturity of the time deposits is shorter than 3 months.

As of 30 June 2017, other liquid assets consist of credit card slip receivables amounting to TL 89,800 (31 December 2016: TL 104,435). Blocked deposits are not available (31 December 2016: TL 31).

Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows as of 30 June 2017, 31 December 2016, 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2016	31 December 2015
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest (-)	1,520,993 (555)	1,512,163 (3,286)	1,394,817 (450)	1,894,260 (7,361)
Cash and cash equivalents	1,520,438	1,508,877	1,394,367	1,886,899

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

a) Short-term financial investments

The Group's available for sale financial assets classified as short term financial investments are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Private sector bonds and bills	107,285	114,882
Blocked deposits (1)	4,616	173,870
	111,901	288,752

¹⁾ As of 30 June 2017, Doğan Holding has blocked bank deposits for other subsidiaries amounting to TL 4,616 (As of 31 December 2016 guarantees given of USD 26,000 (TL91,499), TL 80,000 blocked bank deposits for its subsidiary Mozaik, and TL 2,371 blocked bank deposits for other subsidiaries).

Private sector bonds and bills are dominated in TL and USD and their weighted average interest rates are 14.16% and 3.41% respectively (31 December 2016: TL 13.40%, USD 4.41%).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b) Long-term financial investments

The Group's available for sale financial assets (Note 2.1.3.d.) classified as long term financial investments are as follows:

	30 Ju	ıne 2017	31 Dece	mber 2016
	TL	%	TL	%
Lexin Nassau L.P. ⁽¹⁾ Anten Teknik Hizmetler ve	71,923	22.15	70,059	22.15
Verici Tesis İşletme A.Ş.	1,700	<1	1,700	<1
Other	4,957	<1	4,957	<1
	78,580		76,716	

⁽¹⁾ Lexin Nassau L.P. is classified under long term investments of M Investment, a subsidiary of the Group. The investment is accounted for as available-for-sale financial assets and at 30 June 2017 the fair value is recorded at TL 71,923 (USD 20,508). Group, paid TL 2,208 (USD 600) for the capital increase of Lexin Nassau L.P. made on 11 April 2017 and participated in its own share.

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS

a) Financial borrowing

The details of financial borrowings at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Short-term borrowings:	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Short term bank borrowings	1,362,308	1,078,271
Factoring borrowings	9,219	9,440
Finance lease borrowings	394	717
Total	1,371,921	1,088,428
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings:	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings	518,649	305,409
Total	518,649	305,409
Long-term borrowings:	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Long term bank borrowings	663,918	895,251
Finance lease borrowings	-	132
Total	663,918	895,383

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

Details of the bank borrowings as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

		30 June 2017			31 December 20)16
	Interest rate	Original	_	Interest rate	Original	_
	per annum (%)	currency	TL	per annum (%)	currency	TL
Short-term bank borrowings:						
TL denominated bank borrowings	6.59 - 15.95	1,071,590	1,071,590	3.00 - 14.20	687,334	687,334
USD denominated bank borrowings	3.45 - 3.45	5,990	21,006	3.50 - 3.50	7,394	26,021
EUR denominated bank borrowings	0.75 - 3.65	63,448	253,982	0.75 - 3.05	94,267	349,721
Other bank borrowings	13.15 - 13.15	265,000	15,730	12.63 - 13.41	265,093	15,195
Sub-total			1,362,308			1,078,271
Short-term portion of long-term bank b	oorrowings:					
TL denominated bank borrowings	3.00 - 15.70	257,646	257,646	3.00 - 13.50	98,398	98,398
USD denominated bank borrowings	4.86 - 4.92	26,157	91,734	4.55 - 4.58	29,828	104,969
EUR denominated bank borrowings	2.15 - 5.71	42,286	169,269	0.75 - 4.70	27,505	102,042
Sub-total			518,649			305,409
Total short-term bank borrowing:			1,880,957			1,383,680
Long-term bank borrowings:						
TL denominated bank borrowings	3.00 - 13.25	163,119	163,119	3.00 - 13.25	370,205	370,205
USD denominated bank borrowings	-	-	-	4.75 - 4.75	25,000	87,980
EUR denominated bank borrowings	1.50 - 4.67	121,018	484,434	0.75 - 4.70	117,810	437,066
Other bank borrowings	12.25 - 12.25	275,700	16,365	-	-	
Total long-term bank borrowings			663,918			895,251

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

The redemption schedule of long-term bank borrowings as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
2018	265,332	759,066
2019	239,622	96,831
2020	64,630	15,539
2021 and after	94,334	23,815
	663,918	895,251

The floating rate bank borrowings of the Group denominated in USD have interest rates fluctuating between Libor +3.70% and Libor +3.80% and floating rate bank borrowings denominated in EUR have interest rates fluctuating between Euribor +0.75% and Euribor +5.00% (31 December 2016: USD Libor +0.75% and Libor +3.70%, Euribor +2.15% and Euribor +3.85%).

Carrying value of the financial liabilities is considered to be same with the fair value since discount effect is not material. The Group borrows loans on fixed and floating interest rates.

Finance lease liabilities:

The Group acquired property, plant and equipment and intangible assets through finance leases. As of 30 June 2017, total lease payment commitments of the Group relating to such short and long term lease agreements amount to TL 394 (31 December 2016: TL 849).

The redemption schedules of long-term leasing payables at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are summarized below.

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
2018 and after	-	132
Total	-	132

Allocation of borrowings with fixed and floating interest rates of the Group excluding financial liabilities to be paid to the suppliers as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Financial borrowings with fixed interest rates (Note 34) Financial borrowings with floating interest rates (Note 34)	1,991,501 562,987	1,718,751 570,469
Total	2,554,488	2,289,220

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

b) Other financial liabilities

Total

As of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, details of other financial liabilities are presented below.

Other long term financial liabilities:	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Financial liabilities due to call and put options (Note 17)	575,299	519,829
	575,299	519,829
NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES Short-term trade receivables from non- related parties	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Trade receivables Notes and cheques receivable Income accruals	1,761,234 250,730 27,162	1,542,715 221,861 6,209
Total	2,039,126	1,770,785
Less: Unearned financial income due to sales with maturity Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(11,601) (282,611)	(11,907) (273,204)

The average maturity of not overdue trade receivables of the Group that are followed by Doğan Faktoring is between 46 to 106 days as of the statement of financial position date (31 December 2016: 73 - 111 days). The maturity of the trade receivables of the Group varies and the effective interest rate applied for trade receivables is 13.92% (31 December 2016: 12.68%). The rate used in this method and determined on the basis of compound interest is called "effective interest rate"; the aformentioned rate has been determined taking into consideration the data of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey.

1,744,914

1,485,674

Long-term trade receivables	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Notes and cheques receivable (1)	31,250	31,292
Unearned financial income due to sales with maturity	(13,137)	(6,034)
	18,113	25,258

TL 38 (31 December 2016: TL 114) of the aforementioned notes receivables are related to maturity sales in Automall and Veneris projects of Milpa, a subsidiary of the Group, within 2012- 2015 years. In addition to this amount, there are long-term notes receivables in relation to the fuel sales amounting to TL 30,713 (31 December 2016: TL 30,721) gross, discounted amount TL 17,656 (31 December 2016: TL 24,768) and in relation to other operations amounting TL 499 (31 December 2016: TL 457).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

The movements of provisions for doubtful receivables for the related period are as follows:

	2017	2016
1 January	(273,204)	(275,324)
Provision booked in the current period (Note 27)	(18,682)	(19,749)
Currency translation differences	(504)	882
Written off trade receivables ⁽¹⁾	75	-
Collections and reversal of provisions	9,490	3,589
Disposal of subsidiary	214	-
30 June	(282,611)	(290,602)

The Group has decided to derecognise the receivables recorded as doubtful within prior periods, in accordance with the provisional article 7 of TCC, which are from the companies extracted from trade registry and the companies that have completed ordinary liquidation process and the companies dissolved by commercial courts' decision and the companies dissolved by bankruptcy estate and also determined as bad debts, from the statement of financial position.

Guarantees for trade receivables

As of 30 June 2017, although trade receivables amounting to TL 320,852 (31 December 2016: TL 221,016), were overdue, they were not assessed as doubtful receivable (Note 34). The Group does not foresee any collection risk regarding to overdue receivables by considering sector dynamics and circumstances as of the reporting date (Note 2).

As of 30 June 2017, the Group has collateral, pledge, mortgage and surety amounting to TL 496,244 (31 December 2016: TL 370,084) for trade receivables amounting to TL 1,763,027 (31 December 2016: TL 1,510,932) from non-related parties (Note 34).

The guarantees received consist of bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 219,717 (31 December 2016: TL 9,553), bails and mortgages amounting to TL 191,564 (31 December 2016: TL 76,922), cheques and notes amounting to TL 51,749 (31 December 2016: TL 254,488), receivable insurance amounting to TL 32,830 (31 December 2016: TL 28,626) and vehicle pledge amounting to TL 384 (31 December 2016: TL 495). Among these guarantees, bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 27,143, bails and mortgages amounting to TL 19,617, notes amounting to TL 7,458, receivable insurance amounting to TL 6,350, were received for overdue but not impaired receivables. (31 December 2016: bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 8,978, bails and mortgages amounting to TL 20,409, cheques and notes amounting to TL 12,915, vehicle pledge amounting to TL 495, receivable insurance amounting to TL 6,104 were received for overdue but not impaired receivables) (Note 34).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Short-term trade payables to non-related parties

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Trade payables	962,906	909,755
Provision for liabilities and expenses	86,637	32,298
Other payables	-	2,897
Less: unearned finance expense due to purchases with maturity	(6,909)	(5,840)
Total	1,042,634	939,110

The average maturity of trade payables is between 37 to 114 days as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: 34 to 92 days). The maturity of the trade payables of the Group varies and the effective interest rate applied for trade payables is 13.92% (31 December 2016: 12.68%). The rate used in this method and determined on the basis of compound interest is called "effective interest rate"; the aforementioned rate has been determined taking into consideration the data of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey.

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other short-term receivables from non-related parties	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Notes receivables (1)	8,228	7,151
Deposits and guarantees given	2,830	2,413
TEÏAŞ power transmission line receivables (2)	2,507	3,240
Receivables from the sale of investment property (3)	1,742	1,450
Receivables from dealers regarding agreement terminations	-	1,631
Other miscellaneous receivables (4)	2,112	1,161
Total	17,419	17,046
Other long-term receivables from non-related parties	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Notes receivables (1)	21,744	25,833
Deposits and guarantees given	2,352	3,000
Receivables from sale of investment property (3)	1,076	-
TEIAŞ power transmission line receivables (2)	-	249
Total	25,172	29,082

Comprises of the receivables from the sale of property, plant and equipment of Neta. Receivables with a maturity of 50 months will be collected until 5 August 2020. TL 21,062 (31 December 2016: TL 23,164) of long-term notes receivables comprise of the receivables from the sale of property, plant and equipment of Neta.

The amount comprises of the receivables of Galata Wind from the power transmission line of TEİAŞ.

As of 31 December 2016, the amount comprises of the receivables due to the sale of Kargir apartment of Hürriyet, subsidiary of the Group, located in Güvenevler neighborhood, Çankaya district, Ankara Province.

⁽⁴⁾ The amount comprises of the receivables arising from non-commercial activities of the subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Other short term payables	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Taxes and funds payable	92,004	88,813
Tax base increase payables	3,098	2,331
Deposits and guarantees received	1,375	1,162
Other short term payables (1)	271,352	139,809
Total	367,829	232,115
Other long term payables	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Other long term payables	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Other long term payables Deposits and guarantees received	30 June 2017 13,104	31 December 2016 13,346
Deposits and guarantees received		13,346

The related balance consists of the payables amounting to USD 58,260 of the Group's subsidiary Aytemiz Akaryakıt to Aytemiz Family with an interest rate of 2,5% and which will be paid in two equal installments. The net discounted amount with the finance cost of the related payable is USD 58,611 (TL 205,555) (31 December 2016: USD 60,469 (TL 212,803)).

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES

1.012 12 1.002	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Finished goods and merchandise	394,854	337,026
Raw materials and supplies	91,720	93,889
Semi-finished goods	8,497	14,274
Promotion stocks	5,392	5,808
Other inventories	2,084	1,511
	502,547	452,508
Provision for impairment of inventory (-)	(10,269)	(11,158)
Total	492,278	441,350

Depreciation and amortization expenses amounting to TL 197 have been included in cost of inventories as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 145).

Promotional materials consist of books, CDs, DVDs and electronic educational products that are provided with the newspapers. Group management determines whether the promotion stocks have been impaired or not, and in case of impairment, the related amount is also measured. In this context, impairment amount is determined by considering the purchase date and current condition of stocks within the rates determined by the Group management.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES (Continued)

The movement of the provision for impairment of inventories for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
1 January	(11,158)	(14,540)
Provision booked in the current period (Note 27)	(366)	(1,391)
Reversal of provision for impairment of inventories	1,255	779
30 June	(10,269)	(15,152)

NOTE 12 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Biological assets of Doğan Organik, a subsidiary of the Group, amounts to TL 426 as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 215).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The movements of investment properties for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	1 January 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Impairment adjustment (1)	Currency translation differences	Adjustment for fair value ⁽²⁾	30 June 2017
Land	476,846	26,789			(11,765)		(973)	490,897
Buildings	93,024	14,033	(17,519)	- -	(11,703)	5,447	(2,133)	92,852
Net book value	569,870	40,822	(17,519)	-	(11,765)	5,447	(3,106)	583,749
	1 January 2016	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Impairment adjustment (1)	Currency translation differences	Adjustment for fair value ⁽²⁾	30 June 2016
Land	272,864	2,126	_	_	(1,079)	-	1,365	275,276
Buildings	103,211	14,137	(10,196)	21,500	(2,309)	1,229	4,396	131,968
Net book value	376,075	16,263	(10,196)	21,500	(3,388)	1,229	5,761	407,244

Impairment adjustment amounting to TL 11,765 is related to adjustments with regards to fair value of invesment properties and the impact of purchase/sale transactions of the land considering the revaluation report and TL 3,388 of the impairment adjustment is related to investment properties obtained through barter agreements.

