DOĞAN ŞİRKETLER GRUBU HOLDİNG A.Ş.

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2015 INTO ENGLISH AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

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CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş.

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with standards on auditing issued by Capital Markets Board and Independent Auditing Standards which is a part of Turkish Auditing Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Deloitte

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2015, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 398 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6102 ("TCC"), the auditor's report on the system and the committee of early detection of risk has been submitted to the Board of Directors of the Company on 9 March 2016.

In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 402 of TCC, nothing has come to our attention that may cause us to believe that the Group's set of accounts and financial statements prepared for the period 1 January-31 December 2015 does not comply with TCC and the provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

In accordance with paragraph four of the Article 402 of TCC, the Board of Directors provided us all the required information and documentation with respect to our audit.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş.
Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

Şule Firuzment Bekçe
Partner

Istanbul, 9 March 2016

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DOĞAN ŞİRKETLER GRUBU HOLDİNG A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

ASSETS	Notes	USD* 31 December 2015	*Audited* 31 December 2015	*Audited* 31 December 2014
Current assets		**1.361.512**	**3.958.733**	**3.759.729**
Cash and cash equivalents	6	651.486	1.894.260	2.166.910
Financial investments	7	44.472	129.308	88.773
Trade receivables				
- Due from related parties	33	1.011	2.940	3.530
- Due from non-related parties	9	416.842	1.212.010	879.899
Other receivables				
-Due from related parties	33	798	2.320	24.264
-Due from non-related parties	10	5.879	17.093	20.323
Derivative instruments	21	-	-	464
Inventories	11	126.349	367.374	247.887
Prepaid expenses	20	32.780	95.310	66.672
Biological assets	12	26	76	24
Other current assets	19	81.869	238.042	260.983
Non-current assets		**1.197.768**	**3.482.631**	**3.117.606**
Trade receivables	9	7.351	21.374	2.911
Other receivables				
-Due from related parties	33	10.000	29.076	23.258
-Due from non-related parties	10	10.743	31.235	22.216
Financial investments	7	14.307	41.598	29.866
Investments accounted by the equity method	4	106.318	309.131	343.508
Investment property	13	129.342	376.075	243.478
Property, plant and equipment	14	358.058	1.041.089	820.434
Intangible assets				
- Goodwill	15	138.847	403.713	395.567
- Other intangible assets	15	328.096	953.972	852.269
Prepaid expenses	20	15.888	46.197	50.034
Deferred tax asset	31	36.492	106.105	105.827
Other non-current assets	19	42.326	123.066	228.238
Total assets		**2.559.280**	**7.441.364**	**6.877.335**

The consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended 31 December 2015 have been approved by the Board of Directors on 9 March 2016.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

LIABILITIES	Notes	*USD** 31 December 2015	*Audited* 31 December 2015	*Audited* 31 December 2014
Current liabilities		**926.483**	**2.693.843**	**1.980.553**
Short-term borrowings	8	254.144	738.949	463.691
Short-term portion of long-term borrowings	8	246.633	717.110	530.857
Other financial liabilities	8	60.323	175.395	178.490
Trade payables				
- Due to related parties	33	9.330	27.129	18.340
- Due to non- related parties	9	249.956	726.773	596.527
Payables related to employee benefits	22	8.046	23.394	8.779
Derivative instruments	21	-	-	4
Deferred income	20	13.762	40.014	41.721
Other payables	10	54.980	159.859	50.097
Current income tax liability	31	649	1.888	7.297
Short-term provisions				
- Short-term provisions for employment benefits	22	15.157	44.070	39.846
- Other short-term provisions	17	13.503	39.262	44.809
Other current liabilities		-	-	95
Non-current liabilities		**586.501**	**1.705.310**	**1.986.932**
Long-term borrowings	8	228.892	665.525	1.108.637
Investments accounted for by the equity method	4	53.417	155.315	-
Other financial liabilities	8	178.050	517.700	602.629
Other payables	10	35.595	103.495	20.281
Deferred income	20	485	1.410	562
Long-term provisions				
-Long-term provisions for employment benefits	22	37.653	109.481	104.352
Deferred tax liability	31	52.409	152.384	150.338
Other non-current liabilities		-	-	133
EQUITY		**1.046.296**	**3.042.211**	**2.909.850**
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company		**912.134**	**2.652.122**	**2.755.219**
Share capital	23	900.034	2.616.938	2.616.938
Adjustments to share capital	23	49.362	143.526	143.526
Premiums/discounts related to shares	23	12.092	35.159	35.159
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will not be reclassified in profit or loss				
- Gain on revaluation of investment property	23	4.011	11.662	1.002
- Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans	23	(10.673)	(31.032)	(30.979)
Other comprehensive income or expenses that will be reclassified in profit or loss				
- Change in currency translation reserves		30.044	87.357	51.034
- Gain/ loss on revaluation and reclassification	23	177	514	(4.177)
Restricted reserves	23	436.075	1.267.933	1.281.168
Accumulated losses		(453.678)	(1.319.115)	(1.113.482)
Net loss for the period		(55.310)	(160.820)	(224.970)
Non-controlling interests		**134.162**	**390.089**	**154.631**
Total liabilities		**2.559.280**	**7.441.364**	**6.877.335**
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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	*USD(*)* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January - 31 December 2014
Continued Operations				
Revenue	24	2.046.718	5.951.038	3.543.263
Cost of Sales (-)	24	(1.693.600)	(4.924.311)	(2.753.055)
Gross Profit	**24**	**353.118**	**1.026.727**	**790.208**
General Administrative Expenses(-)	25	(115.532)	(335.921)	(345.794)
Marketing Expenses (-)	25	(207.419)	(603.092)	(513.062)
Other Income From Operating Activities	27	222.487	646.905	362.166
Other Expenses From Operating Activities (-)	27	(100.206)	(291.359)	(213.803)
Share of Losses on Investments Accounted for by The Equity Method	4	(63.160)	(183.645)	(40.355)
Operating Profit		**89.288**	**259.615**	**39.360**
Income From Investment Activities	28	71.339	207.426	163.390
Expenses From Investment Activities (-)	28	(55.469)	(161.283)	(130.360)
Operating Profit Before Finance (Expense)/ Income		**105.158**	**305.758**	**72.390**
Finance Income	29	14.051	40.854	66.813
Finance Expense (-)	29	(156.684)	(455.573)	(408.832)
Loss Before Taxation		**(37.475)**	**(108.961)**	**(269.629)**
Tax Expense	31	**(22.022)**	**(64.033)**	**(42.009)**
Tax Expense for The Period		(23.398)	(68.032)	(35.400)
Deferred Tax Income/ (Expense)		1.376	3.999	(6.609)
Net Loss for The Period		**(59.497)**	**(172.994)**	**(311.638)**
Allocation of Net Loss for The Period				
Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests		(4.187)	(12.174)	(86.668)
Attributable to Equity Holders of The Parent Company		**(55.310)**	**(160.820)**	**(224.970)**
Loss Per Share Attributable to Equity Holders of The Parent Company	32	(0,021)	(0,061)	(0,086)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

		USD(*) 1 January- 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January- 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January- 31 December 2014
Loss for The Period		**(59.497)**	**(172.994)**	**(311.638)**
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Losses That Will Not Be Reclassified As Profit or Loss				
Gain on revaluation of investment property		3.687	10.716	-
Deferred tax effect on gain on revaluation of investment property		(19)	(56)	-
Actuarial loss on defined retirement benefit plans	22	(23)	(66)	(1.753)
Deferred tax effect on actuarial loss on defined retirement benefit plans		4	13	351
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Losses That Will Be Reclassified As Profit or Loss				
Change in Currency Translation Reserves		6.605	19.206	(87.551)
Revaluation of Financial Assets Available for Sale and / or Classification Gain / Losses		1.613	4.691	(3.024)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (EXPENSE)		**11.867**	**34.504**	**(91.977)**
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE EXPENSE		**(47.630)**	**(138.490)**	**(403.615)**
Allocation of Total Comprehensive Expense for the Period				
Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests		(10.074)	(29.291)	(116.944)
Attributable to Equity Holders of The Parent Company		(37.556)	(109.199)	(286.671)

(*) As explained in the Note 2.1.8 to the consolidated financial statements, USD amounts presented in these consolidated financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from TL, as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey official TL exchange rate. Thus, USD amounts do not form a part of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards issued by the Capital Market Board ("CMB") as of 31 December 2015.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

				Accumulated other comprehensive income or loss that will not be reclassified as profit or loss			Accumulated other comprehensive income or loss that will be reclassified as profit or loss				Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)				
	Notes	Share Capital	Adjustments to share capital	Gains on revaluation of investment property	Actuarial losses on defined retirement benefit plans	Premiums /discounts related to share	Gain/(loss) on revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets available for sale	Currency translation differences	Venture capital fund	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses)	Net income/ (loss) for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the company	Non-controlling interests	Total shareholder's equity
Balances at 1 January 2014	**23**	**2.450.000**	**143.526**	**1.002**	**(29.577)**	**630**	**(1.153)**	**143.215**	**-**	**1.142.663**	**(561.979)**	**(38.140)**	**3.250.187**	**750.248**	**4.000.435**
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	(34.906)	-	13.407	(16.641)	38.140	-	-	-
Share acquisition from non-controlling interests and share transfer of entities under common control		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.135	-	4.135	(4.135)	-
Dividend payment of subsidiaries to non-group companies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.265)	(3.265)
Effect of business combinations[1]		166.938	-	-	-	34.529	-	-	-	89.673	22.840	-	313.980	(384.952)	(70.972)
Venture capital fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.425	(35.425)	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities subject to put option of non-controlling shares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(526.412)	-	(526.412)	(86.321)	(612.733)
Total comprehensive income/ (expense)		-	-	-	**(1.402)**	-	**(3.024)**	**(57.275)**	-	-	-	**(224.970)**	**(286.671)**	**(116.944)**	**(403.615)**
- Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	(57.275)	-	-	-	-	*(57.275)*	*(30.276)*	*(87.551)*
- Actuarial loss on defined retirement benefit plans		-	-	-	*(1.402)*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*(1.402)*	-	*(1.402)*
- Change in the financial asset fair value reserve		-	-	-	-	-	*(3.024)*	-	-	-	-	-	*(3.024)*	-	*(3.024)*
- Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*(224.970)*	*(224.970)*	*(86.668)*	*(311.638)*
Balances as of 31 December 2014	**23**	**2.616.938**	**143.526**	**1.002**	**(30.979)**	**35.159**	**(4.177)**	**51.034**	**-**	**1.281.168**	**(1.113.482)**	**(224.970)**	**2.755.219**	**154.631**	**2.909.850**

(1) Related to merger into Doğan Holding through the entire take-over with all assets and liabilities of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (Note 1, 23)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

				Accumulated other comprehensive income or loss that will not be reclassified as profit or loss			Accumulated other comprehensive income or loss that will be reclassified as profit or loss			Retained earnings / (accumulated losses)				
	Notes	Share Capital	Adjustments to share capital	Gains on revaluation of investment property	Actuarial losses on defined retirement benefit plans	Premiums /discounts related to share	Gain/(loss) on revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets available for sale	Currency translation differences	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses)	Net income/ (loss) for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the company	Non-controlling interests	Total shareholder's equity
Balances at 1 January 2015	23	2.616.938	143.526	1.002	(30.979)	35.159	(4.177)	51.034	1.281.168	(1.113.482)	(224.970)	2.755.219	154.631	2.909.850
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13.235)	(211.735)	224.970	-	-	-
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.700)	(3.700)
Acquisition of subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145.090	145.090
Participation to the capital increase of non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	127.000	127.000
Funds transferred to equity by shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.535	-	6.535	1.328	7.863
Acquisition of shares of subsidiary for entities under common control		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(433)	-	(433)	(4.969)	(5.402)
Total comprehensive income/(expense)		-	-	**10.660**	**(53)**	-	4.691	**36.323**	-	-	**(160.820)**	**(109.199)**	**(29.291)**	**(138.490)**
- Currency translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	*36.323*	-	-	-	*36.323*	*(17.117)*	*19.206*
- Actuarial loss on defined retirement benefit plans		-	-	-	*(53)*	-	-	-	-	-	-	*(53)*	-	*(53)*
- Gain on revaluation of investment property		-	-	*10.660*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*10.660*	-	*10.660*
- Change in the financial asset fair value reserve		-	-	-	-	-	*4.691*	-	-	-	-	*4.691*	-	*4.691*
- Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*(160.820)*	*(160.820)*	*(12.174)*	*(172.994)*
Balances as of 31 December 2015	23	2.616.938	143.526	11.662	(31.032)	35.159	514	87.357	1.267.933	(1.319.115)	(160.820)	2.652.122	390.089	3.042.211

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

DOĞAN ŞİRKETLER GRUBU HOLDİNG A.Ş.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	*USD(*)* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January 31 December 2014
A. Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		**191.873**	**557.889**	**202.970**
Loss before tax from continuing operation		(37.475)	(108.961)	(269.629)
Adjustments regarding reconciliation of loss for the period		**264.284**	**768.434**	**637.602**
Adjustments regarding depreciation and amortization	11,14,15	107.824	313.510	295.462
Adjustments regarding impairment/ reversal	15	15.464	44.962	89.977
Adjustments regarding provisions		24.336	70.759	103.304
Adjustments regarding interest income and expense		33.623	97.763	67.565
Finance income/losses due to forward sales	27	(11.234)	(32.663)	(27.570)
Adjustments regarding unrealized differences in currency translation reserves		(11.216)	(32.612)	100.371
Adjustments regarding losses/gains on fair value		(11.798)	(34.303)	(31.771)
Adjustments regarding gain/losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	28	(4.433)	(12.891)	(27.566)
Dividend on investments accounted by equity method	4	63.160	183.645	40.355
Unrealized foreign exchange losses due to financial borrowings		67.393	195.951	26.700
Loss/(gain) on sale of shares in subsidiaries		(289)	(840)	775
Gain on sale of entities under common control	28	(8.546)	(24.847)	-
Changes in working capital		**(55.293)**	**(160.770)**	**(187.815)**
Decrease / (increase) in other current and non-current assets and prepaid expenses		24.769	72.018	(100.657)
(Decrease) / increase in other short term and long term liabilities and deferred revenue		(630)	(1.830)	(47.583)
(Increase) / decrease in inventories		(22.484)	(65.374)	21.665
Increase in trade receivables		(80.146)	(233.033)	(107.744)
Increase in payables regarding employee benefits		4.988	14.502	(17.620)
Decrease / (increase) other receivables regarding operations		4.929	14.332	(34.997)
Increase in trade payables		7.531	21.896	79.603
Decrease/(Increase) in other payables regarding operations		5.750	16.719	19.518
Net cash provided by operating activities		**171.517**	**498.703**	**180.158**
Employment termination benefits paid	22	(4.967)	(14.443)	(23.434)
Taxes paid		(25.258)	(73.441)	(38.546)
Lawsuit provisions paid		(1.355)	(3.939)	(16.825)
Collections from doubtful receivables	9	4.735	13.768	9.316
Interest received		47.201	137.241	92.301

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	*USD(*)* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January 31 December 2015	*Audited* 1 January 31 December 2014
B.Net Cash Provided From Investing Activities		**(202.817)**	**(589.710)**	**(312.425)**
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and assets held for sale		31.246	90.850	222.484
(Increase) / decrease in financial investments		(19.267)	(56.022)	48.416
Cash outflow from acquisition of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, and investment property	13,14,15	(158.476)	(460.784)	(283.933)
Payment regarding financial borrowings related with the options		(59.120)	(171.897)	(193.674)
Dividend paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests		(1.273)	(3.700)	(3.265)
Participation to the capital increase of non-controlling interests		43.679	127.000	-
Decrease in derivative liabilities		-	-	(2.057)
Increase in associates accounted for by using the equity method		(8.369)	(24.333)	(35.431)
Cash from sale of entities under common control		33.568	97.601	-
Acquisition of subsidiary share, net		(67.149)	(195.241)	(24.000)
Share buy-back from the investors willing to exercise exit right during merger		-	-	(70.972)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary		822	2.390	30.007
Funds transferred to equity covered by shareholders		3.380	9.828	-
Acquisition of interest in subsidiary under common control		(1.858)	(5.402)	-
C.Net Cash From Financing Activities		**(84.119)**	**(244.584)**	**63.752**
(Decrease) / increase in financial borrowings, (net)		(37.108)	(107.894)	(25.143)
Interest paid		(64.701)	(188.125)	(156.118)
Decrease in blocked deposits		17.690	51.435	245.013
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES (A+B+C)				
D. THE EFFECT OF CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		**(95.063)**	**(276.405)**	**(45.703)**
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C+D)				
E CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6	**744.017**	**2.163.304**	**2.209.007**
F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE AT THE END OF THE PERIOD (A+B+C+D+E)	6	**648.954**	**1.886.899**	**2.163.304**

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Holding", "Holding" or the "Group") was established on 22 September 1980 and is registered in Turkey. Main operating activity of the Holding is to invest in various sectors via associates, to provide all necessary support to its subsidiaries and joint ventures in order to develop their activities.

Doğan Holding is registered with the Capital Markets Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted on Borsa İstanbul ("Borsa İstanbul") since June 21, 1993. Within the frame of Resolution No.21/655 dated 23 July 2010 of CMB with the decision on 30 October 2014 numbered 31/1059; according to the records of Central Registry Agency, 35,94% shares of Doğan Holding are to be considered in circulation as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 35,42%).

The address of Holding's registered office is as follows:

Burhaniye Mahallesi Kısıklı Caddesi No: 65
Üsküdar 34696 İstanbul

As of 31 December 2015, the total number of personnel in the domestic and abroad subsidiaries and associates of the Group, that are consolidated by using the "full consolidation method", is 8.678 (domestic 7.547) (31 December 2014: 10.298; domestic 7.683). The Company has 157 employees (31 December 2014: 167 employees).

Merger of Doğan Yayın Holding with Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. by "Take Over"

Board of Director decisions of Doğan Holding and Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. dated as 14 April 2014 regarding the merger under Doğan Holding, through the entire "take over" of our direct subsidiary Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş with all its assets and liabilities by Doğan Holding were disclosed to the public on the same date, and the merger transaction ("Merger") was approved in the Extraordinary General Assembly Meetings of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. on 6 August 2014 and of Doğan Holding on 7 August 2014, and registered with the Trade Registry on 26 August 2014. Upon the registration of the merger, Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. has ceased by being dissolved without liquidation.

With the decision made by Board of Directors of Doğan Holding on 27 August 2014, the issued capital of Doğan Holding, which is TL 2.450.000.000 (full), within the TL 4.000.000.000 (full) registered capital ceiling, is to be increased to TL 2.616.938.288 (full) due to the merger which took place under Doğan Holding, through the entire "take over" of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. with all its all assets and liabilities being ceased due to dissolution without liquidation by Doğan Holding (Note 23). The "Issuance Certificates" for a total of 166.938.288 shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (one) each, to be issued to represent the TL 166.938.238 increased within the scope of the capital increase have been approved by the CMB, and are enclosed on 29 August 2014 Article 7 of the Articles of Association, "Registered and Issued Capital", for the increase of the issued capital to TL 2.616.938.288 has been registered with the Trade Registry on 3 September 2014.

In the course of the capital increase due to the merger, there was not any cash outflows by the shareholders of our Company, and the shares to be issued was allocated to Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. shareholders using the "exchange ratio" approved by General Assembly , in return for the Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. held by the shareholders other than Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. within the context of the exercise of the exit right, and other than Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. Exchange transaction was realized by Central Securities Depository Institution on 2 September 2014. During the course of the "exchange" transaction to be carried out within the scope of the merger, Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. shareholders were given 0,48638 units (full) Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. shares for each Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. shares they hold, with a nominal value of TL 1 (full) (Note 23).

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Doğan Holding has the following subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries"). The natures of the business, segment and countries of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Country	Nature of business	Segment
Doğan Gazetecilik A.Ş. ("Doğan Gazetecilik")	Turkey	Newspaper publishing	Media
Hürriyet Gazetecilik ve Matbaacılık A.Ş. ("Hürriyet")	Turkey	Newspaper publishing	Media
Doğan Dağıtım Satış Pazarlama Matbaacılık Ödeme Aracılık ve Tahsilat Sistemleri A.Ş. ("Doğan Dağıtım")	Turkey	Distribution	Media
Doğan Dış Ticaret ve Mümessillik A.Ş. ("Doğan Dış Ticaret")	Turkey	Import and export	Media
Doğan Haber Ajansı A.Ş. ("Doğan Haber")	Turkey	News agency	Media
Yenibiriş İnsan Kaynakları Hizmetleri Danışmanlık ve Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Yenibir")	Turkey	Internet services	Media
Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung GmbH ("Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung")	Germany	Newspaper printing	Media
Doğan Media International GmbH ("DMI")	Germany	Newspaper publishing	Media
Hürriyet Invest B.V. ("Hürriyet Invest")	Netherland	Investment	Media
Falcon Purchasing Services Ltd. ("Falcon")	England	Foreign Trade	Media
Trader Media East Ltd. ("TME")	Jersey	Investment	Media
TCM Adria d.o.o.	Crotia	Investment	Media
Mirabridge International B.V.	Netherland	Investment	Media
Publishing International Holding B.V.	Netherland	Investment	Media
OOO RUKOM	Russia	Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Aktobe	Kazakhstan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Baikal	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
Job.ru LLC	Russia	Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto DV	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Kazan	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Novosibirsk	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Oka	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Samara	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Vladivostok	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Media Holding Ltd.	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Utro Peterburga	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Smolensk	Russia	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO SP Belpronto	Belarus	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	Kazakhstan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
TOO Pronto Akmola	Kazakhstan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Atyrau	Kazakhstan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
OOO Pronto Aktau	Kazakhstan	Newspaper and Internet publishing	Media
Pronto Soft	Belarus	Internet publishing	Media
Impress Media Marketing LLC	Russia	Publishing	Media
OOO Rektcentr	Russia	Investment	Media
Publishing House Pennsylvania Inc.	USA	Investment	Media
Pronto Ust Kamenogorsk	Kazakhstan	Newspaper publishing	Media
Doğan Internet Yayıncılığı ve Yatırım A.Ş. ("Doğan Internet Yayıncılığı")	Turkey	Internet publishing	Media
Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan TV Holding")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
DTV Haber ve Görsel Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kanal D")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Mozaik İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Mozaik" or "D-smart")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Doruk Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Doruk Televizyon" or "CNN Türk")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Doğan TV Digital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş. ("Doğan TV Dijital")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Fun Televizyon Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Fun TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Subsidiaries	Country	Nature of business	Segment
Tempo Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Tempo TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Kanalspor Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kanalspor")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Milenyum Televizyon Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık A.Ş. ("Milenyum TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
TV 2000 Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("TV 2000")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Popüler Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Popüler TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
D Yapım Reklamcılık ve Dağıtım A.Ş. ("D Yapım Reklamcılık")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Bravo Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Bravo TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Doğa Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Doğa TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Blutv İletişim ve Dijital Yayın Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("Blutv İletişim")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Altın Kanal Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Altın Kanal")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Stil Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Stil TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Selenit Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Selenit TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Trend Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Trend TV" or "D Çocuk")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Ekinoks Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Ekinoks TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Fleks Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Fleks TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Kutup Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Kutup TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Galaksi Radyo ve Televizyon Yayıncılık Yapımcılık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Galaksi TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Yörünge Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Yörünge TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Tematik Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Tematik TV")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Süper Kanal Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Süperkanal")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Uydu İletişim Basın Yayın A.Ş. ("Uydu")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Eko TV Televizyon ve Radyo Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Eko TV") (1)	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Doğan Uydu Haberleşme Hizmetleri ve Telekomünikasyon Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Uydu Haberleşme")	Turkey	Tv publishing	Media
Rapsodi Radyo ve Televizyon Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("Rapsodi Radyo")	Turkey	Radio publishing	Media
Doğan Müzik Yapım ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DMC")	Turkey	Music and entertainment	Media
Primeturk GmbH ("Prime Turk")	Germany	Marketing	Media
Osmose Media S.A ("Osmose Media")	Luxembourg	Marketing	Media
Doğan Media International S.A. ("Kanal D Romania")	Romania	Tv publishing	Media
Doğan Faktoring A.Ş. ("Doğan Faktoring")	Turkey	Factoring	Retail
Doğan Müzik Kitap Mağazacılık ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("D&R")	Turkey	Retail	Retail
Hür Servis Sosyal Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Hürservis")	Turkey	Retail	Retail
A.G.T. Tanıtım Kağıt Ürünleri Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("A.G.T.Tanıtım")	Turkey	Retail	Retail
Doğan Enerji Yatırımları Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Enerji")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Galata Wind Enerji A.Ş.("Galata Wind")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş. ("Aytemiz Akaryakıt")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Aytemiz Gaz A.Ş. ("Aytemiz Gaz")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Aksu Doğal Gaz İletim A.Ş. ("Aksu Doğal Gaz")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Hakimiyet Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Hakimiyet Petrol")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Gaziemir Petrol Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("Gaziemir Petrol")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Aytemiz Petrolcülük Ticaret Limited Şirketi (Aytemiz Petrolcülük")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
D-Tes Elektrik Enerjisi Toptan Satış A.Ş. ("D-Tes")	Turkey	Energy	Energy
Milpa Ticari ve Sınai Ürünler Pazarlama Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Milpa")	Turkey	Trade	Other
Orta Anadolu Otomotiv Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. ("Orta Anadolu Otomotiv")	Turkey	Trade	Other
Çelik Halat ve Tel Sanayii A.Ş. ("Çelik Halat")	Turkey	Production	Other
Ditaş Doğan Yedek Parça İmalat ve Teknik A.Ş. ("Ditaş Doğan")	Turkey	Production	Other
Milta Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş. ("Milta Turizm")	Turkey	Tourism	Other
Doğan Organik Ürünler Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Organik")	Turkey	Agriculture	Other
SC D-Yapı Real Estate, Investment and Construction S.A. ("D Yapı Romanya")	Romania	Real estate	Other
DHI Investment B.V. ("DHI Investment")	Netherland	Investment	Other
D Stroy Limited ("D Stroy")	Russia	Trade	Other
Ditas America LLC ("Ditas America")	USA	Trade	Other
Ditas Trading (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Ditas Trading")	People's Republic of China	Trade	Other
M Investment 1 LLC ("M Investment")	USA	Real estate	Other
Öncü Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş. ("Öncü Girişim")	Turkey	Investment	Investment
Suzuki Motorlu Araçlar Pazarlama A.Ş.("Suzuki")	Turkey	Trade	Other

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of presentation

2.1.1 Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

Statement of compliance with TAS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of Capital Markets Board ("CMB") Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1 "Basis of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets", which were published in the Official Gazette No: 28676 on 13 June 2013. The accompanying financial statements are prepared based on the Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS") and the related supplement and interpretations that have been put into effect by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") under Article 5 of the Communiqué.