The Group has generated a rent income of TL 990 from investment properties (30 June 2016: TL 895). Direct operating costs incurred within the current period regarding investment properties is TL 274 (30 June 2016: TL 134). There is no collateral or mortgage on investment properties of the Group.

TL 2,133 of the adjustment for fair value is related to investment properties obtained through barter agreements, remaining balance is related to land. Group obtained fair value report of the investment properties considering the effect of currency appreciation on the land and residential unit prices, and other factors and recognized TL 5,761 fair value adjustment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

As of 30 June 2017, the investment properties of the Group comprise of parts of buildings held to earn rentals, lands and properties acquired within the context of barter agreements.

Level reclassification of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Investment properties of the Group, has been valued by the CMB licensed real estate companies using the market comparison analysis approach, cost approach and direct capitalisation approach methods. As a result, it was determined that the values calculated from different approaches is similar and consistent with the market comparison method and value has been determined according to the market comparison method. Real estate companies are authorized by CMB and provide property valuation appraisal services in accordance with the capital markets legislation and have sufficient experience and qualifications regarding the fair value measurement of the real estate in related regions.

Some of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are reflected at their fair values to the financial statements at every statement of financial position date. The following table gives information on how to determine the fair values of the related financial asset and liabilities:

			Fair value	level as of the r	reporting date
Financial Assets / Financial Liabilities	Fair	value	1. Level	2. Level	3. Level
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016			
Investment properties	583,749	569,870	-	583,749	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements of the property, plant and equipment for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	1 January 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Disposal of subsidiary	Acquisiton of subsidiary	Currency translation differences	30 June 2017
Cost:								
Land and land improvements	182,821	285	(487)	-	_	125	829	183,573
Buildings	130,169	776	(276)	24	-	-	2,711	133,404
Machinery and equipment	1,228,635	2,582	(2,973)	71,518	(216)	5	7,833	1,307,384
Motor vehicles	206,997	7,052	(12,042)	, -	` -	27	134	202,168
Furniture and fixtures	495,489	15,338	(17,671)	925	(44)	110	399	494,546
Development costs of								
leased tangible assets	121,640	4,774	(513)	379	(2)	-	195	126,473
Other tangible assets	125,314	10,675	(532)	-	-	-	199	135,656
Construction in progress	121,153	64,479	(1,202)	(74,369)	-	-	2	110,063
	2,612,218	105,961	(35,696)	(1,523)	(262)	267	12,302	2,693,267
Accumulated depreciation:								_
Land and land improvements	5,549	236	(487)	_	_	71	_	5,369
Buildings	84,630	3,745	-	804	_	-	1,770	90,949
Machinery and equipment	882,114	25,714	(2,444)	-	(216)	4	7,583	912,755
Motor vehicles	57,401	8,401	(7,136)	-	-	27	113	58,806
Furniture and fixtures	293,184	19,365	(11,729)	_	(42)	55	339	301,172
Development costs of			. , ,		, ,			
leased tangible assets	73,685	5,932	(351)	-	(2)	-	132	79,396
Other tangible assets	47,754	7,819	(223)	-		-	97	55,447
	1,444,317	71,212	(22,370)	804	(260)	157	10,034	1,503,894
Net book value	1,167,901							1,189,373

As of 30 June 2017, total depreciation expenses amounting to TL 281,796 (30 June 2016: TL 226,374) corresponding tangible assets amounting to TL 71,212 (30 June 2016: TL 69,322) and intangible assets amounting to TL 210,584 (30 June 2016: TL 157,052) are allocated by TL 205,364 (30 June 2016: TL 156,956) to cost of sales (Note 24), TL59,224 (30 June 2016: TL 50,799) to marketing expenses and TL 17,011 (30 June 2016: TL 18,618) to general administrative expenses (Note 25) and TL 197 (30 June 2016: TL 1) of amortization expenses are recognised in inventories.

There is a mortgage of TL 20,015 on property, plant and equipment as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 24,114). Net book value of property, plant and equipment acquired by leasing is TL 3,105 as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 3,396).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

	1 January 2016	Additions	Disposals	Transfer	Currency translation differences	30 June 2016
Cost:						
Land and land improvements	147,923	203	_	11,680	75	159,881
Buildings	190.623	415	(2,903)	(17,753)	532	170,914
Machinery and equipment	1,224,922	4,794	(3,637)	2,457	632	1,229,168
Motor vehicles	89,727	18,008	(5,564)	2, 13 /	-	102,171
Furniture and fixtures	478,658	18,083	(7,543)	1,193	485	490,876
Development costs of	,	,	(1,010)	-,-,-		,
leased tangible assets	117,386	5,061	(29)	-	10	122,428
Other tangible assets	88,617	16,285	(638)	_	19	104,283
Construction in progress	78,317	29,057	137	(15,330)	(81)	92,100
	2,416,173	91,906	(20,177)	(17,753)	1,672	2,471,821
Accumulated depreciation:						
Land and land improvements	5,063	83	-	-	-	5,146
Buildings	107,764	2,957	(66)	(7,414)	182	103,423
Machinery and equipment	833,696	29,955	(1,487)	-	604	862,768
Motor vehicles	55,480	5,852	(2,930)	-	-	58,402
Furniture and fixtures	262,621	20,091	(3,948)	-	468	279,232
Development costs of						
leased tangible assets	74,842	6,223	(507)	-	18	80,576
Other tangible assets	35,618	4,161	(22)	-	5	39,762
	1,375,084	69,322	(8,960)	(7,414)	1,277	1,429,309
Net book value	1,041,089					1,042,512

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets:

Movements of the intangible assets for the interim periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	1 January 2017	Additions	Disposals	Currency translation differences	Acquisition of subsidiary	Disposal of subsidiary	Impairment	Transfer	30 June 2017
Cost									
Customer list	289,292	-	(4,200)	8,228	-	-	(33,494)	-	259,826
Trade names	7,876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,876
Trade names related to	222 005			5.042			(22.121)		205 (26
Media segment	222,805	-	-	5,942	-	-	(23,121)	-	205,626
Electricity production license Other	354,644 584,597	21,659	(3,663)	1,176	5	(1,443)	_	519	354,644 602,850
Other	304,371	21,037	(3,003)	1,170		(1,773)		317	002,030
	1,459,214	21,659	(7,863)	15,346	5	(1,443)	(56,615)	519	1,430,822
Accumulated amortization:									
Customer list	233,574	2,316	(4,196)	6,829	-	-	-	-	238,523
Trade names	2,756	788	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,544
Trade names related to	24.024	150		104					25 101
Media segment	34,934 22,094	153 3,824	-	104	-	-	-	-	35,191 25,918
Electricity production license Other	433,929	25,946	(2,347)	772	5	(978)	-	-	457,327
<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(* * * *)			
	727,287	33,027	(6,543)	7,705	5	(978)	-	-	760,503
Dealer agreements	225,467								224,029
Television programme rights	159,478								185,646
	1,116,872								1,079,994

Movement of television programme rights and dealer agreements for 2017 is as follows:

	1 January 2017	Additions	Depreciation (1)	Currency translation differences	Disposal of subsidiary	30 June 2017
Dealer agreements Television programme rights	225,467 159,477	22,779 178,267	(24,217) (153,340)	1,277	(36)	224,029 185,646

⁽¹⁾ TL 58,110 (30 June 2016: TL 49,229) of TL 153,340 (30 June 2016: TL 104,864) of total programme rights amortisation is recognised under the television program rights amortisation and the remaining TL 95,230 (30 June 2016: TL 55,635) is recognised under television programme production costs (Note 24).

Part of domestic series costs, presented as "programme inventory" in the previous periods and recorded as programme expense on the date of its broadcasting, were started to be presented as "programme rights" as of 30 June 2016 (Note 2).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

	1 January 2016	Additions	Disposals	Currency translation differences	Acquisiton of subsidiary	Disposal of subsidiary	Impairment	Transfer	30 June 2016
			_		-				
Cost									
Customer list	221,027	-	-	22,059	-	-	(15,543)	-	227,543
Trade names	7,876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,876
Trade names related to									
Media segment	146,760	-	-	21,014	-	-	(28,477)	-	139,297
Electricity production license	354,644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	354,644
Other	511,106	32,271	(627)	(3,408)	-	-	(5,697)	-	533,645
	1,241,413	32,271	(627)	39,665	-	-	(49,717)	-	1,263,005
Accumulated amortization:									
Customer list	120,383	5,536	_	11,985	_	_	_	_	137,904
Trade names	1,181	3,824	_	, <u>-</u>	_	_	-	_	5,005
Trade names related to	,	,							*
Media segment	19,535	788	_	_	_	_	_	_	20,323
Electricity production license	14,447	518	_	1,121	_	_	_	_	16,086
Other	376,349	20,838	(348)	(105)	-	-	(2,639)	-	394,095
	531,895	31,504	(348)	13,001	-	-	(2,639)	-	573,413
Dealer agreements	135,251								211,349
Television programme rights	109,203								136,351
	953,972								1,037,292

Movement of television programme rights and dealer agreements for 2016 is as follows:

		Currency translation					
	1 January 2016	Additions	Depreciation	differences	30 June 2016		
Dealer agreements	135,251	96,782	(20,684)	-	211,349		
Television programme rights	109,203	131,916	(104,864)	96	136,351		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

As of 30 June 2017, the Group has determined that trademarks with carrying value of TL 197,551 have indefinite useful lives (31 December 2016: TL 215,940). The utilization period of trademarks with indefinite useful lives, as expected by the Group, is determined based on the stability of the industry, changes in market demands as to the products and services provided through assets, control period over the assets and legal or similar restrictions on their utilization.

Goodwill

The Group has goodwill amounting to TL 403,713 as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 403,713).

NOTE 16 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Ditaş, a subsidiary of the Group, benefits from the insurance premium incentive, regional incentive (Law no: 56486), incentive of the social security institution and minimum wage (Law no: 56645) under the scope of Social Security and General Health Insurance Law (Law no: 5510). In this context, the incentive of the insurance premium amounting to TL 510 (30 June 2016: TL 760) is recorded against the labor expense under cost of goods sold in the financial statements as of 30 June 2017. The duration of the above-mentioned incentives as of 30 June 2017 is until 31 December 2017.

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other short-term provisions	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Provision for lawsuits and indemnity	32,380	36,459
ICTA Penalty	394	533
Other	4,002	3,506
	36,776	40,498

Movement of lawsuit provisions for the interim periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	2017	2016
1 January	36,459	37,315
Additions in the current period (Note 27)	5,398	13,797
Currency translation differences	2	339
Payments of provisions	(5,565)	(12,348)
Reversal of provisions booked in prior periods	(3,914)	(4,405)
30 June	32,380	34,698

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(a) Lawsuits

The amount of lawsuits filed against the Group is TL 94,119 as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 85,208).

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Legal cases	61,372	63,821
Commercial cases	23,270	10,108
Business cases	8,338	11,076
Other	1,139	203
Total	94,119	85,208

Provision for lawsuits filed against the Group whose details are given above amounting to TL 32,380 has been provided with reference to the opinions of the Group's legal advisors and past experience of management related to similar litigations against the Group (31 December 2016: TL 36,459). Legal cases mainly consist of pecuniary and non-pecuniary damages and lawsuits filed against publishing and broadcasting companies and lawsuits initiated by the Radio and Television Supreme Council.

(b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz Film GmbH:

Amendment of the Share Purchase and the Shareholder Agreements

The "Share Purchase" and the "Shareholders Agreements" dated 19.11.2009 signed between Doğan Holding, our direct subsidiaries Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. (DTV) and Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (has ceased due to dissolution without liquidation) and Axel Springer A.G.'s direct subsidiaries Commerz-Film GmbH and Hauptstadtsee 809. V GmbH (together the Axel Springer Group) and dated 16.11.2006 signed between Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (has ceased due to dissolution without liquidation) and Axel Springer A.G. have been amended on 2 October 2014. Accordingly;

1- Provided that it shall take place earliest on 30 January 2015, and to be used in return for EUR 50,000, the Axel Springer Group has a "put option" for 34,183,593 (exact) shares, and Doğan Holding had a "commitment to buy" ("DTV Put Option I") and Doğan Holding had given "letter of guarantee" amounting to EUR 50,000 to Axel Springer Group. The Axel Springer Group exercised all of its "put option". Paid amount included interest calculated based on the 12-months compound Euro Libor plus 100 basis points as of 2 January 2007. Within the scope of the exercise of such "put option", 1,902,118 (exact) DTV bonus shares from the previous capital increase were delivered as bonus shares. Thus, within the scope of such option, the total number of shares delivered to Doğan Holding were 36,085,711 (exact) (approximately 2.65% of the current DTV capital). Related transaction was realized on 30 January 2015, and interest included EUR 63,346,606.10 (exact) payment was made to Commerz-Film GmbH by Doğan Holding in return for the exercise of put option and relevant letter of guarantee was returned to Doğan Holding. After the transaction, direct share of Doğan Holding in DTV equity is realized as 92.88%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz Film GmbH (continued):

2- As it was disclosed to public periodically in our financial statement footnotes; per the Agreements between the parties, "in case an initial public offering was not made for the DTV shares of the Axel Springer Group ("Axel Shares") until June 30, 2017, in addition to re-adjusting the price, and a payment accordingly, the Axel Springer Group had a "put option" for all or a part of the Axel Shares to Doğan Holding, and Doğan Holding had a "commitment to buy" (DTV Put Option II). With the Agreement amended on 2 October 2014, unconditional "put option" was given to Axel Springer Group and the details are presented in the appendix tables ("Option Exercise Table") in the latest IR news disclosed to Public Disclosure Platform ("PDP") on 2 October 2014. Aforementioned Option Exercise Table which has been updated but is valid as of 2 October 2014 is presented below;

Option Exercise Table:

Option	Number of shares subject to option	Current capital ratio of DTV(%)	Option excercise costs (EUR)(exact)	Earliest option excercise dates
2016	39,870,037	2.93	55,243,523.89	29.01.2016
2020/I	10,873,646	0.80	15,066,414.94	30.06.2020
2020/II	85,176,896	6.26	118,020,255.25	30.06.2020
2022	27,184,078	2.00	37,666,038.82	31.01.2022
TOTAL	163,104,657	11.99	225,996,232.90	

Axel Springer Group may exercise all or a part of its "put option". Amounts to be paid are final, meaning that additional interest cannot be charged. Only, the interest to be calculated taking as the basis annual compound 12-month Euro Libor plus 100 basis points from 29 January 2016 to 30 June 2020 shall be added to the sum to be paid for the "DTV Put Option 2020/I". For the total of 163,104,657 (exact) Doğan TV Holding shares to be transferred by Doğan Holding within the scope of such options, four separate "letters of guarantee" have been given to the Axel Springer Group by our Company with a total value of EUR 225,996 for the Doğan TV Holding securities to be taken by Doğan Holding.

In case all the options in above mentioned Article 1 are exercised, the Axel Springer Group will not have any shares left in the Doğan TV Holding capital.

- 3-The "DTV Put Option II" has been annulled and cancelled.
- 4-Issues related with the "initial public offering" of the "Axel Shares";
- a. In case of an initial public offering of the "Axel Shares" between the dates 1 January 2015 and 31 January 2022, the following shall be applicable for the value of the "Axel Shares" based on the three months average share price following the initial public offering ("Value of the Share Sold").
- i. If lower than the "Initial Sales Price", the negative difference between the "Value of the Share Sold" and the "Initial Sales Price" shall be paid through Doğan Holding to the Axel Springer Group, without calculating any interest on the "Initial Sales Price", and taking into account merely the "Initial Sales Price".

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz Film GmbH (continued):

ii. If higher than the "Initial Sales Price", the amount to be found by deducting the interest calculated based on the "Initial Sales Price" from the positive difference between the "Value of the Share Sold" and the "Initial Sales Price" (interest shall be calculated taking as the basis annual compound 12-month Euro Libor as of 2 January 2007) shall equally be shared between the Axel Springer Group and Doğan Holding.

iii. In case an initial public offering does not take place for the "Axel Shares" until 31 January 2022, and in case the "Fair Value" of DTV to be determined with specified valuation techniques on 31 December 2021 (shall be taken into account based on the extent of the shares the Axel Springer Group has in the DTV capital as of 31 December 2021) is lower than the "Initial Sales Price", the negative difference between the "Fair Value" of DTV as of 31 December 2021 and the "Initial Sales Price" shall be paid by Doğan Holding to the Axel Springer Group.

After the completion of the transactions mentioned above, based on the written agreement between Doğan Holding, DTV and Commerz-Film GmbH and the decision of the board of directors of DTV dated 29 April 2015, it has been decided;

- 1 To increase the paid in capital of DTV from the internal sources amounting to TL 173,984,499 (exact) and by cash amounting to TL 448,199,414 (exact), from TL 1,360,016,087 (exact) to TL 1,982,200,000 (exact),
- 2- Capital increase to be paid in cash amounting to TL 448,199,414 (exact) shall be committed by Doğan Holding

The payments related to the abovementioned capital increase that will be made in cash have been completed following the authorization of DTV General Assembly and obtaining necessary legal permissions as of 10 July 2015. After the capital increase, the ownership interest of Commerz-Film GmbH in the capital of DTV has decreased from 11.99% to 9.28%.

After the capital increase, the option exercise table has been revised as below;

Option Exercise Table:

Option	Number of shares subject to option	Current capital ratio of DTV(%)	Option exercise costs (EUR)(exact)	Earliest option exercise dates
2020/I	12,264,693	0.62	15,066,414.94	30.06.2020
2020/II	96,073,429	4.84	118,020,255.25	30.06.2020
2022	30,661,689	1.55	37,666,038.82	31.01.2022
TOTAL	138,999,811	7.01	170,752,709.01	

As stated in the Option Usage Table above, the DTV Put Option / 2016 was used by Commerz-Film GmbH on January 29, 2016 and the related letter of guarantee has been returned.

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NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz Film GmbH (continued):

The liability for unconditional "commitment to buy" of Doğan Holding mentioned above was recorded under "other long-term financial liability" in the consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2017 amounting to TL 575,299 (31 December 2016: TL 519,829) calculated over discounted cash outflows that will take place in the future. "Non-controlling interests" as the amount representing the shares belonging to Axel Springer were removed from the consolidated financial statements. Since the transaction did not result in any change of control over DTV on the date of transfer of shares, the difference between recorded financial liabilities and removed non-controlling interests was directly recognised under equity.

(c) Doğan TV Digital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş.

As a result of the investigation performed by Information and Communication Technologies Authority (ICTA) on one of the indirect subsidiaries of the Group, Doğan TV Dijital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş., on 21 April 2014, an administrative penalty amounting to TL 10,342 was sentenced and TL 8,260 was accrued in order to refund to the subscribers. The Group paid administrative penalty amounting to TL 7,756 by taking advantage of 25% discount for advance payment with the objection record as of 23 September 2014. On the other hand, TL 4,436 of the total amount accrued in relation to the refunds to the subscribers has been paid as of 30 June 2017 (30 June 2016: TL 4,242). Provision recognised in the prior periods regarding this matter is TL 2,616.

(d) Other

Milpa:

The Land of Ömerli

Shares acquired step by step with the agreement "Building Construction Shared Floor/Revenue in Return Arrangement Form Land Share and Real Estate Promise to Sell Agreement" ("Agreement") signed between March 2000 - October 2003 and recognised under "investment properties" by Milpa Ticari ve Smai Ürünler Pazarlama Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Milpa"), a subsidiary of the Group, and in addition to these shares, the balance of the shares acquired from the result of the tender in relation to the lawsuit opened by one of the shareholders corresponding to his/her share in the real estate, located at Istanbul Province, Pendik District, Kurtdoğmuş Village with an area of m² 2,238,207 which consist of two separate parcels with no:1154 and 1155, have been recognised at fair value which has been appreciated in the Real Estate Valuation Report dated 20 January 2017 prepared by the Real Estate Appraisal Company on the list of CMB. Because of the qualifications of farm land due to the legal uncertainties stated below, Ömerli land hasn't been recognised under normal business operations of Milpa (project development, construction and sale etc.), and has been recognised as "investment properties" in accordance with TAS 40 ("Investment Properties"), in the context of Paragraph 8/(b).

Milpa, has commitment to pay 25% of the revenue generated from the real estate project (the "Project") by considering the share of the land owners who have assigned shares within the scope of revenue sharing constructions and/or flat for land basis contracts in accordance with the Contract verdicts that has been signed with the first acquisition of Ömerli Land which cannot be implemented due to the administrative and legal processes as described in detail below (Note 18 and 20).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Other (continued)

According to the İstanbul Environmental Recreation Plan, scale of 1/100,000 and dated 15 June 2009, a significant part of the land of which parcel no is 1154, is located partially within the borders of "Habitat Park Area", "Military Land and Military Security Area", and "Forest Area". The report on the Basin Location Information of the Istanbul Water Supply and Sanitation Administrative General Directory dated as 30 November 2016 states that 2,586 m² of parcel no 1154 and 142,012 m² of parcel no 1155 are parts of the Forest Area. The related parcels are located in both the medium range (1000 m. – 2000 m.) protected area and the long range (2000 m. – 5000 m.) protected area of Ömerli Reservoir Basin.

144,266 m² of the land parcel no: 1155 has been removed from the forest area with the court decision in vear 2005. To this The Forestry Directorate appealed the decision at the Supreme Court of law No:20 and the objection was accepted on 24 June 2008 and these decisions (removal from forest area) are sent to the Pendik First Civil Court for re-evaluation. The Court has reiterated its initial decision being right on 8 October 2009 in terms of content. The General Directorate of Forestry appealed the Court's decision again and the related file was re-sent to the Supreme Court of law No: 20. The related office has resent the file to Pendik First Civil Court by disrupting the court decision The Court for which the lawsuit is held, has been divided into two and the lawsuit has been heard at 29th. Civil Court. The aforementioned court has decided to cancel the land register of the aforementioned 144,266 m² and parcel No: 1155 of land belonging to Milpa and registered the land as forest title in the name of the treasury at 23 December 2014. In accordance with the decision for parcel No:1155 being registered as forestry land, it has been excluded from the financial statements as at 31 December 2014. Following the notification of the decision no 2013/320 at 9 January 2015, appeal to a superior court on 13 February 2015 has been made, Aforementioned appeal has not been accepted and the Company has been notified that Supreme Court No: 20 upheld the decision of 29th. Civil Court on 13 July 2017. On 20 July 2017, compensation lawsuit was opened due to civil wrong.

With the 1/100,000 scale environmental plan released on 17 July 2009, the related land was classified as a habitat and recreation area and Milpa appealed to this plan within the legal deadline. As of the date of the preparation of these financial statements, no response was received regarding the change in land development plan and the appeal to this change regarding the land in Pendik, Kurtdoğmus Village. It is also known that there have been objections to the relevant construction plan from third parties as well. After the appeals to the development plan, no information has been received from the relevant authorities regarding the evaluations by Milpa. During the 8 years, no lower scale plans have been made and the zoning status of the land has not been identified yet. Planning and nationalization work is being performed regarding Kuzey Marmara Otoyolu Project near Ömerli land and based on the letter from General Directorate of Highways dated 5 December 2016, it has been stated that the relevant parcels were not subject to any expropriation and they are out of scope for expropriation. Since the planning process is conducted by multiple government agencies, only monitoring of the processes is performed. Based on the appeal from the real estate appraisal company, letter communicated from Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality dated 30 November 2016, development plan proposal and report of a part of Yenişehir neighborhood of Pendik district numbered NİP-22054 Pin Number 1/5000 Scale including Pendik district Kurtdoğmuş neighborhood 1154 and 1155 parcels and Ballıca, Emirli, Kurna and Kurtdoğmus neighborhoods were referred to Istanbul Metropolitan Municipality Assembly to be evaluated and decided within the scope of 3194 and 5216 law and related regulations.

In this context, the uncertainty in the development plan due to the appeal, will be continued to be assessed in subsequent periods in the legal process.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Other (continued)

143,068 m² part that corresponds to 164/2400 share of parcel no: 1154 of Ömerli Land has been purchased from the landowners for a cash consideration of a total of USD 7,154 (TL 23,609) in accordance with the "assignment agreement" made in exchange for the waiving from all legal claims against Milpa and all rights arising from the building construction shared floor/revenue in return arrangement form land share for the period ending on 30 June 2017.

The updated revaluation reports are obtained from CMB licensed real estate companies every year for the "investment properties" of Milpa that comprises of TL 180,655 (31 December 2016: TL 165,631) of Ömerli Land.

Based on the information given above, as stated in the environmental regulation plan of Ömerli land with a scale of 1/100,000 as of 17 July 2009, although the related land has been specified as "habitat" and "daily recreation" area; the fact that the parcels have a highly inclined and rugged topography, that the region is outside the central settlement areas because of the scarcity of these type of lands in this size, "the strengths" and "opportunities" like the position of the land in the Asian side of Istanbul where quality projects can be developed, the demand increase in recent years for the area and the proximity of the land to the TEM highway, the process of construction of a master building plan with a scale of 1/5000 of the area where the land is located, the exactness of Kuzey Marmara Otoyolu highway plan and the opening of the Yavuz Sultan Selim Bridge (3rd bridge) which is the continuation of the highway Real Estate Appraisal Company's valuation report as of 20 January 2017 using precedent comparison method valuated parcel no:1154 at a total amount of TL 219.864 (excluding VAT). On the other hand, this amount is the evaluation for the whole of the land Parcel No 1154. The share of Milpa in the Parcel No 1154 is 1,720,521 m² and 82.17 % and the amount is TL 180,655 as of 30 June 2017. (As of 31 December 2016, the share of the Company is 1,577,435 m² and 75.33% percent and the share amount of Milpa is TL 165,631) As mentioned above, lawsuit decision regarding the tentative decision on the Forest Land for parcel no: 1155, no appreciation in value for the parcel has been claimed. For Ömerli Land, security expenses amounting to TL 195 has been recognised under operational expenses (30 June 2016: TL 11) (Note 27). Additionally, no rental income has been recognised from the related property (2016: None).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

(a) Letters of guarantees and guarantee notes given

	30 June 2017			31 December 2016						
	TL Equivalent	TL	USD	EUR	Other	TL Equivalent	TL	USD	EUR	Other
A. CPM's given in the name of										
its own legal personality										
Collaterals (1)	1,583,401	526,919	96,660	179,237	-	1,552,942	619,113	82,413	173,536	-
Pledge (4)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage (2) (5)	20,015	-	-	5,000	-	24,114	-	-	6,500	-
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully										
consolidated companies										
Collaterals (1)(3)	245,470	39,482	43,872	331	860,000	35,022	1,377	8,176	-	85,000
Pledge (4)		-	-	-		-	-		-	-
Mortgage (5)	350,684	164	99,946	-	-	357,056	1,598	99,949	1,002	-
C. CPM's given on behalf of 3rd parties										
for ordinary course of business	108,039	107,638	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given										
i) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of	of the									
majority shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf	of other									
group companies which are not in scope	of B and C -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf	f of 3rd parties									
which are not in scope of C	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total	2,307,609					1,969,134				

⁽¹⁾ The collaterals of the Group consist of letter of guarantees, guarantee notes, bails and mortgages and the details are explained below.