Also these consolidated financial statements and notes are presented in accordance with the financial statement model requirements as announced by the CMB's statement issued at 7 June 2013.

The Group maintains their books of account and prepare their statutory financial statements in Turkish Lira in accordance with the tax legislation, and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance.

These consolidated financial statements, except for the financial assets and investment properties that are presented at fair value, are based on the statutory records, which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the communique and the financial statement models of CMB.

Adjustment to the financial statements in hyperinflationary periods

With the decision of CMB dated 17 March 2005 and numbered 11/367, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with TAS. Accordingly, No: 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"), has not been applied commencing from 1 January 2005.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.2 Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures operating in foreign countries

Financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures that are operating in foreign countries are prepared in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in the countries in which they are registered in and required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

If the group entities' functional currency is different from the presentation currency; it is translated into the presentation currency as below:

- Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- Income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates; and all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and statements of other comprehensive income (currency translation differences).

When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.1.3 Consolidation principles

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company, Doğan Holding, its Subsidiaries and its Joint Ventures (collectively referred as the "Group") on the basis set out in sections (a) to (e) below. The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation are based on historical cost of the statutory records and for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2.1.1 and Note 2.1.2 and application of uniform accounting policies and presentations; adjustments and reclassifications. Financial statements of consolidated entities are restated in accordance with the TAS considering the accounting policies and presentation requirements applied by the Group.

Subsidiaries and joint ventures acquired or disposed of during the accounting period are included in the consolidation from the date at which the control of operations are transferred to the Group and excluded from the consolidation when the control is lost. Even if non-controlling interests result in a deficit balance, total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners and to the non-controlling interests.

Income and expenses of a subsidiary, acquired or disposed of the during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Accounting policies used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarized as below:

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries comprise of the companies directly or indirectly controlled by Doğan Holding.

Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the company/asset;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the company/asset; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are indicators of a situation or event that may cause any changes to at least one of the elements of control listed above.

When the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in the relevant investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities (including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings).

Subsidiaries are consolidated by full consolidation method by the date the Group takes the control. From the date the control is over, subsidiaries are excluded from the consolidation scope. Proportion of ownership interest represents the effective shareholding of the Group through the shares held by Doğan Holding and/or indirectly by its subsidiaries. In the consolidated financial statements, interests owned by Doğan family members are treated as non-controlling interests and excluded from net asset and profit of the Group.

The balance sheets with statements of profit or loss of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by the Holding and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related equity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries are eliminated on consolidation. The dividends arising from shares held by Doğan Holding in its subsidiaries are eliminated from equity and income for the period. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the accounting policies in the financial statements of subsidiaries in order to comply with the Group's accounting policies.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the loss of control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Group. When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts priorly recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by the relevant TAS). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under the scope of TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

The table below sets out the proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding, Doğan Family and its subsidiaries and effective ownership interests at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014:

	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding its subsidiaries (%)		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%)		Total proportion of voting power held (%)		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
Subsidiaries	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Hürriyet	77,65	77,65	-	-	77,65	77,65	77,65	77,65
Doğan Gazetecilik	92,81	92,76	0,52	0,52	93,33	93,28	92,81	92,76
DMI	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,52	90,52
Hürriyet Medya Basım (1)	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	77,65
Mozaik	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Doğan Haber Ajansı	99,99	99,99	-	-	99,99	99,99	99,99	88,11
Doğan Dağıtım	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Doğan Dış Ticaret	100,00	98,80	-	-	100,00	98,80	100,00	98,42
Doğan Gazetecilik (2) Internet	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	92,76
Yenibir	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	77,65	77,65
Hürriyet Zweigniederlassung	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	77,65	77,65
Hürriyet Invest	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	77,65	77,65
TME	78,57	78,57	-	-	78,57	78,57	61,01	61,01
Mirabridge International B.V.	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Publishing International Holding B.V.	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Job.ru LLC (3)	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Pronto Invest B.V. (4)	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	61,01
TCM Adria d.o.o.	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Rektcentr	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Publishing House Pennsylvania Inc.	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Doğan Platform (5)	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	100,00
Falcon	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	98,42
OOO SP Belpronto	60,00	60,00	-	-	60,00	60,00	36,61	36,61
OOO Pronto Aktobe	64,00	64,00	-	-	64,00	64,00	39,05	39,05
OOO Delta-M (6)	-	55,00	-	-	-	55,00	-	33,56
OOO Pronto Baikal (7)	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto DV (8)	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto Ivanovo (9)	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	61,01
OOO Pronto Kaliningrad (10)	-	95,00	-	-	-	95,00	-	57,96
OOO Pronto Kazan (11)	100,00	72,00	-	-	100,00	72,00	61,01	43,93
OOO Pronto Krasnodar (12)	-	80,00	-	-	-	80,00	-	48,81
OOO Pronto Nizhny Novgorod(13)	-	90,00	-	-	-	90,00	-	54,91
OOO Pronto Novosibirsk(14)	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto Oka (15)	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto Samara	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto UlanUde (16)	-	90,00	-	-	-	90,00	-	54,91
OOO Pronto Vladivostok (17)	90,00	90,00	-	-	90,00	90,00	54,91	54,91
OOO Pronto Media Holding Ltd.	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Tambukan (18)	-	85,00	-	-	-	85,00	-	51,86
OOO Utro Peterburga (19)	55,00	55,00	-	-	55,00	55,00	33,56	33,56

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding its subdidiaries(%)		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members(%)		Total proportion of voting power held (%)		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
Subsidiaries	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
OOO Pronto Smolensk [20]	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Tambov-Info [21]	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	61,01
TOO Pronto Akmola	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
OOO Pronto Atyrau	80,00	80,00	-	-	80,00	100,00	48,81	48,81
OOO Pronto Aktau	80,00	80,00	-	-	80,00	100,00	48,81	48,81
ZAO Pronto Akzhol	80,00	80,00	-	-	80,00	80,00	48,81	48,81
OOO RUKOM [22]	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	61,01	61,01
Pronto Soft	90,00	90,00	-	-	90,00	90,00	54,91	54,91
Prime Turk	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Osmose Media	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Impress Media Marketing LLC	91,00	97,00	-	-	91,00	97,00	55,52	59,18
Pronto Ust Kamenogorsk	80,00	80,00	-	-	80,00	80,00	48,81	48,81
Doğan TV Holding [23]	90,61	85,22	0,11	0,14	90,72	85,36	90,61	85,22
Kanal D	94,97	94,97	5,03	5,03	100,00	100,00	86,06	80,93
Fun TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Tempo TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Kanalspor	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Milenyum TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
TV 2000	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Popüler TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
D Yapım Reklamcılık	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Bravo TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Doğa TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Altın Kanal	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Stil TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Selenit TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
D Çocuk	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Ekinoks TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Fleks TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Doğan TV Dijital	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Kutup TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Galaksi TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Koloni TV[24]	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	85,22
Yörünge TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Doruk Televizyon	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Tematik TV	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Süper Kanal	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Uydu	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,72	85,39
Eko TV	100,00	95,03	-	-	100,00	95,03	90,61	80,98
Kanal D Romanya	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Doğan Uydu Haberleşme	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
Doğan Teleshopping [25]	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	85,22
Rapsodi Radyo	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding its subdidiaries(%)		Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members(%)		Total proportion of voting power held (%)		Proportion of effective ownership interest (%)	
Subsidiaries	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 Decenber 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
DMC	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	90,61	85,22
D&R	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Hürservis	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Doğan Faktoring	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	98,86	98,86
Doğan İnternet Yayıncılığı	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Milpa	86,27	86,27	0,16	0,16	86,43	86,43	86,27	86,27
Enteralle Handels[26]	-	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	86,27
Orta Anadolu Otomotiv	85,00	85,00	-	-	85,00	85,00	85,00	85,00
Çelik Halat	78,70	78,70	-	-	78,70	78,70	78,70	78,70
Ditaş Doğan	73,59	73,59	-	-	73,59	73,59	73,59	73,59
Milta Turizm	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Doğan Organik	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Doğan Enerji	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Galata Wind	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
D-Yapı Romanya	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
D Stroy	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	73,59	73,59
DHI Investment	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
D-Tes	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
A.G.T. Tanıtım	90,00	90,00	-	-	90,00	90,00	90,00	90,00
M Investment	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Öncü Girişim	100,00	100,00	-	-	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00
Ditas America[27]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	73,59	-
Ditas Trading[27]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	73,59	-
Aytemiz Akaryakıt[28]	50,00	-	-	-	50,00	-	50,00	-
Aytemiz Gaz[28]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	50,00	-
Aksu Doğal Gaz[28]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	50,00	-
Aytemiz Petrolcülük[29]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	50,00	-
Hakimiyet Petrol[30]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	50,00	-
Gaziemir Petrol[30]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	50,00	-
Suzuki[31]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	100,00	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding its subdidiaries(%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members(%) 31 Decenber 2015	31 December 2014	Total proportion of voting power held (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014	Proportion of effective ownership interest (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Katalog [32]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blutv İletişim[33]	100,00	-	-	-	100,00	-	88,44	-
ID Impress Media Marketing[34]	91,00	-	-	-	91,00	-	55,52	-

(1) The related subsidiary merged with Hürriyet as of 31 August 2015.
(2) The related subsidiary merged with Doğan Gazetecilik as of 31 August 2015.
(3) The related subsidiary merged with Pronto Media Holding as of 1 October 2015.
(4) The related subsidiary merged with Mirabridge International B.V. as of 14 April 2015.
(5) The related subsidiary merged with Doğan Holding as of 29 June 2015.
(6) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015.
(7) The related subsidiary is in the process of liquidation as of 5 October 2015.
(8) The related subsidiary is in the process of liquidation as of 18 May 2015.
(9) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015.
(10) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015.
(11) The related subsidiary ceased its operations in 2015.
(12) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015.
(13) The related subsidiary was sold as of 27 May 2015.
(14) The related subsidiary is in the process of liquidation as of 27 May 2015.
(15) The related subsidiary ceased its operations before 2010.
(16) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015.
(17) The related subsidiary is in the process of liquidation as of 10 November 2015.
(18) The related subsidiary was sold as of 7 May 2015.
(19) The related subsidiary ceased its operations before 2010.
(20) The related subsidiary is in the process of liquidation as of May 2015.
(21) The related subsidiary was sold as of 1 December 2015
(22) The related subsidiary ceased its operations in 2012.
(23) According to the statutory records of Group, proportion of effective ownership interest of Doğan TV Holding is 90,61%. Nevertheless, in consequence of the option explained in detail in Note 17, by considering the additional share proportion in accordance with TAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" the rate is calculated as 99,86%.
(24) The related subsidiary was sold as of 7 April 2015.
(25) The related subsidiary was merge with Doğan Müzik Yapım as of 16 November 2015.
(26) The related subsidiary ceased its operations as of 2 July 2015
(27) Subsidiaries that were accounted as financial investments in 31 December 2014, have been included to the consolidation as subsidiaries as of 31 March 2015.
(28) The related subsidiary was acquired as of 11 March 2015.
(29) The related subsidiary was acquired as of 28 October 2015
(30) The related subsidiary was acquired as of 12 November 2015
(31) The establishment of the related subsidiary was registered as of 8 June 2015
(32) As of 10 April 2015, the total shares of the related subsidiary have been purchased by Doğan Holding and the related subsidiary has been derecognised from investments accounted for by the equity method and recognised under subsidiaries.
(33) The establishment of the related subsidiary was registered as of 11 September 2015.
(34) The related subsidiary was established as of December 2015.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

Associates and joint ventures are recognized using the "equity method" in these consolidated financial statements. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost adjusted to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income with the deduction of any impairment loss in the associate or a joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or a joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or a joint venture), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or a joint venture.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate or joint venture; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Equity accounting method is discontinued when the carrying amount of the investment in an associate reaches zero, unless the Group has incurred obligations or guaranteed obligations in respect of the associate or the significant influence of the Group ceases.

(b) Joint Ventures

Joint ventures are companies in respect of which there are contractual arrangements through which an economic activity is undertaken subject to joint control by Doğan Holding and one or more other parties. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

In accordance with the amendments to TFRS 11 effective from 1 January 2013, entities under common control are started to be recognised under the equity method for which the details are presented below starting from this date and the related amendments are applied retrospectively and financial statements are restated accordingly. Condensed financial statements of entities under common control are disclosed in Note 4.

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but do not have control or joint control over those policies. Associates and joint ventures mentioned above are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in associate or a joint venture is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost adjusted to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income with the deduction of any impairment loss in the associate or a joint venture. Where the investment's share of losses in the associate or joint venture exceeds the Group's share in the associate or joint venture (including any long-term investments that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the exceeding portion of losses are not recognised. Consideration of additional loss is only possible in case the Group has been exposed to legal liability or has made to payments in the name of associate or joint venture.

Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are restated in proportion to the Group's share in the associate and unrealized losses are also restated when there is no indication of impairment of the transferred asset. Group, as long as does not fall under obligations with respect to associates, when the carrying value of the associates are zero or significant influence is over, ceases to use the equity method.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.3 Consolidation principles (continued)

(d) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests of shareholders over the net assets and operational results of subsidiaries are classified as non-controlling interest and non-controlling profit/loss in the consolidated balance sheet and statement of income.

(e) Financial investments

Other investments in which the Group and its subsidiaries, have less than 20%, or more than 20% direct or indirect participation but the Group has no significant influence over the related assets, or which are immaterial to consolidated financial statements are classified as "available for sale financial assets". Available for sale investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be measured reliably are carried at cost less any allowance for impairment (Note 7).

2.1.4 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.1.5 Comparative information and restatement of previously reported financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared comparatively with the previous period to identify the financial position and performance trends. The group presents comparatively its consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2015 with 31 December 2014. Statement of profit or loss, other comprehensive income, cash flow and change in equity as of 31 December 2015, are presented comparatively with the financial statements of the period 31 December 2014. In the current period, in case of a necessity, prior period financial statements are reclassified in order to comply with the presentation of its current period consolidated financial statements and significant changes are explained.

The Group has made various reclassifications in relation to the internet operations between "cost of sales", "marketing, selling and distribution expenses" and "general administrative expenses" in the current period. Since the accompanying financial statements are prepared comparatively with the prior period, relevant reclassifications should be made in 2014; however, relevant accounts were not used in 2014 and it is not possible to re-organize 2014 data comparatively. Relevant reclassification has no effect on "net profit/loss for the period".

Due and undue sales and maturity differences regarding cost of sales amounting to TL 9.767 which had been disclosed as net for the period ended 31 December 2014 in the statement of profit or loss, has been disclosed as gross due to the reclassifications made in the current period in other income from operating activities and other expenses from operating activities.

TL 6.554 of personnel expenses presented under cost of sales in statement of profit or loss for the period ended 31 December 2014, has been presented in general administrative expenses due to the reclassifications in the current year.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.6 Significant Accounting Policies and Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and Restatement of Previously Reported Financial Statements

Changes in accounting policies arising from the first time adaptation of a new TAS are applied retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the respective TAS transition requirements, if any. Where there are no transition requirements for any changes or optional significant changes in accounting policies and identified accounting errors, those are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated accordingly.

Due to the merger explained in "Organization and Nature of Operations" (Note 1), the Group has changed the segment presentation being effective from the period ended by 31 December 2014 as explained in note "segment reporting"; to be "publishing", "broadcasting", "retail", "energy" and "other" (Note 2.2). The change in the presentation of the note has no effect on the result of operations. Related change has been made comparatively in the note (Note 5).

2.1.7 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

In the current period there is no such standard or interpretation affecting the Group's financial performance, balance sheet, presentation or note disclosures. However, the details of standards and interpretations effective in the current period but have no effect on the consolidated financial statements and standards and interpretations not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group are set out below.

(a) Amendments to TAS effecting the amounts in the consolidated financial statements and notes

None noted.

(b) Standards effective from 2015 and have no effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, amendments and interpretations to existing standards

TAS 19 (Amendments)	*Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions* [1]
Annual Improvements to 2010-2012 Cycle	*TFRS 2, TFRS 3, TFRS 8, TFRS 13, TAS 16 and TAS 38, TAS 24, TFRS 9, TAS 37, TAS 39* [1]
Annual Improvements to 2011-2013 Cycle	*TFRS 3, TFRS 13, TAS 40* [1]

[1] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 30 June 2014.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

2.1.7 New and Revised Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

(c) Standards that are not yet effective, and amendments and interpretations to existing standards

The Group has not implemented the following standards, which are not effective yet, and amendments and interpretations to current standards:

TFRS 9	*Financial Instruments*
TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 (Amendments)	*TFRS 9 and Mandatory Effective Date for Transition Disclosures*
TAS 16 and TAS 38 (Amendments)	*Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation* [1]
TAS 16 and TAS 41 (Amendments)	*Agriculture: Bearer Plants* [1]
TAS 1, TAS 17, TAS 23, TAS 36 and TAS 40 (Amendments)	
TFRS 11 and TFRS 1 (Amendments)	*Accounting for Acquisition of Interests in Joint operations* [1]
Annual Improvements to 2011-2013 Cycle	*TFRS 1* [2]
TAS 1 (Amendments)	*Disclosure Initiative* [2]
Annual Improvements to 2012-2014 Cycle	*TFRS 5, TFRS 7, TAS 34, TAS 19* [2]
TAS 27 (Amendments)	*Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements* [2]
TFRS 10 and TAS 28 (Amendments)	*Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* [2]
TFRS 10, 12 and TAS 28 (Amendments)	*Investment Entities: Implication of Consolidation Exceptions*[2]
TFRS 14	*Regulatory Deferral Accounts* [2]

[1] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 31 December 2015.
[2] Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

The above-mentioned standards are expected to be effective on 2016 and the following years. The Group has not determined the potential impact that may result from the implementation of these standards in the consolidated financial statements as of the reporting date. These relevant differences are expected to have no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.8 US Dollar convenience translation

US Dollar ("USD") amounts presented in the consolidated financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from Turkish Lira ("TL"), as a matter of arithmetic computation only, at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey official TL exchange rate of TL 2,9076 = USD 1,00 as of 31 December 2015. Thus, USD amounts do not form a part of the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards issued by the CMB. Such translations should not be construed as a representation that the TL amounts have been or could be converted into USD at this or any other rate.

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Related parties

Related parties are people or entity that are related to the entity (reporting entity) that is preparing its financial statements

a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:

i. has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
ii. has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
iii. is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

(b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:

i. The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
ii. One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
iii. Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
iv. One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
iv. The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
v. The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
vi. A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Under the guidance of the explanations above and also in compliance with TAS 24, Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. directly or indirectly has participation, including any entities under common control; real persons and/or legal entities that have direct or indirect individual or joint control over the company and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and legal entities having direct or indirect individual or joint control by them and legal entities having significant effect over the Company or their key management personnel; Company's subsidiaries and members of the Board of Directors, key management personnel and their close family members (relatives up to second-degree) and real persons and/or legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled individually or jointly (Note 33).

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost in the balance sheet. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank deposits and highly liquid investments without a significant risk over the change in their value, whose maturity at the time of purchase is three months or less (Note 6).

Sales and repurchase agreements

Funds given in return for financial assets purchase with the requirement of selling back ("Reverse repo") are recognised as reverse repurchase agreements at consolidated financial statements (Note 6). Income discount is calculated for the difference between the buying and selling prices, determined with aforementioned reverse repo agreements, accrued for the period according to internal discount rate method and recognised by the adding to the cost of reverse repos. Funds provided in return for financial assets reverse repurchase are recognised under cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated financial statements.

Trade receivables and provision for doubtful receivables

The Group's trade receivables from providing goods or services to customers are carried at net of unrealized finance income. Trade receivables, net of unrealized finance income, are calculated by discounting future cash inflows of receivables carried at the original invoice amount using the effective interest method. Short term receivables with indefinite interest rate are carried at cost unless the effect of imputing interest is significant (Note 9). Effective interest method is calculating the present value in accordance with the compound interest basis. The rate determined by compound interest basis and applied in this method is named "effective interest rate". The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Considering the ordinary course of trade cycle of the Group, provision for doubtful receivables for the trade receivables is considered for the trade receivables for which the collection period is over the ordinary course of trade cycle considering the fact that trade receivable is in the administrative and/or legal proceedings, with or without guarantee, objective evidence etc. Additionally, the Group provides provision for its receivables for which there are no special agreed guarantees and overdue for more than a year. Provision is allocated for receivables when the Group has an objective indication over the collectability. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the present value of all cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collaterals discounted based on using the original effective interest rate of the trade receivable occurred. The Company management considers to book provision for doubtful receivables for administrative and/ or legal follow-up, unsecured and collection possibility of the receivables which has maturity out of the Company's commercial term.

If there is a partial or whole collection over the doubtful receivable amount subsequent to the allocation of provision for doubtful receivables, the collected portion is recognised as other income from operating activities following the write-down of the total provision amount (Note 9, 27).

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or estimated selling price less estimated costs necessary to make a sale. Cost elements included in inventory are purchase costs and other costs necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use. Cost elements included in inventories are materials, labor and production overheads. The unit cost of inventories is determined on the moving weighted average basis (Note 11).

When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in the statement of profit or loss in the period the write-down or loss occurred. When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of the changing economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the initial impairment.

Promotion stocks

Evaluation of impairment on promotion stocks and in detection of an impairment; evaluation of the impairment amount is carried out by the Group management. In this manner, an inventory impairment amount is set with the rates determined by the Group management by taking the purchase date into consideration.

Programme stocks

Programme stocks comprise internal and external productions that have been produced but not yet broadcasted as of the report date. Programme stocks are recognised at acquisition or production cost and they are not subject to amortization. These programmes are charged to the statement of profit or loss upon the first transmission and included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. If the estimated income from programme stocks is lower than the carrying value, carrying value is discounted to net realizable value. Licence periods, remaining number of publishing rights, industry dynamics and sales forecasts are being considered in determining of impairment of programme stocks (Note 19).

Financial instruments

In accordance with TAS 39, the Group classifies its financial instruments as assets held at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, available-for-sale and loans and receivables. Classification is determined based on the acquisition purpose and specifications of the financial asset at the initial recognition. All financial assets are recognised at cost including transaction costs in the initial measurement.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

"Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" are financial assets that have been acquired principally for the purpose of taking advantage of fluctuations in price and other similar elements or independent from initial recognition financial assets held for trading which are part of a portfolio that has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. A financial asset is classified in this category if it is primarily acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially carried at cost including transaction costs at the balance sheet. Subsequent to recognition, the financial assets are carried at fair value. Realized or unrealized gains and losses are recognised in "financial income / expenses". Dividends received, are recognised as dividend income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial assets considered as derivative instruments that are not designated for the purpose of hedging instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value thorough profit or loss (Note 21). As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Group does not have any financial assets whose fair value differences are recognised as in profit or loss.

"Held-to-maturity investments" are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that the Group intends and is able to hold to maturity and that do not meet the definition of loans and receivables and are not designated on initial recognition as assets at fair value through profit or loss or as available for sale. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less impairment, if any. The Group has no held to maturity investments as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014.

The Group's *"available for sale financial assets"* comprise of quoted equity instruments and certain debt securities that are traded in an active market and they are measured at fair value. Unrealized gains or losses on an available-for-sale financial asset shall be recognised in equity, through the investments revaluation reserves and comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity shall be recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Financial assets classified by Doğan Holding as "available- for- sale financial assets" that do not have any control power or significant effect have no fair value. When fair value cannot be reliably measured as other fair value estimation methods are not applicable; the carrying value of the financial asset is measured at cost less any impairment loss (Note 7).

"Loans and Receivables" are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates and non-derivative financial assets that are not quoted in an active market.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments, predominantly foreign currency and interest swap agreements and foreign currency forward agreements are initially recognised at their acquisition costs plus the transaction costs. Derivative financial instruments are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. All derivative financial instruments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Fair values of derivative financial instruments are obtained from quoted market prices or discounted cash flow models as appropriate. Based on positive or negative fair value, derivative financial instruments are carried as assets or liabilities respectively (Note 21).

Changes in the fair value of derivatives at fair value through profit or loss are included in the statement of profit or loss.

While certain derivative financial instruments provide effective hedge relationships, they are recognised as financial assets through profit or loss in accordance with TAS 39 and their fair value gains and losses are reported in the statement of profit or loss.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. As of the date of report, the properties held for a currently undetermined future use by Group management, has been classified as investment properties.