⁽²⁾ There is a mortgage amounting to TL 20,015 over the tangible fixed assets of Group's subsidiary Hürriyet as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 24,114)

⁽³⁾ Doğan Holding has bail amounting to USD 35,556 given to credit institutions within the scope of financing Aslancık Elektrik's hydroelectric power plant construction (31 December 2016: USD 35,556).

^{(4) 33.33%} shares of Aslancık Elektrik (55,000,000 (exact) shares), 33% shares of Boyabat (9,372,000 (exact) shares) and 100% shares of D-Tes (444,000,000 (exact) shares) were given as pledges to financial institutions due to the Group's long term borrowings and are not included in the table above.

⁽⁵⁾ Bails of the Group has been presented in mortgages in the above table.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(a) Letters of guarantees and guarantee notes given (continued)

Other CPM's given by the Group to equity ratio is 0% as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: 0%). The details of letter of guarantees and guarantee notes given by the Group are as follows:

	30 Ju	30 June 2017		nber 2016
	Original currency	TL equivalent	Original currency	TL equivalent
Letters of guarantees – Euro	179,337	717,888	173,536	643,801
Letters of guarantees – TL	673,061	673,061	619,113	619,113
Letters of guarantees – USD	140,243	491,847	82,413	290,028
Letters of guarantees – Other	860,000	50,800	85,000	4,872
Guarantee notes – USD	289	1,012	8,176	28,773
Guarantee notes – TL	977	977	1,377	1,377
Guarantee notes – Euro	331	1,324	-	
Total		1,936,909		1,587,964

(b) Guarantees and mortgages given

The details of guarantees of Group's given for the financial liabilities and trade payables of the Group companies and related parties as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 Ju	30 June 2017		nber 2016
	Original currency	TL equivalent	Original currency	TL equivalent
Bails – USD	99,946	350,521	99,949	351,741
Bails – Euro	-	-	1,002	3,717
Bails – TL	164	164	1,598	1,598
Mortgages – Euro	5,000	20,015	6,500	24,114
Total		370,700		381,170

(c) Barter agreements

Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries, enter into barter agreements, which involve the exchanging of goods or services without any cash collections or payments, as a common practice in the media sector.

The Group has made barter agreements which is a common practice in the media sector. These agreements involve the exchange of goods and services without any cash consideration paid or collected. As of 30 June 2017, the Group has unused advertising commitments amounting to TL 8,779 (31 December 2016: TL 6,781) within the scope of these agreements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other Current Assets	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Other Current Assets		
Value added tax ("VAT") receivables	41,503	27,043
Programme stocks	22,223	20,354
Prepaid tax and funds	8,759	6,675
Personnel advances	6,829	7,674
Job advances	2,795	2,325
Other	3,296	1,766
	0= 40=	₹ 00 =
	85,405	65,837
Provision for impairment on programme stocks (-)	(6,496)	(6,496)
Provision for other doubtful receivables (-)	(421)	(421)
	70 100	59 020
	78,488	58,920
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Other non-current assets		
Value added tax ("VAT") receivables	114,228	119,584
Other	534	-
	114,762	119,584

NOTE 20- PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

The details of prepaid expenses and deferred income at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Short term prepaid expenses	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Advances given (1)	170,830	33,390
Prepaid expenses (2)	36,102	48,193
	206,932	81,583

The majority of the advances given consist of advances given for energy segment operations.

Significant amount of prepaid expenses consists of prepaid rent expenses and insurance expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20- PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME (Continued)

Long term prepaid expenses	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Advances given and prepayments (3) (4) (5)	21,996	37,471
Prepaid expenses for future years	10,100	14,152
	32,096	51,623

Long-term advances given amounting to TL 14,673 (31 December 2016: TL 18,761) consist of prepayments made by Doğan TV Holding, for UEFA (Union Européenne de Football Association or Union of European Football Associations) Champions League qualifying games and UEFA Cup qualifying games of certain Spor Toto Super League teams between 2008 and 2020. In accordance with the agreements, prepayments made for the related games are refunded to Doğan TV Holding in the case of cancellation of games.

⁽⁵⁾ TL 660 of advances given consists of Group's other subsidiaries (31 December 2016: TL 4,323).

Short-term deferred income	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Deferred income (1)	47,397	40,309
Advances received (2)	30,084	15,934
	77,481	56,243

The majority of the deferred income consists of prepaid subscription income in publishing and broadcasting segments and yatch mooring income in other segment.

⁽²⁾ Significant amount of advances received consist of advances received related to energy segment operations.

Long-term deferred income	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Deferred income (1)	9,840	7,457
	9,840	7,457

The majority of the deferred income consist of prepaid subscription income in publishing and broadcasting segments.

Advances given and prepayments amounting to TL 6,663 (31 December 2016: TL 10,516) comprise of advances given to dealers, by Aytemiz, one of the subsidiaries of Doğan Holding.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Currency derivative transactions

As of the statement of financial position date, the total nominal amount of the Group's foreign currency contracts with maturity that are not due and the Group is obliged to carry are as follows:

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Currency derivative transactions with maturity	-	(972)	551	
Total	-	(972)	551	-

NOTE 22 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(a) Payables regarding benefits provided to employees

The details of payables regarding benefits provided to employees as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Payables to personnel	21,182	18,026
Social security payables	16,105	18,770
	37,287	36,796

(b) Short term provision regarding employment benefits

The details of short term provision regarding employment benefits as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Provision for unused vacation	51,261	51,263
Personnel premium provision	2,004	
	53,265	51,263

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

(c) Long term provision regarding employment benefits

Details of long term provision regarding employment benefits as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Provision for employment termination benefits	120,801	119,120
	120,801	119,120

Except from the legal requirements other than Turkey in which the Group operates, there are no pension plans and benefits.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, or who is called up for military service, dies and achieves the retirement age. As of 30 June 2017, the maximum amount payable equivalent to one month of salary is TL 4,426.16 (exact) (31 December 2016: TL 4,297.21 (exact)) for each year of service. The retirement pay provision ceiling TL 4,732.48 which is effective from 1 July 2017, is taken into consideration in the calculation of provision for employment termination benefits (31 December 2016: TL 4,426.16 effective from 1 January 2017).

On the other hand, the Group is liable to make payments to personnel who work for a minimum of 5 years in the press sector and whose employment is terminated without due cause in accordance with the Regulations with regards to Employees Employed in the Press Sector. The maximum payable amount is 30 days' flat salary for each year of service. Employment termination benefit liabilities are not subject to any funding and there are no legal requirements for funding of these liabilities.

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group.

The standard TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" envisages the development of actuarial valuation methods in order to estimate the provision of severance pay. According to this, following assumptions were used in the calculation of total liability based on the report prepared by the actuarial firm:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as at 30 June 2017, the provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees.

Discount rate applied as 11.20% ⁽¹⁾ (31 December 2016: 11.20%), inflation rate applied as 6.50% ⁽²⁾ (31 December 2016: 6.50%) and increase in wages applied as 6.50% (31 December 2016: 6.50%) in the calculation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 - PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

(c) Long term provision regarding employment benefits(continued)

Age of retirement is based on considering the Company's historical operating data and taken as the average age of retirement from the Group.

- (1) Discount rate used for calculating the severance payment liability is determined as the 8 years of Government Bond compound interest of 11.20%.
- (2) The upper band inflation rate of the inflation report of Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey as of the year 2017 has been used in calculating the liability for severance payment.

The movement of provision for employment termination benefits within the period is as follows:

	2017	2016
1 January	119,120	109,481
Current period service cost and net interest		
expense from continued operations	10,431	8,860
Increase due to acquisition of subsidiary	24	-
Decrease due to disposal of subsidiary	(259)	-
Payments during the period due to continued operations	(8,515)	(8,474)
30 June	120,801	109,867

Total costs other than actuarial loss related to severance pay are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss table as of 30 June 2017. There are no actuarial gains / losses for the period ended as of 30 June 2017 (30 June 2016: None).

NOTE 23 – EQUITY

Doğan Holding adopted the registered paid-in capital system and set a limit on its registered paid-in capital representing registered type shares with a nominal value of TL 1.

Doğan Holding's registered capital ceiling and issued capital at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Registered authorized capital ceiling Issued capital	4,000,000 2.616.938	4,000,000 2,616,938
issued capital	2,616,938	2,616,9

There are no privileged shares of Doğan Holding.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - EQUITY (Continued)

The ultimate shareholders of Doğan Holding are Aydın Doğan and Doğan Family (Işıl Doğan, Arzuhan Yalçındağ, Vuslat Sabancı, Hanzade V. Doğan Boyner and Y.Begümhan Doğan Faralyalı) and the shareholders of Holding and the historical values of shares in equity as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Shareholder	Share (%)	30 June 2017	Share (%) 31	December 2016
				_
Adilbey Holding A.Ş.	49.32	1,290,679	49.32	1,290,679
Doğan Family	14.41	377,126	14.41	377,126
Publicly traded on Borsa Istanbul (1)	36.27	949,133	36.27	949,133
Issued capital	100.00	2,616,938	100.00	2,616,938
Adjustment to issued capital		143,526		143,526
Repurchased shares (-)		(2,080)		(2,080)
Total		2,758,384		2,758,384

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with the "CMB" Resolution No: 31/1059 issued on 30 October 2014 and 21/655 issued on 23 July 2010, it is regarded that 35.95% of the shares (31 December 2016: 35.95%) are outstanding as of 30 July 2017 based on the Central Registry Agency's ("CRA") records.

Adjustment to share capital represents the difference between cash and cash equivalent contributions to the total amounts adjusted for inflation added to issued share capital and amounts before inflation adjustment.

Repurchased shares

With the decision dated 1 December 2016, the Board of Directors of the Group has authorized Company management for the repurchasing of Company shares by taking into consideration the announcements made by the CMB on 21 July 2016 and 25 July 2016, taking into account the fourth, fifth and sixth paragraphs of the fifth article of the CMB's Repurchase Share Notifications (II-22.1) and the eighth sentence of the twelfth article and the CMB's announcements. In this context, it has been decided that the maximum amount of fund allocated for redemption shall be TL 5,200 and the maximum number of shares to be repurchased will not exceed this amount.

In this context, 3,200,000 (exact) number of Company shares were purchased by the Company, TL 0.65 per share, from Istanbul Stock Exchange.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - EQUITY (Continued)

Share premiums (discounts)

Share premiums/discounts represent the positive or negative differences resulting from the nominal value and sales value of public shares.

•	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Share premiums	163,724	163,724
Share discounts (-)	(128,565)	(128,565)
Total	35,159	35,159

Restricted Reserves

Restricted reserves are reserved from the prior period profit due to legal or contractual obligations or for certain purposes other than the profit distribution (for example, to obtain the tax advantage of gain on sale of associates). Restricted reserves are in the scope of solo legal records in accordance with TCC and TPL.

General Statutory Legal Reserves are reserved according to the article 519 of Turkish Commercial Code and used in accordance with the principles set out in this article. The afore-mentioned amounts should be classified in "Restricted Reserves" in accordance with the TAS.

The details of restricted reserves as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Restricted reserves	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
General legal reserves	187,342	179,949
Gain on sale of subsidiary's shares	67,979	84,624
Venture capital investment fund	57,106	50,406
m)	242.42	211050
Total	312,427	314,979

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - EQUITY (Continued)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses that will not be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

The Company's investment property revaluation reserves and actuarial losses of defined benefit plans that aren't reclassified in accumulated other comprehensive income and expenses are summarized below.

i. Revaluation of property, plant and equipment increases (decreases)

Real estates recognised as property, plant and equipment in prior periods, can be transferred to investment property due to changes in use. The Group has reclassified some of its properties as investment property and has chosen to account such investment properties at fair value. Accordingly, fair value increase at the initial transfer amounting to TL 48,007 (31 December 2016: TL 48,007) is recognised as revaluation reserve under shareholders equity.

ii. Actuarial gains (losses) in defined benefit plans

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group. Group recognised all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income. Actuarial loss recognised under equity in the financial position table amounts to TL 37,710 (31 December 2016: TL 37,810)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses that will be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

i. Revaluation and reclassification gains(losses)

Financial assets revaluation reserves are calculated by accounting on net book values after reflecting deferred tax impact of unearned gains and losses composed of changes of fair values of assets held for sale. The amount of revaluation gains of assets held for sale presented under equity in the statement of financial position is TL 17,429 in the current period (31 December 2016: TL 15,602 gain).

i. Gain/(losses) from cash flow hedge reserve

In the case of future cash flows being subject to cash flow hedges and related transactions being effective, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity directly whereas the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss. The Group recognized cash flow hedge reserve amountin to TL 778 (30 June 2016:TL 851) under equity in the interim consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2017.

iii. Currency translation differences

Currency translation differences consist of currency translation differences of the Group's subsidiaries and joint ventures financial statements located out of Turkey using a measurement currency other than TL and classified under equity. The change in the currency translation difference reserve attributable to parent is TL 17,463 and TL 1,104 is attributable to non-controlling interest (1 January-30 June 2016: TL 7,036 is attributable to parent and TL 11,695 is attributable to non-controlling interest).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - EQUITY (Continued)

Capital Reserves and Retained Earnings

Subsequent to the first inflation adjusted financial statements, equity items such as; "Capital, Emission Premiums, General Statutory Legal Reserves, Statutory Reserves, Special Reserves and Extraordinary Reserves" are carried at carrying value in the statement of financial position and their adjusted values based on inflation are collectively presented in equity accounts group.

In accordance with the CMB regulations, "Issued capital", "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premiums" shall be carried at their statutory amounts. The valuation differences resulted due to the inflation adjustment shall be disclosed as follows:

- If the difference is due to the "Issued Capital" and not yet been transferred to capital, it should be classified under "Capital adjustment difference";
- If the difference is due to "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" and the amount has not been subject to dividend distribution or capital increase yet, it shall be classified under "Retained Earnings/ Losses".

Other equity items are carried at the amounts valued in accordance with TAS.

Capital adjustment differences have no other use than to be included to the share capital.

Dividend Distribution

The Company decides to distribute profit and makes profit distribution in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), Capital Market Law ("CML"), Capital Market Board ("CMB") Regulations and Laws; Tax Legislations; other related statutory legislation and Articles of Association and Resolutions of General Assembly. Profit distribution is determined by Profit Distribution Policy.

On the other hand.

- a) Retained earnings derived from the repreparation of comparative financial statements based on the first time adoption of TAS,
- b) "Equity inflation adjustment differences" derived from resources that do not have any restriction regarding profit distribution,
- c) Retained earnings derived from the first time inflation adjustment of financial statements, can be distributed to shareholders as cash dividends.

In addition, if the consolidated financial statements include the "Purchasing Impact on Equity" item under equity, the related item is not considered as a deductible or additional item when presenting net distributable profit for the period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 - EQUITY (Continued)

At the general shareholders meeting of the Company as of 31 March 2017;

The following legislations have been taken into consideration; Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Market Legislation and Capital Market Law ("CMB") Regulations, Corporate Tax, Income Tax and other relevant legal legislations and the relevant legislations of the Main Agreement of the Company and "Dividend Distribution Policy";

- Under the legislation of "Communique on Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" (II-14.1) of CMB, according to the audited consolidated financial statements for the period 1 January 31 December 2016 that are prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards published by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Board for which the presentation principles have been determined as per the relevant resolutions of the CMB; when "Deferred Tax Income", "Tax Expense for the Period" and "Non-controlling Interests" are taken into consideration together, "Net Loss for the Period" amounting to Turkish Lira 219,223 has been observed, and after "Accumulated Losses" amounting to Turkish Lira 343,605 which has been calculated based on the Dividend Guide announced at 27 January 2014 and numbered 2014/2 in CMB Weekly Announcement and "Donation" amounting to Turkish Lira 1,814 in 2016 have been added to this amount, Turkish Lira 566,327 of "Net Loss for the Period" has been calculated and no dividend distribution has been made for the period 1 January 31 December 2016 within the CMB regulations on profit distribution.
- In the financial records for the period 1 January 2016 31 December 2016 under the tax legislation and held by the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance, "Net Profit for the Period" amounting to Turkish Lira 118,389,242.76 ("exact") has been observed; that a "Tax Expense for the Period" of Turkish Lira 12,133,562.89 ("exact") has been reserved, and out of the remaining Turkish Lira 106,255,679.87 ("exact"), "General Legal Reserve Funds" of Turkish Lira 5,312,783.99 ("exact") has been reserved as per paragraph (1) of Article 519 of TCC, "Legal Reserves" of Turkish Lira 2,080,000 ("exact") has been reserved as per paragraph (1) of Article 520 of TCC and "Venture Capital Fund" of Turkish Lira 6,700,000 ("exact")has been reserved as per paragraph (a) of Article 325of the Tax Procedure Law No. 213, the remaining part of Turkish Lira 92,162,895.88 ("exact) will be transferred to the account of "Extraordinary Reserves",
- In the financial records prepared in accordance with the Tax Legislation, and the Uniform Accounting Plan published by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Finance, the "Retained Earnings" of Turkish Lira 21,220,330.99 ("exact") accounted under "Special Funds" during the past terms as per the Tax Legislation was classified under "Extraordinary Reserves" as the 5-year period specified in accordance with the Tax Legislation has been completed. Turkish Lira 4,574,267.02 ("exact") portion of the mentioned amount has been transferred to "Retained Earnings" from the "Restricted Reserves" in prior periods.

The CMB's requires the disclosure of total amount of net profit in the statutory records and other resources which may be subject to distribution. As of the statement of financial position date, the Company's gross amount of resources that may be subject to the profit distribution based on the statutory records, excluding share premiums / discounts, amounts to TL 3,735,662.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Domestic sales Foreign sales Sales return and discounts (-)	4,715,591 162,048 (277,527)	2,648,076 80,599 (143,237)	3,711,732 125,846 (314,915)	2,024,473 70,647 (160,638)
Net sales Cost of sales (-)	4,600,112 (3,988,996)	2,585,438 (2,257,359)	3,522,663 (2,865,785)	1,934,482 (1,577,986)
Gross profit	611,116	328,079	656,878	356,496
Sales details of publishing industri	al segment are pres	ented below:		
	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Advertisement income Circulation and printing income Other	227,809 134,508 206,656	122,663 64,648 136,156	251,904 131,170 199,666	140,725 65,113 106,059
Total	568,973	323,467	582,740	311,897
Sales details of broadcasting indus	trial segment are pr	esented below:		
	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Advertisement income Subscription income Other	295,409 194,775 61,879	161,315 98,554 27,387	311,507 201,686 63,134	182,203 99,324 27,385
Total	552,063	287,256	576,327	308,912
Sales details of retail industrial seg	ment are presented	below:		
	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Retail income	358,480	173,895	309,025	146,127
Total	358,480	173,895	309,025	146,127

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Sales details of energy industrial segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Fuel oil & LPG sales income	2,330,350	1,380,060	1,454,853	846,117
Energy income	463,342	240,789	354,931	174,884
Total	2,793,692	1,620,849	1,809,784	1,021,001

Sales details of other industrial segment are presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Industrial income	141,849	76,058	107,106	57,360
Vehicle sales income	102,614	68,146	64,822	50,397
Tourism income	22,259	10,327	28,024	20,656
Other (1)	60,182	25,440	44,835	18,132
Total	326,904	179,971	244,787	146,545

Other sales income mainly consists of the total income obtained from real estate, GSM and organic agricultural operations.

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
-	2017	2017	2010	2010
Energy (1)	(2,644,080)	(1,550,487)	(1,682,127)	(954,623)
Broadcasting	(460,396)	(227,683)	(402,849)	(202,075)
Publishing	(413,451)	(226,803)	(404,269)	(220,934)
Retail	(214,177)	(101,078)	(185,860)	(88,800)
Other	(256,892)	(151,308)	(190,680)	(111,554)
Total	(3,988,996)	(2,257,359)	(2,865,785)	(1,577,986)

The increase resulted from the increase in number of operating stations of Aytemiz Akaryakıt.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales detail of publishing industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Cost of trade goods sold	(181,092)	(109,606)	(186,228)	(108,652)
Personnel and news production expenses		(43,413)	(75,273)	(35,790)
Paper costs 1	(64,143)	(32,344)	(64,553)	(32,112)
Internet advertising service cost	(28,913)	(14,256)	(17,237)	(11,434)
Printing, production and other raw material costs Amortization and depreciation	(23,772)	(10,914)	(34,865)	(17,972)
expenses (Note 14,15)	(10,302)	(4,975)	(15,301)	(7,886)
Commissions	(4,360)	(2,213)	(2,390)	(1,275)
Other	(16,767)	(9,082)	(8,422)	(5,813)
Total	(413,451)	(226,803)	(404,269)	(220,934)

Cost of sales detail of broadcasting industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Television programme production costs	(188,462)	(95,619)	(156,170)	(81,536)
Amortization expenses of television	(100,402)	()3,01))	(130,170)	(61,330)
programme rights (Note 15)	(58,110)	(28,639)	(49,229)	(24,327)
ADSL port costs	(55,082)	(26,267)	(55,447)	(27,276)
Personnel expenses	(52,249)	(26,873)	(43,739)	(22,906)
Satellite usage expenses	(18,940)	(9,560)	(19,366)	(9,818)
Amortization and depreciation				
expenses (Note 14,15)	(17,885)	(8,757)	(17,429)	(7,632)
Call center expenses	(17,181)	(8,213)	(16,967)	(7,410)
Cost of trading goods sold	(12,535)	(6,874)	(12,443)	(5,695)
RTSC share in advertisement	(4,158)	(2,249)	(9,372)	(5,440)
Other	(35,794)	(14,632)	(22,687)	(10,035)
Total	(460,396)	(227,683)	(402,849)	(202,075)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales detail of retail industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016	
Cost of trade goods sold	(214,177)	(101,078)	(185,860)	(88,800)	
Total	(214,177)	(101,078)	(185,860)	(88,800)	

Cost of sales detail of energy industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Fuel oil and LPG sales expenses	(2,193,455)	(1,310,073)	(1,354,539)	(782,020)
Electricity expenses	(417,157)	(223,769)	(303,282)	(158,773)
Amortization and depreciation				
expenses (Note 14,15)	(8,268)	(2,224)	(9,962)	(6,443)
Personnel expenses	(930)	(482)	(1,223)	(529)
Other	(24,270)	(13,939)	(13,121)	(6,858)
Total	(2,644,080)	(1,550,487)	(1,682,127)	(954,623)

Cost of sales detail of other industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Cost of trading goods sold	(118,495)	(72,848)	(73,540)	(51,041)
Raw material cost	(79,434)	(44,032)	(60,687)	(32,019)
Telecommunication service expenses	(8,452)	(4,818)	(10,552)	(5,563)
Labour and personnel expenses Amortization and depreciation	(22,848)	(14,524)	(20,128)	(10,509)
expenses (Note 14,15)	(15,569)	(7,974)	(9,400)	(4,480)
General production expenses	(12,094)	(7,112)	(16,373)	(7,942)
Total	(256,892)	(151,308)	(190,680)	(111,554)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
				_
General administrative expenses	(192,049)	(98,385)	(168,862)	(90,313)
Marketing expenses	(373,767)	(197,754)	(348,718)	(175,847)
Operating expenses	(565,816)	(296,139)	(517,580)	(266,160)
Marketing expenses:	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Personnel expenses	(98,215)	(49,616)	(92,090)	(47,002)
Rent expenses	(55,960)	(30,455)	(47,353)	(23,160)
Transportation, storage and travel expens	ses (53,684)	(29,056)	(54,616)	(27,111)
Advertisement expenses	(49,931)	(25,927)	(45,033)	(23,239)
Amortization and depreciation				
expenses (Note 14,15)	(35,007)	(23,069)	(30,115)	(16,668)
Amortization expenses				
of dealer agreements (Note 15)	(24,217)	(12,377)	(20,684)	(10,785)
Outsourced service expenses	(12,361)	(6,195)	(11,069)	(7,664)
Consulting expenses	(10,301)	(4,555)	(9,181)	(5,278)
Electricity distribution expenses	(10,051)	(5,156)	(16,045)	(7,991)
Promotion expenses	(1,692)	(674)	(9,234)	(4,426)
Dealer commission expenses	(1,647)	(508)	(1,021)	(329)
Communication expenses	(1,051)	(519)	(1,092)	(593)
Other	(19,650)	(9,647)	(11,185)	(1,601)
Total	(373,767)	(197,754)	(348,718)	(175,847)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 – MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Continued)

General administrative expenses:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Personnel expenses	(105,812)	(53,369)	(91,194)	(49,823)
Amortization and depreciation	(,)	(==,==,)	(> -, -> -)	(12,40=0)
expenses (Note 14,15)	(17,011)	(8,193)	(18,618)	(6,372)
Consulting expenses	(16,414)	(7,204)	(13,275)	(5,674)
Rent expenses	(13,149)	(6,881)	(11,078)	(5,791)
Outsourced service expenses	(11,222)	(6,019)	(10,410)	(6,305)
Transportation, storage and travel exp	enses (4,696)	(1,921)	(3,370)	(1,522)
Miscellaneous taxes	(4,400)	(1,328)	(5,080)	(3,343)
Other	(19,345)	(13,470)	(15,837)	(11,483)
Total	(192,049)	(98,385)	(168,862)	(90,313)

NOTE 26 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses are presented functionally for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016, and the details are given in Note 24 and Note 25.