Subsequent to initial recognition, at the end of each year when there is an indication of impairment, in accordance with the appraisal reports obtained from licensed real estate appraisal organizations under the Capital Market Legislation, investment properties are stated at fair value which reflects the market conditions. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Deferred tax liability/asset has been calculated from all the temporary differences from investment properties.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. The difference between cost value and fair value at the date of the change is recognised as revaluation fund in other comprehensive income.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (Note 14). Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis (except land). The depreciation periods for property, plant and equipment, which approximate the economic useful lives of such assets, are as follows:

	Years
Land and land improvements	5 - 50
Buildings	10 - 50
Machinery and equipment	2 - 28
Motor vehicles	2 - 20
Furniture and fixtures	2 - 15
Development costs of leased tangible assets	2 - 39
Other tangible assets	2 - 50
Leasehold improvements	2 - 25

Useful life and depreciation are reviewed regularly and the Group also reviews the consistency of the useful life and depreciation method applied with the economic benefits to be obtained from the underlying assets.

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined with respect to the difference between collections received and carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and are included in the income and expenses from investing activities account, as appropriate.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset less the costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset plus the residual value of the related assets.

Repair and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they are incurred. Capital expenditures that increase the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from property, plant and equipment by increasing its capacity is added to the cost of tangible fixed asset.

Gain and losses regarding sale of property, plant and equipment are accounted as other income and expenses from investing activities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial leases

Leases are classified as finance leases by the Group whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest. Portion of rent payments related to principal is presented as liability and decreases as being paid. Interest charges are charged directly against statement of profit or loss over the financial lease period. Assets acquired through finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of expected useful life and the lease term, as well as tangible assets acquired.

Operating leases

An operating lease is a lease that does not substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. For operating leases, lease payments (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term under the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Intangible assets and related amortization

Intangible assets excluding goodwill and assets with infinite useful lives comprise brand names, customer lists, terrestrial broadcasting permissions and licenses (frequency rights), other identified rights, computer software and television programme rights which are further discussed in Note 2.2. Brand names, customer relationships and domain names are determined based on the independent valuation on business combinations. Useful lives of certain brand names are determined to be infinite. Assets that have infinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested for impairment annually (Note 15).

Registered subscriber acquisition costs paid by D-smart are capitalized over the subscription commitment period by the Group and capitalized amounts are recognised under intangible assets account. Weighted average term for subscription acquisition costs is 2 years.

Intangible assets are carried at cost, less any accumulated amortization and amortized by using the straight-line method (Note 15).

Estimated useful lives of intangible assets that have a finite useful life are as follows:

	Years
Trademark	20 - 25
Electricity production licences	45 - 47
Customer lists	9 - 25
Computer software and rights	3 - 15
Domain names	3 - 20
Other intangible rights	5 - 49

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible assets and related amortization (continued)

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested to determine whether there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired and if the carrying value of the intangible asset is higher than the recoverable amount, the carrying value of the intangible asset is written down to its recoverable amount provided to allocate provision. The amount recoverable from an intangible asset is either the discounted net cash flows generated from the use of that intangible asset or the net sales value of that intangible asset depending whether the former or the latter being higher. Provision for impairment is recognised under the statement of profit or loss in the related period.

The right to use of marina held by the Group's subsidiary Milta Turizm, classified in other intangible rights, is being amortized regarding the transfer agreement on 13 November 1997 with the Privatization Administration (Note 15).

Web page development costs

Costs associated with developing web pages are capitalized and amortized by using straight-line method over their estimated useful lives (Note 15). Following the planning phase and operation; all costs are recognised as expense. Maintenance costs of web pages are accounted as operational expenses.

Television programme rights

Television programme rights (foreign series, foreign films and Turkish films) are initially recognised at acquisition cost of the license when the Group controls, in substance, the respective assets and the risks and rewards attached to them. Television programme rights are evaluated to determine if expected revenue is sufficient to cover the unconsumed portion of the program. To the extent that expected revenue is insufficient, the programme rights are written down to their net realizable value.

Consumption is based on the transmission of the expected number of runs (vary from two to unlimited) purchased. Amortization of these rights is determined according to release order and number of runs. The appropriateness of the consumption profiles are reviewed regularly by the management. A maximum of 5 runs is applied for the unlimited run purchases. License periods, remaining run rights, sector dynamics and sales forecasts are taken into consideration when determining impairment of programme rights.

Impairment of assets excluding goodwill and intangible assets with infinite useful lives

At each balance sheet date, the Group evaluates whether there are any indications that an asset other than goodwill or infinite life intangible assets may be impaired. When an indication of impairment exists, carrying value of the assets is compared with the net realizable value which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Impairment exists if the carrying value of an asset or a cash generating unit including that asset is greater than its recoverable amount which is the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Taxation

Taxation on income includes current period income taxes and deferred taxes. Current year tax liability consists of tax liability on period income calculated according to currently enacted tax rates and tax legislation in force as of balance sheet date and includes adjustments related to previous year's tax liabilities. Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company to file a consolidated tax return for its subsidiary and its joint venture. Therefore, tax provisions, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, where deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority (Note 31).

Financial borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss as finance expense over the period of the borrowings (Note 8). The borrowing costs which are directly related with the acquisition, manufacturing or production of a specialty good (means that a long period of time is required to make available for sale and use as purposed) are capitalized as a part of the related asset.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial liabilities regarding to put options of non-controlling interests.

Under the terms of certain share purchase agreements, the Group may commit to acquire the interests owned by non-controlling shareholders in subsidiaries, upon the request of non-controlling interest holders. TAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" requires the value of such put option to be presented as a financial liability on the balance sheet for the discounted value of the expected exercise price of this option, notwithstanding the ability of the Company to settle part of these obligations with its own shares and not cash. In addition, the share of non-controlling shareholders in the net asset of the company subject to the put option is presented in "other financial liabilities" instead of "non-controlling interests" in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group presents, at initial recognition, the difference between the exercise price of the option and the carrying value of the non-controlling interests first as a reduction of non-controlling interest and then as addition to the Group's equity. The discount amount and any subsequent change in the fair value of the commitment are recognised in profit or loss as finance income or expense in subsequent periods (Note 8).

Employment termination benefits

Under the Turkish Labour Law and Press Labour Law (for employees in the media sector), the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who achieves the retirement age, whose employment is terminated without due cause written in the related laws.

The provision for employment termination benefit represents the present value of the estimated total reserves of the future probable liability of the Group arising from the retirement of the employees measured in accordance with the Turkish Labour and Press Labour Laws (Note 22).

According to the amendment in TAS 19, Group calculated employment benefit in accordance with the report prepared by the actuarial firm and recognised all actuarial loss and gains in the other comprehensive statement of profit or loss as of balance sheet date.

Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation or a result of past events, it is probable that on outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources comprising economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change in probability occurs except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities (continued)

If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognised by the Group in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in financial tables and are treated as contingent assets or liabilities. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Share capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividend income is recognised as income by the Group when right to obtain of dividend is generated in the consolidated financial statements. Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the General Assembly.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is the fair value amount of sales of goods and services received or receivable which resulted from Group's operations. Net sales represent the invoiced value of goods or services shipped less any trade discounts, rebates and commissions and are presented with the elimination of intercompany balances. Revenue includes the invoiced amount of goods and service sales. It is recognised on an accrual basis over the fair value of acquisition amount based on product or service delivery, transfer of significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer, reliable estimate of revenue amount and probable economic benefits associated with the transaction will be obtained by the Company.

Revenue is initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable when it can be measured reliably or when there is an inflow of economic benefits. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is a rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services (Note 24).

Due date difference finance income/expenses represents income/expenses occurring from forward purchases and sales. These incomes/expenses are recognised under other income and expense from operating activities as due date difference income and expense from purchases and sales with maturity during the period. (Note 29).

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

a) Publishing and broadcasting segments

Revenue from advertisements

Revenue from advertisements is recognised on an accrual and cut-off basis at the time of broadcasting or printing the advertisement in the related media at the invoiced amounts. The part which is not broadcasted or published yet is recognised as deferred income on the balance sheet.

Subscription income

Subscription income includes the income obtained from Pay Tv and Adsl internet and magazine. The Group, follows Pay Tv and Adsl internet and magazine subscriptions as individual and institutional. The subscription is realized in basically two ways as monthly payment and prepaid. Subscription incomes are recognised when the related service is delivered to the customer.

Revenues from circulation, magazine sales and distribution

Revenue from newspaper and magazine sales is recognised on an accrual basis at the time of delivery of the newspapers by the distribution company to the dealer at the invoiced values.

Newspaper sales returns and provisions

Provision for newspaper sales returns is accounted at the time of delivery based on past experiences and recent information of sales returns.

Revenue from printing services

Revenue from printing arises from printing services given to both Group companies and third parties by using Group's printing facilities. Related income is recognised on an accrual basis at the time of services given.

b) Energy segment

Revenue is the fair value of amount of electricity delivered the event that the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recorded at the invoiced amounts, on accrual basis. Net sales are shown after deducting, invoiced electricity delivery, sales commissions and sales taxes. Revenue obtained from transmission charges, is shown in the financial statements by netting off with related costs.

Fuel sales are measured over the fair value of collected or collectable receivable amounts. Estimated customer returns, discounts and allowances are deducted from the amount in question. Revenue obtained from the sale of fuel is recognised when significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer are transferred, revenue is reliably measured, in case of an inflow of probable economic benefits associated with the transaction and occurring or to be occurred costs regarding the transaction can be measured reliably.

c) Retail

Sale income of books, music, movies, electronics and giftware is recorded on an accrual basis over the invoiced amounts, on the date goods are delivered to the customer, after returns and discounts are deducted.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

d) Other segment

Sales revenue is recognised on an accrual basis over the fair value of acquisition amount based on product or service delivery, transfer of significant risks and rewards related to product to the buyer, reliable estimate of revenue amount and most probability that economic benefits associated with the transaction will be obtained by the Company. Net sales have been found by deducting sales returns, discounts and commissions.

Real estate sales (Revenue proceeds from buyers)

The revenue generated from the housing construction projects organized by Milpa, subsidiary of the Group is recognised when the ownership of the risks and rewards of the assets are transferred to the buyer upon the performance of contract terms and the approval of delivery record by the buyer. Real estate sales income is classified under "other" segment.

Tourism income

Tourism income consists of the revenue obtained from hotel accommodation, agency, marina, car rental, and second hand vehicle sale. Hotel accommodation and agency income is recognised when the services are offered to the customers. Marina income consists of the revenue obtained from the accommodation of vessels and store rents. Such rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease agreements.

Rent Income

The rental income from investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Barter agreements

The Group provides advertising services in return for advertisement and other products and services. When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a revenue generating transaction. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a revenue generating transaction. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. If the fair value of the goods or services received is not measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services supplied, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred (Note 18). Barter agreements are recognised on an accrual basis.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Business combinations

The acquisition of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised as cost as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with TAS 12 *Income Taxes* and TAS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;

- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with TFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* at the acquisition date; and

- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another TAS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Business combinations (continued)

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with TAS 39, or TAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Goodwill (continued)

Gains or losses resulting from the sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of Doğan Holding (transactions that do not result in a change in control) are recognised under equity. TAS 27 (Revised) requires ownership decreases or increases which do not result in a change in control to be recorded under equity for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009. For accounting periods beginning prior to 1 July 2009, the difference resulted in favor of acquisition value in connection with sale or purchase of subsidiaries under the control of the Group which do not result in a change in control was recognised as goodwill.

Business combination of entities under common control is not under the scope of TFRS 3 Business Combinations. The Group doesn't recognise goodwill for these types of transactions. Difference between cash consideration paid as a result of business combination and net asset of the entity is recognised in "Effect of business combinations comprising of entities under common control" account under retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) in equity.

Foreign currency transactions

Functional currency

Items included in the financial statements of each Group entity are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Turkish Lira, which is the functional currency of Doğan Holding.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of foreign currency items have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Foreign Group companies

The results of the Group undertakings using a measurement currency other than TL are first translated into Turkish lira by using the average exchange rate for the period. Assets and liabilities of such Group undertakings are translated into TL by using the closing rate at the balance sheet date. Differences arising on retranslation of the opening net assets of such Group undertakings and differences between the average and period-end rates are included in currency translation reserve as a separate item in the shareholders' equity and recognised under total comprehensive income.

A significant portion of the Group's foreign operations are performed in Russia, Europe and Slovenia ("Russia and Eastern Europe ("EE")). Foreign currencies and exchange rates at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are summarized below:

Country	Currency Unit	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Eurozone	Euro	3,1776	2,8207
Russia	Ruble	0,0396	0,0398
Ukraine	Grivna	0,1214	0,1474
Romania	New Lei	0,7055	0,6294
Kazakhstan	Tenge	0,0291	0,0128
Belarus	Belarusian Ruble	0,0002	0,0002

Segment Reporting

Industrial segment which is an asset and operation group producing goods and services is exposed to different risks and rewards from other industrial segments. Group operations were monitored and reported as five main segments as of 31 December 2015; "Publishing", "Broadcasting" "Retail", "Energy" and "Other" by the management. Group management may change the structure of segment reporting, if they reach the conclusion that new structure may affect financial statement users' decisions and/or it will be useful during the review of financial statements. As the sales and the purchases of the Group are made and the assets of the Group are located mainly in Turkey, no geographic segmental information is considered necessary.

Segment reporting in publicly announced consolidated financial reports within 2014; presents under four segments as "Media", "Retail", "Energy" and "Other. As a result of merger of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. ("Doğan Yayın Holding") with Doğan Holding by take over with all assets and liabilities as described in "Organization and Nature of Operations" (Note 1), segment reporting of Doğan Yayın Holding's consolidated financial reports until the period ended as of 30 June 2014, has been carried to the consolidated report of Doğan Holding being effective on 30 September 2014. Accordingly, "media" segment, in which operational results of Doğan Yayın Holding was presented, was replaced with "publishing" and "broadcasting" segments and also the results of "Other" segment of Doğan Yayın Holding's consolidated report, in which operations of distribution, factoring and investment was presented, was combined with "Other" segment of Doğan Holding. In this context, relevant note, prior period financial information has been restated in accordance with the principle of comparison.

In segment reporting, intra-segmental operations are recorded at segment level and inter-segmental operations are recorded as eliminations at consolidation level.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Earning/ (loss) per share

Earning/ (loss) per share are determined by dividing net income/ (loss) by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the period concerned (Note 32).

In Turkey, companies can increase their issued capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, such bonus share issuances are regarded as issued shares for all of the periods presented in the financial statements. Therefore, the weighted average number of shares used in earnings per share computations are made with regards to the distribution of shares occurred in the prior years.

Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets held for sale are operations that the Group disposes of or classified as available for sale and cash flows which can be treated as a part separately from the Group. Assets classified as held for sale by the Group and discontinued operations, are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations and fair value less costs to sell (Note 30).

Discontinued operations are components of an entity that either have been disposed of or represent a major part of an entity separately from the Group's operations and cash flows. Operating results as of the Group has ceased its control over its disposal groups are presented separately under "discontinued operations" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Prior period consolidated statement of profit or loss is restated for comparative purposes and the results of discontinued operations are also classified under the "discontinued operations" account.

To the results of operations of discontinued operations, gain/ (loss) and tax expense occurring from the sale is included. Gain/ (loss) amount from the sale is calculated as the difference between the book value of net assets disposed and sales value.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received (Note 16) .Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Events After the Reporting Period

In the case that events requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements.

In the case that events not requiring a correction to be made occur subsequent, those events are disclosed in the notes of consolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Statement of cash flows

In the statement of cash flows, cash flows during the period are classified under operating, investing or financing activities.

The cash flows raised from operating activities indicate cash flows due to the Group's activities.

The cash flows due to investing activities indicate the Group cash flows that are used for and obtained from investments (investments in property, plant and equipment and financial investments).

The cash flows due to financing activities indicate the cash obtained from financial arrangements and used in their repayment.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank deposits and the investments that are readily convertible into cash and highly liquid with three months or less to maturity.

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

a) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets

In accordance with the accounting policy mentioned in Note 2.2, goodwill is annually tested for impairment by the Group. Recoverable amount of cash generating units is measured based on the value in use calculations.

The analysis for goodwill impairment for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 has been performed as explained in detail below by the Group.

The recoverable amount of cash generating units is determined by calculating the amount that would be obtained through sales. These calculations are measured based on estimated cash flows after tax using financial budgets covering a five-year period. EBITDA estimates (budgeted interest, tax, depreciation and amortization, provision for impairment and gross margin before other non-operating expenses) have a significant role in these calculations.

The EBITDA margin percentages and discount rates used for the estimated cash flows beyond the 5 year period are as follows:

	2015		2014	
	EBITDA margin rate (%) (1)	Discount rate (%) (2)	EBITDA margin rate (%) (1)	Discount rate (%) (2)
Broadcasting	21	14,6	27	13,4
Publishing				
Russia	40	18,4	35	15,7
Turkey	10	17,4	12	12,4

(1) Average budgeted EBITDA margin in the projection period.

(2) Weighted average cost of capital rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (Continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)

a) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets (Continued)

	EBITDA margin rate (%)	Discount rate (%)
TME	40,00	18,40

The Group management has recognised impairment for intangible assets amounting to TL 44.962 in the consolidated financial statements for the period ending 31 December 2015 (Note 15). (31 December 2014: goodwill impairment amounting to TL 75.901). The primary reason for the impairment for intangible asset is due to the economic shrinkage in Russia and TME's performance being below budgeted figures.

When the calculations performed in the current period are evaluated, if the discount rate applied to cash flow projections for the cash-generating units after tax is 1% more than the estimates of the Group management, additional impairment for the goodwill amounting to TL 16.429 (31 December 2014: TL 26.199) would be recognised in the financial statements and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would increase by TL 16.429 (31 December 2014: TL 26.199) in return.

If the EBITDA rate applied to cash flow projections for the cash-generating units is 5% less than the estimates of the management, additional impairment for the goodwill amounting to TL 19.899 would be recognised in the financial statements and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would increase by TL 19.899 in return by the Group.

b) *Vat amount subject to discount within the scope of law no: 6111*

As of November 2011, the Group management has considered the VAT principle amounting to TL 454.281 imposed as a consequence of share exchanges and transfers recognised in the statutory accounts of Doğan TV Holding, D Yapım, Doğan Prodüksiyon (the related subsidiary merged with D Yapım in 2013 and dissolve without liquidation) and Alp Görsel (the related subsidiary merged with Doğan TV in 2014 and dissolved without liquidation) and restructured within the scope of Law no: 6111 in the year 2011 as input VAT through issuance of "recourse VAT invoice" by each entity who transfers the shares to the respective entity, sequentially with the amount of corresponding VAT imposed. In this context, input VAT amounting to TL 145.328, TL 222.662 and TL 86.291 have been recognised in the statutory records of D Yapım, Doğan Prodüksiyon and Alp Görsel, respectively. Based on the nature of the transaction and considering the precautionary principle, the Group management elects not to recognise the input VAT amounting to TL 454.281 as an asset in the consolidated financial statements as it will be used in future tax periods. Accordingly, where practible, input VAT that can be offset against the recourse VAT in the related taxation periods can be recognised in the statement of income in the respective periods (Note 27). Deductible VAT amount is TL 432.734 (31 December 2014: TL 438.739) in statutory accounts as of 31 December 2015.

c) *Probable liabilities related to the share sales agreement signed with Commerz-Film GmbH*

Estimates and assumptions relating to the Group's given repurchase commitments to Axel Springer AG are described in detail in Note 17.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.3 Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumptions and Decisions (continued)

2.3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

d) Useful lives of intangible assets

Useful lives of some trademarks are expected to be infinite by the Group management. Where useful lives of related intangible assets are infinite (in case of 20 years), amortization of such intangible assets' would increase by TL 8.250 (31 December 2014: TL 9.716) and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would decrease by TL 8.250 (31 December 2014: TL 9.716).

Amortization is recognised by the Group considering the useful lives of trademarks, customer lists and internet domain names with definite useful lives disclosed in Note 2.2.

If useful lives of trademarks, customer lists and internet domain names differ 10% from the management's expectations, the effect over the financial statements would be as follows:

- if useful lives were 10% higher, amortization would decrease by TL 1.315 and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would increase by TL 1.315 (31 December 2014: TL 1.334); or
- if useful lives were 10% lower, amortization would increase by TL 1.608 and profit before tax and non-controlling interests would decrease by TL 1.608 (31 December 2014: TL 1.631).

2.3.2 Critical accounting judgments

Prepaid phone card (prepaid minutes) sales related with mobile telecommunication services and newspaper sales (excluding transactions with related parties and newspapers distributed through subscription system) are carried at gross value in the consolidated financial statements by the Group.

Management believes that the decision to record revenue gross versus net is a matter of professional judgment that is dependent upon the relevant facts and circumstances. The Group evaluated the following factors and indicators in coming to the conclusion.

- The Group has the option to determine the selling price, within the existing economic limitations,
- General inventory risk of goods mentioned above belongs to the Group. The Group purchases newspapers from suppliers and sells them to its dealers through its distribution network. The Group returns unsold newspapers from dealers to the original supplier. General inventory risk is about approximately a week for newspaper sales,
- The Group has the collection risk associated with the transaction.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Current period business combinations

Share Purchase of Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş

Share Purchase and Shareholders Agreement was signed on 11 March 2015, due to the fact that the Group's subsidiary Doğan Enerji Yatırımları Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. has acquired and taken over, in cash, and in a single payment of TL 152.000 for the 100.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 100.000 group "B" representing 50% nominal TL 1 (exact) of the 200.000 shares with a nominal value of TL 200.000 representing the paid-in capital of Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş., which is TL 200.000. Other important conditions and additional transactions are stated in Share Purchase and Shareholders Agreement are also summarized below.

Regarding the Share Purchase and Shareholders Agreement, the paid-in capital of Aytemiz Akaryakıt, which is TL 200.000 was increased to TL 454.000 through the full cash payment. In the capital increased by TL 254.000, all the new share acquisition rights which correspond to the contribution share of the Group's direct subsidiary Doğan Enerji, totaling to TL 127.000 was used by Doğan Enerji in cash and in a single payment. Likewise, other shareholders (Aytemiz Family) participated in the capital increase, pro rata per their shares, in cash and in single payments. The Board of Directors of Aytemiz Akaryakıt is constituted by 7 members, and the majority of these members (4 members) were elected through being nominated by the Group's direct subsidiary Doğan Enerji. Besides that Aytemiz Akaryakıt has been the legal holder of 100% control of Aytemiz Gaz and Aksu Doğal Gaz, as of 11 March 2015.

As the management control of Aytemiz Akaryakıt is held by the Group's direct subsidiary Doğan Enerji due to the signed Share Purchase and Shareholders Agreement, the activity results of Aytemiz Akaryakıt are consolidated with the "full consolidation" method in the financial statements of Doğan Enerji and Doğan Holding.

In accordance with TFRS 3 Business Combinations ("TFRS 3"), the study of determining the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities in order to recognize by using acquisition method, and accordingly the study of allocation of the acquisition cost study to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets ("the study of distributing the acquisition cost") is concluded as of the report date, thus fair value of accountable assets and liabilities of Aytemiz Group is reported in the financial statements.

Fair value adjustments regarding all the acquired assets and liabilities as of 11 March 2015 and the study of allocation of the acquisition cost for Aytemiz Akaryakıt and its 100% subsidiaries Aytemiz Gaz and Aksu Doğal Gaz companies (together will be referred as "Aytemiz Group") are presented below:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Current period business combinations (continued)

Share Purchase of Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş (continued)

	Aytemiz Group		
	Net Book Value	**Fair Value Adjustments**	**Fair Value**
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3.905	-	3.905
Trade and other receivables	165.564	-	165.564
Inventories	54.178	-	54.178
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	22.717	(17.023)	5.694
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	5.825	-	5.825
Investment properties	32.015	42.631	74.646
Tangible assets	150.737	37.033	187.770
Intangible assets(1)	1.130	65.094	66.224
Prepaid expenses	29.079	(13.625)	15.454
Deferred tax assets	7.687	-	7.687
Short term liabilities			
Short term borrowings	(15.093)	-	(15.093)
Trade payables	(89.942)	-	(89.942)
Other short term liabilities	(25.705)	-	(25.705)
Long term liabilities			
Other long term liabilities	(152.863)	-	(152.863)
Long term provisions	(392)	-	(392)
Deferred tax liabilities	(202)	(12.570)	(12.772)
NET ASSETS	**188.640**	**101.540**	**290.180**

(1) Fair value differences in intangible assets allocated by TL 7.876 recognised in brand, TL 26.570 recognised in dealer agreements and remaining TL 30.648 recognised in dealer agreements, reclassified from prepaid expenses.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Current period business combinations (continued)

Share Purchase of Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş (continued)

The difference between net book value of Aytemiz Group and acquisition cost amounting to TL 6.910 as a result of temporary accounting, was recognised as goodwill temporarily.

	Aytemiz Group
Non-controlling interests (Includes remaining 50% fair value of the net asset acquired)	145.090
Transferred amount TL	152.000
	297.090
Net book value based on fair value of net assets of acquired companies (-)	**(290.180)**
Goodwill	**6.910**

Aytemiz Akaryakıt Dağıtım A.Ş. continues its fuel storage and distribution activities with 310 dealers, 11 supply points, and a storage facility capacity of 4 as of the acquisition date at 11 March 2015

Cash paid	152.000
Cash and cash equivalents of acquired company (-)	(3.905)
Net cash outflow	**148.095**

Effect of the acquisition to the financial results of the Group

As a result of the acquisition of Aytemiz Group, in total TL 20.977 profit was recognised in the consolidated financial statements prepared as of 31 December 2015. Aytemiz Group's share in the Group's consolidated sales revenue is TL 2.133.530 for the period ended 31 December 2015. The mentioned amounts are the results of the activities between closing date 11 March 2015 and financial statement preparation date 31 December 2015.

If acquisition transaction explained above was realized on 1 January 2015, sales revenues of the Group regarding continuing operations would be TL 351.409 and net loss for the period regarding continuing operations would be higher by TL 10.378.

Acquisition of Aytemiz Petrolcülük and Gaziemir Petrol

Aytemiz Akaryakıt, one of the subsidiaries of the Group, has acquired 100% shares of Aytemiz Petrolcülük and Gaziemir Petrol, has been completed at 28 October 2015 and 12 November 2015 respectively, for a consideration of TL 60 in total, and from this acquisition, TL 1.236 goodwill has been recognised. If the related acquisition transaction has occurred as of 1 January 2015, sales revenues from continued operations of the Group would be TL 57.551 higher and net loss from continued operations would be TL 668 higher.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

Current period business combinations (continued)

Share Purchase of Güvenilir Turistik Yatırım ve İşletmeleri A.Ş

Group's subsidiary Milta Turizm signed "Share Purchase and Sale Agreement" on 13 February 2015, with Vural Öger, Nina Öger and Holiday Plan Turizm İşletmecilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. as the sellers for sales and take over of shares representing 100% of capital of Güvenilir Turistik Yatırım and İşletmeleri A.Ş., which has Marina Vista Hotel located in Bodrum, Muğla Eskiçeşme neighborhood. In the scope of "Share Purchase and Sale Agreement" signed, TL 47.908 (approximately USD 19.251) was paid to the seller for Güvenilir company. Regarding agreement closing conditions, trade payables and receivables of Güvenilir, employee termination benefits and other liabilities to the employees and removal of all mortgages on relevant real estate are undertaken by the seller. Share sales and purchase transaction occurred on 13 February 2015, and the Group has accounted Güvenilir by full consolidation method in the consolidated financial statement as of the same date. No goodwill has been recognised in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2015 regarding the transaction. Following the transaction, the merger process between Milta Turizm and Güvenilir under the structure of Milta Turizm by taking over Güvenilir has been registered as of 23 June 2015.

Prior period business combinations

The Group management signed "Share Purchase and Sale Agreement" and the "Partnership Agreement for the Company's Management and Administration" as of 14 August 2014 in order to acquire 90% of A.G.T. Tanıtım Kağıt Ürünleri Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("AGT Tanıtım") shares over its balance sheet as of 31 July 2014. In accordance with "Closing Protocol" signed as of 16 September 2014, TL 3.000 has paid as of 30 September 2014 for A.G.T. Tanıtım with an equity value of TL 3.332 and the remaining balance shall be paid in 3 equal installments amounting to USD 365 each on 16 September 2015, 16 September 2016 and 16 September 2017 respectively. As of 30 September 2014, goodwill amounting to TL 2.732 has been recognised in the accompanying consolidated financial statements regarding this acquisition.

Goodwill calculation is presented as below;

Cash and cash equivalents	114
Current assets	3.214
Non-current assets	116
Short term liabilities	(167)
Fair value of net assets	**3.277**
Percentage of net assets acquired	90%
Fair value of net assets acquired	**2.950**
Total acquisition price	5.785
(Less) Cash and cash equivalents of acquired subsidiary	(103)
Cash outflow resulted from the acquisition	5.682
Goodwill (Note 15)	2.732

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

Joint ventures of Doğan Holding are presented below. Joint venture's nature of businesses, segments, registered countries and entrepreneurial partners are summarized as following:

Joint venture	Country	Nature of business	Entrepreneurial partner
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	Turkey	Magazine publishing	Burda GmbH
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP")	Turkey	Planning	Burda GmbH
ASPM Holding B.V.	Netherland	Internet publishing	Autoscout24 GmbH
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont")	Turkey	Magazine printing	Egmont
Ultra Kablolu Televizyon ve Telekomünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş ("Ultra Kablolu")	Turkey	Telecommunication	Koç Holding A.Ş.
Boyabat Elektrik Üretim ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Boyabat Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Unit Investment N.V. Doğuş Holding A.Ş.
Aslancık Elektrik Üretim A.Ş. ("Aslancık Elektrik")	Turkey	Energy	Doğuş Holding A.Ş. ve Anadolu Endüstri Holding A.Ş.
İsedaş İstanbul Elektrik Dağıtım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("İsedaş")	Turkey	Energy	Tekser İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ve Çukurova Holding A.Ş.
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd. ("Gas Plus Erbil")	Jersey	Energy	Newage Alzarooni Limited
DD Finansman A.Ş. ("DD Finansman") (1)	Turkey	Housing finance	Deutsche Bank AG
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yatırımları Yönetim İnşaat ve Ticaret A.Ş.("Kandilli Gayrimenkul")	Turkey	Real estate	Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım A.Ş
SP Pronto Kiev	Ukraine	Newspaper and internet publishing	Feba Ltd., Tov Astra Publishing İnternational Holding B.V
TOV E-Prostir	Ukraine	Internet publishing	Adrey I. Parkhomenko, Dimitrienko S. Nadia G. Malyarova

The table below sets out the Joint Ventures, Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries and Doğan family and voting power and effective ownership interests at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014:

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014	Proportion of voting power held by Doğan family members (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014	Total proportion of voting power held (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014	Proportion of effective ownership interest (%) 31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Doğan Burda	45,02	44,89	0,27	0,27	45,29	45,16	45,02	44,89
DPP	56,00	46,00	-	10,00	56,00	56,00	56,00	46,00
SP Pronto Kiev	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	30,50	30,50
TOV E-Prostir	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	30,50	30,50
ASPM Holding B.V.	51,00	51,00	-	-	51,00	51,00	31,11	31,11
Doğan Egmont	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00
Ultra Kablolu (1)	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00
Katalog (2)	-	50,00	-	-	-	50,00	-	50,00
Boyabat Elektrik	33,00	33,00	-	-	33,00	33,00	33,00	33,00
Aslancık Elektrik	33,33	33,33	-	-	33,33	33,33	33,33	33,33
Gas Plus Erbil	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00
İsedaş	53,02	53,02	-	-	53,02	53,02	53,02	53,02
DD Finansman	48,00	47,00	3,00	4,00	51,00	51,00	48,00	47,00
Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul(3)	-	50,00	-	-	-	50,00	-	50,00
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	50,00	50,00	-	-	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00

(1) The related joint venture has ceased its operations as of November 2006.

(2) The related joint venture has ceased its operations as of September 2009. On the date 10 April 2015, 50% shares owned by Seat Pagine Gialle SPA acquired by Doğan Holding.

(3) The related joint venture was sold as of 11 June 2015.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Profit and loss arising from the transactions between the Group's subsidiaries and its joint ventures is eliminated in accordance with the Group's share in its related subsidiary or its joint venture. The summary of Group share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for under the equity method as of 31 December 2015 is as follows:

31 December 2015	**Total assets**	**Total liabilities**	**Net assets**	**Group's share on net assets**	**Net sales**	**Profit/(loss) for the period**	**Group's share on net profit/(loss)**
Aslancık Elektrik	466.700	424.067	42.633	14.210	62.931	(74.791)	(24.928)
DD Finansman	425.942	393.966	31.976	15.348	49.887	(8.976)	(4.308)
Gas Plus Erbil	354.681	543	354.138	177.069	-	(773)	(387)
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	140.138	2.835	137.303	68.652	-	1.512	756
Doğan Burda	61.070	26.198	34.872	15.699	97.948	3.516	1.583
Other	66.120	32.268	33.852	18.153	35.279	2.978	1.398
Total	**1.514.651**	**879.877**	**634.774**	**309.131**	**246.045**	**(76.534)**	**(25.886)**

31 December 2015	**Total assets**	**Total liabilities**	**Net assets**	**Group's share on net assets**	**Net sales**	**Profit/(loss) for the period**	**Group's share on net profit/(loss)**
Boyabat Elektrik	2.104.421	2.575.073	(470.652)	(155.315)	288.989	(478.057)	(157.759)
Total	**2.104.421**	**2.575.073**	**(470.652)**	**(155.315)**	**288.989**	**(478.057)**	**(157.759)**

The summary of Group's share of the financial statements of the investments accounted for under the equity method at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

31 December 2014	**Total assets**	**Total liabilities**	**Net assets**	**Group's share on net assets**	**Net sales**	**Profit/(loss) for the period**	**Group's share on net profit/(loss)**
Boyabat Elektrik	2.216.440	2.210.740	5.700	1.881	249.772	(140.270)	(46.289)
Aslancık Elektrik	485.114	372.188	112.926	37.266	33.728	(20.983)	(6.924)
DD Finansman	632.899	591.916	40.983	19.262	47.633	(4.830)	(2.270)
Gas Plus Erbil	276.170	7.619	268.551	134.276	729	(1.420)	(710)
Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul [1]	196.723	46.934	149.789	74.880	-	12.359	6.178
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	130.169	49.738	80.431	40.216	-	12.850	6.425
Doğan Burda	64.849	24.951	39.898	17.910	99.552	6.955	3.122
Other	52.597	16.762	35.835	17.817	51.709	(45)	113
Total	**4.054.961**	**3.320.848**	**734.113**	**343.508**	**483.123**	**(135.384)**	**(40.355)**

(1) Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul Yatırımları İnşaat Yönetim ve Ticaret A.Ş., one of the investments accounted for by the equity method of the Group, has been sold to Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım for TL 97.601 as of 11 June 2015. The net value of the disposal of assets is TL 72.754. The difference between the net value of the disposal of assets and the amount from the sale, TL 24.847, has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss (Note 28).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Group's share on net assets of investments accounted for by the equity method as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 is as follow:

	Share (%)	31 December 2015	Share (%)	31 December 2014
Boyabat Elektrik	-	-	33,00%	1.881
Aslancık Elektrik	33,33%	14.210	33,33%	37.266
DD Finansman	48,00%	15.348	47,00%	19.262
Gas Plus Erbil	50,00%	177.069	50,00%	134.276
Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul (1)	50,00%	-	50,00%	74.880
Kandilli Gayrimenkul	50,00%	68.652	50,00%	40.216
Doğan Burda	44,89%	15.699	44,89%	17.910
Other		18.153		17.817
Total		**309.131**		**343.508**

(1) Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul Yatırımları İnşaat Yönetim ve Ticaret A.Ş., one of the investments accounted for by the equity method of the Group, has been sold to Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım for TL 97.601 as of 11 June 2015. The net value of the disposal of assets is TL 72.754. The difference between the net value of the disposal of assets and the amount from the sale, TL 24.847, has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss (Note 28).

Summary of financial liabilities of the investments accounted for by the equity method in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	Share (%)	31 December 2015	Pay (%)	31 December 2014
Boyabat Elektrik	33,00%	(155.315)	-	-
Total		**(155.315)**		**-**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed financial information after consolidation adjustments of Joint Ventures are as follows:

Condensed balance sheet information:

31 December 2015	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Konut Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	13.150	1.914	4.430	79	661	17.867	7.274	45.375
Other current assets	50.301	14.556	413.286	8	-	38.518	50.060	566.729
Other non-current assets	2.040.970	450.230	8.226	140.051	354.020	4.685	8.786	3.006.968
Total assets	**2.104.421**	**466.700**	**425.942**	**140.138**	**354.681**	**61.070**	**66.120**	**3.619.072**
Short-term borrowings	316.441	95.582	4.327	-	-	282	-	416.632
Other short-term liabilities	12.495	18.092	-	4	543	17.528	28.702	77.364
Liabilities regarding finance sector	-	-	388.296	-	-	-	-	388.296
Long-term borrowings	2.027.146	310.144	-	-	-	-	-	2.337.290
Other long-term liabilities	218.991	249	1.343	2.831	-	8.388	3.566	235.368
Total liabilities	**2.575.073**	**424.067**	**393.966**	**2.835**	**543**	**26.198**	**32.268**	**3.454.950**
Net assets:	(470.652)	42.633	31.976	137.303	354.138	34.872	33.852	164.122
Group's share	0,33	0,33	0,48	0,50	0,50	0,45		
Group's net asset share	**(155.315)**	**14.210**	**15.348**	**68.652**	**177.069**	**15.699**	**18.153**	**153.816**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Condensed balance sheet information:

31 December 2014	Boyabat Elektrik	Aslancık Elektrik	DD Konut Finansman	Kandilli Gayrimenkul	Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul	Gas Plus Erbil	Doğan Burda	Other	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	5.485	18.174	11.739	193	435	323	4.249	7.840	48.438
Other current assets	70.180	7.070	615.459	11	265	-	55.792	38.664	787.441
Other non-current assets	2.140.775	459.870	5.701	129.965	196.023	275.847	4.808	6.093	3.219.082
Total assets	**2.216.440**	**485.114**	**632.899**	**130.169**	**196.723**	**276.170**	**64.849**	**52.597**	**4.054.961**
Short-term borrowings	310.038	41.351	9.773	-	-	-	-	8.428	369.590
Other short-term liabilities	75.953	18.924	-	47.285	39.226	243	16.702	7.006	205.339
Liabilities regarding finance sector	-	-	580.843	-	-	-	-	-	580.843
Long-term borrowings	1.682.599	311.763	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.994.362
Other long-term liabilities	142.150	150	1.300	2.453	7.708	7.376	8.249	1.328	170.714
Total liabilities	**2.210.740**	**372.188**	**591.916**	**49.738**	**46.934**	**7.619**	**24.951**	**16.762**	**3.320.848**
Net assets:	5.700	112.926	40.983	80.431	149.789	268.551	39.898	35.835	734.113
Group's share	0,33	0,33	0,47	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,45		
Group's net asset share	**1.881**	**37.266**	**19.262**	**40.216**	**74.880**	**134.276**	**17.910**	**17.817**	**343.508**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

1 January- 31 December 2015	**Boyabat Elektrik**	**Aslancık Elektrik**	**DD Konut Finansman**	**Kandilli Gayrimenkul**	**Gas Plus Erbil**	**Doğan Burda**	**Other**
Revenue	288.989	62.931	49.887	-	-	97.948	35.279
Depreciation and amortization	63.309	13.298	371	-	-	928	-
Operating Profit	105.919	11.993	8.438	1.888	(752)	758	9.274
Net financial expenses	(518.131)	(105.797)	(3.793)	2	(35)	(234)	(1.319)
Profit / (loss) before income tax	(412.211)	(93.804)	(11.191)	1.890	(787)	4.553	3.927
Total comprehensive income/ (expense)	**(478.057)**	**(74.791)**	**(8.976)**	**1.512**	**(787)**	**3.516**	**2.977**
Group's share	0,33	0,33	0,48	0,50	0,50	0,45	
Group's net profit share	**(157.759)**	**(24.928)**	**(4.308)**	**756**	**(394)**	**1.583**	**1.405**

1 January- 31 December 2014	**Boyabat Elektrik**	**Aslancık Elektrik**	**DD Konut Finansman**	**Kandilli Gayrimenkul**	**Gas Plus Erbil**	**Doğan Burda**	**Other**
Revenue	249.772	33.728	47.633	-	729	99.552	48.251
Depreciation and amortization	62.210	9.865	506	-	-	1.060	-
Operating Profit	37.614	(2.249)	15.715	16.028	(1.390)	2.709	22.014
Net financial expenses	(202.628)	(19.500)	(4.840)	35	(30)	(255)	3.436
Profit / (loss) before income tax	(165.014)	(21.749)	(6.026)	16.063	(1.420)	9.187	16.008
Total comprehensive income/ (expense)	**(140.270)**	**(20.983)**	**(4.830)**	**12.850**	**(1.420)**	**6.955**	**12.223**
Group's share	0,33	0,33	0,47	0,50	0,50	0,45	-
Group's net profit share	**(46.289)**	**(6.924)**	**(2.270)**	**6.425**	**(710)**	**3.122**	**6.291**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD (Continued)

Total amount related to the effective rate of the Group's share of depreciation and amortization of investments accounted for by the equity method is TL 25.919 (31 December 2014: TL 25.189).

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

a) External revenue

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Publishing	1.131.330	1.218.286
Broadcasting	1.095.234	1.177.180
Retail	618.674	512.090
Energy	2.742.588	272.331
Other	363.212	363.376
	5.951.038	**3.543.263**

b) Profit / (loss) before income tax

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Publishing	30.460	(145.883)
Broadcasting	(188.836)	(209.380)
Retail	17.062	14.905
Energy	(194.595)	(65.547)
Other	226.948	136.276
	(108.961)	**(269.629)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) **Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 January – 31 December 2015;**

	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Inter segment Elimination	Total
External revenue	1.131.330	1.095.234	618.674	2.742.588	363.212	-	5.951.038
Inter segment revenue	51.581	21.703	1.246	28.204	38.174	(140.908)	-
Total revenue	**1.182.911**	**1.116.937**	**619.920**	**2.770.792**	**401.386**	**(140.908)**	**5.951.038**
Revenue	1.182.911	1.116.937	619.920	2.770.792	401.386	(140.908)	5.951.038
Cost of sales	(792.466)	(923.278)	(390.780)	(2.593.369)	(283.531)	59.113	(4.924.311)
Gross profit	**390.445**	**193.659**	**229.140**	**177.423**	**117.855**	**(81.795)**	**1.026.727**
General administrative expenses	(160.878)	(96.657)	(8.170)	(18.158)	(118.933)	66.875	(335.921)
Marketing selling and distribution expenses	(178.868)	(114.306)	(202.649)	(101.323)	(20.866)	14.920	(603.092)
Share of gain/ (loss) on investments accounted for by using equity method	894	-	-	(183.212)	(1.327)	-	(183.645)
Other income/(expenses) from operating activities, net	58.148	(15.174)	(2.190)	41.708	274.693	(1.639)	355.546
Income/ (expenses) from investing activities, net	(29.677)	(9.079)	-	4.198	80.701	-	46.143
Financial income / (expenses)	(49.604)	(147.279)	931	(115.231)	(105.175)	1.639	(414.719)
Profit/ (loss) before tax	**30.460**	**(188.836)**	**17.062**	**(194.595)**	**226.948**	**-**	**(108.961)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

c) Segmental analysis for the period ended 1 January – 31 December 2014;

	Publishing	Broadcasting	Retail	Energy	Other	Inter segment Elimination	Total
External revenue	1.218.286	1.177.180	512.090	272.331	363.376	-	3.543.263
Inter segment revenue	51.468	21.517	2.601	23.591	44.839	(144.016)	-
Total revenue	**1.269.754**	**1.198.697**	**514.691**	**295.922**	**408.215**	**(144.016)**	**3.543.263**
Revenue	1.269.754	1.198.697	514.691	295.922	408.215	(144.016)	3.543.263
Cost of sales	(899.053)	(1.051.485)	(317.737)	(246.076)	(283.736)	45.032	(2.753.055)
Gross profit	**370.701**	**147.212**	**196.954**	**49.846**	**124.479**	**(98.984)**	**790.208**
General administrative expenses	(187.508)	(101.011)	(14.989)	(5.506)	(117.486)	80.706	(345.794)
Marketing selling and distribution expenses	(172.844)	(145.595)	(171.084)	(24.945)	(15.635)	17.041	(513.062)
Share of gain/ (loss) on investments accounted for by using equity method	2.967	-	-	(53.119)	9.797	-	(40.355)
Other income/(expenses) from operating activities, net	84.061	(24.381)	2.941	764	89.250	(4.272)	148.363
Income/ (expenses) from investing activities, net	(97.423)	(4.991)	-	(6.254)	141.698	-	33.030
Financial income / (expenses)	(145.837)	(80.614)	1.083	(26.333)	(95.827)	5.509	(342.019)
Profit/ (loss) before tax	**(145.883)**	**(209.380)**	**14.905**	**(65.547)**	**136.276**	**-**	**(269.629)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

d) Segment assets

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Total assets		
Publishing	1.153.060	1.176.767
Broadcasting	1.277.945	1.347.983
Retail	296.552	259.011
Energy	1.432.180	572.596
Other	8.399.152	7.306.634
	12.558.889	**10.662.991**
Less: segment elimination [1]	(5.117.525)	(3.785.656)
Total assets per consolidated financial statements	**7.441.364**	**6.877.335**
Shareholder's equity		
Publishing and broadcasting	1.262.823	1.003.699
Retail	87.594	66.246
Energy	1.009.247	539.463
Other	7.379.968	6.837.096
Total	**9.739.632**	**8.446.504**
Less: segment elimination [2]	(7.087.510)	(5.691.285)
Total shareholders' equity per consolidated financial statements	**3.042.211**	**2.909.850**
Non-controlling interests	390.089	154.631
Total shareholder's equity	**2.652.122**	**2.755.219**

(1) Segment elimination amount consists of the elimination of the shares of publishing, broadcasting, retail, energy and other companies and reciprocal debit and credit balances between publishing, broadcasting, retail, energy and other segment.

(2) Segment elimination amount represents reciprocal elimination of adjusted capital amount within all segment's total equity and subsidiary amount.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

e) **Capital expenditures for property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties with depreciation and amortization charge**

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Purchases		
Publishing	22.624	53.496
Broadcasting	201.029	188.347
Retail	11.975	8.872
Energy	175.263	3.049
Other	49.893	30.169
Total	**460.784**	**283.933**
Amortization and depreciation		
Publishing	64.427	75.541
Broadcasting	150.848	164.414
Retail	8.155	7.930
Energy	68.704	24.225
Other	21.376	23.352
Total	**313.510**	**295.462**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The details of cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Cash	1.951	1.886
Banks		
- demand deposits	89.293	187.812
- time deposits	1.723.692	1.759.236
Other current assets	79.324	217.976
	1.894.260	**2.166.910**

As of 31 December 2015 the effective interest rates of USD, EUR and TL denominated time deposits are between 0,20% and 2,65% (31 December 2014: 0.15%-3.00%), 0,10% and 2,25% (31 December 2014: 0,05% - 10%) and 1% and 14,45% (31 December 2014: 5,00% - 11,50%), respectively and the maturity is shorter than 3 months.

As of 31 December 2015, other current assets consist of credit card slip receivables amounting to TL 77.682 (31 December 2014: TL 75.757), Direct Debiting System (DDS) receivables amounting to TL 1.206 (31 December 2014: None.) and blocked deposits with a maturity shorter than 3 months, mainly attributable to Doğan Holding regarding Group's subsidiaries' contracted loans, amounting to TL 436 (31 December 2014: TL 142.219).

Cash and cash equivalents disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows.

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	1.894.260	2.166.910
Accrued interest (-)	(7.361)	(3.606)
Cash and cash equivalents	**1.886.899**	**2.163.304**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

a) Short-term financial investments

Group's available for sale financial assets (Note 2.1.3.e.) classified as short term financial investments as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Private sector bonds and bills	129.308	88.773
	129.308	**88.773**

Private sector bonds and bills dominated in TL and USD and weighted average interest rates are 11,8% and 6,01% (31 December 2014: TL 12,08%, USD 6,29%).

b) Long-term financial investments

Group's available for sale financial assets (Note 2.1.3.e.) classified as long term financial investments as follows:

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014	
	TL	%	TL	%
Lexin Nassau L.P.	37.168	22,15	24.001	22,15
POAŞ (1)	-	-	984	<1
Anten Teknik Hizmetler ve Verici Tesis İşletme A.Ş.	1.067	<1	1.067	<1
Other	3.363	<1	3.814	<1
	41.598		**29.866**	

(1) "Restricted shares" (192.500 (exact) units) which correspond to the 0,03% of the capital of POAŞ has been decided to be sold in cash for EUR 600.000 (exact) to OMV Petrol Ofisi Holding A.Ş. (Previous: OMV Enerji Holding A.Ş.) after the removal of restriction on the shares. The mentioned shares has been acquired by the main shareholder of POAŞ, OMV Aktiengesellschaft ("OMV AG") for a total amount of TL 866.250 per share TL 4,50 (exact) under the CMB II-27.2 Communique "Partnership Removing and Selling Rights" as of 5 May 2015. As a result of this transaction, Doğan Şirketler Grubu Holding A.Ş. doesn't have any outstanding share in the capital of POAŞ. As of the reporting date, the negotiations regarding the collection of EUR 313.333 (exact) payment which is the difference between the payment of TL 866.250 (exact) (EUR 286.667 (exact)) regarding the "Partnership Removing and Selling Rights" under the CMB II- 27.2 Communique and the EUR 600.000 (exact) specified in the contact regarding the sale of mentioned shares to OMV Petrol Ofisi Holding A.Ş.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 – SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS

a) Financial borrowing

The details of financial borrowings at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Short-term financial borrowings:	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Short term bank borrowings	722.813	445.983
Factoring borrowing	11.921	6.015
Finance lease borrowings	4.215	9.553
Financial liabilities to suppliers	-	2.140
Total	**738.949**	**463.691**

Short-term portion of long-term financial borrowings:	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings	717.110	530.857
Total	**717.110**	**530.857**

Long-term financial borrowings:	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Long term bank borrowings	664.027	1.106.957
Finance lease borrowings	1.498	1.680
Total	**665.525**	**1.108.637**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

Details of the bank borrowings as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015			31 December 2014		
	Interest rate per annum (%)	Original foreign currency	TL	Interest rate per annum (%)	Original foreign currency	TL
Short-term bank borrowings:						
TL denominated bank borrowings	0 - 14,5	419.142	419.142	0 - 11,5	351.148	351.148
USD denominated bank borrowings	1,02 - 3	71.128	206.813	2,63 - 4,65	3.638	8.436
EUR denominated bank borrowings	2,2 - 4,8	28.222	89.680	2,8 - 4,8	30.630	86.399
Other bank borrowings	0-0	181.206	7.178	-	-	-
Sub-total			**722.813**			**445.983**
Short-term portion of long-term bank borrowings:						
TL denominated bank borrowings	3 - 11,05	320.076	320.076	3 - 10,8	36.202	36.202
USD denominated bank borrowings	1,02 - 6,25	56.297	163.688	1 - 6,25	181.920	421.854
EUR denominated bank borrowings	0,89 - 6,63	73.435	233.346	3,53 - 5,71	25.809	72.801
Sub-total			**717.110**			**530.857**
Total short-term bank borrowings			**1.439.923**			**976.840**
Long-term bank borrowings:						
TL denominated bank borrowings	5,5 - 13,25	170.078	170.078	3,0 - 13,75	415.338	415.338
USD denominated bank borrowings	4 - 4,28	27.288	79.343	1 - 6,25	107.362	248.962
EUR denominated bank borrowings	2,22 - 6,63	130.478	414.606	3,25- 5,71	156.932	442.657
Total long-term bank borrowings			**664.027**			**1.106.957**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

The redemption schedule of long-term bank borrowings as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 is as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
2016	-	780.432
2017	191.327	143.738
2018	311.549	112.006
2019 and after	161.151	70.781
	664.027	**1.106.957**

The floating rate bank borrowings of the Group denominated in USD have interest rates fluctuating between Libor + 0.85% and Libor + 3,80% and floating rate bank borrowings denominated in EUR have interest rates fluctuating between Euribor + 0,75% and Euribor + 5% (31 December 2014: USD Libor +0.85 and Libor+ 5.00%, EUR Libor +0,5% and Libor+5%).