NOTE 27 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Other income from operating activities:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Foreign exchange gains	91,448	(3,403)	95,085	55,130
Interest income on bank deposit	35,181	20,603	26,561	14,144
Finance income due to sales with maturit	y 31,755	15,444	32,332	19,975
Provisions no longer required	15,474	(2,305)	9,347	1,224
Gain on sale of property, plant and				
equipment	5,014	-	-	-
Usage of VAT discount	3,658	1,531	2,616	1,595
Other operating income	9,958	(845)	13,516	(1,058)
Total	192,488	31,025	179,457	91,010

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Other expenses from operating activities

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Foreign exchange losses	(65,265)	(20,318)	(84,251)	(32,480)
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note	` ' '	4,903	(19,749)	(7,275)
Finance expense due to) (10,002)	1,703	(15,7 15)	(1,213)
purchases with maturity	(17,724)	(10,979)	(18,342)	(8,416)
Impairment on fair value of	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	
investment properties (Note 13)	(11,765)	-	-	-
Provision for lawsuits (Note 17)	(5,398)	2,371	(13,797)	(7,713)
Other penalties and compensations paid	(1,321)	(481)	(3,375)	(2,029)
Provision for impairment				
on inventory (Note 11)	(366)	(113)	(1,391)	(311)
Other operating expenses	(27,355)	(17,565)	(20,087)	(7,711)
	(147,876)	(42,182)	(160,992)	(65,935)

NOTE 28 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Income from investing activities

	1 January - 30 June	1 April - 30 June	1 January - 30 June	1 April - 30 June
	2017	2017	2016	2016
Gain on sale of property, plant and				
equipment and intangible assets	9,439	7,506	5,163	3,494
Interest income of marketable securities	4,230	1,445	2,447	1,809
Rent and building service income	3,910	(1,024)	2,448	1,129
Income from disposal of subsidiary	800	800	-	-
Other	1,038	(1,949)	8,421	5,923
	19,417	6,778	18,479	12,355

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (continued)

Expenses from investing activities

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Impairment of property, plant and				
equipment and intangible asset (Note 1	5) (56.615)	(56,615)	(47,078)	(43,779)
Foreign exchange loss related	(30,013)	(50,015)	(47,070)	(43,777)
to share purchase commitment	(41,069)	(13,270)	(8,249)	(2,697)
Interest expense related to	(11,00))	(13,270)	(0,217)	(2,0)1)
share purchase commitment	(14,401)	(7,554)	(5,557)	(2,365)
Loss on sale of property, plant	(11,101)	(7,551)	(5,557)	(2,505)
and equipment	(3,550)	(2,682)	(3,784)	(1,168)
Impairment regarding fair value	(0,000)	(2,002)	(0,701)	(1,100)
changes of investment				
properties(Note 13)	(3,106)	(2,262)	_	_
Loss on sale of marketable securities	(60)	-	(317)	(226)
Other	(614)	(614)	-	-
	(119,415)	(82,997)	(64,985)	(50,235)

NOTE 29 - FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

The details of finance income for the interim periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Financial income

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Foreign exchange gain	5,385	3,925	10,137	1,781
Other financial income	2	(307)	268	149
	5,387	3,618	10,405	1,930

The details of finance expenses for the interim periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Financial expenses

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Interest expense on bank				
borrowings	(100,256)	(42,086)	(77,073)	(35,958)
Foreign exchange loss	(70,076)	(8,157)	(27,742)	(2,710)
Bank commission expenses	(20,756)	(17,903)	(8,087)	(4,068)
Other	(1,420)	3,944	(1,032)	(918)
	(192,508)	(64,202)	(113,934)	(43,654)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the interim period ended 30 June 2017, Group sold its shares in the subsidiaries, Bravo TV and Trend TV, which operate in TV publishing segment. As a result of this transaction, cash consideration of TL 1,488 occured and profit amounting to TL 800 is accounted under investing income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as of 30 June 2017 (30 June 2016: None) (Note 28).

NOTE 31 - INCOME TAXES

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis for all the subsidiaries consolidated on a line-by-line basis.

Corporate Tax

Corporate tax liabilities as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Provision for current income tax	14,231	48,968
Prepaid corporate taxes	(9,586)	(35,542)
Taxes payable for the period	4,645	13,426
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
C 11		10.106
Corporate and income taxes payable	4,645	13,426
Deferred tax liabilities, net	4,645 80,490	13,426 95,207

Turkey

The Corporate Tax Law has been amended as of 13 June 2006 by Law No: 5520. The majority of the clauses of Law No: 5520 are effective as of 1 January 2006. Corporate tax rate for the fiscal year 2017 is 20% (2016: 20%) for Turkey. Corporate tax is payable at a rate of 20% on the total income of the Group after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, corporate income tax exemptions (exemption for participation in subsidiaries, etc.) and corporate income tax deductions (such as research and development expenditures deduction). No further tax is payable unless there is dividend distribution. Dividends paid to non-resident companies having representative offices in Turkey and resident companies are not subject to withholding tax. Dividends paid to companies except for those companies are subject to 15% of withholding tax. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as a profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Companies calculate corporate tax quarterly at the rate of 20% over their corporate income and these amounts are disclosed by the end of 14th day and paid by the end of the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter-end. Advance taxes paid in the period are offset against the following period's corporate tax liability. If there is an outstanding advance tax balance as a result of offsetting, the related amount may either be refunded in cash or used to offset against for other payables to the government.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Turkey (continued)

According to, Amendments in Tax Procedural Law, Income Tax Law and Corporate Tax Law ("Law No. 5024") published in the Official Gazette on December 30, 2003 and the income or corporations taxpayers whose determine their profits on the basis of the statement of financial position, the financial statements are subject to inflation adjustment starting from 1 January 2004. The merger premiums which occurred as a result of the related subsidiary mergers, were classified as an equalizing account, which is neither an asset nor a liability, by the Group, in its financial statements and applied an inflation adjustment for the calculation of the corporate tax in 2004, due to the related regulations and Tax Procedural Law, titled "Inflation Adjustment Application" with number 17 and dated 24 March 2005.

In accordance with the related law, the cumulative inflation of last 36 months inflation rate (PPI) must exceed 100% and the inflation rate (PPI) of last 12 months must exceed 10% in order to adjust inflation. There has not been any inflation adjustment after 2005 due to the absence of conditions required.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns by the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

Tax authorities can review accounting records within five years and if they determine any errors on the accounting records, tax payable can be reassessed as a result of another tax assessment.

Under the Turkish tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years.

There are numerous exemptions in the Corporate Tax Law concerning the corporations. The exemptions that are related to the Group are as follows:

Exemption for participation in subsidiaries

Dividend income from participation in shares of capital of another fully fledged taxpayer corporation (except for dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment partnerships shares) are exempt from corporate tax.

Issued premiums exemption

Gains from issued premiums derived from the disposal of sales at nominal values during incorporations and the capital increase of joint stock companies are exempt from corporate tax.

Exemption for participation into foreign subsidiaries

For companies participating in 10% or more of the capital of a non-resident limited liability or joint stock company, (except for those whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment property) for at least one year until the date of the income is generated and transferred to Turkey until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax subject to those subsidiaries being subject to corporate income tax, or alike, in their country of legal residence or business center at the rate of at least 15% (minimum corporate income tax applicable in Turkey for those whose principal activity is finance assurance or insurance).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Turkey (continued)

Exemption for sale of participation shares and property

75% of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and real property which have remained in assets for more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. For exemption, the relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in liabilities for at least five years. The cost of the sale should be collected until the end of the second calendar year following the year of the sale.

Russian Federation

The corporate tax rate effective in the Russian Federation is 20% (2016: 20%).

The Russian tax year is the calendar year and fiscal year ends other than the calendar year end are not applicable in the Russian Federation. The income taxes over gains are calculated annually. Tax payments are made monthly or depending on tax payer's discretion, it can be made monthly or quarterly by using different calculation methods. Corporate tax declarations are given until 28th of March following the fiscal year end.

According to the Russian Federation's tax legislation, financial losses can be carried forward indefinitely to be deducted from future taxable income.

Tax can be refunded in practice; however, refund is generally available following the outcome of legal procedures. Consolidated tax reporting or tax payment of parent companies or subsidiaries is not allowed. In general, dividend payments that are paid to foreign shareholders are subject to 15% withholding tax. Based on bilateral tax agreements, withholding tax rate can be decreased.

In accordance with the new tax amendmend in Russian Federation, the Companies can reduce 50% of the profit occurred between 2017-2020 and total accumulated losses as of 2021. Besides, the limitation of carried forward tax losses due to accumulated losses after 2007 for up to 10 years has been removed. The Group assesses the possible effects of the new tax amendmends.

The tax legislation of the Russian Federation is subject to various interpretations and changes frequently. The interpretation of tax legislation by tax authorities regarding the business of TME may differ from the management's interpretation.

The tax rates at 30 June 2017 applicable in the foreign countries, where the significant part of the Group's operations are performed, are as follows:

Country	Tax rates (%)
Germany	28.0
Belarus	18.0
Russia	20.0
Kazakhstan	20.0
Netherland	25.0

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Belarus

Corporate tax rate effective in Belarus is %18 (2016: %18). Tax year is the calendar year in Belarus. Profit tax is calculated as progressive total. Payments regarding tax are made quarterly from the prior year results or expected current year profit. Corporate tax declarations should be given at 20 March following the financial year Financial losses are not allowed to be deducted from the period corporate income. Tax refund option is available. Consolidated tax reporting or payment isn't allowed for parent company and its subsidiaries. In general, dividends paid to foreign shareholders are subject to 12% witholding tax rate. This rate might decrease in bilateral tax agreements. Tax legislations in Belarus is subject to frequent changes.

Kazakhstan

Corporate tax rate applicable in Kazakhstan is 20% (31 December 2016: 20%). The taxable income according to Kazakhstan tax laws is defined as the difference between the annual gross income and the deductible expenses stated in the tax laws, considering the amendments made. Annual gross income is defined as income from domestic or foreign sources that are received or accrued by a taxpayer in the tax period. These income can be classified as monetary or non-monetary.

Deductable expenses should be directly related with the operations that generate taxable income. According to Kazakhstan Corporate Tax Legislation, accrual based method is applied for the calculation of income and expenses. Under the Kazakhstan Tax Legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 10 years.

Tax period is a calendar year for corporate tax in Kazakhstan. According to Kazakhstan Tax Legislation, tax payer is liable to calculate expected taxable income and make the monthly payments until 25th of each month of the reporting year. Amendments to Annual Corporate Tax should be made at 31 March following the fiscal year. If the actual Corporate Tax payable is different from the calculated amount, tax payers should make the related amendment until 20 December in the following tax year. In Kazakhstan Tax Legislation, other special conditions regarding advance payments are in place. Tax payers who meet the following conditions are exempt from the payment of Corporate Tax.

- Tax payers, for which annual gross income has been calculated by government budget legislation after prior year amendments and which do not exceed 325 times the monthly rate valid as of 1 January;
- New tax payers for which the state registration has been completed in the following tax period by the judicial authorities and after the tax period;
- Non-resident legal entities and companies operating in Kazakhstan without a branch or office that
 are newly registered with tax authorities and registered as taxpayers in the ongoing tax period. The
 exemption of these companies is also applicable in the following tax period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax

The Group recognises deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements as reported under the POA's Financial Reporting Standards. The temporary differences arise due to accounting treatments made in different reporting periods based on the applicable tax laws and the transfer of financial losses.

Deferred taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realized or settled based on the taxable income in coming years under the liability method using tax rates enacted at the statement of financial position dates which are disclosed in the table and explanations above.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in net in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, since they are presented in net in the financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are each individual tax payers. Temporary differences, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at the table below are presented based on gross amounts.

The composition of cumulative temporary differences and the related deferred tax assets and liabilities in respect of items for which deferred tax has been provided at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 using the enacted tax rates are as follows:

	Cumulative temporary differences		Deferre assets / (lia	
	30 June 2017	31 December 2016	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
	2017	2010	2017	2010
Deductible tax losses	120,881	99,266	24,176	19,853
Provision for employment termination				
and unused vacation benefits	172,062	170,383	34,412	34,076
Provision for doubtful receivables	136,532	128,949	27,306	25,790
Deferred financial income of				
trade receivables	7,896	17,093	1,579	3,419
Other	110,493	73,443	23,077	14,355
Deferred tax assets	547,864	489,134	110,550	97,493
Net differences between the tax base and				_
carrying value of property, plant and equipment, inventories				
and intangible assets	(895,697)	(785,907)	(167,544)	(166,757)
Net differences between fair and tax valu	ies	, ,	` , , ,	` , ,
of investment properties	(238,239)	(253,110)	(10,751)	(13,259)
Other	(55,095)	(62,901)	(12,745)	(12,684)
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,189,031)	(1,101,918)	(191,040)	(192,700)
Deferred tax liabilities, net	(641,169)	(612,784)	(80,490)	(95,207)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Conclusions of netting has been reflected to consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, since Doğan Holding, subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are separate taxpayer companies, have booked their deferred tax assets and liabilities by netting in their financial statements that were prepared in accordance with the TAS. Temporary differences and deferred tax assets and liabilities shown above have been prepared on the basis of gross values.

The Group recognised deferred tax assets over TL 120,881 of carry forward tax losses in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the POA's Financial Reporting Standards as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: TL 99,266). As of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the maturity analysis of carry forward tax losses is as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
2017	-	-
2018	-	-
2019 and after	(120,881)	(99,266)
	(120,881)	(99,266)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. As of 30 June 2017, the Group does not recognise deferred tax asset from carry forward tax losses amounting to TL 1,440,920 (31 December 2016: TL 1,416,965).