Carrying value of the financial liabilities is considered to be same with the fair value since discount effect is not material. Group borrows loans on fixed and floating interest rates.

Commitments and financial terms about borrowings

Publishing

Deposit amounting to USD 35.000 of Doğan Holding has been blocked as collateral in accordance with the loan agreement amounting to USD 35.000 of its indirect subsidiary TME. This amount has been closed as of 14 January 2016.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

Finance lease liabilities:

The Group acquired property, plant and equipment and intangible assets through finance leases. As of 31 December 2015, total lease payment commitments of the Group relating to such short and long term lease agreements amounting to TL 5.713 (31 December 2014: TL 11.233).

The redemption schedules of long-term leasing payables at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are summarized below.

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
2016	-	1.680
2017 and after	1.498	-
Total	**1.498**	**1.680**

Allocation of borrowings with fixed and floating interest rates of the Group excluding financial liabilities to be paid to the suppliers as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Financial borrowings with fixed interest rates (Note 34)	1.393.826	1.508.053
Financial borrowings with floating interest rates (Note 34)	727.758	592.992
Total	**2.121.584**	**2.101.045**

Financial liabilities to suppliers

Short and long term financial liabilities to the suppliers are related to the machinery and equipment purchases of Hürriyet, a subsidiary of Doğan Holding. As of date of reporting, the Group does not have any short-term financial liabilities to suppliers (31 December 2014: Short term financial liabilities to suppliers amounting to TL 2.140, the effective interest rate for EUR is 0,68%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - SHORT AND LONG TERM FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

Interest bearing payables to suppliers (continued)

The exposure of the Group's financial liabilities to suppliers to the risk of interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
6 months and less	-	2.140
Total	**-**	**2.140**

The fair values of short-term and long-term financial borrowings to suppliers are considered to be same with their carrying values as the effect of discount is not material.

b) Other financial liabilities

As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 details of other financial liabilities are presented below.

Other short term financial liabilities:	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Financial liabilities due to call and put options (Note 17)	175.395	178.490
	175.395	**178.490**

Other long term financial liabilities:	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Financial liabilities due to call and put options (Note 17)	517.700	602.629
	517.700	**602.629**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term trade receivables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Trade receivables	1.356.123	1.127.327
Notes and cheques receivable	132.456	23.000
Income accruals	9.661	4.790
Total	**1.498.240**	**1.155.117**
Less: Unearned financial income due to sales with maturity	(10.906)	(6.265)
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables (-)	(275.324)	(268.953)
Total	**1.212.010**	**879.899**

The average maturity of not overdue trade receivables and that are followed by Doğan Faktoring of the Group is between 72 to 115 days as of the balance sheet date (31 December 2014: 70-102 days). The maturity of the trade receivables of the Group varies and the interest rate applied for trade receivables is 12,68% (31 December 2014: 12,01%).

Long-term trade receivables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Notes and cheques receivable (1)	27.045	3.697
Unearned financial income due to sales with maturity	(5.671)	(786)
	21.374	**2.911**

(1) TL 1.938 of the aforementioned notes receivables are related to forward sales in Automall, Veneris and Milpark projects of Milpa, a subsidiary of the Group, within 2013, 2014 and 2015 years. In addition to this amount, there are long term notes receivables amounting to TL 25.107 gross, TL 19.834 discounted in relation to the fuel sales.

The movements of long term and short term provisions for doubtful receivables for the current period is as follows:

	2015	2014
1 January	(268.953)	(232.160)
Provision booked in the current period (Note 27)	(50.464)	(52.819)
Acquisition of subsidiary	(2.920)	-
Written off trade receivables	32.754	1.414
Collections and reversal of provisions	13.768	9.316
Currency translation differences	491	(213)
Reclassified as assets held for sale	-	5.509
31 December	**(275.324)**	**(268.953)**

(1) The entity has decided to derecognise the receivables recorded as doubtful within prior periods, in accordance with the provisional article 7 of TCC, receivables from the companies extracted from trade registry and the companies completed ordinary liquidation process and the companies dissolved by commercial courts' decision and the companies dissolved by bankruptcy estate and also receivables determined as bad debts, from balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Guarantees for trade receivables

As of 31 December 2015, although trade receivables amounting to TL 226.976 (31 December 2014: TL 227.226), were overdue, it is not assessed as doubtful receivable. The Group does not foresee any collection risk regarding to overdue receivables by considering sector dynamics and circumstances as of reporting date.

As of 31 December 2015, the Group has letters of guarantee, guarantee notes, guarantee cheques, bails, receivable insurance, pledges and mortgages amounting to TL 163.452 (31 December 2014: TL 84.530) related to trade receivables amounting to TL 1.233.384 (31 December 2014: TL 882.810).

The guarantees received for the total trade receivables of the Group consist of bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 10.322 (31 December 2014: TL 6.151), bails and mortgages amounting to TL 59.427 (31 December 2014: TL 37.893), checks and notes amounting to TL 72.543 (31 December 2014: TL 10.962), receivable insurance amounting to TL 20.926 (31 December 2014: TL 29.444), vehicle pledge amounting to TL 234 (31 December 2014: TL 80). In these guarantees, bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 5.068, bails and mortgages amounting to TL 18.633, cheques and notes amounting to TL 12.751, receivable insurance amounting to TL 4.192 and vehicle pledge amounting to TL 234 was received for overdue but not impaired receivables. (31 December 2014: bank guarantee letter amounting to TL 1.222, bails and mortgages amounting to TL 19.068, cheques and notes amounting to TL 6.993, vehicle pledge amounting to TL 80, receivable insurance amounting to TL 8.868 was received overdue but not impaired receivables) (Note 34).

Short-term trade payables

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Trade payables	690.736	553.552
Provision for liabilities and expenses	31.044	34.089
Notes payables and cheques	1.702	9.480
Other payables	4.901	1.007
Less: unearned finance expense due to purchase with maturity	(1.610)	(1.601)
Total	**726.773**	**596.527**

The average maturity of trade payables is between 39 - 92 days as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 30-90 days).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other short-term receivables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Notes receivables [(1) (2)]	8.700	11.259
Deposits and guarantees given	3.396	3.182
Receivables from dealers regarding agreement terminations	2.299	-
Other miscellaneous receivables	2.698	5.882
Total	**17.093**	**20.323**

Other long-term receivables		
Receivables regarding sale of property, plant and equipment [(2)]	23.164	-
TEİAŞ power transmission line receivables [(3)]	4.302	7.948
Deposits and guarantees given	2.743	2.175
Notes receivables	1.026	12.093
Total	**31.235**	**22.216**

(1) Notes receivables amounting to TL 3.885 comprise of notes receivables obtained from the sale of fixed assets of Kanal D. TL 1.090 of short term notes receivables consist of obtained notes receivables of Koloni TV sales (31 December 2014: TL 11.259 consists of notes receivable obtained from sale of shares of Bağımsız Gazeteciler and all trademark and name rights and web site domain name of Milliyet Gazetesi to DK Gazetecilik ve Yayıncılık A.Ş. at the date of 2 May 2011. Notes receivables are recorded at discounted amounts. As of 31 December 2014, the discount amount is TL 49, as of 30 June 2015, all of the notes receivables have been collected.)

(2) The amount comprises of the property, plant and equipment sale of Milta.

(3) The amount consists of the receivables of Galata Wind from the power transmission line of TEİAŞ.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

Other short term payables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Taxes and funds payable	71.402	41.338
Deposits and guarantees received	1.346	834
Other short term payables (1)	87.111	7.925
Total	**159.859**	**50.097**

Other long term payables	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Deposits and guarantees received	13.821	20.281
Other long term payables (1)	89.674	
Total	**103.495**	**20.281**

(1) As of December 2015, related balance consists of the long term payables amounting to USD 58.260 of the Group's subsidiary Aytemiz Akaryakıt to Aytemiz Family with an interest rate of 2,5%. The net discounted amount with the finance cost of the related payable is USD 59.441 (TL 172.831).

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES

Short term inventory	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Finished goods and merchandise	268.345	167.203
Raw materials and supplies	92.222	75.135
Semi-finished goods	12.702	12.473
Promotion stocks	7.796	4.807
Other inventories	849	866
	381.914	**260.484**
Provision for impairment of inventory	(14.540)	(12.597)
Total	**367.374**	**247.887**

Amortization and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 181 has included in cost of inventories as of 31 December 2015. (31 December 2014: TL 82).

Promotional materials consist of books, CDs, DVDs and electronic educational products that are provided with the newspapers. Group management determine whether the promotional stocks has impaired or not, in case of assessing impairment, the related amount is also measured. In this context, impairment amount is determined by considering the purchase date, current condition of stocks and rates identified by Group management.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES (Continued)

The movement of the provision for impairment of inventories for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	2015	**2014**
1 January	(12.597)	(8.056)
Provision booked in the current period (Note 27)	(4.228)	(4.946)
Reversal of provision for impairment of inventories	2.285	405
31 December	**(14.540)**	**(12.597)**

NOTE 12 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Biological assets of Doğan Organik, a subsidiary of the Group, amounts to TL 76 as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 24).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The movement of investment property for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows.

	1 January 2015	Additions	Disposals	Acquisition of subsidiary [1]	Fair value adjustment	Impairment adjustment	Transfer	Currency translation differences	31 December 2015
Land	187.926	-	(268)	62.617	29.038	(6.036)	(7.735)	7.322	272.864
Building	55.552	27.604	(13.567)	13.197	11.761	-	8.664	-	103.211
Net book value	**243.478**								**376.075**

[1] Acquisition of Aytemiz Group and Güvenilir A.Ş. (Note 3).

	1 January 2014	Additions	Disposals	Acquisition of subsidiary	Fair value adjustment	Impairment adjustment	Transfer	Currency translation differences	31 December 2014
Land	170.683	-	(8.607)	-	28.367	(4.245)	-	1.728	187.926
Building	55.481	34.603	(37.003)	-	3.404	(1.443)	510	-	55.552
Net book value	**226.164**								**243.478**

The Group has generated a rent income of TL 3.210 from investment properties (31 December 2014: TL 1.172). Direct operating costs incurred within the current period regarding investment properties is TL 237 (31 December 2014: TL 196). There is no collateral or mortgage on investment properties of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

As of 31 December 2015, the investment properties of the Group comprise of parts of buildings held to earn rentals, lands and properties acquired within the context of barter agreements. The Group management, has obtained up to date valuation reports for their investment properties as of 31 December 2015 by considering the positive effect of the increasing foreign exchange rates and other elements over the land and property unit prices in the current year.

Level reclassification of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Investment properties of the Group, has been calculated by the CMB licensed real estate companies using the market comparison analysis approach, cost approach and direct capitalisation approach methods, it was determined that the values calculated from different approaches is similar and consistent with the market comparison method and decided on the final value. Real estate companies are authorized by CMB and provide property valuation appraisal services in accordance with the capital markets legislation and have sufficient experience and qualifications regarding the fair value measurement of the real estate in related regions.

Some of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group are reflected from their fair values to the financial statements at every statement of financial position date. The following table gives information on how the fair values of the related financial asset and liabilities are determined:

			Fair value level as of the reporting date		
Financial Assets / Financial Liabilities	Fair value		1. Level	2. Level	3. Level
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014			
Investment properties	376.075	243.478	-	376.075	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movement of the property, plant and equipment for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	1 January 2015	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Disposal of subsidiary	Acquisition of subsidiary [1]	Currency translation differences	Adjustment [2]	31 December 2015
Cost:									
Land and land improvements	106.215	1.023	(135)	8.075	-	33.723	915	(1.893)	147.923
Buildings	132.073	236	(2.113)	(763)	-	39.773	1.925	19.492	190.623
Machine and equipment	1.132.377	15.625	(18.060)	2.849	(25)	113.020	3.010	(23.874)	1.224.922
Motor vehicles	111.802	15.111	(48.229)	203	-	10.771	415	(346)	89.727
Furniture and fixtures	482.838	59.324	(45.627)	2.015	-	2.903	(1.909)	(20.886)	478.658
Lease tangible assets development costs	137.632	5.620	(2.637)	(315)	-	99	(12)	(23.001)	117.386
Other non- current assets	9.546	23.172	(418)	-	-	56.317	-	-	88.617
Construction in progress	10.218	45.659	(2.908)	(5.329)	-	35.551	(2.552)	(2.322)	78.317
	2.122.701	**165.770**	**(120.127)**	**6.735**	**(25)**	**292.157**	**1.792**	**(52.830)**	**2.416.173**
Accumulated depreciation:									
Land and land improvements	5.987	433	(135)	-	-	-	-	(1.222)	5.063
Buildings	77.511	5.966	(226)	(3.312)	-	3.000	4.487	20.338	107.764
Machine and equipment	792.041	64.609	(11.500)	-	(25)	15.372	3.809	(30.610)	833.696
Motor vehicles	62.448	8.692	(20.459)	-	-	6.759	(1.241)	(719)	55.480
Furniture and fixtures	273.690	44.077	(32.959)	-	-	1.471	(6.111)	(17.547)	262.621
Leased tangible assets development costs	89.758	10.219	(938)	-	-	68	(1.146)	(23.119)	74.842
Other non- current assets	832	6.574	(238)	-	-	28.450	-	-	35.618
	1.302.267	**140.570**	**(66.455)**	**(3.312)**	**(25)**	**55.120**	**(202)**	**(52.879)**	**1.375.084**
Net book value	**820.434**								**1.041.089**

(1) Comprises of the acquisition of Aytemiz Group and Güvenilir A.Ş. (Note 3).

(2) The group management has reconsidered the carrying value of property, plant and equipment in the period and after this assessment, cost and depreciation reclassification between the fixed asset items and net book value adjustment of TL 49 has been reflected in the current period financial statements.

As of 31 December 2015,total depreciation expenses amounting to TL 313.691 (31 December 2014: TL 295.544), corresponding tangible assets amounting to TL 140.570 (31 December 2014: TL 144.640) and intangible assets amounting to TL 173.121 (31 December 2014: TL 150.904), allocated by TL 203.567 (31 December 2014: TL 212.774) recognised in cost of sales (Note 24), TL 66.644 (31 December 2014: TL 29.478) recognised in marketing expenses and TL 43.299 (31 December 2014: TL 53.210) recognised in general administrative expenses (Note 25) and TL 181 (31 December 2014: TL 82) of amortization expenses is recognised in inventories as of 31 December 2015.

There is a mortgage of TL 20.654 on property, plant and equipment as of 31 December 2015. (31 December 2014: TL 18.335). Net book value of property, plant and equipment acquired by leasing is TL 5.752 as of 31 December 2015. (31 December 2014: TL 9.872).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

	1 January 2014	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Disposals of subsidiary	Acquisition of subsidiary	Currency translation differences	31 December 2014
Cost:								
Land and land improvements	114.745	324	(8.269)	12	-	-	(597)	106.215
Buildings	139.353	2.573	(3.400)	-	-	-	(6.453)	132.073
Machine and equipment	1.174.622	9.985	(7.152)	6.680	(74.764)	-	23.006	1.132.377
Motor vehicles	112.944	17.455	(13.664)	-	(84)	-	(4.849)	111.802
Furniture and fixtures	428.281	64.304	(23.476)	5.243	(1.039)	-	9.525	482.838
Leased tangible assets development costs	136.920	4.699	(4.724)	822	(299)	-	214	137.632
Other non-current assets	9.546	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.546
Construction in progress	9.135	13.726	(2.093)	(12.757)	(2)	-	2.209	10.218
	2.125.546	**113.066**	**(62.778)**	**-**	**(76.188)**	**-**	**23.055**	**2.122.701**
Accumulated depreciation:								
Land and land improvements	5.467	520	-	-	-	-	-	5.987
Buildings	79.568	5.100	(1.409)	-	-	-	(5.748)	77.511
Machine and equipment	777.905	64.098	(4.283)	-	(60.336)	-	14.657	792.041
Motor vehicles	58.029	10.242	(4.113)	-	(84)	-	(1.626)	62.448
Furniture and fixtures	221.732	53.930	(12.493)	-	(942)	-	11.463	273.690
Leased tangible assets development costs	80.729	10.750	(1.186)	-	(281)	-	(254)	89.758
Construction in progress	832	-	-	-	-	-	-	832
	1.224.262	**144.640**	**(23.484)**	**-**	**(61.643)**	**-**	**18.492**	**1.302.267**
Net book value	**901.284**							**820.434**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Movement of the intangible assets for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	1 January 2015	Additions	Disposals	Currency Translation differences	Acquisition of Subsidiary [1]	Disposal of Subsidiary	Impairment [2]	Transfer	Adjustment [3]	31 December 2015
Cost:										
Customer list	226.395	-	-	(5.368)	-	-	-	-	-	221.027
Trade names and licenses (Media)	197.875	-	-	(6.153)	7.876	-	(44.962)	-	-	154.636
Electricity production license	356.367	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.723)	354.644
Other	484.332	47.748	(25.458)	3.858	3.561	(1.261)	-	(114)	(1.560)	511.106
	1.264.969	**47.748**	**(25.458)**	**(7.663)**	**11.437**	**(1.261)**	**(44.962)**	**(114)**	**(3.283)**	**1.241.413**
Accumulated amortization:										
Customer list	111.993	11.839	-	(3.449)	-	-	-	-	-	120.383
Trade names and licenses (Media)	18.750	2.288	-	(322)	-	-	-	-	-	20.716
Electricity production license	14.403	766	-	-	-	-	-	-	(722)	14.447
Other	350.351	41.775	(15.006)	(1.695)	1.945	(305)	-	-	(716)	376.349
	495.497	**56.668**	**(15.006)**	**(5.466)**	**1.945**	**(305)**	-	-	**(1.438)**	**531.895**
Dealer agreement	-									135.251
Television programme rights	82.797									109.203
	852.269									**953.972**

(1) Comprises of the acquisition of Aytemiz Group and Güvenilir A.Ş. (Note 3).

(2) Provision for impairment amounting to TL 44.962 calculated for the period ended 31 December 2015 has recognised under expenses from investing activities in relation to the impairment test performed on the intangible assets regarding the acquisition of TME, a subsidiary of Hürriyet, which is one of the subsidiaries of the Group.

(3) The group management has reconsidered the carrying value of intangible assets in the period and after this assessment, cost and depreciation reclassification between the fixed asset items and net book value adjustment of TL 1.845 has been reflected in the current period financial statements.

Movement of television programme rights and dealer agreements for 2015 is as follows:

	1 January 2015	Additions	Depreciation	Currency translation differences	Provision for impairment of program rights and inventory	Acquisition of subsidiary [1]	31 December 2015
Television programme rights	82.797	112.282	(87.107)	1.231	-	-	109.203
Dealer agreements	-	107.380	(29.346)	-	-	57.217	135.251

(1) Comprises of the acquisition of Aytemiz Group (Note 3).

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NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

	1 January 2014	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Currency translation differences	Impairment	31 December 2014
Cost:							
Customer list	341.351	-	-	-	(114.956)	-	226.395
Trade names and licenses (Media)	318.688	-	-	-	(118.114)	(2.699)	197.875
Electricity production license	355.044	1.393	(70)	-	-	-	356.367
Other	461.548	53.964	(4.747)	(9.014)	(17.419)	-	484.332
	1.476.631	**55.357**	**(4.817)**	**(9.014)**	**(250.489)**	**(2.699)**	**1.264.969**
Accumulated amortization:							
Customer list	144.206	15.168	-	-	(47.381)	-	111.993
Trade names and licenses (Media)	21.763	1.418	-	-	(4.431)	-	18.750
Electricity production license	13.747	683	-	-	(27)	-	14.403
Other	317.542	58.062	(4.407)	(9.014)	(11.832)	-	350.351
	497.258	**75.331**	**(4.407)**	**(9.014)**	**(63.671)**	**-**	**495.497**
Television programme rights	76.471						82.797
Net book value	**1.055.844**						**852.269**

Movement of television programme rights for 2014 is as follows:

	1 January 2014	Additions	Discontinued operations	Depreciation	Currency translation differences	Provision for impairment of program rights and inventory	31 December 2014
Television programme rights	76.471	80.907	-	(75.573)	4.518	(3.526)	82.797

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

As of 31 December 2015, the Group has determined that trademarks with carrying value of TL169.723 have indefinite useful lives (31 December 2014: TL 194.329). The utilization period of trademarks with indefinite useful lives, as expected by the Group, is determined based on the stability of the industry, changes in market demands as to the products and services provided through assets, control period over the assets and legal or similar restrictions on their utilization.

Movement of the goodwill for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	2015	**2014**
1 January	395.567	520.005
Acquisition of subsidiary (Note 3)	8.146	2.830
Currency translation differences	-	(43.516)
Provision for impairment of goodwill (-)	-	(83.752)
31 December	**403.713**	**395.567**

NOTE 16 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS

- Ditaş, a subsidiary of the Group, benefit from the insurance premium incentive under the scope of Social Security and General Health Insurance Law (Law 5510). In this context, the incentive of the insurance premium amounting to TL 869 (31 December 2014: TL 710) is recorded against the labor expense under cost of goods sold in the financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Short-term provisions	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Provision for lawsuits and compensation	37.315	41.335
ICTA Penalty	1.063	2.478
Other	884	996
	39.262	**44.809**

Movement of lawsuit provisions for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	2015	**2014**
1 January	41.335	31.189
Additions within the period (Note 27)	19.327	16.121
Currency translation differences	2.499	-
Acquisition of subsidiary	1.164	-
Payments of provisions	(3.939)	(16.825)
Reversal of provisions booked in prior periods	(7.793)	(6.776)
Cancellation of obligations arising from the put option (Note 27) [1]	(15.278)	-
Transfer from other financial liabilities (reclassification of put option)	-	17.742
Disposal of subsidiary	-	(116)
31 December	**37.315**	**41.335**

(1) There has been a dispute regarding the sales of put option between TCM Adria d.o.o, a subsidiary of the Group, which has 70% shares of Oglasnik d.o.o and owners of remaining 30% and non-controlling interests about put option of non-controlling interest shares to TCM Adria d.o.o and/or to the Group. The arbitration process ongoing in Zagreb Arbitration Court has resulted and accordingly the option was decided as invalid by the arbitration court and a compensation payment in favor of the minorities was decided due to the loss occurred. The litigation judgment has been appealed on 5 November 2014 and the suspension of the payment has been applied. At 31 December 2014 in line with the precautionary principle of the accounting, the liability priorly calculated related to the "option" was calculated considering the interest and journalised as "provision for lawsuit and damage". At 26 November 2015, the Group has made a settlement with non – controlling interests and the amount to be paid is decided as EUR. First installment amounting to EUR 588 has been paid as of 10 December 2015 and the remaining amounts will be paid in three equal installments until 1 September 2016. With this development, reduction of TL 15.278 provision in question has been recognised as profit in the financial statements dated 31 December 2015.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(a) Lawsuits

The amount of lawsuits against the Group is TL 75.966 as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 85.606)

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Legal cases	59.478	74.816
Commercial cases	2.709	1.166
Business cases	12.207	9.059
Other	1.572	565
Total	**75.966**	**85.606**

A provision for lawsuits filed against the Group whose details are given above amounting to TL 37.315 has been provided with reference to the opinions of the Group's legal advisors and past experience of management related to similar litigations against the Group (31 December 2014: TL 41.335). Legal cases mainly consist of pecuniary and non-pecuniary damages and lawsuits filed against publishing and broadcasting companies and lawsuits initiated by the Radio and Television Supreme Council.

b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz-Film GmbH:

Amendment of the Share Purchase and the Shareholder Agreements

The "Share Purchase" and the "Shareholders Agreements" dated 19.11.2009 signed between Doğan Holding, our direct subsidiaries Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. (DTV) and Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (has ceased due to dissolution without liquidation) and Axel Springer A.G.'s direct subsidiaries Commerz-Film GmbH and Hauptstadtsee 809. V GmbH (together the Axel Springer Group) and dated 16.11.2006 signed between Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (has ceased due to dissolution without liquidation) and Axel Springer A.G. have been amended on 2 October 2014. Accordingly;

1- Provided that it shall take place earliest on 30 January 2015, and to be used in return for EUR 50.000, the Axel Springer Group has an "put option" for 34.183.593 (exact) shares, and Doğan Holding had a "commitment to buy" ("DTV Put Option I") and Doğan Holding had given "letter of guarantee" amounting to EUR 50.000 to Axel Springer Group. The Axel Springer Group exercised all of its "put option". Paid amount included interest calculated based on the 12-months compound Euro Libor plus 100 basis points as of January 2, 2007. Within the scope of the exercise of such "put option", 1.902.118(exact) DTV bonus shares from the previous capital increase were delivered as bonus shares. Thus, within the scope of such option, the total number of shares delivered to Doğan Holding were 36.085.711 (exact) (approximately 2.65% of the current DTV capital). Related transaction was realized on 30 January 2015, and EUR 63.346.606,10 (exact) payment was made to Commerz-Film GmbH by Doğan Holding in return for the exercise of put option and relevant letter of guarantee was returned to Doğan Holding. After the transaction, direct share of Doğan Holding in DTV equity is realized as 90,61%.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz-Film GmbH (continued)

Amendment of the Share Purchase and the Shareholder Agreements (continued)

2- As it was disclosed to public periodically in our financial statement footnotes; per the Agreements between the parties, "in case an initial public offering was not made for the DTV shares of the Axel Springer Group ("Axel Shares") until June 30, 2017, in addition to re-adjusting the price, and a payment accordingly, the Axel Springer Group had a "put option" all or a part of the Axel Shares to Doğan Holding, and Doğan Holding had a "commitment to buy" (DTV Put Option II)). With the Agreement amended on 2 October 2014, unconditional "put option" was given to Axel Springer Group, the details are presented in the appendix tables ("Option Exercise Table") in the latest IR news disclosed to Public Disclosure Platform ("PDP") on 2 October 2014. Aforementioned Option Exercise Table is presented below;

Option Exercise Table:

Option	**Number of Shares subject to option**	**Current capital ratio of DTV (%)**	**Option exercise Costs (EUR)(exact)**	**Earliest Option Exercise Dates**
2016	39.870.037	2,93	55.243.523,89	29.01.2016
2020/I	10.873.646	0,80	15.066.414,94	30.06.2020
2020/II	85.176.896	6,26	118.020.255,25	30.06.2020
2022	27.184.078	2,00	37.666.038,82	31.01.2022
TOTAL	**163.104.657**	**11,99**	**225.996.232,90**	

Axel Springer Group may exercise all or a part of its "put option". Amounts to be paid are final, meaning that additional interest cannot be charged. Only, the interest to be calculated taking as the basis annual compound 12-month Euro Libor plus 100 basis points from 29 January 2016 to 30 June 2020 shall be added to the sum to be paid for the "DTV Put Option 2020/I". Within the scope of such options, four separate "letters of guarantee" have been given to the Axel Springer Group by our Company with a total value of EUR 225.996 for the 163.104.657 (exact) Doğan TV Holding securities to be taken by Doğan Holding.

In case all the options in above mentioned Article 1 are exercised, the Axel Springer Group will not have any shares left in the Doğan TV Holding capital.

3- The "DTV Put Option II" has been annulled and cancelled.

4- Issues related with the "initial public offering" of the "Axel Shares";

a. In case of an initial public offering of the "Axel Shares" between the dates 01 January 2015 and 31 January 2022, the following shall be applicable for the value of the "Axel Shares" based on the three months average share price following the initial public offering ("Value of the Share Sold"),

i. if lower than the "Initial Sales Price", the negative difference between the "Value of the Share Sold" and the "Initial Sales Price" shall be paid through Doğan Holding to the Axel Springer Group, without calculating any interest on the "Initial Sales Price", and taking into account merely the "Initial Sales Price".

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz-Film GmbH (continued)

Amendment of the Share Purchase and the Shareholder Agreements (continued)

ii. If higher than the "Initial Sales Price", the amount to be found by deducting the interest calculated based on the "Initial Sales Price" from the positive difference between the "Value of the Share Sold" and the "Initial Sales Price" (interest shall be calculated taking as the basis annual compound 12-month Euro Libor as of 2 January 2007) shall equally be shared between the Axel Springer Group and Doğan Holding.

iii. In case an initial public offering does not take place for the "Axel Shares" until January 31, 2022, and in case the "Fair Value" of DTV to be determined with specified valuation techniques on 31 December 2021 (shall be taken into account based on the extent of the shares the Axel Springer Group has in the DTV capital as of 31 December 2021) is lower than the "Initial Sales Price", the negative difference between the "Fair Value" of DTV as of 31 December 2021 and the "Initial Sales Price" shall be paid by Doğan Holding to the Axel Springer Group.

The liability for unconditional "commitment to buy" of Doğan Holding mentioned above was recorded under "other financial liability" in consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2015 amounting to TL 693.095 (31 December 2014: TL 781.119) calculated over discounted cash outflows will take place in the future. "Non-controlling interests" as the amount representing the shares belonging Axel Springer were removed from the consolidated financial statements. Since the transaction did not result in any change of control over DTV on the date of transfer of shares, the difference between recorded financial liabilities and removed non-controlling interests directly recognised under equity.

After the completion of the transactions mentioned above, based on the written agreement between Doğan Holding, DTV and Commerz-Film GmbH and the decision of the board of directors of DTV dated 29 April 2015,it has been decided;

1 - To increase the paid up capital of DTV from the internal sources amounting to TL 173.984.499 (exact) and by cash amounting to TL 448.199.414 (exact), from TL 1.360.016.087 (exact) to TL 1.982.200.000 (exact).

2-Capital increase to be paid in cash amounting to TL 448.199.414 shall be committed by Doğan Holding

The payments related to the abovementioned capital increase that will be made in cash have been completed following the authorization of DTV General Assembly and obtaining necessary legal permissions as of 10 July 2015. After the capital increase, the ownership interest of Commerz-Film GmbH in the capital of DTV has decreased from 11,99% to 9,28%.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

b) Commitments and contingent liabilities related to the share acquisition agreement with Commerz-Film GmbH (continued)

Amendment of the Share Purchase and the Shareholder Agreements (continued)

After the capital increase, the option exercise table has been revised as below;

Option Exercise Table:

Option	Number of Shares subject to option	Current capital ratio of DTV (%)	Option exercise Costs (EUR) (exact)	Earliest Option Exercise Dates
2016	44.970.542	2,27	55.243.523,89	29.01.2016
2020/I	12.264.693	0,62	15.066.414,94	30.06.2020
2020/II	96.073.429	4,84	118.020.255,25	30.06.2020
2022	30.661.689	1,55	37.666.038,82	31.01.2022
TOTAL	**183.970.353**	**9,28**	**225.996.232,90**	

c) Doğan TV Digital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş.

As a result of the investigation performed by Information and Communication Technologies Authority (ICTA) on one of the indirect subsidiaries of the Group, Doğan TV Dijital Platform İşletmeciliği A.Ş., on 21 April 2014 an administrative penalty amounting to TL 10.342 was given and TL 8.260 was accrued in order to refund to the subscribers. The Group paid administrative penalty amounting to TL 7.756 by taking advantage of 25% discount for advance payment with the objection record. On the other hand, TL 4.608 of the total amount accrued in relation to the refunds to the subscribers has been paid as of 31 December 2015. Provision recognised in the prior periods regarding this matter is TL 2.478.

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Other

Milpa:

The Land of Ömerli

Shares acquired step by step with the agreement "Building Construction Shared Floor/Revenue in Return Arrangement Form Land Share and Real Estate Promise to Sell Agreement" signed between March 2000 - October 2003 and recognised under "investment properties" by Milpa Ticari ve Sınai Ürünler Pazarlama ve Ticaret A.Ş.("Milpa"), a subsidiary of the Group, and in addition to these shares, the balance of the shares acquired from the result of the tender in relation to the lawsuit opened by one of the shareholders corresponding to his/her share in the real estate, located at Istanbul Province, Pendik District, Kurtdoğmuş Village with an area of m^2 2.238.207, have been recognised at fair value which has been appreciated in the Real Estate Valuation Report prepared by the Real Estate Appraisal Company on the list of CMB. Because of the qualifications of farm land due to the legal uncertainties stated below, Ömerli land hasn't been recognised under normal business operations of Milpa (project development, construction and sale etc.), and has been recognised as "investment properties" in accordance with TAS 40 ("Investment Properties"), in the context of Paragraph 8/(b).

Milpa, has commitment to pay 25% of the revenue generated from the real estate project (the "Project") by considering the share of the land owners who has assigned shares within the scope of revenue sharing constructions and/or flat for land basis contracts. Furthermore, there is a building construction agreement annotation under the relevant Agreement signed with the landowners in relation to 2.093.941 m2 of Omerli Land, with the parcel no: 1154,

According to the İstanbul Environmental Recreation Plan, scale of 1/100.000 and dated 15 June 2009, a significant part of the land of which parcel no is 1154, is located partially within the borders of "Habitat Park Area", "Military Land and Military Security Area", and "Forest Area". The report on the Basin Research Results of the Istanbul Water Supply and Sanitation Administrative General Directory dated 12 January 2016 states that 2,586 m^2 of parcel no 1154 and 142,012 m^2 of parcel no 1155 are parts of the Forest Area. The related parcels are located in both the medium range protected area and the long range (2000 m. – 5000 m.) protected area of Omerli Reservoir Basin. In addition to that, the records of City Directorate of Provincial Food Agriculture and Livestock also shows that the relevant parcels are situated within the Forest Area.

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

(d) Other (continued)

Milpa:

The Land of Ömerli (continued)

144.266 m2 of the land parcel no: 1555 has been removed from the forest area with the court decision in 2005 year. To this The Forestry Directorate appealed the decision at the 20th Chamber of the High Court and the objection was accepted on 24 June 2008 and these decisions (removal from forest area) are sent to the Pendik First Civil Court for re-evaluation. The Court has reiterated its initial decision being right on 8 October 2009 in terms of content. The General Directorate of Forestry appealed the Court's decision again and the related file was re-sent to the Supreme Court of law No: 20. The related office has resent the file to Pendik First Civil Court by disrupting the court decision The Court for which the lawsuit is held, has been divided into two and the lawsuit has been heard at 29. Civil Court. The aforementioned court has decided to cancel the land register of the aforementioned 144.266 m2 and parcel No: 1155 of land belonging to the Company and register the land as forest title in the name of the treasury at 23 December 2014. Following the notification of the decision no 2013/320 at 9 January 2015, appeal to a superior court on 13 February 2015 has been made. In this regard, provision for impairment amounting to TL 3.900 from the carrying value of property in the financial statements as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 3.900)

With the 1/100.000 scale environmental plan released on 17 July 2009, the related land was classified as a habitat and recreation area and Milpa appealed to this plan within the legal deadline. As of the date of the preparation of these financial statements, no response was received regarding the change in land development plan and the appeal to this change regarding the land in Pendik, Kurtdoğmuş Village. It is also known that there have been objections to the relevant construction plan from third parties as well. After the appeals to the development plan, no information has been received from the relevant authorities regarding the evaluations by Milpa. During the 7 years, no lower scale plans have been made and the zoning status of the land has not been identified yet. Because planning and nationalization regarding Kuzey Marmara Otoyolu Project is being performed, it is unlikely for a short-term regional plan to be made. Because the planning process is conducted by multiple government agencies, only monitoring of the processes is performed. In this context, the uncertainty in the development plan due to the appeal, will be continued to be assessed in subsequent periods in the legal process.

As stated in the environmental regulation plan of Ömerli land with a scale of 1/100.000 as of 17 July 2009, although the related land has been specified as "habitat" and "recreation" area; because of the scarcity of these type of lands in this size and position in the Asian side of Istanbul where quality projects can be developed, "the strengths" and "opportunities" like the demand increase in recent years for the area and the proximity of the land to the TEM highway and being close to the Kuzey Marmara Otoyolu project considering Real Estate Appraisal Company's valuation report as of 14 January 2016 using precedent comparison relevant lands parcel no: 1554 valuated a total of TL 125.636 (Company's share is 67,58% as of 31 December 2015) has been recognised for the total of the related real estate (31 December 2014: TL 89.530. This amount is the total valuation for the land and the Company's share in this is 67,58% as of 31 December 2014). As mentioned above, within the scope of the tentative decision made in relation to the registration of the parcel no: 1155 as Forest Area, no valuation amount has been recognised for the Company's portion of shares of 67,58% as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 3.900).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

(a) Collaterals, pledges and mortgages (CPM) given by the Group

	31 December 2015					31 December 2014				
	TL Equivalent	TL	USD	EUR	Other	TL Equivalent	TL	USD	EUR	Other
A. CPM's given in the name of its own legal personality										
Guarantees [1] [5]	1.383.096	501.820	52.618	229.193	-	984.786	120.427	32.280	279.453	-
Pledge[4]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage [2]	20.654	-	-	6.500	-	18.335	-	-	6.500	-
B. CPM's given on behalf of the fully consolidated companies										
Guarantees[1] [3]	28.005	1.572	9.091	-	-	24.028	2.172	9.425	-	-
Pledge[4]	112	112	-	-	-	217	217	-	-	-
Mortgage	410.456	6.369	102.656	33.234	-	760.667	6.900	154.512	140.203	-
C. CPM's given on behalf of 3rd parties for ordinary course of business										
D. Total amount of other CPM's given										
i) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the majority shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B and C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of 3rd parties which are not in scope of C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**1.842.323**					**1.788.033**				

(1) The guarantees of the Group consist of letter of guarantees, guarantee notes, bails and mortgages and the details are explained below.

(2) There is a mortgage amounting to TL 20.654 over the tangible fixed assets of Group's subsidiary Hürriyet as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 18.335)

(3) Doğan Holding has bail amounting to USD 44.444 given to credit institutions within the scope of Aslancık Elektrik's hydroelectric power plant construction (31 December 2014: USD 47.407).Doğan Holding gave bail amounting to USD 58.211 for Boyabat Elektrik's long term project financing bank loan (31 December 2014: USD 47.496).

(4) 33,33% shares of Aslancık Elektrik (55.000.000 (exact) shares), 33% shares of Boyabat (6.996.000 (exact) shares), 100% of Galata Wind (340.000 (exact) shares) and 100% of D-Tes (463.401.200 (exact) shares) were given as pledges to financial institutions due to the Group's long term borrowings and are not included in the table above.

(5) The group has acquired Aytemiz Akaryakıt as of 11 March 2015.The increase of guarantees in the current period is due to the guarantees of Aytemiz Akaryakıt.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

a) Letters of guarantees and guarantee notes given (continued)

Other CPM given by the Group to equity ratio is 0% as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: 0%). The details of letter of guarantees and guarantee notes given by the Group are as follows:

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014	
	Original currency	**TL equivalent**	**Original currency**	**TL equivalent**
Letters of guarantees – Euro	229.193	728.284	279.453	788.253
Letters of guarantees – TL [(1)]	501.820	501.820	120.427	120.427
Letters of guarantees – USD	52.618	152.992	32.820	76.106
Guarantee notes – TL	1.572	1.572	2.172	2.172
Guarantee notes – Euro	-	-	-	-
Guarantee notes – USD	9.091	26.433	9.425	21.856
Total		**1.411.101**		**1.008.814**

(1) Letter of guarantee given amounting to TL 342.869 is related to the Aytemiz Group.

(b) Guarantees and mortgages given

The details of guarantees of Doğan Holding and its shareholders' given for the borrowings and trade payables of the Group companies and related parties as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014	
	Original currency	**TL equivalent**	**Original currency**	**TL equivalent**
Bails– Euro	33.234	105.604	140.203	395.471
Bails – USD [(1)]	102.656	298.483	154.512	358.296
Bails – TL	6.369	6.369	6.900	6.900
Mortgages – Euro	6.500	20.654	6.500	18.335
Mortgages – TL	112	112	217	217
Total		**431.222**		**779.219**

(1) Guarantees given for Milta, Aslancık Elektrik , Galata Wind and Eko TV has decreased by USD 51.856 in relation to the loan repayments during the period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(c) Barter agreements

Doğan Holding and its subsidiaries, enter into barter agreements, which involve the exchanging of goods or services without any cash collections or payments, as a common practice in the media sector.

As of 31 December 2015, the Group has a commitment for the publication of advertisements amounting to TL 10.122 (31 December 2014: TL 11.267) in exchange for purchasing goods and services and has an option to purchase goods and services amounting to TL 24.139 (31 December 2014: TL 19.346) in exchange of the goods or services sold.

NOTE 19 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Other current assets	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Blocked deposits [(1)]	163.987	121.476
Value added tax ("KDV") receivables	30.358	23.692
Prepaid taxes and funds	22.488	32.665
Programme stocks	9.863	56.149
Personnel advances	7.398	8.199
Work advances	2.740	2.392
Other	2.934	18.979
	239.768	**263.552**
Provision for impairment on programme stocks	(1.081)	(1.081)
Provision for other doubtful receivables	(645)	(1.488)
	238.042	**260.983**

Other non-current assets	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Value added tax ("KDV") receivables	122.601	133.332
Blocked deposits [(2)]	304	94.250
Deposits and guarantees given	-	246
Other	161	410
	123.066	**228.238**

(1) As of 31 December 2015, Doğan Holding has blocked deposits of USD 35.000 (TL 101.766) (31 December 2014: USD 35.000 (TL 81.162)) regarding its subsidiary TME; USD 21.000 (TL 61.060) for subsidiary Mozaik and TL 1.161 blocked deposits for other subsidiaries. (31 December 2014: TL 824 for other subsidiaries and blocked deposits of EUR 14.000 (TL 39.490) regarding Kanal D Romania).

(2) As of 31 December 2015,The Group has blocked deposits amounting to TL 304 (31 December 2014: Doğan Holding has blocked deposits amounting to USD 40.500 (TL 93.915) on behalf of TME and Mozaik's bank loans and TL 335 for other subsidiaries).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20- PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

Details of prepaid expenses and deferred income for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Short term prepaid expenses	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Prepaid expenses [(1)]	25.258	21.792
Advances given [(2)]	70.052	44.880
	95.310	**66.672**

(1) Significant amount of prepaid expenses consists of prepaid rent expenses and insurance expenses.

(2) The majority of the advances given consist of advances given for the activities in broadcasting and energy sectors

Long term prepaid expenses	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Advances given and prepayments [(1) (2) (3)]	41.543	39.909
Prepaid expenses for future years	4.654	9.726
Advances given for fixed asset purchases	-	399
	46.197	**50.034**

(1) Advances given and prepayments amounting to TL 26.897 (31 December 2014: TL 36.729) consist of prepayments made by Doğan TV Holding, one of the subsidiaries of Doğan Yayın Holding, for UEFA (Union Européenne de Football Association or Union of European Football Associations) Champions League qualifying games and UEFA Cup qualifying games of certain Spor Toto Super League teams between 2008 and 2020. In accordance with the agreements, prepayments made for the related games is refunded to Doğan TV Holding in the cancellation of games.

(2) Advances given and prepayments amounting to TL 11.070 (31 December 2014: None) comprise of advances given to dealer, made by Aytemiz, one of the subsidiaries of Doğan Holding.

(3) TL 3.180 (31 December 2014: TL 3.180) of the advances given and prepayments includes the expenses caused by the landowners and advances given to the landowners who passed their shares of the real estate Project in the land of Ömerli by Milpa which is a subsidiary of the Group for the part of the proceeds. 25% of the revenues of the project which Milpa is planning to develop, about the houses and offices will be committed and set-off to the landowners revenue-sharing or flat received from contractor for landownership by the proportion of their shares. TL 396 of advances given consists of Group's other subsidiaries. (31 December 2014: None)

Short term deferred income	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Deferred income [(1)]	27.240	31.292
Advances received	12.774	10.429
	40.014	**41.721**

(1) The majority of the deferred income consists of prepaid subscription income in publishing and broadcasting segments and yatch mooring income in other segment.

Long term deferred income	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Deferred income [(1)]	1.410	562
	1.410	**562**

(1) Deferred income is composed of prepaid subscription expenses of publishing and broadcasting.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 – DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Derivative swap instruments				
Currency forward transactions	-	-	464	4
Total	**-**	**-**	**464**	**4**

(a) Currency forward transactions

As of 31 December 2015, there aren't any foreign exchange derivatives of the Group (31 December 2014: TL 460- net liability). There isn't any asset and liability amount as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 464 asset, TL 4 liabilities)

NOTE 22 – PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(a) Payables regarding benefits provided to employees

The details of payables regarding employee benefits as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Payables to personnel	12.486	5.782
Social security payables	10.908	2.997
	23.394	**8.779**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 – PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

(b) Short term provision within employment benefits

Details of short term provision within employment benefits for the period of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Provision for unused vacation	44.070	39.846
	44.070	**39.846**

(c) Long term provision within employment benefits

Details of long term provision within employment benefits for the period of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Provision for employment termination benefits	109.481	104.352
	109.481	**104.352**

Except from the legal requirements other than Turkey in which the Group operates, there are no pension plans and benefits.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, or who is called up for military service, dies and achieves the retirement age. At 31 December 2015 the amount payable maximum equals to one month of salary is TL 4.092,53 (exact) (31 December 2014: TL 3.438,22 (exact)) for each year of service.

On the other hand, the Group is liable to make payments to personnel who work for a minimum of 5 years and whose employment is terminated without due cause in accordance with the Regulations with regards to Employees Employed in the Press Sector. The maximum payable amount is 30 days' flat salary for each year of service. Employment termination benefit liabilities are not subject to any funding and there are no legal requirements for funding of these liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22 – PROVISION FOR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

c) *Long term provision within employment benefits (continued)*

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group.

The standard TAS 19 "Employee Benefits" envisages the development of actuarial valuation methods in order to estimate the provision of severance pay. According to this, following assumptions were used in the calculation of total liability based on the report prepared by the actuarial firm:

- discount rate is applied as 10,72% (31 December 2014: 8,10%), inflation rate applied as 5,90% (31 December 2014: 5%) and rate of increase in wages applied as 5,90 % (31 December 2014: 5%) in the calculation.
- age of retirement is based on considering the Company's historical operating data and taken as the average age of retirement from the Group

(1) Discount rate used for calculating the severance payment liability is determined as the long-term government bond compound interest of 10,72%.

(2) Inflation rate and wage increase rate, used for calculating the severance payment liability, is determined as 5,90%.which is the 24 months inflation estimation by the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey.

The movement of provision for severance pay within the period is as follows:

	2015	2014
1 January	104.352	103.521
Current period service cost and net interest expense from continued operations	16.919	18.248
Loss regarding payment/reducing benefits/ dismissal	2.587	7.414
Payments during the period from continued operations	(14.443)	(23.434)
Actuarial loss/ (gain)	66	1.753
Disposal of subsidiary	-	(3.150)
31 December	**109.481**	**104.352**

Total costs excluding the actuarial loss regarding employment benefits are presented in consolidated statement of profit or loss prepared as of 31 December 2015. As of 31 December 2015, actuarial loss of TL 66 is recognized in the statement of other comprehensive statement (31 December 2014: TL 1.753 loss).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 – EQUITY

Doğan Holding adopted the registered paid-in capital system and set a limit on its registered paid-in capital representing registered type shares with a nominal value of TL 1.

Doğan Holding's registered capital ceiling and issued capital at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Registered authorized capital	4.000.000	4.000.000
Issued capital	2.616.938	2.616.938

There are no privileged shares of Doğan Holding.

With the decision made by Board of Directors of Doğan Holding on 27 August 2014, the issued capital of Doğan Holding, which is TL 2.450.000.000 (exact), within the TL 4.000.000.000 (exact) registered capital ceiling, is to be increased to TL 2.616.938.288 (exact) due to the merger which took place under Doğan Holding, through the entire "take over" of Doğan Yayın Holding with all its assets and liabilities being ceased due to dissolution without liquidation by Doğan Holding (Note 23). The "Issuance Certificates" for a total of 166.938.288 shares with a nominal value of TL 1 (exact) each, to be issued to represent the TL 166.938.288 (exact) increased within the scope of the capital increase have been approved by the CMB, and are enclosed on 29 August 2014 Article 7 of the Articles of Association, "Registered and Issued Capital", for the increase of the issued capital to TL 2.616.938.288 (exact) has been registered with the Trade Registry on 3 September 2014.

The ultimate shareholders of Doğan Holding are Aydın Doğan and Doğan Family (Işıl Doğan, Arzuhan Yalçındağ, Vuslat Sabancı, Hanzade V. Doğan Boyner and Y.Begümhan Doğan Faralyalı) and the shareholders of Holding and the historical values of shares in equity at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Shareholder	Share %	31 December 2015	Share %	31 December 2014
Adilbey Holding A.Ş.	49,32	1.290.679	49,32	1.290.679
Doğan Family	14,41	377.126	14,41	377.126
Publicly traded on Borsa İstanbul [1]	36,27	949.133	36,27	949.133
Issued capital	**100**	**2.616.938**	**100**	**2.616.938**
Adjustment to issued capital		143.526		143.526
Total		**2.760.464**		**2.760.464**

[1] In accordance with the Capital Markets Board's (the "CMB") Resolution No: 31/1059 issued on 30 October 2014 and 21/655 issued on 23 July 2010, it is regarded that 35,94% of the shares (31 December 2014: 35,42%) are outstanding as of 31 December 2015 based on the Central Registry Agency's ("CRA") records.

Adjustment to share capital represents the difference between cash and cash equivalent contributions to the total amounts adjusted for inflation added to issued share capital issued and amounts before inflation adjustment.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 – EQUITY (Continued)

Share Premiums

Share premiums/discounts represent the positive or negative differences resulting from the nominal value and sales value of public shares.

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Share premiums	163.724	163.724
Share discounts (-)	(128.565)	(128.565)
Total	**35.159**	**35.159**

Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves are reserved from the prior period profit due to legal or contractual obligations or for certain purposes other than the profit distribution (for example, to obtain the tax advantage of gain on sale of associates). Restricted reserves are in the scope of solo legal records in accordance with TCC and TPL.