Movements for net deferred taxes for the periods ended at 30 June 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
1 January	(95,207)	(46,279)
Current period income (expense)	16,327	(7,584)
Currency translation differences	(1,228)	(5,797)
Tax recognized under equity	(262)	213
Disposals of subsidiary	(120)	
30 June	(80,490)	(59,447)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The taxes on income reflected to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 are summarized below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Current period tax expense	(14,231)	(6,380)	(10,976)	(7,966)
Deferred tax income/(expense)	16,327	16,220	(7,584)	(2,632)
Total tax (expense)/ income	2,096	9,840	(18,560)	(10,598)

The reconciliation of the taxation on income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for periods ended 30 June 2017 and 2016 and the tax calculated at the corporate tax rate based on the income before minority interests and taxation on income are as follows:

	2017	2016
Loss before income taxes from continued operations	(189,378)	(27,391)
Current period tax expense calculated at 20% effective tax rate	37,876	5,478
Effect of carryforward tax losses not subject to deferred tax asset	(15,325)	(5,910)
Effect of investments accounted for by the equity method	1,566	(710)
Effect of expenses non- deductible / not subject to tax	(5,908)	(8,428)
Tax effect of adjustments related to share purchase commitments	(11,094)	(2,761)
Other	(5,019)	(6,229)
30 June	2,096	(18,560)

NOTE 32 - EARNING/LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share for each class of shares is disclosed below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Net loss for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company Weighted average number of shares	(174,293)	(93,893)	(29,800)	531
with face value of TL 1 each	2,613,738	2,613,738	2,616,938	2,616,938
Loss per share (exact)	(0,067)	(0,036)	(0,011)	0,000

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As of the statement of financial position date, due from and to related parties and related party transactions for the interim periods ending 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 are disclosed below:

i) Balances of related parties:

Short term trade receivables from related parties:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
D Market Elektronik Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("D Market") (1)	3,515	3,308
Doğan Egmont (2)	2,435	974
Gümüştaş Madencilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Gümüştaş Madencilik")	1,688	45
Ortadoğu Otomotiv Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ortadoğu Otomotiv") (4)	1,647	20
Doğan Burda (2)	698	450
D Elektronik Şans Oyunları Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("D Elektronik") (1)	314	381
Other	853	3,345
Total	11,150	8,523

⁽¹⁾ Receivables related to advertisement sale of the Group.

Other short term receivables from related parties:

30 June 2017	31 December 2016
39,593	10,726
39,593	10,726
	39,593

Short term receivables from Boyabat Elektrik comprise of the advances given in relation to the electricity purchases.

Short term trade payables to related parties

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Doğan Burda (1)	13,256	12,933
Doğan Egmont (2)	13,006	10,015
Boyabat Elektrik (3)	1,747	1,336
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (4)	1,503	515
Other	520	604
Total	30,032	25,403

⁽¹⁾ Comprises of the magazines purchases of the Group

⁽²⁾ Receivables related to books and magazines sale of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Receivables related to fuel-oil sales of the Group.

⁽⁴⁾ Receivables related to rent a car services of the Group.

⁽²⁾ Comprises of the books and magazines purchases of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Comprises of the electricity purchases of the Group.

⁽⁴⁾ Comprises of the rent expenses of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 – RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Transactions with related parties:

Product and service purchases from related parties

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Boyabat Elektrik (1)	17,746	8,864	302	116
Doğan Egmont (4)	16,962	8,724	12,120	4,057
Doğan Burda (2)	13,961	7,343	14,613	6,701
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (3)	9,098	4,604	9,191	4,060
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve				
Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP") (5)	2,139	1,061	2,822	1,436
Adilbey Holding A.Ş. (6)	1,009	786	2,005	1,004
Other	2,212	651	9,690	7,754
Total	63,127	32,033	50,743	25,128

⁽¹⁾ Comprises of the electricity purchases of the Group.

Product and service sales to related parties:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
- (1)				
Doğan Egmont (1)	8,278	4,514	6,055	3,080
Doğan Burda (1)	8,273	4,128	8,981	4,309
D-Market (2)	6,692	2,129	9,040	3,997
Ortadoğu Otomotiv (3)	4,793	2,360	4,190	1,729
Gümüştaş Madencilik (4)	3,639	1,949	587	328
D Elektronik (5)	1,033	519	1,223	587
DPP (2)	663	317	637	355
Adilbey Holding A.Ş. (2), (3)	577	391	2,585	1,641
Boyabat Elektrik (3)	403	48	1,264	304
Gas Plus Erbil	165	82	174	86
Other	6,532	583	5,754	4,879
Total	41,048	17,020	40,490	21,295

The balance consists of raw material, printing and distribution services sales of the Group.

⁽²⁾ Comprises of the magazines purchases of the Group.

⁽³⁾ Comprises of the office rental service purchases of the Group.

⁽⁴⁾ Comprises of the books and magazine purchases of the Group.

Comprises of the service purchases for marketing activities due to magazine sales of the Group.

⁽⁶⁾ Comprises of the consulting service purchases of the Group.

⁽²⁾ The balance consists of product sales of the Group.

The balance consists of electricity sales of the Group.

⁽⁴⁾ The balance consists of fuel-oil sales of the Group.

The balance consists of management services of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and key management personnel:

Group determined member of the Board of the Directors, Consultants of the Board, Group Presidents and Vice Presidents, Chief Legal Counsel, and Director's as Key Management Personnel. The compensation of board members and key management personnel includes salaries, bonus, health insurance, communication and transportation benefits and total amount of compensation is explained below:

	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2017	1 January - 30 June 2016	1 April - 30 June 2016
Salaries and other short term benefits	7,436	3,301	5,844	2,778
Post-employment benefits	_	-	-	-
Other long term benefits	_	-	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	-	-	-
Total	7,436	3,301	5,844	2,778

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; these risks are credit risk, market risk including the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group uses derivative financial instruments in a limited manner to hedge these exposures.

Financial risk management is carried out by individual subsidiaries and joint ventures under the policies, which are approved by their Board of Directors within the limits of general principles set out by the Group.

a) Market Risk

a.1) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through the impact of rate changes on the translation of foreign currency liabilities to local currency. These risks are monitored and limited by analyzing foreign currency position. TL equivalents of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 before consolidation adjustments and reclassifications are as follows:

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily from the USD and EUR, the other currencies have no material impact.

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Foreign currency assets	1,187,674	1,347,814
Foreign currency liabilities	(2,056,036)	(2,110,793)
Net foreign currency position	(868,362)	(762,979)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market Risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis for currency risk as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 and foreign currency denominated asset and liability balances are summarized below:

30 June 2017	TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
Trade Receivables	108,018	13,170	14,959	1,949
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	1,047,125	224,359	64,544	1,906
(Cash, banks included)	1,017,123	22 1,337	01,511	1,500
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	_	_	_	_
3. Other	2,518	653	15	168
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	1,157,661	238,182	79,518	4,023
5. Trade Receivables	739	188	20	-,020
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	_
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	26,210	_	6,452	381
7. Other	3,064	_	745	82
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	30,013	188	7,217	463
9. Total Assets (4+8)	1,187,674	238,370	86,735	4,486
10. Trade Payables	205,638	31,868	22,021	5,724
11. Financial Liabilities	561,334	33,040	107,352	15,730
12a. Other Monetary Liabilities	1,078	171	42	310
12b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	18	5	-	-
13. Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	768,068	65,084	129,415	21,764
14. Trade Payables	192	-	48	-
15. Financial Liabilities	1,076,099	-	264,735	16,365
16a. Other Monetary Liabilities	211,674	58,986	1,198	9
16b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	1,287,965	58,986	265,981	16,374
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	2,056,036	124,070	395,396	38,138
19. Net Asset / Liability Position Of				
Off Statement of Financial Position				
Derivative Instruments (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-
19a. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	-	-	-	-
19b. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liabilit	• .			
Position (9-18+19)	(868,362)	114,300	(308,661)	(33,652)
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/ (Liability	y)			
Position Of Monetary Items				
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(900,133)	113,652	(315,873)	(34,283)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a) Market Risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

31 December 2016	TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade Receivables	171,280	23,998	12,277	41,280
2a. Monetary Financial Assets	, , , ,	- ,	,	,
(Cash, banks included)	1,149,854	225,488	95,527	1,921
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	17,508	871	2,571	4,905
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	1,338,642	250,357	110,375	48,106
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
7. Other	9,172	1,605	770	667
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	9,172	1,605	770	667
9. Total Assets (4+8)	1,347,814	251,962	111,145	48,773
10. Trade Payables	242,793	41,474	21,186	18,240
11. Financial Liabilities	600,419	37,222	122,438	15,195
12a. Other Monetary Liabilities	113,386	32,018	191	-
12b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	956,598	110,714	143,815	33,435
14. Trade Payables	283	-	-	283
15. Financial Liabilities	1,044,871	25,000	257,929	-
16a. Other Monetary Liabilities	109,041	30,951	32	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-Current Liabilities(14+15+16)	1,154,195	55,951	257,961	283
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	2,110,793	166,665	401,776	33,718
19. Net Asset / Liability Position Of				
Off Statement of Financial Position				
Derivative Instruments (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-
19a. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	-	-	-	-
19b. Off Statement of Financial Position				
Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liability	ty)			
Position (9-18+19)	(762,979)	85,297	(290,631)	15,055
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/ (Liability	y)			
Position Of Monetary Items				
(1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(789,659)	82,821	(293,972)	9,483

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.) Market Risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

As of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, foreign currency denominated asset and liability balances were converted by the following exchange rates: TL 3,5071 = USD 1 and TL 4,0030 = EUR 1 (31 December 2016: TL 3,5192 = USD 1 and TL 3,7099 = EUR 1).

30 June 2017	Income/Loss			
	Foreign currency appreciates	Foreign currency depreciates		
If the USD had changed by 10% against the TL				
1- USD net (liabilities)/assets 2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	40,086	(40,086)		
3- USD net effect on (loss)/income (1+2)	40,086	(40,086)		
If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL				
4- EUR net (liabilities)/assets5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	(123,557)	123,557		
6- EUR net effect on (loss)/income) (4+5)	(123,557)	123,557		
If the other currencies had changed by 10% against the T	L			
7- Other currency net (liabilities)/assets 8- Hedging amount of other currency (-)	(3,365)	3,365		
9- Other currency net effect on (loss)/income (7+8)	(3,365)	3,365		
TOTAL (3+6+9)	(86,836)	86,836		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.) Market Risk (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk(continued)

31 December 2016		Income/Loss
	Foreign currency appreciates	Foreign currency depreciates
If the USD had changed by 10% against the TL		
1- USD net assets/(liabilities) 2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	30,018	(30,018)
3- USD net effect on income/(loss) (1+2)	30,018	(30,018)
If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL		
4- EUR net assets/(liabilities) 5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	(107,821)	107,821
6- EUR net effect on income/(loss) (4+5)	(107,821)	107,821
If the other currencies had changed by 10% against the TL		
7- Other currency net assets/(liabilities) 8- Hedging amount of other currency (-)	1,506	(1,506)
9- Other currency net effect on income/(loss) (7+8)	1,506	(1,506)
TOTAL (3+6+9)	(76,297)	76,297

a.2) Interest rate risk

- Publishing/ Broadcasting

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing liabilities and assets. These exposures are managed by using natural hedges that arise from offsetting interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities and by limited use of derivative instruments.

Borrowings issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rate expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. As of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Group's borrowings at floating rates are predominantly denominated in USD and EUR.

- Other

Other operating segments are exposed to interest rate risk because of financial liabilities of these segments. Financial obligations in this segment are mainly composed of floating rate borrowings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.) Market Risk (Continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk (continued)

As of 30 June 2017, if interest rates on USD denominated borrowings had been higher/lower by 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, profit before income taxes would have been TL 915 (30 June 2016: TL 394) higher/lower, mainly as a result of additional interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

As of 30 June 2017, if interest rates on Euro denominated borrowings had been higher/lower by 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, profit before income taxes would have been TL 4,423 (30 June 2016: TL 2,455) higher/lower, mainly as a result of additional interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

The table presenting Group's fixed and floating rate financial instruments is shown below:

Financial instruments with fixed rate	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Financial assets		
 Banks (Note 6) Financial investments (Note 7) Financial liabilities (Note 8)	1,215,449 190,481 1,991,501	1,226,385 365,468 1,718,751
Financial instruments with floating rate		
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	562,987	570,469

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 -FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.) Market risk (continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk (continued)

The analysis of average annual interest rate (%) of financial assets and liabilities of the Group is as follows:

		30 June 2017			1 December2	<u> 2016 </u>
	USD	EUR	TL	USD	EUR	TL
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0.06 - 4.00	0.01 - 2.25	3.00 - 15.00	0.35-3.59	0.01-2.00	2.00-11.60
Financial investments	3.41	-	14.16	4.41	-	5.96
Liabilities						
Financial liabilities	3.45-4.9	92 0.75 - 5.7	1 3.00 - 15.95	3.5-4.58	0.75-4.7	3-14.20

The distribution of interest rate sensitivity regarding the remaining period for repricing of financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

30 June 2017	Up to- 1 year	1 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Free of Interest	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	1,215,449	-	-	305,544	1,520,993
Financial investments (Note 7)	111,901	-	-	-	111,901
Total	1,327,350			305,544	1,632,894
Short and long term					
financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	1,890,570	631,069	32,849	-	2,554,488
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)		575,299	-	-	575,299
Total	1,890,570	1,206,368	32,849	-	3,129,787
	Up to-	1 - 5	Over 5	Free of	
31 December 2016	1 year	years	years	Interest	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	1,226,385	_	_	285,778	1,512,163
Financial investments (Note 7)	288,752	_	_	203,770	288,752
Total	1,515,137	-	-	285,778	1,800,915
Short and long term	1 202 927	071 427	22.056		2 200 220
financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	1,393,837	,	23,956	-	2,289,220
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	-	519,829	-	-	519,829
Total	1,393,837	1,391,256	23,956	-	2,809,049

Bank borrowings and financial leasing amounts are included in the interest rate sensitivity regarding the remaining time to repricing of financial borrowings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk

Credit risk involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements. These risks are monitored by credit ratings and by setting credit limits to individual counterparties. The credit risk is generally highly diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the customer bases and their dispersion across many different industries.