General Statutory Legal Reserves are reserved according to the article 519 of Turkish Commercial Code and used in accordance with the principles set out in this article. The afore-mentioned amounts should be classified in "Restricted Reserves" in accordance with the TAS.

The details of restricted reserves as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

Restricted reserves	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
General legal reserves	160.759	159.264
Gain on sale of subsidiary's shares	1.071.749	1.086.479
Venture capital fund	35.425	35.425
Total	**1.267.933**	**1.281.168**

NOTE 23 – EQUITY (Continued)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses not to be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

The Company's investment property revaluation reserves and actuarial losses of defined benefit plans that aren't reclassified in accumulated other comprehensive income and expenses are summarized below.

i. Investment Property Revaluation Reserves

Real estates recognised as property, plant and equipment in prior periods, can be transferred to investment property due to changes in use. The Group has reclassified some of its properties as investment property and has chosen to account such investment properties at fair value. Accordingly, fair value increase at the initial transfer amounting to TL 11.662 (31 December 2014: 1.002 TL) is recognised as revaluation reserve under shareholders equity.

ii. Actuarial losses in defined benefit plans

Provision for employment termination benefits is calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees of the Group. Group recognised all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income. Actuarial loss recognised under equity in the balance sheet amounts to TL 31.032 (31 December 2014: TL 30.979)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses to be Reclassified in Profit or Loss

i. Financial Assets Revaluation Reserves

Financial assets revaluation reserves occurred by accounting on net book values after reflecting deferred tax impact of unearned gains and losses composed of changes of fair values of assets held for sale. The amount of revaluation loss of assets held for sale presented under equity in balance sheet is TL 514 in the current period (31 December 2014: TL 4.177 loss).

NOTE 23 – EQUITY (Continued)

Capital Reserves and Retained Earnings

Subsequent to the first inflation adjusted financial statements, equity items such as; "Capital, Emission Premiums, General Statutory Legal Reserves, Statutory Reserves, Special Reserves and Extraordinary Reserves" are carried at carrying value in the balance sheet and their adjusted values based on inflation are collectively presented in equity accounts group.

In accordance with the CMB regulations, "Share capital", "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premiums" shall be carried at their statutory amounts. The valuation differences resulted due to the inflation adjustment shall be disclosed as follows:

If the difference is due to the "Issued Capital" and not yet been transferred to capital, it should be classified under "Capital adjustment difference to share capital";

- If the difference is due to "Restricted Reserves" and "Share Premium" and the amount has not been subject to dividend distribution or capital increase yet, it shall be classified under "Retained Earnings/ Losses".

Other equity items are carried at the amounts valued in accordance with TAS.

Capital adjustment differences have no other use than to be included to the capital

Dividend Distribution

The Company decides to distribute profit and makes profit distribution in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Market Law (CML), Capital Market Board (CMB) Regulations and Laws; Tax Legislations; other related statutory legislation and Articles of Association and Resolutions of General Assembly. Profit distribution is determined by Profit Distribution Policy.

On the other hand,

a) Retained earnings derived from the repreparation of comparative financial statements based on the first time adoption of TAS,
b) "Equity inflation adjustment differences" derived from resources that do not have any restriction regarding profit distribution,
c) Retained earnings derived from the first time inflation adjustment of financial statements, can be distributed to shareholders as cash dividends.

In addition, if the consolidated financial statements include the "Purchasing Impact on Equity" item under equity, the related item is not considered as a deductible or additional item when presenting net distributable profit for the period.

The CMB's requires the disclosure of total amount of net profit in the statutory records and other resources which may be subject to distribution. As of the balance sheet date, the Company's gross amount of resources that may be subject to the profit distribution based on the statutory records amounts to TL 2.662.743 (31 December 2014: TL 2.282.911).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Domestic sales	6.155.721	3.533.516
Foreign sales	376.780	481.181
Sales return and discounts (-)	(581.463)	(471.434)
Net sales	**5.951.038**	**3.543.263**
Cost of sales (-)	(4.924.311)	(2.753.055)
Gross profit	**1.026.727**	**790.208**

The details of income from operating activities for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are disclosed in Note 5 – Segment Reporting.

Sales detail of publishing industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Advertisement income	513.828	604.345
Circulation and printing income	260.097	279.506
Other	357.405	334.435
Total	**1.131.330**	**1.218.286**

Sales detail of broadcasting industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Advertisement income	497.320	571.782
Subscription income	444.176	444.757
Other	153.738	160.641
Total	**1.095.234**	**1.177.180**

Sales detail of retail industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Retail income	618.674	512.090
Total	**618.674**	**512.090**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Sales detail of energy industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Income from fuel oil and LPG sales	2.127.796	-
Energy income	614.792	272.331
Total	**2.742.588**	**272.331**

Sales detail of other industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Industrial income	218.506	226.548
Tourism income	66.767	66.297
Other [1]	77.939	70.531
Total	**363.212**	**363.376**

[1] Other sales income mainly consist of the total income obtained from real estate, gsm and organic agricultural operations

The distribution of the cost of sales for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are disclosed in Note 5 – "Segment Reporting".

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Publishing	(758.249)	(873.049)
Broadcasting	(916.130)	(1.045.593)
Retail	(363.635)	(298.073)
Energy [1]	(2.592.258)	(245.900)
Other	(294.039)	(290.440)
	(4.924.311)	**(2.753.055)**

[1] The increase resulted from the wholesale activities of D-Tes and activities of Aytemiz Akaryakıt after the acquisition date within the period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales detail of publishing industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Cost of trading goods sold	(290.168)	(249.965)
Personnel and news production expenses	(181.150)	(218.973)
Paper costs	(125.262)	(173.657)
Printing, production and other raw material cost	(60.213)	(79.420)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(33.218)	(33.309)
Internet advertising services cost	(29.333)	(28.207)
Commissions	(7.450)	(14.284)
Other	(31.455)	(75.234)
Total	**(758.249)**	**(873.049)**

Cost of sales detail of broadcasting industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January- 31 December 2014
Television programme production costs	(412.637)	(506.514)
ADSL receiver costs	(118.329)	(109.974)
Amortization expenses of television programme rights (Note 15)	(87.107)	(75.573)
Personnel expenses	(84.978)	(106.447)
Cost of trading goods sold	(43.098)	(56.431)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(42.862)	(58.779)
Satellite usage fees	(34.513)	(29.169)
Call center expenses	(27.362)	(17.048)
RTSC share in advertisement	(15.276)	(17.577)
Other	(49.968)	(68.081)
Total	**(916.130)**	**(1.045.593)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Cost of sales detail of retail industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	**1 January- 31 December 2014**
Cost of trading goods	(363.635)	(298.073)
Total	**(363.635)**	**(298.073)**

Cost of sales detail of energy industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	**1 January- 31 December 2014**
Fuel oil and LPG sales expenses	(2.038.022)	-
Electricity expenses	(518.139)	(218.133)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(22.979)	(23.937)
Personnel expenses	(3.419)	(1.926)
Other	(9.699)	(1.904)
Total	**(2.592.258)**	**(245.900)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24- REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

Detail of the cost of sales of other industrial segment is presented below:

	1 January-31 December 2015	1 January-31 December 2014
Raw material cost	(139.197)	(145.653)
General production expenses	(52.615)	(41.148)
Labour and personnel expenses	(39.060)	(35.127)
Telecommunication service expenses	(27.046)	(32.752)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(17.401)	(21.176)
Cost of trading goods	(18.720)	(14.584)
Total	**(294.039)**	**(290.440)**

NOTE 25 – MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	1 January-31 December 2015	1 January-31 December 2014
General administrative expenses	(335.921)	(345.794)
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	(603.092)	(513.062)
Operating expenses	**(939.013)**	**(858.856)**

Marketing expenses:

	1 January-31 December 2015	1 January-31 December 2014
Personnel expenses	(160.145)	(138.564)
Advertisement expense	(90.258)	(97.976)
Rent expense	(79.878)	(64.384)
Transportation, storage and travel expenses	(62.414)	(52.735)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(37.298)	(29.478)
Amortization of dealer agreements (Note 15)	(29.346)	-
Electricity distribution expenses	(25.884)	(23.458)
Promotion expenses	(23.357)	(21.177)
Communication expenses	(21.015)	(22.610)
Outsourced service expenses	(19.617)	(13.892)
Consulting expenses	(7.455)	(7.097)
Dealer commission expenses	(2.343)	(4.747)
Other	(44.082)	(36.944)
Total	**(603.092)**	**(513.062)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 – MARKETING EXPENSES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Continued)

General administrative expenses:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January 31 December 2014
Personnel expenses	(157.293)	(159.738)
Amortization and depreciation expenses (Note 14,15)	(43.299)	(53.210)
Consulting expenses	(39.071)	(35.508)
Outsourced service expenses	(23.491)	(23.550)
Rent expense	(21.888)	(22.888)
Transportation, storage and travel expenses	(10.332)	(13.192)
Various taxes	(7.708)	(8.302)
Other	(32.839)	(29.406)
Total	**(335.921)**	**(345.794)**

NOTE 26 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

As of 31 December 2015 and 2014, expenses are presented functionally and details are given in Note 24 and Note 25.

NOTE 27 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Other income from operating activities	**1 January 31 December 2015**	**1 January 31 December 2014**
Foreign exchange gains	441.982	197.093
Interest income on bank deposit	70.511	49.624
Finance income due to sales with maturity	49.296	38.707
Income due to cancellation of obligations arising from the put option (Note 17)	15.278	-
Income from cancellation of provision	13.756	18.917
Usage of VAT discount	6.005	8.043
Compensation income due to tax lawsuit	3.949	-
Rental income	920	1.172
Other operating income	45.208	48.610
	646.905	**362.166**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Other expenses from operating activities	1 January 31 December 2015	1 January 31 December 2014
Foreign exchange losses	(134.412)	(70.577)
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 9)	(50.464)	(52.819)
Provision for lawsuits (Note 17)	(19.327)	(16.121)
Finance expense due to purchases with maturity	(16.633)	(11.137)
Other penalties and compensations paid	(7.907)	(13.839)
Provision for impairment on inventory (Note 11)	(4.228)	(4.946)
Other operating expenses	(58.388)	(44.364)
	(291.359)	**(213.803)**

NOTE 28 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Income from investing activities

	1 January 31 December 2015	1 January 31 December 2014
Foreign exchange income	72.425	23.723
Increase on fair value of investment properties (Note 13)	40.799	35.671
Gain on sale of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets	37.833	37.923
Gain on sale of shares of entities under common control[1]	24.847	735
Interest income of bank deposit	10.574	38.929
Rent and building service income	7.574	3.383
Interest income of marketable securities	6.860	10.976
Reversal of brand value impairment	2.699	-
Gain on purchasing of subsidiary shares	2.554	-
Gain on sale of subsidiary shares [2]	840	-
Income from liquidation of subsidiary [3]	421	-
Exchange gain related to share purchase commitment	-	12.050
	207.426	**163.390**

(1) Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul Yatırımları İnşaat Yönetim ve Ticaret A.Ş. one of the investments accounted for by the equity method of the Group, has been sold to Rönesans Gayrimenkul Yatırım for TL 97.601 as of 11 June 2015. The net value of the disposal of assets is TL 72.754. The difference between the net value of the disposal of assets and amount from the sale amounting to TL 24.847 has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(2) Koloni TV, a subsidiary of the Group, has been sold as of 7 April 2015. The difference amounting to TL 840 between the carrying value of assets and the amount from the sale has recognised at income from investing activities note in the statement of profit or loss.

(3) As of 2 July 2015, Enteralle Handles GmbH, a subsidiary of the Group, has been liquidated and TL 421 equaling EUR 125 has been collected after the liquidation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 - INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (continued)

Expense from investing activities

	1 January-31 December 2015	1 January-31 December 2014
Exchange loss related to share purchase commitment	(69.657)	(5.186)
Impairment on tangible and intangible assets	(50.998)	(777)
Interest expense related to share purchase commitment	(24.942)	(10.357)
Interest expense related to share purchase commitment	(14.216)	(2.533)
Foreign exchange losses	(827)	(13.693)
Loss on sale of marketable securities	(643)	(5.953)
Loses arising from changes of goodwill impairment (Note 15)	-	(83.752)
Losses arising from changes of the fair value of investment properties (Note 13)	-	(3.900)
Loss of subsidiary share sales [1]	-	(1.510)
Brand impairment	-	(2.699)
Total	**(161.283)**	**(130.360)**

(1) The Group has recognised a provision for impairment amounting to TL 44.962 for the intangible assets of TME, a subsidiary of the Group.

NOTE 29 - FINANCE INCOME AND EXPENSES

The details of finance income for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

Finance income	1 January 31 December 2015	1 January 31 December 2014
Foreign exchange gain	40.854	66.813
Total	**40.854**	**66.813**

The details of finance expenses for the period ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

Finance expense

	1 January 31 December 2015	1 January 31 December 2014
Foreign exchange losses	(267.918)	(235.143)
Interest expense on bank borrowings	(171.492)	(156.118)
Bank commission expenses	(14.703)	(16.996)
Other	(1.460)	(575)
Total	**(455.573)**	**(408.832)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 -ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

i. Current Period Disposal of Subsidiary

There is no significant disposal of subsidiary for the period ended 31 December 2015.

ii. Prior Period Disposal of Subsidiary

The Group disposed its subsidiaries operating in Hungary and Croatia and Doğan Ofset during the year 2014.

Net book value of the assets disposed	**31 December 2014**
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	869
Trade receivables	745
Other receivables	322
Other current assets	471
Non-current assets	
Tangible and intangible assets	29.686
Provision regarding net assets disposed	(22.589)
Short term liabilities	
Trade payables	(2.488)
Other payables	(770)
Other short term liabilities	(37)
Long term liabilities	
Deferred tax liability	(5.577)
Other long term liabilities	(33)
Net assets disposed	**599**

Gain on sale of subsidiary	
Sales amount:	
Amounts paid as cash and cash equivalents	
Cash inflow resulted from the sale:	
(Less) cash and cash equivalents disposed	(870)
Total obtained cash amount	(870)
Loss on sale of subsidiary	**(599)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 30 - ASSETS AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

ii. Prior Period Disposal of Subsidiary (continued)

Doğan Ofset Yayıncılık ve Matbaacılık A.Ş.

Doğan Ofset Yayıncılık ve Matbaacılık A.Ş. has sold its shares amounting to of the interest TL 24.982 which corresponds to 99,93% shares in TL 25.000 capital to Fulya Kavak ve Marsaş Baskı ve Ambalaj Sanayi Ticaret A.Ş. in exchange for EUR 4.579 on 18 July 2014.

Net book value of the assets disposed	**31 December 2014**
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	642
Trade receivables	7.599
Inventories	2.204
Other receivables	241
Other current assets	-
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	15.038
Provision regarding net assets disposed	-
Short term liabilities	
Trade payables	5.139
Other payables	2.753
Other short-term liabilities	2.049
Long term liabilities	
Deferred tax liability	2.359
Other long-term liabilities	-
Net assets disposed	**13.424**

Gain on sale of subsidiary

Sales amount:	
Amounts paid as cash and cash equivalents	13.248
Cash inflow resulted from the sale:	
(Less) cash and cash equivalents disposed	(642)
Total cash and cash equivalents acquired	12.606
Loss on sale of subsidiary	**(176)**

NOTE 30 - ASSETS AS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

iii. Prior Period "Superficies Right" sale of Milta

"Superficies Right" of Milta Turizm, a subsidiary of the Group, registered on 23 December 2003 to the deed, for 49 years beginning from 11 April 1985 on 92.476m2 sized surface in Göynük village of Kemer, Antalya has been sold to Ceylan İşletme İnşaat Turizm Yatırım Nakliyat Gıda İçecek Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. for EUR 20.000 on 18 February 2014 by negotiation. EUR 15.000 paid in cash and the remaining EUR 5.000 will be collected in four equal installments EUR 1.250 beginning from 31 August 2015 until 31 August 2018. To the amount that will be paid with maturity, 3,25% interest and VAT regarding the interest will be applied as of the registration date. Exceptional portion of the profit from tax of "Superficies right" is accounted under a special fund in liabilities rather than in the statement of profit and loss.

Depending on the sales process, the Group classified "superficies right", which was accounted in investment properties, to "assets held for sale" as of 31 December 2013 in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS/TFRS.

In the consolidated financial statements prepared as of 31 December 2013, investment properties are presented at fair value, and gain or loss arising from the changes in fair value is included to statement of profit or loss in the period of occurrence in accordance with TAS 40 After the balance sheet date on 18 February 2014, the amount of TL 59.888 (EUR 20.000) was determined for the sale of Malta Tourism's "superficies right" in Kemer, and this amount was accepted as fair value as of 31 December 2013. In accordance with TFRS 5 and TAS 40, the positive valuation difference shown as income from investment activities in the profit or loss statements of the period ended 31 December 2013.

As a result of this valuation, the carrying value of the asset was set to the market(sales) value, thus in the sales transaction as of 31 March 2014 no sales profit occurred in the CMB's financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS/TFRS.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis for the all subsidiaries consolidated on line-by-line basis.

Corporate Tax

Corporate tax liabilities for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 are as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Provision for current income tax	68.032	35.400
Prepaid corporate taxes	(66.144)	(28.103)
Taxes payable for the period	**1.888**	**7.297**

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Corporate and income taxes payable	1.888	7.297
Deferred tax liabilities, net	46.279	44.511
Total tax	**48.167**	**51.808**

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Turkey

The Corporate Tax Law has been amended as of 13 June 2006 by Law No: 5520. The majority of the clauses of Law No: 5520 are effective as of 1 January 2006. Corporate tax rate for the fiscal year 2015 is 20% (2014: 20%) for Turkey. Corporate tax is payable at a rate of 20% on the total income of the Group after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, corporate income tax exemptions (investment allowance, etc.) and corporate income tax deductions (such as research and development expenditures deduction). No further tax is payable unless there is dividend distribution. Dividends paid to non-resident companies having representative offices in Turkey and resident companies are not subject to withholding tax. Dividends paid to companies except for those companies are subject to 15% of withholding tax. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as a profit distribution and thus does not incur withholding tax.

Companies calculate corporate tax quarterly at the rate of 20% over their corporate income and these amounts are disclosed by the end of 14th day and paid by the end of the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter-end. Advance taxes paid in the period are offset against the following period's corporate tax liability. If there is an outstanding advance tax balance as a result of offsetting, the related amount may either be refunded in cash or used to offset against for other payables to the government.

Tax Law No: 5024 "Amendments in Tax Procedural Law, Income Tax Law and Corporate Tax Law" published in the Official Gazette on 30 December 2003 requires income tax and corporate taxpayers whose earnings are determined based on the balance sheet to prepare their statutory financial statements by adjusting the non-monetary assets and liabilities for the changes in the general purchasing power of the Turkish Lira effective from 1 January 2004. The merger bonuses which occurred as a result of the mergers in POAŞ and Doğan Gazetecilik, were classified as a equalizing account, which is neither an asset nor a liability, by the Group, in its financial statements applied an inflation adjustment for the calculation of the corporate tax in 2004, due to the related legal provisions and Tax Procedural Law, titled "Inflation Adjustment Application" with number 17 and dated 24 March 2005.

In accordance with the related law, the cumulative inflation of last 36 months inflation rate (PPI) must exceed 100% and the inflation rate (PPI) of last 12 months must exceed 10%.There has not been inflation adjustment after 2005 due to the absence of conditions required.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns by the 25th of the fourth month following the close of the financial year to which they relate.

Tax authorities can review accounting records within five years and if they determine any errors on the accounting records, tax payable can be reassessed as a result of another tax assessment.

Under the Turkish tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years.

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Turkey (continued)

There are numerous exemptions in the Corporate Tax Law concerning the corporations. The exemptions that are related to the Group are as follows:

Exemption for participation in subsidiaries

Dividend income from participation in shares of capital of another fully fledged taxpayer corporation (except for dividends from investment funds participation certificates and investment partnerships shares) are exempt from corporate tax.

Issued premiums exemption

Gains from issued premiums derived from the disposal of sales at nominal values during incorporations and the capital increase of joint stock companies are exempt from corporate tax.

Exemption for participation into foreign subsidiaries

For companies participating in 10% or more of the capital of a non-resident limited liability or joint stock company,(except for those whose principal activity is financial leasing or investment property) for at least one year until the date of the income is generated and transferred to Turkey until the date of the filing of the corporate income tax return of the fiscal year in which the income is generated is exempt from corporation tax subject to those subsidiaries being subject to corporate income tax, or alike, in their country of legal residence or business center at the rate of at least 15% (minimum corporate income tax applicable in Turkey for those whose principal activity is finance assurance or insurance).

Exemption for sale of participation shares and property

75% of the gains derived from the sale of preferential rights, usufruct shares and founding shares from investment equity and real property which have remained in assets for more than two full years are exempt from corporate tax. For exemption, the relevant gain is required to be held in a fund account in liabilities for at least five years. The cost of the sale should be collected until the end of the second calendar year following the year of the sale.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Russian Federation

The corporate tax rate effective in the Russian Federation is 20% (2014: 20%).

The Russian tax year is the calendar year and fiscal year ends other than the calendar year end are not applicable in the Russian Federation. The income taxes over gains are calculated annually. Tax payments are made monthly or depending on tax payer's discretion, it can be made monthly or quarterly by using different calculation methods. Corporate tax declarations are given until 28th of March following the fiscal year end.

According to the Russian Federation's tax legislation, financial losses can be carried forward for 10 years to be deducted from future taxable income. Rights related to tax losses that have not been utilized in the related years are expired.

Tax can be refunded in practice; however, refund is generally available following the outcome of legal procedures. Consolidated tax reporting or tax payment of parent companies or subsidiaries is not allowed. In general, dividend payments that are paid to foreign shareholders are subject to 15% withholding tax. Based on bilateral tax agreements, withholding tax rate can be decreased.

The tax legislation of the Russian Federation is subject to various interpretations and changes frequently. The interpretation of tax legislation by tax authorities regarding the business of TME may differ from the management's interpretation.

The tax rates at 31 December 2015 applicable in the foreign countries, where the significant part of the Group's operations are performed, are as follows:

Country	Tax rates (%)
Germany [1]	28,0
Ukraine	18,0
Slovenia	17,0
Belarus	18,0
Kazakhstan	20,0
Netherland [2]	25,0

(1) Corporate tax rate is applied as 15% for Germany. With an additional solidarity tax of 5,5% and municipal commerce tax varying in between 14% and 17% is also applied over the corporate tax.

(2) Tax rate is 20% for the tax base up to initial EUR 200.000, 25% for over EUR 200.000.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Deferred tax

The Group recognises deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements as reported under the POA's Financial Reporting Standards and the accounting treatment made in different reporting periods based on the applicable tax laws and the transfer of financial losses.

Deferred taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realized or settled based on the taxable income in coming years under the liability method using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet dates.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented in net in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, since they are presented in net in the financial statements of subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are each individual tax payers. Temporary differences deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at the table below are presented based on gross amounts.

The composition of cumulative temporary differences and the related deferred tax assets and liabilities in respect of items for which deferred tax has been provided at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 using the enacted tax rates is as follows:

	Cumulative temporary differences		**Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)**	
	31 December 2015	**31 December 2014**	**31 December 2015**	**31 December 2014**
Deductible tax losses	178.252	151.095	35.650	30.219
Provision for employment termination and unused vacation benefits	153.551	141.240	30.711	28.248
Provision for doubtful receivables	128.071	106.465	25.614	21.293
Net differences between the tax base and carrying value of property, plant and equipment and inventories	52.596	48.250	10.519	9.650
Deferred financial income of trade receivables	12.355	965	2.471	193
Other	83.799	58.110	14.717	11.622
Deferred tax assets			**119.682**	**101.225**
Net differences between the tax base and carrying value of property, plant and equipment and inventories and intangible assets	(729.026)	(713.785)	(155.958)	(142.757)
Net differences between fair values of investment properties and tax value	(168.948)	(14.440)	(9.051)	(2.888)
Other	(4.816)	(551)	(952)	(91)
Deferred tax liabilities			**(165.961)**	**(145.736)**
Deferred tax liabilities, net			**(46.279)**	**(44.511)**

Conclusions of netting has been reflected to consolidated balance sheet of the Group, since separate taxpayer companies Doğan Holding, subsidiaries and joint ventures has booked their deferred tax assets and liabilities by netting in their financial statements that were prepared in accordance with the TAS. Temporary differences and deferred tax assets and liabilities shown above have been prepared on the basis of gross values.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The Group recognised deferred tax assets over TL 178.252 of carry forward tax losses in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the POA's Financial Reporting Standards as of 31 December 2015 (31 December 2014: TL 151.095). As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the maturity analysis of carry forward tax losses is as follows:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
2015		(639)
2016	(41.803)	(41.803)
2017	(17.475)	(17.475)
2018 and after	(118.974)	(91.178)
	(178.252)	**(151.095)**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. As of 31 December 2015, the Group does not recognise deferred tax from carry forward tax losses amounting to TL 1.461.531 (31 December 2014: TL 1.421.754).

Movements for net deferred taxes for the periods ended at 31 December 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	2015	2014
1 January	(44.511)	(66.242)
Current period income	3.999	(6.609)
Currency translation differences	1.305	24.430
Actuarial tax losses recognised under other comprehensive income statements	13	699
Acquisition of subsidiary	(7.085)	-
Disposal of subsidiary	-	(250)
Deferred tax asset resulted by fair value increase on financial asset	-	2.647
Other	-	814
31 December	**(46.279)**	**(44.511)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 31 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The taxes on income reflected to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 are summarized below:

	1 January- 31 December 2015	1 January - 31 December 2014
Current	(68.032)	(35.400)
Deferred tax income/ (expense)	3.999	(6.609)
Total tax (expense)/income	**(64.033)**	**(42.009)**

The reconciliation of the taxation on income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for periods ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 and the tax calculated at the corporate tax rate based on the income before minority interests and taxation on income are as follows:

	2015	2014
Profit / (loss) before income taxes from continued operations	(108.961)	(269.629)
Current period tax expense calculated at 20%	21.792	53.926
Income not subject to tax	20.299	7.180
Effect of financial loss calculated	10.720	5.319
Carry forward losses for which no deferred tax asset was recognised	(58.258)	(53.520)
Effects of investments accounted for by the equity method	(36.729)	(8.634)
Effect of adjustments	(18.093)	(4.331)
Expenses non- deductible / not subject to tax	(12.108)	(22.178)
Effect of financial loss for which deferred tax asset is calculated	(589)	-
Goodwill impairment	-	(15.180)
Other	8.933	(4.591)
Tax Expense	**(64.033)**	**(42.009)**

NOTE 32 - EARNING/ LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share for each class of shares is described below:

	2015	2014
Net loss for the period	(160.820)	(224.970)
Weighted average number of shares with face value of TL 1 each	2.616.938	2.616.938
Loss per share	**(0,061)**	**(0,086)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

For the purpose of accompanying consolidated financial statements, related parties are referred to as legal entities in which Doğan Holding directly or indirectly has participation, including any entities under joint control; real persons and/or legal entities that have direct or indirect control or joint control over the Company and their close family members (immediate family members) and legal entities having direct or indirect control or joint control by them and legal entities having significant effect over the Company or their key management personnel; Company's affiliates, subsidiaries and members of the BOD, key management and their close family member (immediate family members) and real persons and/or legal entities that are directly or indirectly controlled individually or jointly. As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, related party balances and transactions are described below:

i) Balances of related parties:

Short term receivables from related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Ortadoğu Otomotiv Ticaret A.Ş. ("Ortadoğu Otomotiv") (1)	974	956
D Elektronik Şans Oyunları Yayıncılık A.Ş. ("D Elektronik") (2)	514	844
D Market Elektronik Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("D Market") (2)	443	792
Gümüştaş Madencilik	211	35
Doğan ve Egmont Yayıncılık ve Yapımcılık Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Egmont")	167	135
Doğan Burda Dergi Yayıncılık ve Pazarlama A.Ş. ("Doğan Burda")	147	387
Gas Plus Erbil Ltd.	29	196
D Yapım Reklamcılık A.Ş	-	88
Doğan Portal ve Elektronik Ticaret A.Ş. ("Doğan Portal")	-	12
Aydın Doğan Vakfı	-	11
Altıncı Cadde Elektronik Ticaret A.Ş.	-	5
Other	455	69
Total	**2.940**	**3.530**

(1) Receivables related to electricity sale of the Group.
(2) Receivables related to advertisement sale of the Group.

Other short term receivables from related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Boyabat Elektrik (1)	2.320	24.264
Total	**2.320**	**24.264**

(1) Short term receivables from Boyabat Elektrik comprise of the advances given in relation to the electricity purchases.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

i) Balances of related parties (continued):

Other long term receivables from related parties

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Boyabat Elektrik [1]	29.076	-
Kandilli Gayrimenkul Yat.Yön. İnş.ve Tic. A.Ş. ("Kandilli Gayrimenkul") [1]	-	18.312
Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul	-	4.946
Total	**29.076**	**23.258**

(1) Long term other receivable from Boyabat Elektrik comprise of financial receivable with financial nature.
(2) Other non-current receivables from related parties consists of the payments, regarding the cost of real estates purchased by the subsidiaries founded to achieve the Group's real estate projects.

Short term trade payables to related parties

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Doğan Burda [1]	13.173	10.682
Doğan Egmont [2]	10.305	7.009
Ortadoğu Otomotiv	2.052	-
D Market	1.179	-
Other	420	649
Total	**27.129**	**18.340**

(1) Comprises of the purchasing of magazines.
(2) Comprises of the purchasing of books and magazines.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Transactions with related parties:

Service/ product purchases from related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Doğan Burda [1]	38.600	27.536
Doğan Egmont [2]	26.541	23.835
Boyabat Elektrik [3]	21.061	49.875
Ortadoğu Otomotiv [4]	17.946	12.114
Dergi Pazarlama Planlama ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("DPP")	5.434	3.778
Adilbey Holding A.Ş.	4.119	3.721
Doğanlar Sigorta Aracılık Hizmetleri A.Ş	-	1.359
Other	8.194	2.525
Total	**121.895**	**124.743**

(1) Comprises of the magazine purchases of the Group.
(2) Comprises of the books and magazine purchases of the Group.
(3) Comprises of the electricity purchases of the Group.
(4) Comprises of the rental service purchases of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Balances of related parties (continued):

Product and service sales to related parties:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Doğan Burda [1]	18.656	16.453
Doğan Egmont [1]	11.754	7.531
D-Market [2]	11.703	7.455
Ortadoğu Otomotiv [3]	10.569	211
İrfanoğulları Petrol Ürünleri	4.361	-
D Elektronik	2.738	130
Boyabat Elektrik	2.205	-
Other	5.906	6.956
Total	**67.892**	**38.736**

[1] The balance consists of raw material sales, printing and distribution services of the Group.
[2] The balance consists of product sales of the Group.
[3] The balance consists of electricity sales of the Group.

Financial Income

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Kandilli	3.484	268
Nakkaştepe Gayrimenkul	1.265	85
Boyabat Elektrik	549	-
Doğan Egmont	414	-
Other	-	472
Total	**5.712**	**825**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 33 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

ii) Transactions with related parties (continued):

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
D-Market Elektronik Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş.	75	72
Doğan Portal ve Elektronik Tic. A.Ş	-	888
Total	**75**	**960**

Remuneration of the members of the Board of Directors and key management personnel:

Group determined member of the board of the directors, consultant of the board, group presidents and vice presidents, chief legal counsel, and director's key management personnel. The compensation of board members and key management personnel includes salaries, bonus, health insurance, communication and transportation and total amount of compensation is explained below:

	1 January-31 December 2015	1 January -31 December 2014
Salaries and other short term benefits	23.529	12.176
Post-employment benefits	-	-
Other long term benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Share based payments	-	-
Total	**23.529**	**12.176**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks; these risks are credit risk, market risk including the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. The Group use derivative financial instruments in a limited manner to hedge these exposures.

Financial risk management is carried out by individual subsidiaries and joint ventures under the policies, which are approved of their Board of Directors within the limits of general principles set out by Doğan Holding.

a) Market Risk

a.1) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through the impact of rate changes on the translation of foreign currency liabilities to local currency. These risks are monitored and limited by analyzing foreign currency position. TL equivalents of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 before consolidation adjustments and reclassifications are as follows:

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily from the USD and EUR, the other currencies have no material impact.

	31 December 2015	**31 December 2014**
Foreign currency assets	2.017.592	2.096.486
Foreign currency liabilities	(2.175.221)	(2.314.937)
Net asset position of off-balance sheet net derivative instruments	-	460
Net foreign currency position	**(157.629)**	**(217.991)**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis for currency risk as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 and foreign currency denominated asset and liability balances are summarized below:

31 December 2015	TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade Receivables	142.173	23.418	13.785	7.041
2a. Monetary Financial Assets (Cash, banks included)	1.748.013	410.687	171.931	1.760
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	121.801	41.867	20	1
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	**2.011.987**	**475.972**	**185.736**	**8.802**
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	667	5	35	126
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
7. Other	4.938	1.116	533	-
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	**5.605**	**1.121**	**568**	**126**
9. Total Assets (4+8)	**2.017.592**	**477.093**	**186.304**	**8.928**
10. Trade Payables	82.332	14.558	7.876	3.483
11. Financial Liabilities	877.735	127.965	156.875	1.669
12a. Other Monetary Financial Liabilities	99.730	31.117	1.885	759
12b. Other Non-Monetary Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
13.Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	**1.059.797**	**173.640**	**166.636**	**5.911**
14. Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial Liabilities	1.030.583	32.107	294.949	-
16a. Other Monetary Financial Liabilities	84.841	29.179	-	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
17.Non-Current Liabilities(14+15+16)	**1.115.424**	**61.286**	**294.949**	**-**
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	**2.175.221**	**234.926**	**461.585**	**5.911**
19. Net Asset / Liability Position Of Off Balance Sheet Derivatives (19a-19b)	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
19a. Off Balance Sheet Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
19b. Off Balance Sheet Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liability) Position (9-18+19)	**(157.629)**	**242.167**	**(275.281)**	**3.017**
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset/ (Liability) Position Of Monetary Items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	**(284.368)**	**199.184**	**(275.834)**	**3.016**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

31 December 2014	TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade Receivables	116.846	18.133	17.534	7.047
2a. Monetary Financial Assets(Cash, banks included)	1.833.525	476.638	253.776	3.454
2b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	622	-	-	173
3. Other	22.745	8.218	1.307	1
4. Current Assets (1+2+3)	**1.973.738**	**502.989**	**272.617**	**10.675**
5. Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary Financial Assets	111.705	40.505	36	4.915
6b. Non-Monetary Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
7. Other	11.043	-	3.915	-
8. Non-Current Assets (5+6+7)	**122.748**	**40.505**	**3.951**	**4.915**
9. Total Assets (4+8)	**2.096.486**	**543.494**	**276.568**	**15.590**
10. Trade Payables	192.267	35.262	33.601	4.372
11. Financial Liabilities	775.660	186.336	121.802	-
12a. Other Monetary Financial Liabilities	47.642	1.044	6.646	7.362
12b. Other Non-Monetary Financial Liabilities	2.554	27	85	626
13.Current Liabilities (10+11+12)	**1.018.123**	**222.669**	**162.134**	**12.360**
14. Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial Liabilities	1.295.500	107.902	370.577	-
16a. Other Monetary Financial Liabilities	1.314	567	-	-
16b. Other Non-Monetary Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
17.Non-Current Liabilities (14+15+16)	**1.296.814**	**108.469**	**370.577**	-
18. Total Liabilities (13+17)	**2.314.937**	**331.137**	**532.710**	**12.360**
19. Net Asset / Liability Position Of Off Balance Sheet Derivatives (19a-19b)	**460**	**198**	-	-
19a. Off Balance Sheet Foreign Currency Derivative Assets	**464**	**200**	-	-
19b. Off Balance Sheet Foreign Currency Derivative Liabilities	**4**	**2**	-	-
20. Net Foreign Currency Asset/ (Liability) Position (9-18+19)	**(217.991)**	**212.556**	**(256.143)**	**3.230**
21. Net Foreign Currency Asset / (Liability) Position Of Monetary Items (1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	**(250.307)**	**204.166**	**(261.279)**	**3.682**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, foreign currency denominated asset and liability balances were converted with the following exchange rates: TL 2,9076 = USD 1 and TL 3,1776= EUR 1 (2014: TL 2,3189 = USD 1 and TL 2,8207 = EUR 1).

31 December 2015	**Income/Loss**	
	Foreign currency appreciate	**Foreign currency depreciate**
	If the USD had changed by 10% against the TL	
1- USD net (liabilities)/assets	70.413	(70.413)
2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	-	-
3- USD net effect on (loss)/income (1+2)	**70.413**	**(70.413)**
	If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL	
4- EUR net (liabilities)/assets	(87.473)	87.473
5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	-	-
6- EUR net effect on (loss)/income) (4+5)	**(87.473)**	**87.473**
	If the Other currencies had changed by 10% against the TL	
7- Other net (liabilities)/assets	1.298	(1.298)
8- Hedging amount of other (-)	-	-
9- Other net effect on (loss)/income) (7+8)	**1.298**	**(1.298)**
TOTAL (3+6+9)	**(15.763)**	**15.763**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.1) Foreign currency risk (continued)

31 December 2014	Income/Loss	
	Foreign currency appreciate	**Foreign currency depreciate**
	If the USD had changed by 10% against the TL	
1- USD net (liabilities)/assets	49.290	(49.290)
2- Hedging amount of USD (-)	-	-
3- USD net effect on (loss)/income (1+2)	**49.290**	**(49.290)**
	If the EUR had changed by 10% against the TL	
4- EUR net (liabilities)/assets	(72.250)	72.250
5- Hedging amount of EUR (-)	-	-
6- EUR net effect on (loss)/income (4+5)	**(72.250)**	**72.250**
	If the Other currencies had changed by 10% against the TL	
7- Other net (liabilities)/assets	1.162	(1.162)
8- Hedging amount of other (-)	-	-
9- Other net effect on (loss)/income) (7+8)	**1.162**	**(1.162)**
TOTAL (3+6+9)	**(21.798)**	**21.798**

a.2) Interest rate risk

- Publishing/ Broadcasting

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing liabilities and assets. These exposures are managed using natural hedges that arise from offsetting interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities and by limited use of derivative instruments.

Borrowings issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rate expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Group's borrowings at floating rates are predominantly denominated in USD and EUR.

- Other

Other operating segments are exposed to interest rate risk because of financial liabilities of these segments. Financial obligations in this segment are mainly composed of floating rate borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 -FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk (continued)

On 31 December 2015, if interest rates on USD denominated borrowings had been higher/lower by 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, loss before income taxes would have been TL 1.606 (31 December 2014: TL 1.910) higher, mainly as a result of high interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

On 31 December 2015, if interest rates on Euro denominated borrowings had been higher 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, loss before income taxes would have been TL 5.651 (31 December 2014: TL 4.020) higher/lower, mainly as a result of high interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

The table presenting Company's fixed and floating rate financial instruments is shown below:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Financial instruments with fixed rate		
Financial assets		
- Banks (Note 6)	1.723.692	1.759.236
- Financial investments (Note 7)	170.906	118.639
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	1.393.826	1.508.053
Financial instruments with floating rate		
Financial liabilities (Note 8)	727.758	595.132

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 -FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

a.2) Interest rate risk (continued)

The analysis of average annual interest rate (%) of financial assets and liabilities of the Group is as follows:

	31 December 2015			31 December 2014		
	USD	**EUR**	**TL**	**USD**	**EUR**	**TL**
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	0,20-2,65	0,10-2,25	1,00-14,45	0,15-3,00	0,05-10	5-11,50
Financial investments	6,01	-	11,86	6,29	-	12,08
Liabilities						
Financial liabilities	1-6,25	2,22-6,25	0-14,5	1-6,25	2,8-5,71	0-13,75

The distribution of sensitivity to interest rates about the period for repricing of financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

31 December 2015	**Up to- 1 year**	**1-5- years**	**Over 5 years**	**Free of Interest**	**Total**
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	1.723.692	-	-	170.568	1.894.260
Financial investments (Note 7)	129.308	-	-	-	129.308
Total	**1.853.000**	**-**	**-**	**170.568**	**2.023.568**
Short and long term financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	1.454.828	650.456	16.300	-	2.121.584
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	175.395	517.700	-	-	693.095
Total	**1.630.223**	**1.168.156**	**16.300**	**-**	**2.814.679**

31 December 2014	**Up to- 1 year**	**1-5- years**	**Over 5 years**	**Free of Interest**	**Total**
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	1.759.236	-	-	407.674	2.166.910
Financial investments (Note 7)	88.773	-	-	-	88.773
Total	**1.848.009**	**-**	**-**	**407.674**	**2.255.683**
Short and long term financial liabilities (Note 8) (1)	913.387	1.128.955	60.843	-	2.103.185
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	178.490	505.638	96.991	-	781.119
Total	**1.091.877**	**1.634.593**	**157.834**	**-**	**2.884.304**

(1) Bank borrowings are included in the interest rate sensitivity regarding the remaining time to repricing of financial borrowings.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk

Credit risk involves the risk that counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of their agreements. These risks are monitored by credit ratings and by limiting the aggregate risk to any individual counterparty. The credit risk is generally highly diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the customer bases and their dispersion across many different industries.

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	Trade Receivables		Other Receivables		Cash on deposit
	Related Party	Other	Related Party	Other	
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date	**2.940**	**1.233.384**	**31.396**	**48.328**	**1.892.309**
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral	**-**	**163.452**	**-**	**-**	**-**
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	2.940	1.006.408	31.396	48.077	1.892.309
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	122.574	-	-	-
B. Book value of restructured otherwise accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired assets (Note 9)	-	226.976	-	251	-
- Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	-	40.878	-	(251)	-
D. Impaired asset net book value	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19)	-	275.324	-	1.066	-
- Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19)	-	(275.324)	-	(1.066)	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
- Not overdue (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

The table representing the Group's credit risk of financial instruments as of 31 December 2014 is as follows:

	Trade Receivables		Other Receivables		
	Related Party	Other	Related Party	Other	Cash on deposit
Maximum net credit risk as of balance sheet date	**3.530**	**882.810**	**47.522**	**42.539**	**2.165.024**
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral	**-**	**84.530**	**-**	**14.969**	**-**
A. Net book value of neither past due nor impaired financial assets	3.530	655.584	47.522	42.539	2.165.024
- Guaranteed amount by collateral	-	48.299	-	14.969	-
B. Book value of restructured otherwise accepted as past due and impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
C. Net book value of past due but not impaired assets (Note 9)	-	227.226	-	-	-
- Guaranteed amount by collateral (Note 9)	-	36.231	-	-	-
D. Impaired asset net book value	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross amount) (Note 9, 19)	-	268.953	-	1.488	-
- Impairment (-) (Note 9, 19)	-	(268.953)	-	(1.488)	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-
- Not overdue (gross amount)	-	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	-	-	-	-
- Net value collateralized or guaranteed part of net value	-	-	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

b) Credit risk (continued)

The aging of the receivables of the Group, which are past due but not impaired including related party balances by taking into consideration past due dates are as follows:

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014	
	Related Party	**Other Receivables**	**Related Party**	**Other Receivables**
1-30 days overdue	-	86.699	-	94.927
1-3 months overdue	-	64.673	-	81.451
3-12 months overdue	-	62.742	-	34.210
1-5 years overdue	-	12.862	-	16.638
Total	-	**226.976**	-	**227.226**
Guaranteed amount by collateral				
Publishing	-	28.551	-	27.363
Retail	-	-	-	-
Energy	-	8.119	-	-
Other	-	4.208	-	8.868
Total	-	**40.878**	-	**36.231**

d) Liquidity risk

Conservative liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group aims maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

As of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the agreement maturities are as follows:

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NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

c) Liquidity risk (continued)

31 December 2015	Book value	Contractual undiscounted cash flow	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short term and long term financial borrowing (Note 8)	2.121.584	2.256.788	1.197.218	347.776	581.404	130.390
Trade payables (Note 9)	726.773	735.745	639.996	95.749	-	-
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	693.095	720.377	-	175.542	425.147	119.688
Other payables (Note 10)	263.354	269.610	149.819	16.296	103.495	-
Trade payables to related parties (Note 33)	27.129	27.129	27.129	-	-	-
Short-term provisions regarding employee benefits (Note 22)	44.070	44.070	-	44.070	-	-
Payables regarding employee benefits (Note 22)	23.394	23.394	-	23.394	-	-
Deferred income (Note 20)	41.424	41.424	40.014	-	1.410	-
Other short term provisions (Note 17)	39.262	39.262	-	39.262	-	-
Total	**3.980.085**	**4.157.799**	**2.054.176**	**742.089**	**1.111.456**	**250.078**

31 December 2014	Book value	Contractual undiscounted cash flow	Less than 3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short and long term financial borrowing (Note 8)	2.103.185	2.486.823	769.536	337.813	1.307.436	72.038
Trade payables (Note 9)	596.527	599.543	486.758	112.785	-	-
Other financial liabilities (Note 8)	781.119	818.499	-	178.682	-	639.817
Other payables (Note 10)	70.378	76.542	39.381	16.880	20.281	-
Trade payables to related parties (Note 33)	18.340	18.340	18.340	-	-	-
Short-term provisions regarding employee benefits (Note 22)	39.846	39.846	-	39.846	-	-
Payables regarding employee benefits (Note 22)	8.779	8.779	-	8.779	-	-
Deferred income (Note 20)	42.283	42.283	-	41.721	562	-
Other short term provisions (Note 17)	44.809	44.809	-	44.809	-	-
Total	**3.705.266**	**4.135.464**	**1.314.015**	**781.315**	**1.328.279**	**711.855**

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

d) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments are determined by the Group, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies for each segment of the Group. However, judgment is necessarily required to interpret market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Group could realize in a current market exchange.

The following methods and assumptions are used in the estimation of the fair value of the financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate fair value:

Monetary assets

The fair values of balances denominated in foreign currencies, which are translated at the period end exchange rates, are considered to approximate carrying value.

The fair values of certain financial assets carried at cost, including fair values of cash and due from banks are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of investment securities has been estimated based on the market prices at the balance sheet dates.

The carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for collectability are estimated to be at their fair values.

Monetary liabilities

The fair value of bank borrowings and other monetary liabilities are considered to approximate their respective carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Long-term borrowings, which are principally at variable rates, and denominated in foreign currencies, are translated at the period-end exchange rates and accordingly, their fair values approximate their carrying values.

Trade payables are disclosed at their amortized cost using the effective interest rate method and accordingly their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

e) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net liability/total equity ratio. Net liability is calculated as the total liability less cash and cash equivalents, derivative instruments and tax liabilities. Total equity is calculated as the total of net liability and the equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated. Currencies other than TL, expressed in thousands unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 34 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

e) Capital risk management (continued)

The net liability/ total equity ratio as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 is summarized below:

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
Total liability [(1)]	4.244.881	3.809.846
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	(1.894.260)	(2.166.910)
Net liability	2.350.621	1.642.936
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company	2.652.122	2.755.219
Total equity	5.002.743	4.398.155
Net liability/Total equity ratio	**47%**	**37%**

(1) The amounts are calculated by deducting income tax payable, derivative financial instruments and deferred tax liability accounts from total liability.

NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- First Level: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices

- Second Level: The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions

- Third Level: The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is determined in accordance with the unobservable current market data.

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NOTE 35 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Based on the fair value hierarchy, the Group's financial assets and liabilities are categorized as follows:

		Fair value as of reporting date		
Financial assets	**31 December 2015**	**Level 1 TL**	**Level 2 TL**	**Level 3 TL**
Financial assets at FVTPL				
trading securities				
trading derivatives	-	-	-	-
derivative instruments (Note21)				-
Bonds and bills (Note7)	129.308	129.308	-	-
Total	**129.308**	**129.308**	**-**	**-**
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
trading securities				
trading derivatives				
derivative instruments (Note 21)	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-		
Total	-	-	-	-

		Fair value as of reporting date		
Financial assets	**31 December 2014**	**Level 1 TL**	**Level 2 TL**	**Level 3 TL**
Financial assets at FVTPL				
trading securities				
trading derivatives				
derivative instruments (Note 21)	464	-	464	-
Bonds and bills (Note 7)	88.773	88.773	-	-
Total	**89.237**	**88.773**	**464**	**-**
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
trading securities				
trading derivatives				
derivative Instruments (Note 21)	4	-	4	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total	4	-	4	-

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NOTE 36 – SHARES IN OTHER OPERATIONS

Financial information of TME and Aytemiz that are subsidiaries which are not wholly-owned and have significant non-controlling interests by the Group, is presented below in accordance with TFRS 12. These financial information indicates the amounts before intra-group eliminations.

	TME	AYTEMİZ AKARYAKIT	31 December 2015
Current assets	6.632	487.115	493.747
Non-current assets	244.349	391.672	636.021
Current liabilities	258.300	291.974	550.274
Non-current liabilities	54.567	123.196	177.763
Total equity	(61.885)	463.618	401.733

			1 January-31 December 2015
Revenue	58.061	2.133.530	2.191.591
Cost of Sales	(129.506)	(2.112.553)	(2.242.059)
Loss/(profit) for the period	**(71.445)**	**20.977**	**(50.468)**
Allocation of loss for the period:			
Attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	(56.581)	10.489	(46.092)
Attributable to non-controlling interests	(14.864)	10.489	(4.375)
Loss/(profit) for the period	**(71.445)**	**20.978**	**(50.467)**

NOTE 37 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As explained in the notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the provision of the "Share Purchase and Shareholders Agreement" signed between Doğan Holding and Commerz-Film GmbH and subsidiaries of the Group, Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. (dissolved without liquidation within the context of merger) and Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. on November 19, 2009, and modified at different times after; within the scope of the exercise of put option by Commerz-Film GmbH, 44,970,542 registered group B shares with a nominal value of 1 TL (TL 5,100,505 of this amount belongs to bonus shares accrued to option from Doğan TV Holding A.Ş.'s prior capital increase), held by Commerz-Film GmbH in the capital of Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. corresponding to 2.26872% of the paid capital of 1,982,200,000 Turkish Liras of Doğan TV Holding A.Ş. have been taken over and acquired by Doğan Holding in cash and as a single payment of a total of 55,243,523.89 Euros on 29 January 2016. The abovementioned transaction has been disclosed at PDP on the same date.

Lawsuit against Shareholders / Progress regarding Lawsuit

The last hearing of the lawsuit at 9 March 2016 opened regarding the cancellation demand of the merge decision which has been discussed at Article 5 of the agenda and approved by the extraordinary general assembly meeting held as of 6 August 2014 of Doğan Yayın Holding A.Ş. which had merged under Doğan Holding through being "taken over", as a whole, with all its assets and liabilities, and had ceased via dissolution without liquidation; the claims of claimants have been declined by the Relevant Court.

Approval of Financial Statements

Consolidated financial statements prepared for the period ended as of 31 December 2015 are approved by the Board of Directors on 9 March 2016. The financial statements cannot be changed or modified by people who are not part of the Board of Directors.