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 30 June 2017 is as follows:

	Trade receivables		Other recei	Other receivables		
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	deposit	
Maximum net credit risk as of the reporting date	11,150	1,763,027	39,593	42,591	1,514,770	
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral	-	496,244	-	-		
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	11,150	1,442,175	39,593	42,591	1,514,770	
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	435,676	-	-	-	
B. Book value of restructured otherwise accepted as past due and impaired financial assets C. Net book value of past due	-	-	-	-	-	
but not impaired assets (Note 9) - Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	- -	320,852 60,568	-	-	-	
 D. Impaired asset net book value - Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19) - Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19) - Net value collateralized or guaranteed 	- - -	282,611 (282,611)	- - -	421 (421)	- - -	
Not overdue (gross amount)Impairment (-)Net value collateralized or guaranteed	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk (continued)

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 31 December 2016 is as follows:

	Trade receiv	Trade receivables		Other receivables		
	Related party	Other	Related party	Other	deposit	
Maximum net credit risk as of						
the reporting date	8,523	1,510,932	10,726	46,128	1,504,688	
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral	-	370,084	-	-		
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	8,523	1,289,916	10,726	46,128	1,504,688	
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	321,183	-	-	-	
B. Book value of restructured otherwise						
accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	
C. Net book value of past due						
but not impaired assets (Note 9)	-	221,016	-	-	-	
- Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	-	48,901	-	-	-	
D. Impaired asset net book value	_	-	-	-	-	
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19)	-	273,204	-	421	-	
- Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19)	-	(273,204)	-	(421)	-	
- Net value collateralized or						
guaranteed	-	-	-	-	-	
- Not overdue (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-	
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed	-	-	-	-	-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk (continued)

The aging of the receivables of the Group, which are past due but not impaired including related party balances by taking into consideration past due dates are as follows:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016		
	Related Party Other Receivables	Related Party Other Receivable		
Maturity				
1-30 days overdue	- 105,530	- 94,07		
1-3 months overdue	- 95,296	- 52,12		
3-12 months overdue	- 85,064	- 59,36		
1-5 years overdue	- 34,962	- 15,44		
Total	- 320,852	- 221,01		
Guaranteed amount				
by collateral				
Publishing	- 20,163	- 13,74		
Energy	- 27,408	- 22,38		
Other	- 12,997	- 12,76		
Total	60,568	- 48,90		

c) Liquidity risk

Conservative liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group aims maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

c) Liquidity risk (continued)

As of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the agreement maturities are as follows:

		Contractual				
		ndiscounted	Less than	3-12	1-5	Over 5
30 June 2017	value	cash flow	3 months	months	years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short term and long term						
financial borrowing (Note 8)	2,554,488	2,767,714	548,658	1,366,394	819,737	32,925
Trade payables (Note 9)	1,042,634	1,049,543	692,698	356,845	-	-
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	575,299	685,806		-	685,806	-
Other payables (Note 10)	382,982	386,233	265,939	104,722	15,572	-
Trade payables to related parties (Note 33)	30,032	30,032	-	30,032	-	-
Total	4,585,435	4,919,328	1,507,295	1,857,993	1,521,115	32,925
		Contractual				
	Book u	undiscounted	Less than	3-12	1-5	Over 5
31 December 2016	value	cash flow	3 months	months	years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short term and long term						
financial borrowing (Note 8)	2,289,220	2,417,348	468,313	1,012,791	902,005	34,239
Trade payables (Note 9)	939,110	953,928	696,825	257,103	-	
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	519,829	636,046	-		496,309	139,737
Other payables (Note 10)	351,564	368,305	138,758	110,098	119,449	-
Trade payables to related parties (Note 33)	25,403	25,403		25,403		_
Total	4,125,126	4,401,030	1,303,896	1,405,395	1,517,763	173,976

d) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments are determined by the Group, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies for each segment of the Group. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realize in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions are used in the estimation of the fair value of the financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

d) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Monetary assets

The fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at the period end exchange rates, are considered to approximate carrying value.

The fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost, including fair values of cash and due from banks are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature and immateriality of losses on collectibility. The fair value of investment securities has been estimated based on the market prices at the statement of financial position dates.

Trade receivables are disclosed at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and the carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for collectability are estimated to be at their fair values.

Monetary liabilities

The fair value of bank borrowings and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Long-term borrowings, which are principally at variable rates, and denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at the period-end exchange rates and accordingly, their fair values approximate their carrying values.

Trade payables are disclosed at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and accordingly their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

e) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net liability/total equity ratio. Net liability is calculated as the total liability less cash and cash equivalents, derivative instruments and tax liabilities. Total equity is calculated as the total of net liability and the equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 34 – FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

e) Capital risk management (continued)

The net liability/ total equity ratio as of 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 is summarized below:

	30 June 2017	31 December 2016
Total liability (1)	5,146,707	4,663,796
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	(1,520,993)	(1,512,163)
Net liability	3,625,714	3,151,633
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	2,422,730	2,578,346
Total equity	6,048,444	5,729,979
Net liability / Total equity ratio	60%	55%

The amounts are calculated by deducting income tax payable, derivative financial instruments and deferred tax liability accounts from total liability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

30 June 2017 Financial assets	Note	Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	Financial assets available for sale	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Instruments designated as hedges of financial risk	Fair value through profit or loss	Carrying value
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,520,993	_	_	_	_	1,520,993
Trade receivables from non-related	O	1,520,555					1,520,775
parties	9	1,763,027	_	-	_	_	1,763,027
Trade receivables from related parties	33	11,150	-	-	-	-	11,150
Other receivables from non-related		,					ŕ
parties	10	42,591	-	-	-	-	42,591
Other receivables from related parties	33	39,593	-	-	-	-	39,593
Financial investments	7		107,285	-	-	-	107,285
Financial liabilities							
Short and long-term financial liabilities	8	-	-	2,554,488	-	-	2,554,488
Trade payables to non-related parties	9	-	-	1,042,634	-	-	1,042,634
Trade payables to related parties	33	-	-	30,032	-	-	30,032
Other payables to non-related parties	10	-	-	382,982	-	-	382,982
Payables regarding employee benefits	22	-	-	37,287	-	-	37,287
Derivative instruments	21	-	-	-	972	-	972
Other financial liabilities	8	-	-	575,299	-	-	575,299

The Group management believes that the carrying value of the financial instruments reflect the fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

31 December 2016 Financial Assests	Note	Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	Financial assets available for sale	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Instruments designated as hedges of financial risk	Fair value through profit or loss Carrying valu	ue_
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,512,163	-	-	-	- 1,512,16	63
Trade receivables from non-related							
parties	9	1,510,932	-	-	-	- 1,510,93	32
Trade receivables from related parties	33	8,523	-	-	-	- 8,52	23
Other receivables from non-related	10	46.120				46.10	20
parties	10	46,128	-	-	-	- 46,12	
Other receivables from related parties	33	10,726	-	-	-	- 10,72	
Derivative instruments	21	-	-	-	551	- 55	
Financial investments	7	-	114,882	-	-	- 114,88	32
Financial liabilities							
Short and long term financial liabilities	8	-	-	2,289,220	-	- 2,289,22	20
Trade payables to non-related parties	9	-	-	939,110	-	- 939,11	10
Trade payables to related parties	33	_	_	25,403	_	- 25,40	03
Other payables to non-related parties	10	_	_	351,564	-	- 351,56	
Payables regarding employee benefits	22	-	_	36,796	_	- 36,79	
Other financial liabilities	8	-	-	519,829	-	- 519,82	

The Group management believes that the carrying value of the financial instruments reflect the fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial instruments

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:
- First Level: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices
- Second Level: The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on prices from observable current market transactions.
- Third Level: The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with the unobservable current market data.

Based on the fair value hierarchy, the Group's financial assets and liabilities are categorized as follows:

	Fair value level as of reporting date			
30 June	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
2017	TL	TL	TL	
-	-	-	-	
107,285	107,285	-	-	
107,285	107,285	-	-	
972	_	_	972	
-	-	-	-	
972	-	-	972	
	Fair value level as of report			
31 December	Level 1		Level 3	
2016	TL	TL	TL	
551	-	-	551	
114,882	114,882	-	-	
115,433	114,882	-	551	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
-	_	_	_	
	2017 107,285 107,285 107,285 972 972 31 December 2016 551 114,882	30 June 2017	30 June 2017 Level 1 Level 2 TL	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 36 – SHARES IN OTHER OPERATIONS

Financial information of TME and Aytemiz that are subsidiaries which are not wholly-owned and have significant non-controlling interests by the Group, is presented below in accordance with TFRS 12. These financial information indicates the amounts before intra-group eliminations.

	TME	AYTEMİZ (*)	30 June 2017
	- - 00	7 16100	500 0 60
Current assets	7,788	716,180	723,968
Non-current assets	221,577	561,204	782,781
Current liabilities	31,150	700,952	732,102
Non-current liabilities	57,341	67,969	125,310
Total equity	140,874	508,463	649,337
			1 January-
			30 June 2017
Revenue	15,401	2,335,762	2,351,163
Cost of sales	(9,990)	(2,207,680)	(2,217,670)
Gross profit/(loss)	5,411	128,083	133,493
Profit/(loss) for the period	(61,000)	11,053	(49,947)
	TME	AYTEMİZ (*)	31 December 2016
Comment assets	10.000	625 720	645 909
Current assets	10,088	635,720	645,808
Non-current assets	263,751	563,028	826,779
Current liabilities	34,009	491,467	525,476
Non-current liabilities	50,898	209,692	260,590
Total equity	188,932	497,589	686,521
			1 January-
			30 June 2016
Revenue	15,099	1,463,548	1,478,647
Cost of sales	(9,545)	(1,370,241)	(1,379,786)
Gross profit/(loss)	5,554	93,307	98,861
Profit/(loss) for the period	(52,721)	12,855	(39,866)

^(*) Consist of consolidated balances.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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NOTE 37 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Participation to capital increase of subsidiary (Öncü Girişim)

As previously announced on 27 April 2017, according to Doğan Holding's Board of Directors Decision dated 27 April 2017; the Group's subsidiary, Öncü Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. (Öncü Girişim) that has total paid-in capital of 51,000,000 (exact) Turkish Lira and 100% owned by the Group, increased capital to 80,000,000 (exact) Turkish Lira in cash due to the partially restriction of the new share acquisition right. Required legal approvals were received and the capital increase of Öncü Girişim was approved by Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting dated 2 August 2017. The Group paid the new share purchase right of 9,000,000 (exact) Turkish Lira on 2 August 2017.

Doğan Holding's subsidiary Doğan Gazetecilik contributed to the capital increase of Öncü Girişim amounting to 20,000,000 (exact) Turkish Lira and acquired 25% of shares according to the decision of the Board of Directors meeting dated 27 April 2017. New share acquisition right amounting to 20,000,000 (exact) Turkish Lira was paid on 2 August 2017.

Sale of Subsidiary Shares (Milta)

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of Doğan Holding dated 25 July 2017, it has been decided to transfer and sell indentured 1,300,000 shares (certificates of shares) of Milta Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. which is a fully owned subsidiary with Turkish Lira 1,300,000 (exact) capital paid depending on the obtaining of all necessary legal authorizations from the regulatory authorities and the fulfillment of other routine "Closing Prerequisites" and also with the condition of the correction of the "net debt" on the date of "Closing" in return of cash consideration and in advance USD 105 million (exact) to Tek Art Kalamış ve Fenerbahçe Marmara Turizm Tesisleri Anonim Sirketi.

"Subsidiary share sale profit" is calculated amounting to 286,648,424.75 (exact) Turkish Lira according to the average exchange rate of the Central Bank of Turkey as of 25 July 2017. This amount will be recalculated and announced to the public on the date of the share sale and transfer ("Closing" date). The amount of "Subsidiary share sale profit" in accordance with TAS/TFRS may be different from this amount. The respective amount will be announced to the public subsequent to the closing through the initial financial statement footnotes with legally completion of the sale and transfer of shares.

Subsidiary share sale profit will be considered under scope of Article 5/1-e of the "Exceptions" under the head of the Corporate Tax Law No.5520, and 75% of the exemption will be accounted to a special fund account under equity.

A separate Board of Directors decision will be received related with consideration of subsidiary share sale profit following the date on completion of the sale and transfer of shares ("Closing" date).

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NOTE 37 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

Hürriyet- Direct or Indirect Subsidiary Share Sales (TME)

It has been decided that the attempts regarding either wholly/partially sale of or finding strategic partner/partners to Trader Media East Ltd. (TME) located in Jersey, the shares of which are owned by Hürriyet Invest B.V at a rate of 97.29% located in Holland and by the subsidiary of Doğan Holding, Hürriyet, at a rate of 100% and/or TME's direct or indirect subsidiaries and/or the business lines operating within them are to be commenced. The commencement of these attempts with this respect does not imply that the process will be terminated with finding strategic partner / partners or sale. The process may also be finalised without any results.

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